

Good features

- Feedstocks differentiated
- Accounting for C in growth and avoided reference emissions
- Attempt to account for regional changes – important issues still

Key issues

- Methodology non-intuitive – reverse and revise terminology
- Open issues unclear vs. actual proposals (e.g., 3 feedstock categories or more?)
- Additional case studies would be useful – landfills, switchgrass, other regions
- L equation mistake – $y = x(1-r)$ does not yield $x = y(1+r)$, also losses not additive

Key issues (2)

- Consistency – external and internal
- Baseline – reference point vs anticipated baseline
- Implementation details – seems unworkable
- Incentives for investors and land-owners distorted
- Working v non-working – useful distinction, reference year baseline issue
- Marginal v average – useful distinction

Key issues (3)

- Uncertainty – base conditions, projected baseline
- Feedstock groupings – implementation not clear
- Spatial aggregation – regions practical for capturing landscape level changes, but also increases bias associated with reference year baseline
- Waste – CH₄ treated via CO₂ – can change of form be ignored in avoided emissions?

Consistency

- Relative to stationary fossil fuel emissions – scope, other GHGs
- Land management and GHG fluxes
- Baseline (e.g., reference year but avoided emissions baseline)
- Treating forests as C debt and ag as C credit – managed forests could be a credit as well

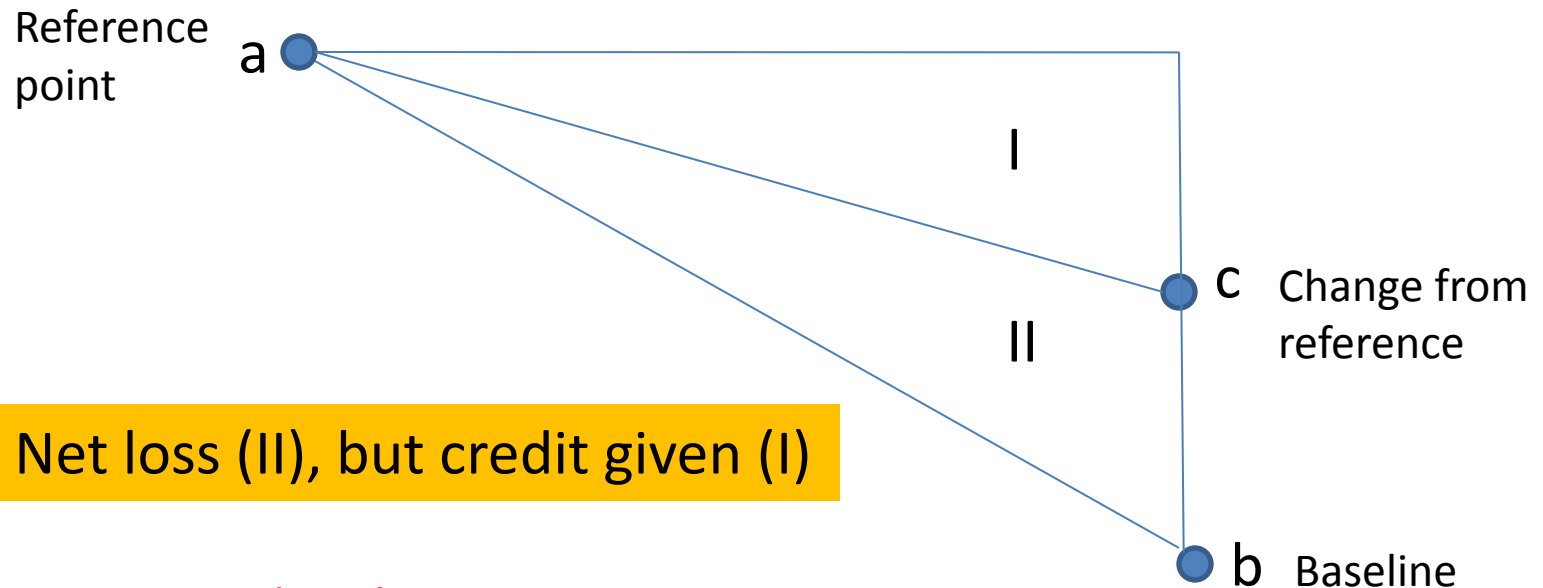
Baseline

- Reference point not estimating actual gains/losses—more susceptible to errors relative to anticipated baseline (or even extrapolated trends for immediate term)
- Creates strange investment incentives
 - If in a region with C decline, disincentive for new plants
 - Creates stakes for region definitions
- Carbon sequestration incentive programs will affect BAF
- Comparative baseline – must know counterfactual fuel

Implementation of proposed BAF (just the calculation)

- Facility specific calculations? Cumbersome? Source by source marginal accounting seems unworkable – marginal accounting isn't itself a problem.
 - What about look-up tables?
- Frequency and timing of calculations and crediting – one time, annual, other? Retroactive, in advance? Could create uncertainty for investments.
- Feasibility to implement and update
 - Data availability in general, in particular to support reference year approach
- Dealing with uncertainties—inventories, stocks, current activity/management (e.g., reduced tillage)
- Actual feedstock use will be market driven – is there flexibility to accommodate this, or will facilities be limited to “approved” feedstock(s) and their BAF(s)?

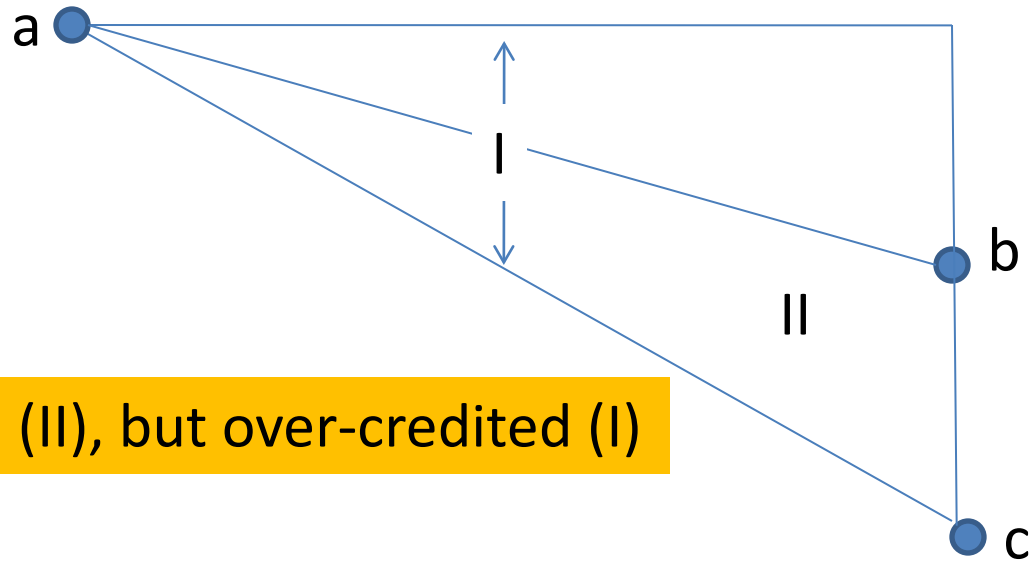
Reference year vs. “anticipated” baseline



Net loss (II), but credit given (I)

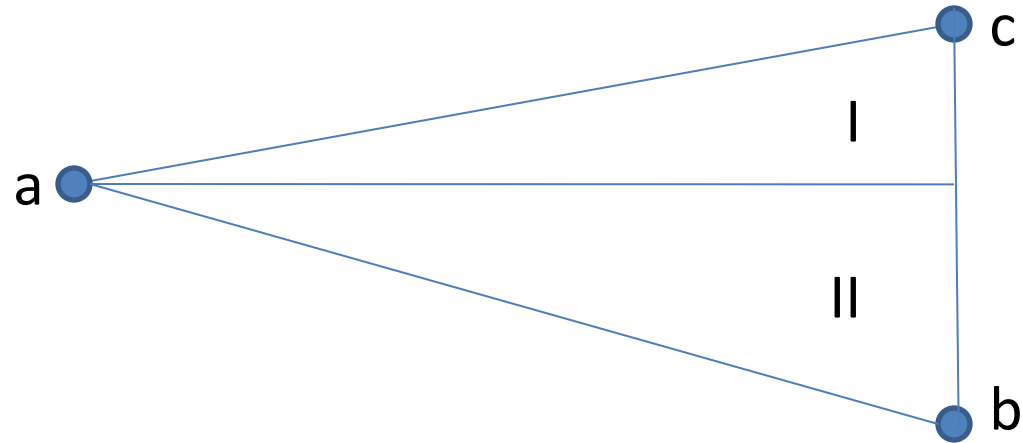
Feedstock is not
“replaced by on-going
growth”

Reference year vs. “anticipated” baseline



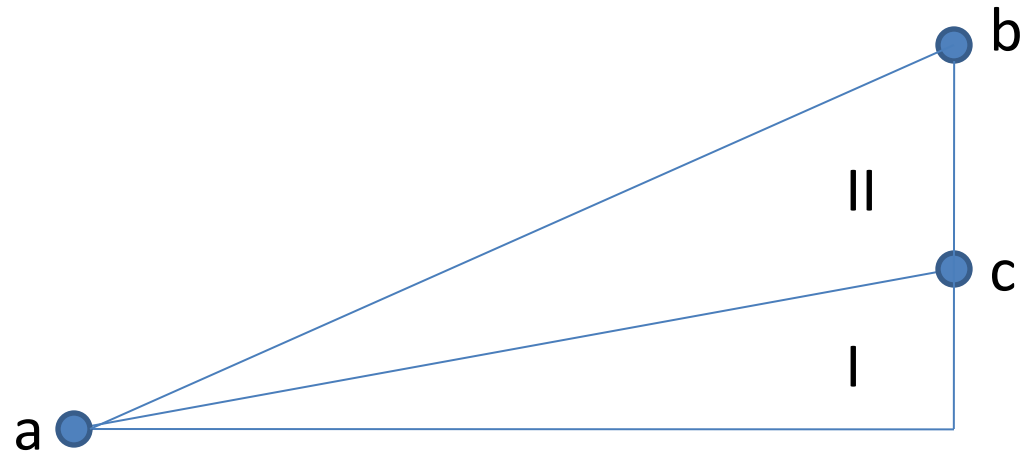
Net gain (II), but over-credited (I)

Reference year vs. “anticipated” baseline



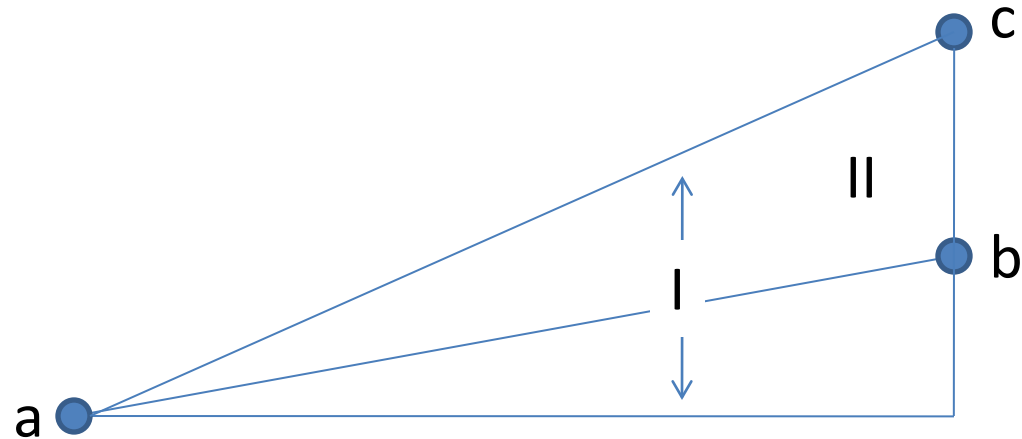
Big loss (I+II), but smaller loss attributed (I)

Reference year vs. “anticipated” baseline



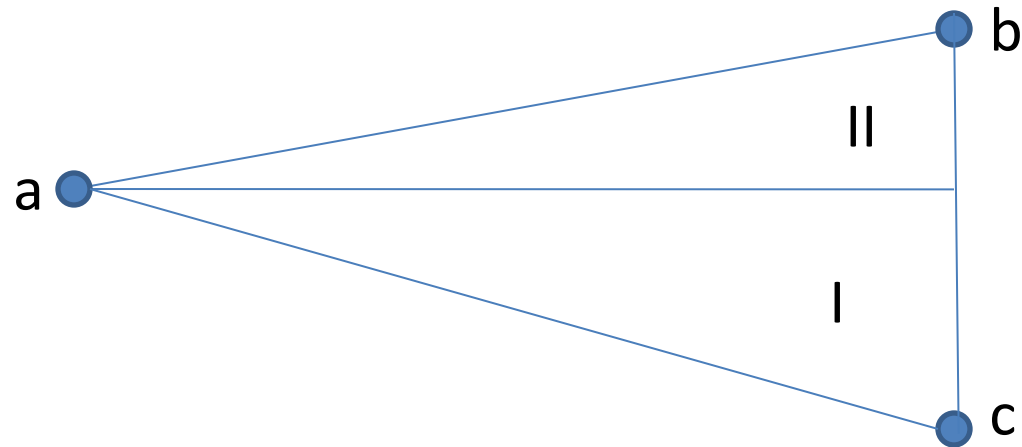
Gain (II), but loss attributed (I)

Reference year vs. “anticipated” baseline



Loss (II), but bigger loss attributed (I)

Reference year vs. “anticipated” baseline



Gain $(I+II)$, but smaller gain attributed (I)