

217/782-2113

"RENEWAL"
CLEAN AIR ACT PERMIT PROGRAM (CAAPP) PERMIT

PERMITTEE:

Logan Correctional Center
Attn: Jeff Short, Chief Engineer
R. R. #3, P. O. Box 1000
Lincoln, Illinois 62656

I.D. No.: 107802AAC
Application No.: 95060029

Date Received: August 4, 2006
Date Issued:
Expiration Date¹:

Operation of: Logan Correctional Center, Correctional Institution
Source Location: R. R. #3, Lincoln, Logan County, 62656
Responsible Official: Jay W. Dean, P.E., Project Manager

This permit is hereby granted to the above-designated Permittee to OPERATE a correctional institution source, pursuant to the above referenced permit application. This permit is subject to the conditions contained herein.

If you have any questions concerning this permit, please contact LeeAnne Kinsella at 217/782-2113.

Edwin C. Bakowski, P.E.
Manager, Permit Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

ECB:LAK:psj

cc: Illinois EPA, FOS, Region 2
CES
Lotus Notes

1 Except as provided in Conditions 1.5 and 8.7 of this permit.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
1.0 INTRODUCTION	4
1.1 Source Identification	
1.2 Owner/Parent Company	
1.3 Operator	
1.4 Source Description	
1.5 Title I Conditions	
2.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS COMMONLY USED	6
3.0 CONDITIONS FOR INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES	7
3.1 Identification of Insignificant Activities	
3.2 Compliance with Applicable Requirements	
3.3 Addition of Insignificant Activities	
4.0 SIGNIFICANT EMISSION UNITS AT THIS SOURCE	10
5.0 OVERALL SOURCE CONDITIONS	11
5.1 Applicability of Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP)	
5.2 Area Designation	
5.3 Source-Wide Applicable Provisions and Regulations	
5.4 Source-Wide Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern	
5.5 Source-Wide Control Requirements and Work Practices	
5.6 Source-Wide Production and Emission Limitations	
5.7 Source-Wide Testing Requirements	
5.8 Source-Wide Monitoring Requirements	
5.9 Source-Wide Recordkeeping Requirements	
5.10 Source-Wide Reporting Requirements	
5.11 Source-Wide Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios	
5.12 Source-Wide Compliance Procedures	
6.0 CONDITIONS FOR EMISSIONS CONTROL PROGRAMS	17
7.0 UNIT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSION UNITS	18
7.1 Unit 01 - Bituminous Coal Fired Boilers	
7.2 Unit 02 - Propane Fired Boiler	
7.3 Unit 03 - Emergency Generator	
7.4 Unit 04 - Gasohol Storage Tank	
8.0 GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS	48
8.1 Permit Shield	
8.2 Applicability of Title IV Requirements	

	<u>Page</u>
8.3 Emissions Trading Programs	
8.4 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios	
8.5 Testing Procedures	
8.6 Reporting Requirements	
8.7 Title I Conditions	
9.0 STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS	53
9.1 Effect of Permit	
9.2 General Obligations of Permittee	
9.3 Obligation to Allow Illinois EPA Surveillance	
9.4 Obligation to Comply with Other Requirements	
9.5 Liability	
9.6 Recordkeeping	
9.7 Annual Emissions Report	
9.8 Requirements for Compliance Certification	
9.9 Certification	
9.10 Defense to Enforcement Actions	
9.11 Permanent Shutdown	
9.12 Reopening and Reissuing Permit for Cause	
9.13 Severability Clause	
9.14 Permit Expiration and Renewal	
9.15 General Authority for the Terms and Conditions of this Permit	
10.0 ATTACHMENTS	
1 Example Certification by a Responsible Official	1-1
2 Emissions of Particulate Matter from Process Emission Units	2-1
3 Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan	3-1
4 Guidance	4-1

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Source Identification

Logan Correctional Center
R. R. #3, P. O. Box 1000
Lincoln, Illinois 62656
217/735-5581, Ext. 366

I.D. No.: 107802AAC
County: Logan
Standard Industrial Classification: 9223, Correctional Institutions

1.2 Owner/Parent Company

Department of Corrections
1301 Concordia Court
Springfield, Illinois 62702

1.3 Operator

Logan Correctional Center
R. R. #3, P. O. Box 1000
Lincoln, Illinois 62656

Jeff Short
217/735-5581, Ext. 366

1.4 Source Description

The source The Logan Correctional Center is located at R. R. #3, Lincoln, Logan County. The source, Logan Correctional Center, is a correctional institution. The facility operates three coal fired boilers, one propane fired emergency boiler

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

1.5 Title I Conditions

As generally identified below, this CAAPP permit contains certain conditions for emission units at this source that address the applicability of permitting programs for the construction and modification of sources, which programs were established pursuant to Title I of the Clean Air Act (CAA) and regulations thereunder. These programs include PSD and MSSCAM, and are implemented by the Illinois EPA pursuant to Sections 9, 9.1, 39(a) and 39.5(7)(a) of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act (Act). These conditions continue in effect, notwithstanding the expiration date specified on the first page of this permit, as their authority derives from Titles I and V of the CAA, as well as Titles II and X of the Act. (See also Condition 8.7.)

- a. This permit contains Title I conditions that are newly established in this CAAPP permit, which conditions are specifically designated as "T1N."

2.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS COMMONLY USED

ACMA	Alternative Compliance Market Account
Act	Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/1 et seq.]
AP-42	Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume 1, Stationary Point and Other Sources (and Supplements A through F), USEPA, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711
ATU	Allotment Trading Unit
BACT	Best Available Control Technology
BAT	Best Available Technology
CAA	Clean Air Act [42 U.S.C. Section 7401 et seq.]
CAAPP	Clean Air Act Permit Program
CAM	Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CEMS	Continuous Emission Monitoring System
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CO	Carbon Monoxide
ERMS	Emissions Reduction Market System
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
IAC	Illinois Administrative Code
I.D. No.	Identification Number of Source, assigned by Illinois EPA
ILCS	Illinois Compiled Statutes
Illinois EPA	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
LAER	Lowest Achievable Emission Rate
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
MSSCAM	Major Stationary Sources Construction and Modification (35 IAC 203, New Source Review for non-attainment areas)
NESHAP	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NO _x	Nitrogen Oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
PM	Particulate Matter
PM ₁₀	Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 microns as measured by applicable test or monitoring methods
PM _{2.5}	Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 2.5 microns as measured by applicable test or monitoring methods
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration (40 CFR 52.21, New Source Review for attainment areas)
RMP	Risk Management Plan
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
T1	Title I - identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit
T1N	Title I New - identifies Title I conditions that are being established in this permit
T1R	Title I Revised - identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit and subsequently revised in this permit
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOM	Volatile Organic Material

3.0 CONDITIONS FOR INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

3.1 Identification of Insignificant Activities

The following activities at the source constitute insignificant activities as specified in 35 IAC 201.210:

3.1.1 Activities determined by the Illinois EPA to be insignificant activities, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(1) and 201.211, as follows:

- 3 Wood Saws and Planer
- Welder
- PM Fugitive Sources

3.1.2 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon maximum emissions, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(2) or (a)(3), as follows:

None

3.1.3 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon their type or character, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(4) through (18), as follows:

Direct combustion units designed and used for comfort heating purposes and fuel combustion emission units as follows: (A) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 2.5 mmBtu/hr that fire only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas; (B) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 1.0 mmBtu/hr that fire only oil or oil in combination with only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas; and (C) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 200,000 Btu/hr which never burn refuse, or treated or chemically contaminated wood [35 IAC 201.210(a)(4)].

Storage tanks of any size containing virgin or re-refined distillate oil, hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil, or residual fuel oils [35 IAC 201.210(a)(11)].

Coating operations (excluding powder, architectural and industrial maintenance coating) with aggregate VOM usage that never exceeds 15 lbs/day from all coating lines at the source, including VOM from coating, dilutents, and cleaning materials [35 IAC 201.210(a)(13)].

3.1.4 Activities that are considered insignificant activities pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(b). Note: These activities are not required to be individually listed.

3.2 Compliance with Applicable Requirements

Insignificant activities are subject to applicable requirements notwithstanding status as insignificant activities. In particular, in addition to regulations of general applicability, such as 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.123 (Condition 5.3.2), the Permittee shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:

- 3.2.1 For each particulate matter process emission unit, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable particulate matter emission limit of 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322 (see Attachment 2) and 35 IAC Part 266. For example, the particulate matter emissions from a process emission unit shall not exceed 0.55 pounds per hour if the emission unit's process weight rate is 100 pounds per hour or less, pursuant to 35 IAC 266.110.
- 3.2.2 For each organic material emission unit that uses organic material, e.g., a mixer or printing line, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable VOM emission limit of 35 IAC 215.301, which requires that organic material emissions not exceed 8.0 pounds per hour or, if no odor nuisance exists, do not qualify as photochemically reactive material as defined in 35 IAC 211.4690.
- 3.2.3 For each open burning activity, the Permittee shall comply with 35 IAC Part 237, including the requirement to obtain a permit for open burning in accordance with 35 IAC 237.201, if necessary.
- 3.2.4 For each cold cleaning degreaser, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable equipment and operating requirements of 35 IAC 215.182.
- 3.2.5 For each storage tank that has a storage capacity greater than 946 liters (250 gallons) and, if no odor nuisance exists, that stores an organic material with a vapor pressure exceeding 2.5 psia at 70°F, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 35 IAC 215.122, which requires use of a permanent submerged loading pipe, submerged fill, or a vapor recovery system.

3.3 Addition of Insignificant Activities

- 3.3.1 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type that is identified in Condition 3.1, until the renewal application for this permit is submitted, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.212(a).
- 3.3.2 The Permittee must notify the Illinois EPA of any proposed addition of a new insignificant activity of a type addressed by 35 IAC 201.210(a) and 201.211 other than those identified in Condition 3.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(12)(b) of the Act.

3.3.3 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type identified in 35 IAC 201.210(b).

4.0 SIGNIFICANT EMISSION UNITS AT THIS SOURCE

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
01	44.8 mmBtu/hr Bituminous Coal Fired Boiler #1	1965	Simple Cyclone
	44.8 mmBtu/hr Bituminous Coal Fired Boiler #1	1965	Simple Cyclone
	29.8 Bituminous Coal Fired Boiler #3	1965	Simple Cyclone
02	Propane Fired Boiler #1: 20.9mmBtu/Hr	1997	None
03	Diesel Engine Generator 1890 Hp	1991	None
04	4000 gallon Gasohol Storage Tank	1991	Submerged Loading

5.0 OVERALL SOURCE CONDITIONS

5.1 Applicability of Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP)

- 5.1.1 This permit is issued based on the source requiring a CAAPP permit as a major source of SO₂ emissions.
- 5.1.2 This permit is issued based on Logan Correctional Center not being a major source of HAPs. The source is a natural minor for HAPs but taking synthetic minor HAP limitations. (See Condition 5.6.3)

5.2 Area Designation

This permit is issued based on the source being located in an area that, as of the date of permit issuance, is designated attainment or unclassifiable for the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for all criteria pollutants (CO, lead, NO₂, ozone, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, SO₂).

5.3 Source-Wide Applicable Provisions and Regulations

5.3.1 Specific emission units at this source are subject to particular regulations as set forth in Section 7 (Unit-Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit.

5.3.2 In addition, emission units at this source are subject to the following regulations of general applicability:

- a. No person shall cause or allow the emission of fugitive particulate matter from any process, including any material handling or storage activity, that is visible by an observer looking generally overhead at a point beyond the property line of the source unless the wind speed is greater than 40.2 kilometers per hour (25 miles per hour), pursuant to 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.314.
- b. Pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123(a), no person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 212.122, except as allowed by 35 IAC 212.123(b) and 212.124.

5.3.3 Ozone Depleting Substances

The Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction of ozone depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B of 40 CFR Part 82:

- a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.

- b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.
- c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

5.3.4 Risk Management Plan (RMP)

Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 CFR 68.3, become subject to the federal regulations for Chemical Accident Prevention in 40 CFR Part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit the items below. This condition is imposed in this permit pursuant to 40 CFR 68.215(a)(2)(i) and (ii).

- a. A compliance schedule for meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date provided in 40 CFR 68.10(a); or
- b. A certification statement that the source is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including the registration and submission of the RMP, as part of the annual compliance certification required by Condition 9.8.

5.3.5 Future Emission Standards

- a. Should this stationary source become subject to a new or revised regulation under 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, 62, or 63, or 35 IAC Subtitle B after the date issued of this permit, then the owner or operator shall, in accordance with the applicable regulation(s), comply with the applicable requirements by the date(s) specified and shall certify compliance with the applicable requirements of such regulation(s) as part of the annual compliance certification, as required by Condition 9.8. This permit may also have to be revised or reopened to address such new or revised regulations (see Condition 9.12.2).
- b. This permit and the terms and conditions herein do not affect the Permittee's past and/or continuing obligation with respect to statutory or regulatory requirements governing major source construction or modification under Title I of the CAA. Further, neither the issuance of this permit nor any of the terms or conditions of the permit shall alter or affect the liability of the Permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance.

5.3.6 Episode Action Plan

- a. Pursuant to 35 IAC 244.141, 244.142, and 244.143, the Permittee shall maintain at the source and have on file with the Illinois EPA a written episode action plan (plan) for reducing the levels of emissions during yellow alerts,

red alerts, and emergencies, consistent with safe operating procedures. The plan shall contain the information specified in 35 IAC 244.144 and is incorporated by reference into this permit.

- b. The Permittee shall immediately implement the appropriate steps described in this plan should an air pollution alert or emergency be declared by the Director of the Illinois EPA or his or her designated representative.
- c. If an operational change occurs at the source which invalidates the plan, a revised plan shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review within 30 days of the change, pursuant to 35 IAC 244.143(d). Such plans shall be further revised if disapproved by the Illinois EPA.

5.4 Source-Wide Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

Source-wide non-applicability of regulations of concern are not set for this source. However, there are terms for unit specific non-applicability of regulations of concern set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.5 Source-Wide Control Requirements and Work Practices

Source-wide control requirements and work practices are not set for this source. However, there are requirements for unit specific control requirements and work practices set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.6 Source-Wide Production and Emission Limitations

5.6.1 Permitted Emissions for Fees

The annual emissions from the source, not considering insignificant activities as addressed by Section 3.0 of this permit, shall not exceed the following limitations. The overall source emissions shall be determined by adding emissions from all emission units. Compliance with these limits shall be determined on a calendar year basis. These limitations (Condition 5.6.1) are set for the purpose of establishing fees and are not federally enforceable (see Section 39.5(18) of the Act).

Permitted Emissions of Regulated Pollutants

Pollutant	Tons/Year
Volatile Organic Material (VOM)	7.00
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	481.69
Particulate Matter (PM)	27.73
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	34.60
HAP, not included in VOM or PM	0.0
Total	551.02

5.6.2 Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act, the emissions of HAPs from the source shall be less than 9.9 tons/year for each individual HAP and 20 tons/year for all HAPs combined. Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total). This condition is being imposed so that the source is not a major source of HAP emissions. The Permittee shall fulfill the applicable testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements of Conditions 5.6.2 and 5.9.1.

To verify compliance with the requirements of this Condition, that this source is not a major source of HAPs, total plantwide coal usage limitations are established and shall not be exceeded:

	(Tons/Month)	(Tons/Year)
Total Coal Usage	1,200.00	12,000.0

[T1N].

5.6.3 Other Source-Wide Production and Emission Limitations

Other source-wide emission limitations are not set for this source pursuant to the federal rules for PSD, state rules for MSSCAM, or Section 502(b)(10) of the CAA. However, there may be unit specific emission limitations set forth in Section 7 of this permit pursuant to these rules.

5.7 Source-Wide Testing Requirements

5.7.1 Pursuant to 35 IAC 201.282 and Section 4(b) of the Act, every emission source or air pollution control equipment shall be subject to the following testing requirements for the purpose of determining the nature and quantities of specified air contaminant emissions and for the purpose of determining ground level and ambient air concentrations of such air contaminants:

- a. Testing by Owner or Operator: The Illinois EPA may require the owner or operator of the emission source or air pollution control equipment to conduct such tests in accordance with procedures adopted by the Illinois EPA, at such reasonable times as may be specified by the Illinois EPA and at the expense of the owner or operator of the emission source or air pollution control equipment. All such tests shall be made by or under the direction of a person qualified by training and/or experience in the field of air pollution testing. The Illinois EPA shall have the right to observe all aspects of such tests [35 IAC 201.282(a)].

- b. Testing by the Illinois EPA: The Illinois EPA shall have the right to conduct such tests at any time at its own expense. Upon request of the Illinois EPA, the owner or operator of the emission source or air pollution control equipment shall provide, without charge to the Illinois EPA, necessary holes in stacks or ducts and other safe and proper testing facilities, including scaffolding, but excluding instruments and sensing devices, as may be necessary [35 IAC 201.282(b)].
- c. Any such tests are also subject to the Testing Procedures of Condition 8.5 set forth in the General Permit Conditions of Section 8.

5.7.2 HAP Testing to Verify Minor Source Status

Source-wide HAP testing requirements are not set for this source. However, there may be provisions for unit specific HAP testing set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.8 Source-Wide Monitoring Requirements

Source-wide monitoring requirements are not set for this source. However, there are provisions for unit specific monitoring set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.9 Source-Wide Recordkeeping Requirements

5.9.1 Annual Emission Records

The Permittee shall maintain records of total annual emissions on a calendar year basis for the emission units covered by Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.6.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act.

5.9.2 Records for HAP Emissions

- a. The Permittee shall maintain records of individual and combined HAP emissions on a monthly and annual basis for the emission units covered by Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.6.2, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act.
- b. If testing is required by Condition 5.7.1, the Permittee shall keep records of the testing, including the test date, conditions, methodologies, calculations, test results.

5.9.3 Retention and Availability of Records

- a. All records and logs required by this permit shall be retained for at least five years from the date of entry (unless a longer retention period is specified by the

particular recordkeeping provision herein), shall be kept at a location at the source that is readily accessible to the Illinois EPA or USEPA, and shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Illinois EPA or USEPA upon request.

- b. The Permittee shall retrieve and print, on paper during normal source office hours, any records retained in an electronic format (e.g., computer) in response to an Illinois EPA or USEPA request for records during the course of a source inspection.

5.10 Source-Wide Reporting Requirements

5.10.1 General Source-Wide Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the source with the permit requirements within 30 days, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. There are also reporting requirements for unit specific emission units set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.10.2 Annual Emissions Report

The annual emissions report required pursuant to Condition 9.7 shall contain emissions information for the previous calendar year.

5.11 Source-Wide Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Source-wide operational flexibility is not set for this source. However, there are provisions for unit specific operational flexibility set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.12 Source-Wide Compliance Procedures

5.12.1 Procedures for Calculating Emissions

Except as provided in Condition 9.1.3, compliance with the source-wide emission limits specified in Condition 5.6 shall be addressed by the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 5.9 and 5.10, and compliance procedures in Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit.

6.0 CONDITIONS FOR EMISSIONS CONTROL PROGRAMS

This section is reserved for emissions control programs. As of the date of issuance of this permit, there are no such programs applicable to this source.

7.0 UNIT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSION UNITS

7.1 Unit 01: Bituminous Coal Fired Boilers
Control: Simple Cyclone

7.1.1 Description

The boilers are used for the production of steam for heating the source. The particulate matter emissions from each boiler is controlled by a cyclone. Each boiler burns bituminous coal as the fuel.

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

7.1.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
01	44.8 mmBtu/hr Bituminous Coal Fired Boiler #1	1965	Simple Cyclone
	44.8 mmBtu/hr Bituminous Coal Fired Boiler #2	1965	Simple Cyclone
	29.8mmBtu/Hr Bituminous Coal Fired Boiler #3	1965	Simple Cyclone

7.1.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

- a. The "affected boilers" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, are boilers described in Conditions 7.1.1 and 7.1.2.
- b. The opacity from the affected boiler is subject to 35 IAC 212.123, which provides that:
 - i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to 35 IAC 212.122 [35 IAC 212.123(a)].
 - ii. The emissions of smoke or other particulate matter from any such emission unit may have an opacity greater than 30 percent but not greater than 60 percent for a period or periods aggregating 8 minutes in any 60 minute period provided that such opaque emission permitted during any 60 minute period shall occur from only one such emission unit located within a 1000 foot radius from the center point of any other such emission unit owned or operated by such person,

and provided further that such opaque emissions permitted from each such emission unit shall be limited to 3 times in any 24 hour period [35 IAC 212.123(b)].

- c. No person shall cause or allow the emission of particulate matter into the atmosphere from any fuel combustion emission unit for which construction or modification commenced prior to April 14, 1972, using solid fuel exclusively, which is located outside the Chicago major metropolitan area, to exceed the emission limitation of 0.52 kg/MW-hr (0.34 lb/mmBtu) in any one hour period [35 IAC 212.202].
- d. No person shall cause or allow the emission of sulfur dioxide into the atmosphere in any one hour period from any existing fuel combustion source with actual heat input less than, or equal to, 73.2 MW (250 mmBtu/hr), burning solid fuel exclusively, located outside the Chicago, St. Louis (Illinois) or Peoria major metropolitan areas, to exceed 9.3 kg of sulfur dioxide per MW-hr of actual heat input (6.0 lbs/mmBtu). This is the emission limitation allowed by previous Rule 204, which is applicable as the source has not demonstrated that a higher level of emission will not violate any applicable PSD increment [35 IAC 214.142 and 214.186].
- e. No person shall cause or allow the emission of carbon monoxide (CO) into the atmosphere from any fuel combustion emission unit with actual heat input greater than 2.9 MW (10 mmBtu/hr) to exceed 200 parts per million, corrected to 50 percent excess air [35 IAC 216.121].
- f. Startup Provisions

Subject to the following terms and conditions, the Permittee is authorized to operate an affected boilers in violation of the applicable standards in Conditions 7.1.3, during startup. This authorization is provided pursuant to 35 IAC 201.149, 201.161 and 201.262, as the Permittee has applied for such authorization in its application, generally describing the efforts that will be used "...to minimize startup emissions, duration of individual starts, and frequency of startups".

- i. This authorization does not relieve the Permittee from the continuing obligation to demonstrate that all reasonable efforts are made to minimize startup emissions, duration of individual startups and frequency of startups.
- ii. The Permittee shall conduct startup of the boilers in accordance with written procedures prepared by the Permittee and maintained at the facility for the

boilers, that are specifically developed to minimize emissions from startups and that include, at a minimum, the following measures:

- A. Implementation of established startup procedures, including monitoring combustion parameters and making adjustments accordingly so as to reduce emissions during the startup process; and
 - B. Operating the affected boiler in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions so as to minimize emissions during startup.
 - C. Timely operation as soon as this may be safely accomplished without damage or risk to personnel or equipment.
- iii. The Permittee shall fulfill applicable recordkeeping requirements of Condition 7.1.9.
- iv. As provided by 35 IAC 201.265, an authorization in a permit for excess emissions during startup does not shield a Permittee from enforcement for any violation of applicable emission standard(s) that occurs during startup and only constitutes a prima facie defense to such an enforcement action provided that the Permittee has fully complied with all terms and conditions connected with such authorization.

g. Malfunction and Breakdown Provisions

Subject to the following terms and conditions, the Permittee is authorized to continue operation of the affected boilers in violation of the applicable standards in Conditions 7.1.2 in the event of a malfunction or breakdown of the boilers. This authorization is provided pursuant to 35 IAC 201.149, 201.161 and 201.262, as the Permittee has applied for such authorization in its application, generally explaining why such continued operation would be required to provide essential service or to prevent risk of injury to personnel or severe damage to equipment, and describing the measures that will be taken to minimize emissions from any malfunctions and breakdowns. This authorization supersedes the general prohibition in Condition 9.2.3 against continued operation in such circumstances.

- i. This authorization only allows such continued operation as necessary to provide essential service or prevent risk of injury to personnel or severe damage to equipment and does not extend to continued operation solely for the economic benefit of the Permittee.

- ii. Upon occurrence of excess emissions due to malfunction or breakdown, the Permittee shall as soon as practical reduce load, of the boilers, repair the boilers, remove the affected boilers from service or undertake other action so that excess emissions cease.
- iii. The Permittee shall fulfill the applicable recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 7.1.9 and 7.1.10. For these purposes, time shall be measured from the start of a particular incident. The absence of excess emissions for a short period shall not be considered to end the incident if excess emissions resume. In such circumstances, the incident shall be considered to continue until corrective actions are taken so that excess emissions cease or the Permittee takes the affected boilers out of service.
- iv. Following notification to the Illinois EPA of a malfunction or breakdown with excess emissions, the Permittee shall comply with all reasonable directives of the Illinois EPA with respect to such incident, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263.
- v. This authorization does not relieve the Permittee from the continuing obligation to minimize excess emissions during malfunction or breakdown. As provided by 35 IAC 201.265, an authorization in a permit for continued operation with excess emissions during malfunction and breakdown does not shield the Permittee from enforcement for any such violation and only constitutes a prima facie defense to such an enforcement action provided that the Permittee has fully complied with all terms and conditions connected with such authorization.

7.1.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. This permit is issued based on the affected boilers not being subject to 35 IAC 215.301, Use of Organic Material, because 35 IAC 215.303 states that the provision of 35 IAC 215.301 shall not apply to fuel combustion emission units.
- b. The affected boilers are not subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected boilers do not use an add-on control device to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard for SO₂ and Co. The affected boilers do not have potential pre-control device emissions of the applicable regulated air pollutant that equals or exceeds major source threshold levels for PM.

- c. This permit is issued based on the affected boiler not being subject to the requirements of Section 112(j) of the CAA or any future requirements under 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD because the sources HAP emissions are less than 10 tons/yr for any individual HAP and less than 25 tons/yr for all HAPs combined.

7.1.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

- a. Bituminous coal shall be the only fuel fired in the affected boilers.
- b. The Permittee shall follow good operating practices for the cyclones, including periodic inspection as required by 7.1.8, routine/ planned maintenance, and prompt repair of defects.

7.1.6 Production and Emission Limitations

Production and emission limitations are not set for the affected boilers. However, there are source-wide production and emission limitations set forth in Condition 5.6.

7.1.7 Testing Requirements

- a. Upon renewal of this permit, and at such other times as may be requested by the Illinois EPA, the Permittee shall have tests conducted for the boilers to measure emissions of PM/PM₁₀, SO₂, NO_x, CO and Opacity from the boilers.
 - i. During these measurements of PM/PM₁₀ emissions, observations of opacity shall also be conducted in accordance with Condition 7.1.7(ii).
 - ii. These tests shall be conducted at the Permittee's expense by an approved testing service during operating conditions that are representative of maximum emissions and the sampling time of each test run shall cover an integral number of heats or cycles of the furnace.
 - iii. The following methods and procedures shall be used for testing emissions, provided however that other appropriate test method developed by USEPA may be used for testing emissions of condensable PM or VOM if approved by the Illinois as part of the approval of the test plan. Refer to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A and 40 CFR 51, Appendix M for USEPA test methods.

Location of Sample Points	USEPA Method 1
Gas Flow and Velocity	USEPA Method 2
Flue Gas Weight	USEPA Method 3
Moisture	USEPA Method 4
Particulate Matter	USEPA Method 5, 5A, 5D or 5E

- b. The Permittee shall comply with the fuel analysis procedures shown in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 214.101(c) or (e). The specific ASTM procedures, in 35 IAC 214.104(c), shall be used for solid fuel sampling, sulfur, and heating value determinations.

7.1.8 Monitoring Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall conduct a qualitative visible emissions observation once each day to observe for the presence of abnormal visible emissions.
- b. If abnormal visible emissions are observed, the Permittee shall initiate corrective actions to eliminate the abnormal visible emissions. If the Permittee cannot eliminate the abnormal visible emissions within 24 hours, the Permittee shall conduct a Method 9 test within three days after the qualitative observation showing abnormal emissions.
- c. As part of its operation and maintenance of the affected boilers, the Permittee shall perform formal "combustion evaluation" on each boiler on at least a semi-annual basis, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(d) of the Act. These evaluations shall consist of diagnostic measurements of the concentration of CO in the flue gas of the affected boiler, with adjustments and preventative and corrective measures for the boiler's combustion systems to maintain efficient combustion.

7.1.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.9, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the affected boilers to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.6.1, 7.1.5 and 7.1.7, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. Records addressing use of good operating practices for the cyclone:
 - i. Records for periodic inspection of the cyclone with date, individual performing the inspection, and nature of inspection; and
 - ii. Records for prompt repair of defects, with identification and description of defect, effect on emissions, date identified, date repaired, and nature of repair.
 - iii. Records of the annual combustion evaluations.
- b. Bituminous coal consumption (ton/month and ton/year);

- c. Coal analysis that includes the bituminous coal sulfur content (weight percent) and heat content;
- d. Opacity measurements in percent when required by Condition 7.1.7(a);
- e. Monthly and annual aggregate SO₂, PM, NO_x, HAP and CO emissions, based on bituminous coal consumption and the applicable emission factors from Condition 7.1.12(f), with supporting calculations;
- f. Records for Startup:

The Permittee shall maintain the following records, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

The following information for each startup of each affected boiler:

- i. The Permittees startup procedures as required by condition 7.1.3.
- ii. Date and duration of the startup, i.e., start time and time normal operation achieved, i.e., stable operation at load:
 - A. Detailed explanation of why startup was not completed sooner or startup procedures were not followed.
 - B. Documentation for startup procedures that were followed.
- iii. If stable operation was not achieved within four hours, an explanation why startup could not be achieved in four hours;
- iv. A detailed description of the startup, including reason for operation and whether preheating with oil or gas was performed and whether combustion parameters were monitored and adjusted so as to minimize emissions;
- v. An explanation why preheating, combustion parameter monitoring and adjusting, and other established startup procedures could not be performed, if not performed;
- vi. The amount of release above typical emissions during startup for CO and PM; and
- vii. Whether exceedance of Condition 7.1.3 may have occurred during startup, with explanation and estimated duration (minutes).

- g. Records for Malfunctions and Breakdowns of an affected boiler:

The Permittee shall maintain records, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263, of continued operation of an affected boiler during malfunctions and breakdown of an affected boiler or the control system of an affected boiler, which as a minimum, shall include:

- i. Date and duration of malfunction or breakdown;
- ii. A detailed explanation of the malfunction or breakdown;
- iii. An explanation why the damaged feature(s) could not be immediately repaired or the affected boiler removed from service without risk of injury to personnel, patients, or severe damage to equipment;
- iv. The measures used to reduce the quantity of emissions and the duration of the event;
- v. The steps taken to prevent similar malfunctions or breakdowns or reduce their frequency and severity;
- vi. The amount of release above typical emissions during malfunction/breakdown; and
- vii. A maintenance and repair log for each affected boiler, listing each activity performed with date.

7.1.10 Reporting Requirements

- a. Reporting of Deviations

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the affected boilers with the permit requirements in Section 7.1 within 30 days, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

- b. Reporting of Malfunctions and Breakdowns

The Permittee shall provide the following notification and reports to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit and Regional Field Office, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263, concerning continued operation of an affected boilers subject to Condition 7.1.3 during malfunction or breakdown:

- i. A. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA's regional office by telephone as soon as possible during normal working hours, but no

later than three (3) days, upon the occurrence of noncompliance due to malfunction or breakdown.

- B. Upon achievement of compliance, the Permittee shall give a written follow-up notice within 15 days to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit and Regional Field Office, providing a detailed explanation of the event, an explanation why continued operation of the affected boilers was necessary, the length of time during which operation continued under such conditions, the measures taken by the Permittee to minimize and correct deficiencies with chronology, and when the repairs were completed or when the affected boilers was taken out of service.
 - C. If compliance is not achieved within 5 working days of the occurrence, the Permittee shall submit interim status reports to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit and Regional Field Office, within 5 days of the occurrence and every 14 days thereafter, until compliance is achieved. These interim reports shall provide a brief explanation of the nature of the malfunction or breakdown, corrective actions accomplished to date, actions anticipated to occur with schedule, and the expected date on which repairs will be complete or the affected boilers will be taken out of service.
- ii. In accordance with the due dates in Condition 8.6.1, the Permittee shall submit semi-annual malfunction and breakdown reports to the Illinois EPA pursuant to Sections 39.5(7)(a) and (f) of the Act. These reports may be submitted along with other semi-annual reports and shall include the following information for malfunctions and breakdowns of the affected boilers during the reporting period:
- A. A listing of malfunctions and breakdowns, in chronological order, that includes:
 - I. The date, time, and duration of each incident.
 - II. The identity of the affected operation(s) involved in the incident.
 - B. Dates of the notices and reports of Conditions 7.1.10.

- C. Any supplement information the Permittee wishes to provide to the notices and reports of Conditions 7.1.10.
- D. The aggregate duration of all incidents during the quarter.
- E. If there have been no such incidents during the calendar quarter, this shall be stated in the report.

c. Reporting of Startups

In accordance with the due dates in Condition 8.6.1, the Permittee shall submit semi-annual startup reports to the Illinois EPA pursuant to Sections 39.5(7)(a) and (f) of the Act. These reports may be submitted along with other semi-annual reports and shall include the following information for startups of the affected boilers during the reporting period:

- i. A list of the startups of the affected boilers, including the date, duration and description of each startup, accompanied by a copy of the records pursuant to Condition 7.1.9 for each startup for which such records were required.
- ii. If there have been no startups of an affected boilers during the reporting period, this shall be stated in the report.

7.1.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected boilers. However, there are provisions for source-wide operational flexibility set forth in Condition 5.11 of this permit.

7.1.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(b) is demonstrated by proper operating conditions of a cyclone and shall be based on the work practice requirements in Condition 7.1.5(b), the testing requirements in 7.1.7 and monitoring requirements in 7.1.8.
- b. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(c) shall be based on the bituminous coal analyses and testing requirements required by Condition 7.1.7.
- c. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(d) shall be work practices and maintenance activities in operation of an affected boiler and the monitoring in 7.1.8.

- d. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(e) and 7.1.3(f) shall be demonstrated in accordance with the requirements of Conditions 7.1.9 and 7.1.10.
- e. To verify compliance with the opacity limitations of 7.1.3, the Permittee shall conduct a qualitative visible emissions observation once each day to observe for the presence of abnormal visible emissions.
- f. Compliance with the emission limits in Condition 5.5.1 from the affected boilers shall be based on the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.1.9 and the emission factors and formulas listed below:

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Emission Factor (lb/ton)</u>	<u>Factor Basis</u>
SO ₂	38S	AP-42
PM	7.28	Stack Test
NO _x	7.5	AP-42
VOM	0.06	AP-42
CO	6.0	AP-42

These are the emission factors for bituminous coal combustion in traveling grate boilers with cyclones, Tables 1.1-3 and 1.1-19, AP-42, Volume I, Supplement D, September 1998, or most recent version.

S is the weight percent sulfur content of coal as fired. SO₂ emission factor is calculated by multiplying the weight percent sulfur in the coal by the numerical value preceding S (e.g., if fuel is 3.23 percent sulfur, then S = 3.23).

Boiler Emissions (lb) = Bituminous coal consumption (ton) x the applicable emission factor (lb/ton)

and

Boiler Emissions (lb/mmBtu) = (The Applicable Emission Factor, lb/ton) * (1,000,000) * (1/2000 lb) * 1/(Heat Content, Btu/lb)

7.2 Unit 02: Propane Fired Boiler #1

7.2.1 Description

The boiler is used to produce steam for heating at the source. The boiler combust propane to produce steam for heating.

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

7.2.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
02	16.7 mmBtu/Hr Propane Fired Boiler #1	1997	None

7.2.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

- a. The "affected boiler" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is a steam generating unit described in Conditions 7.2.1 and 7.2.2.
- b. An affected boiler for the purpose of these unit specific conditions is a steam generating unit that is fired with propane gas, with a maximum heat input capacity of 100 mmBtu/hr or less, but greater than or equal to 10 mmBtu/hr, and constructed after June 9, 1989. As a consequence, the affected boiler is subject to the Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units, 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc because the boiler is constructed after June 9, 1989 and the firing rates of the affected boiler is less than 100 mmBtu/hr and greater than 10 mmBtu/hr. The affected boiler is subject only to initial notification and recordkeeping of this rule.
- c. No person shall cause or allow the emission of carbon monoxide (CO) into the atmosphere from any fuel combustion emission unit with actual heat input greater than 2.9 MW (10 mmBtu/hr) to exceed 200 ppm, corrected to 50 percent excess air [35 IAC 216.121].
- d. The opacity from the affected boiler is subject to 35 IAC 212.123, which provides that:
 - i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to 35 IAC 212.122 [35 IAC 212.123(a)].
 - ii. The emissions of smoke or other particulate matter from any such emission unit may have an opacity

greater than 30 percent but not greater than 60 percent for a period or periods aggregating 8 minutes in any 60 minute period provided that such opaque emission permitted during any 60 minute period shall occur from only one such emission unit located within a 1000 foot radius from the center point of any other such emission unit owned or operated by such person, and provided further that such opaque emissions permitted from each such emission unit shall be limited to 3 times in any 24 hour period [35 IAC 212.123(b)].

7.2.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected boiler is not subject to 35 IAC 217.141 because the actual heat input of the affected boiler is less than 73.2 MW (250 mmBtu/hr).
- b. The affected boiler is not subject to 35 IAC 218.301, the affected boiler, is a fuel combustion emission unit [35 IAC 218.303].
- c. The affected boiler is not subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected boiler does not use an add-on control device to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard.
- d. This permit is issued based on the affected boiler not being subject to the requirements of Section 112(j) of the CAA or any future requirements under 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD because the sources HAP emissions are less than 10 tons/yr for any individual HAP and less than 25 tons/yr for all HAPs combined.

7.2.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

- a. Propane shall be the only fuel burned in the boiler.

7.2.6 Production and Emission Limitations

Production and emission limitations are not set for the affected boiler. However, there are source-wide production and emission limitations set forth in Condition 5.6.

7.2.7 Testing Requirements

Testing requirements are not set for the affected boiler. However, there are source-wide testing requirements in Condition 5.7 and general testing requirements in Condition 8.5.

7.2.8 Monitoring Requirements

Monitoring requirements are not set for the affected boiler. However, there are provisions for source-wide monitoring requirements set forth in Condition 5.8 of this permit.

7.2.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.9, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the affected boiler to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.6.1 and 7.2.5, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. Total propane usage for the boiler (gallons/year) [40 CFR 60.48c(g)]
- b. Annual aggregate NO_x, PM, and VOM emissions from the affected boiler, based on fuel consumption and the applicable emission factors, with supporting calculations.

7.2.10 Reporting Requirements

a. Reporting of Deviations

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the affected boiler with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- i. Emissions of CO from an affected boiler in excess of the limits specified in Condition 7.2.3(c) within 30 days of such an occurrence.
- ii. Emissions of NO_x, PM, or VOM from the affected boiler in excess of the limits specified in Condition 5.6.1 based on the current month's records plus the preceding 11 months within 30 days of such an occurrence.

7.2.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected boiler. However, there are provisions for source-wide operational flexibility set forth in Condition 5.11 of this permit.

7.2.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with Conditions 7.2.3(b) and (d) is addressed by the normal work practices and maintenance activities required in Conditions 7.2.5 and the records and reports required in Conditions 7.2.9 and 7.2.10.

- b. Compliance with the CO emission limitation of Condition 7.2.3(c) is addressed by the fuel records required in Condition 7.2.9, the reports required in Condition 7.2.10, and emission calculations using the emission factor in USEPA's Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, AP-42, for uncontrolled CO emissions from a gas-fired boiler.
- c. Compliance with the emission limits in Conditions 5.6 and 7.2.3 is addressed by the records and reports required in Conditions 7.2.9 and 7.2.10 and the emission factors and formulas listed below:
 - i. Emission factors for the affected boiler:

<u>Pollutant</u>	Emission Factors Emission Pounds/1000 <u>gallons</u>
PM	0.6
OM	0.2
NO _x	19
CO	3.2

The emission factors for propane fired unit is from Table 1.5-1, AP-42 Fifth Edition, Volume 1, Supplement D, October, 1996, or most recent version.

- ii. Emission formula for the affected boiler:

Boiler emissions (lb) = Propane consumed (gallons) x
The appropriate emission factor (lb/1000 gallons).

7.3 Unit 04: Diesel Engine Power Emergency Generator

7.3.1 Description

The Permittee operates a diesel power internal combustion engine for emergency electricity generation.

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

7.3.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
04	Caterpillar Diesel Engine Emergency Generator: 1890 HP	1991	None

7.3.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

- a. The "affected diesel engine" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is diesel engine described in Conditions 7.3.1 and 7.3.2.
- b. Pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123,
 - i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit.
 - ii. The emission of smoke or other particulate matter from any such emission unit may have an opacity greater than 30 percent but not greater than 60 percent for a period or periods aggregating 8 minutes in any 60 minute period provided that such opaque emissions permitted during any 60 minute period shall occur from only one such emission unit located within a 1000 ft radius from the center point of any other such emission unit owned or operated by such person, and provided further that such opaque emissions permitted from each such emission unit shall be limited to 3 times in any 24 hour period.
- c. i. Pursuant to 35 IAC 214.301, no person shall cause or allow the emission of sulfur dioxide into the atmosphere from any process emission source to excess 2000 ppm.

7.3.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected diesel engines are excluded from certain requirements of the National Emissions Standards for

Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ, because the affected diesel engines and facility are not major for HAPs.

- b. The affected diesel engines (used as diesel generators) are not subject to the Acid Rain Program, 40 CFR 72, because the affected diesel engines are non-utility units, as defined by 40 CFR 72.6(b)(8). Pursuant to 40 CFR 72.2, "utility unit" is defined as a unit owned or operated by a utility that serves a generator in any State that produces electricity for sale.
- c. The affected diesel engines are not subject to 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322, due to the unique nature of such units, a process weight rate can not be set so that such rules can not reasonably be applied, pursuant to 35 IAC 212.323.
- d. The affected diesel engines are not subject to 35 IAC 216.121 because the affected diesel engines are not fuel combustion units, as defined by 35 IAC 211.2470.
- e.
 - i. The affected diesel engines are not subject to 35 IAC Part 217, Subpart Q: Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines and Turbines, because the affected diesel engines are not stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines listed in Appendix G of that Part, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.386.
 - ii. The affected diesel engines are not subject to 35 IAC 217.141 because the affected diesel engines are not fuel combustion units, as defined by 35 IAC 211.2470.
- f. The affected diesel engines are not subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected diesel engines does not use an add-on control device to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard.
- g. The affected diesel engines are not subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII because the date of construction was 1991 and the engine has not been modified or reconstructed.

7.3.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

- a. The Permittee shall follow good operating practices for the affected diesel engines, including periodic inspection, routine maintenance and prompt repair of defects.
- b. Distillate fuel oil shall be the only fuel fired in the affected diesel engines.
- c. The Illinois EPA shall be allowed to sample all fuels stored at the source.

7.3.6 Production and Emission Limitations

Production and emission limitations are not set for the affected diesel engines. However, there are source-wide production and emission limitations set forth in Condition 5.6.

7.3.7 Testing Requirements

- a.
 - i. Upon written request by the Illinois EPA, the Permittee shall have the opacity of the exhaust from the affected diesel engine(s) tested during representative operating conditions as determined by a qualified observer in accordance with USEPA Test Method 9, as further specified below, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(d) of the Act.
 - ii. Such testing shall be conducted for specific diesel engine(s) within 70 calendar days of the request, or on the date diesel engine(s) next operates, or on the date agreed upon by the Illinois EPA, whichever is later.
 - iii. The duration of opacity observations for each test shall be at least 30 minutes (five 6-minute averages) unless the average opacities for the first 12 minutes of observations (two six-minute averages) are both less than 10.0 percent.
 - iv. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA at least 7 days in advance of the date and time of these tests, in order to allow the Illinois EPA to witness testing. This notification shall include the name and employer of the qualified observer(s).
 - v. The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA of any changes in the time or date for testing.
 - vi. The Permittee shall provide a copy of its observer's readings to the Illinois EPA at the time of testing, if Illinois EPA personnel are present.
 - vii. The Permittee shall submit a written report for this testing within 15 days of the date of testing. This report shall include:
 - A. Date and time of testing.
 - B. Name and employer of qualified observer.
 - C. Copy of current certification.
 - D. Description of observation conditions.

- E. Description of diesel engine operating conditions.
 - F. Raw data.
 - G. Opacity determinations.
 - H. Conclusions.
- b. i. In the event that the fuel oil supplier is unable to provide the sulfur content of the fuel oil supply for the affected diesel engines, the Permittee shall have the sulfur content of the oil supply to the affected diesel engines, in lbs/mmBtu, determined from an analysis of representative sample of the oil supply, as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(d) of the Act:
- A. From a sample taken no later than 90 days after first operating the affected diesel engines pursuant to this permit, provided, however, that if such sample is taken following operation of the affected diesel engines, the sample shall be taken prior to adding more oil to the storage tank.
 - B. From a sample taken no later than 30 days after acceptance of a shipment of fuel whose sulfur content would not meet Condition 7.3.3(c) based upon supplier data, provided however, that if the affected diesel engines are operated following acceptance of such a shipment, the sample shall be taken prior to adding a subsequent shipment of oil to the relevant storage tank.
 - C. From a sample taken no later than 30 days after a request for such a sample is made by the Illinois EPA, provided, however, that such sample shall be taken prior to adding more oil to the relevant storage tank.
- ii. Sampling and analysis, including that which forms the basis for the suppliers' data, shall be conducted using methods that would be acceptable under the federal New Source Performance Standards for Stationary Gas Turbines, 40 CFR 60.335(b)(2) and (c) or the federal Acid Rain Program, 40 CFR 75, Appendix D, Optional SO₂ Emissions Data Protocol for Gas-Fired and Oil-Fired Units e.g., ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-91.

Note: Condition 7.3.7(b)(ii) is for fuel testing methodology only, and is in no way intended to subject the source to those provisions.

7.3.8 Monitoring Requirements

- a. i. If an affected diesel engine is routinely operated or exercised to confirm that the affected diesel engine will operate when needed, the operation and opacity of the affected diesel engine shall be formally observed by operating personnel for the affected diesel engine or a member of Permittee's environmental staff on a regular basis to assure that the affected diesel engine is operating properly, which observations shall be made at least every six months.
- ii. If an affected diesel engine is not routinely operated or exercised, i.e., the time interval between operation of an affected diesel engine is typically greater than six months, the operation and opacity of the affected diesel engine shall be formally observed as provided above each time the Permittee carries out a scheduled exercise of the affected diesel engine.
- iii. The Permittee shall also conduct formal observations of operation and opacity of an affected diesel engine upon written request by the Illinois EPA. With the agreement of the Illinois EPA, the Permittee may schedule these observations to take place during periods when it would otherwise be operating the affected diesel engine.

Note: The "formally observation" required above is not intended to be a USEPA Test Method 9 opacity test, nor does the observation require a USEPA Test Method 9 certified observer. It is intended to be performed by personnel familiar with the operation of the affected diesel engines who would be able to make a determination based from the observed opacity as to whether or not the affected diesel engine was running properly, and subsequently initiate a corrective action if necessary.

7.3.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.9, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for each affected diesel engine to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.6.1 and 7.3.3, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. i. An operating log for each affected diesel engine, which shall include the following information:

- A. Information for each time the affected diesel engine is operated, with date, time, duration, and purpose (i.e., exercise or power service). Monthly and annual records of hours of operation of each engine and total hours of operation.
- B. Information for the observations conducted pursuant to Condition 7.3.8(a) or 7.3.7(a), with date, time, personnel, and findings.
 - I. The Permittee shall keep records for all opacity measurements made in accordance with USEPA Method 9 for an affected diesel engine that it conducts or that are conducted on its behalf by individuals who are qualified to make such observations for Condition 7.3.7(a). For each occasion on which such observations are made, these records shall include the identity of the observer, a description of the various observations that were made, the observed opacity, and copies of the raw data sheets for the observations.
 - II. The Permittee shall keep records for all formal observations of opacity conducted pursuant to Condition 7.3.8(a). For each occasion on which observations are made, these records shall include the date, time, identity of the observer, a description of the various observations that were made, whether or not the affected diesel engine was running properly, and whether or not corrective action is necessary and was subsequently initiated.
- C. Information identifying any deviation from Condition 7.3.5(b).
 - ii. A maintenance and repair log for each affected diesel engine and associated equipment, listing activities performed with date.
 - iii. The Permittee shall keep records of good operating practices for each affected diesel engine, as defined in Condition 7.3.5(a).
- b. Fuel usage for the affected diesel engines:
 - i. Total usage of fuel oil for the affected diesel engines, gallons/month and gallons/year.

- c. The following records related to the sulfur content of the oil fuel supply and SO₂ emissions of the affected diesel engines:
 - i. Records for each shipment of fuel for the affected diesel engines, including date, supplier, quantity (in gallons), sulfur content, and whether the SO₂ emissions from the burning of such fuel would meet the standard in Condition 7.3.3(c).
 - ii. The Permittee shall maintain records of the sulfur content of the fuel oil supply to the affected diesel engines, based on the weighted average of material in the storage tank, or the sulfur content of the supply shall be assumed to be the highest sulfur content in any shipment in the tank.
- d. Emissions from each affected diesel engine (i.e., NO_x, CO, SO₂, VOM, and PM) in tons/month and tons/year with supporting calculations and data as required by Condition 7.3.9.

7.3.10 Reporting Requirements

- a. Reporting of Deviations

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of an affected diesel engines with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- i. Emissions of opacity, SO₂, from the affected diesel engines in excess of the limits specified in Conditions 7.3.3 within 30 days of such occurrence.
- ii. Operation of the affected diesel engines in noncompliance with the requirements specified in Condition 7.3.5 within 30 days of such occurrence.

7.3.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected diesel engines.

7.3.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with the PM emission limitations of Conditions 7.3.3(b) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.3.5(a), the testing requirements in Condition 7.3.7(a), the monitoring requirements of Condition 7.3.8(a), the

records required in Condition 7.3.9(a), and the reports required in Condition 7.3.10(a).

- b. i. Compliance with the SO₂ emission limitation of Condition 7.3.3(c)(i) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.3.5, the testing requirements in Condition 7.3.7(b), and the records and reports required in Conditions 7.3.9(b) and (c) and 7.3.10(a).
- ii. For this purpose, complete conversion of sulfur into SO₂ shall be assumed, e.g., SO₂ emissions in lb/mmBtu are twice the sulfur content of the fuel supply, in lb/mmBtu, using the following equation:

$$\text{SO}_2 \text{ ppm} = \frac{\text{Fuel sulfur content (lb/mmBtu)} \times 2 \times 1/64 \times 385.2 \times 1,000,000}{\text{Engine exhaust rate factor (scf/mmBtu)}}$$

Note: Stoichiometric combustion of distillate oil with the maximum available sulfur content, i.e., 1.0 percent, would result in an SO₂ concentration in the exhaust that is well below the 2000 ppm limit in Condition 7.3.3(c)(i), i.e., only about 500 ppm, based on 10,320 scf/mmBtu, the F-factor for oil in USEPA's Reference Method 19.

- c. Compliance with the emission limits in Conditions 5.6 are addressed by the records and reports required in Conditions 7.3.9 and 7.3.10 and the emission factors and formulas listed below if suitable manufacture's emission rate data is not available:

- i. Emission factors for the affected engines greater than 600 horsepower:

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Emission Factors</u>	
	<u>(lb/mmBtu)</u>	<u>(lb/hp-hr)</u>
VOM	0.09	7.05 x 10 ⁻⁰⁴
PM	0.1	0.0007
SO ₂	1.01 x S _{FO}	8.09 x 10 ⁻⁰³ x S1
NO _x	3.2	0.024
CO	0.85	5.5 x 10 ⁻⁰³

Where S_{FO} represents the percent sulfur in the fuel oil. S1 = % sulfur in fuel oil. The heat content of distillate fuel oil shall be assumed to be 137,030 Btu/gal as per AP-42.

Emissions = Distillate Fuel Oil Usage x Heat Content of Fuel Oil x Emission Factor

The emission factors are for Large Stationary Diesel And All Stationary Dual-fuel Engines from AP-42 Section 3.4 (dated 10/96) or most recent version.

7.4 Unit 05: Gasohol Storage Tank

7.4.1 Description

The source operates a gasohol storage tank for gasohol dispensing to on site gasohol powered equipment.

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

7.4.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
05	4000 Gallon Gasohol Storage Tank	1991	Submerged Loading

7.4.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

- a. The Gasohol Tank is an "affected tank" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, described in Condition 7.4.2.
- b. The affected tank is subject to the following limits:
 - i. No person shall cause or allow the loading of any organic material into any stationary tank having a storage capacity of greater than 946 l (250 gal), unless such tank is equipped with a permanent submerged loading pipe or an equivalent device approved by the Illinois EPA according to the provisions of 35 IAC 201, or unless such tank is a pressure tank as described in 35 IAC 215.121(a) or is fitted with a recovery system as described in 35 IAC 215.121(b)(2) [35 IAC 215.122(b)].
 - ii. No person shall cause or allow the discharge of more than 3.6 kg/hr (8 lb/hr) of organic material into the atmosphere from any emission unit, except as provided in 35 IAC 215.302, 215.303, or 215.304 and the following exemption: If no odor nuisance exists the limitation of 35 IAC 215 Subpart G shall only apply to photochemically reactive material [35 IAC 215.301].
 - iii. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.583(a), no person shall cause or allow the transfer of gasoline from any delivery vessel into any stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing operation unless:
 - A. The tank is equipped with a submerged loading pipe [35 IAC 215.583(a)(1)]; and

- B. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.583(a)(2), the vapors displaced from the storage tank during filling are processed by a vapor control system that includes one or more of the following:
 - 1. A vapor collection system that meets the requirements of Condition 7.4.5(b) and (c)(see also 35 IAC 215.583(d)(4)) [35 IAC 215.583(a)(2)(A)]; or
 - 2. A refrigeration-condensation system or any other system approved by the Illinois EPA that recovers at least 90 percent by weight of all vaporized organic material from the equipment being controlled [35 IAC 215.583(a)(2)(B)]; and
 - 3. The delivery vessel displays the appropriate sticker pursuant to the requirements of 35 IAC 215.584(b) or (d) [35 IAC 215.583(a)(2)(C)].
- iv. By March 15, 1995, all tank vent pipes are equipped with pressure/vacuum relief valves with the following design specifications:
 - A. The pressure/vacuum relief valve shall be set to resist a pressure of at least 3.5 inches water column and to resist a vacuum of no less than 6.0 inches water column; or
 - B. The pressure/vacuum relief valve shall meet the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.586(c).
- c. The affected facility is an affected source under the federal National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Source Category: Gasoline Dispensing Facilities, 40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC. As an affected source, the Permittee must comply with applicable requirements of the NESHAP, 40 CFR 63 Subpart CCCCCC, and related requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, General Provisions. The Illinois EPA is administering NESHAP in Illinois on behalf of the United States EPA under a delegation agreement (See requirements of Section 7.4.5).

Note: This permit is issued based on the affected tank being subject to 40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC, because it is located at a source that is an area source for emissions of hazardous air pollutants.

7.4.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. This permit is issued based on the affected tank not being subject to the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) for

Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels), 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb, because the affected AST is less than 40 cubic meters (10,566 gallons).

- b. This permit is issued based on the affected tank not being subject to 35 IAC 215.121, because the affected tank is less than 40,000 gallons.
- c. This permit is issued based on the affected tank not being subject to 35 IAC 215.122(a), because the affected tank is less than 40,000 gallons.
- d. This permit is issued based on the affected tank not being subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected tank does not have potential pre-control device emissions of the applicable regulated air pollutant that equals or exceeds major source threshold levels.

7.4.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

The affected tank is subject to the following control requirements and work practices:

- a. The affected tank shall only be used for the storage of gasoline.
- b. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.583(c), each owner of a gasoline dispensing operation shall:
 - i. Install all control systems and make all process modifications required by Condition 7.4.3(b)(iii) (see also 35 IAC 215.583(a)) [35 IAC 215.583(c)(1)];
 - ii. Provide instructions to the operator of the gasoline dispensing operation describing necessary maintenance operations and procedures for prompt notification of the owner in case of any malfunction of a vapor control system [35 IAC 215.583(c)(2)]; and
 - iii. Repair, replace or modify any worn out or malfunctioning component or element of design [35 IAC 215.583(c)(3)].
- c. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.583(d), each operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall:
 - i. Maintain and operate each vapor control system in accordance with the owner's instructions [35 IAC 215.583(d)(1)];
 - ii. Promptly notify the owner of any scheduled maintenance or malfunction requiring replacement or

repair of a major component of a vapor control system [35 IAC 215.583(d)(2)];

- iii. Maintain gauges, meters or other specified testing devices in proper working order [35 IAC 215.583(d)(3)]; and
- iv. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.583(d)(4), operate the vapor collection system and delivery vessel unloading points in a manner that prevents:
 - A. A reading equal to or greater than 100 percent of the lower explosive limit (LEL measured as propane) when tested in accordance with the procedure described in EPA 450/2-78-051 Appendix B [35 IAC 215.583(d)(4)(A)]; and
 - B. Avoidable leaks of liquid during the filling of storage tanks [35 IAC 215.583(d)(4)(B)].
- d. You must not allow gasoline to be handled in a manner that would result in vapor releases to the atmosphere for extended periods of time. Measures to be taken include, but are not limited to, the following [40 CFR 63.11116]:
 - i. Minimize gasoline spills;
 - ii. Clean up spills as expeditiously as practicable;
 - iii. Cover all open gasoline containers and all gasoline storage tank fill-pipes with a gasketed seal when not in use;
 - iv. Minimize gasoline sent to open waste collection systems that collect and transport gasoline to reclamation and recycling devices, such as oil/water separators.
 - v. You are not required to submit notifications or reports, but you must have records available within 24 hours of a request by the Administrator to document your gasoline throughput.

7.4.6 Production and Emission Limitations

- a.
 - i. The capacity of the affected tank shall not exceed 4000 gallons [T1N].
 - ii. The monthly throughput of the affected tank shall not exceed 10,000 gallons of gasoline per month [T1N].
 - iii. The Permittee shall, upon request by the Illinois EPA, demonstrate that the average monthly gasoline

throughput of the affected facility is less than the 10,000-gallon, pursuant to 40 CFR 63.11111(e).

- b. Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total).

7.4.7 Testing Requirements

- a. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.583(a)(4), no person shall cause or allow the transfer of gasoline from any delivery vessel into any stationary storage tank at a gasoline dispensing operation unless the owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation demonstrates compliance with Condition 7.4.3(b)(iv) (see also 35 IAC 215.583(a)(3)), by March 15, 1995 or 30 days after installation of each pressure/vacuum relief valve, whichever is later, and at least annually thereafter, by measuring and recording the pressure indicated by a pressure/vacuum gauge at each tank vent pipe. The test shall be performed on each tank vent pipe within two hours after product delivery into the respective storage tank. For manifold tank vent systems, observations at any point within the system shall be adequate. The owner or operator shall maintain any records required by this Condition for a period of three years.
- b. Within 15 business days after discovery of the leak by the owner, operator, or the Illinois EPA, repair and retest a vapor collection system which exceeds the limits of Condition 7.4.5(c)(4)(A) (see also 35 IAC 218.583(d)(4)(A)) [35 IAC 218.583(d)(5)].
- c. Upon reasonable request by the Illinois EPA, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act, the Reid vapor pressure of gasoline and the ethanol content of ethanol blend gasolines shall be determined according to the methods specified below:
 - i. Pursuant to 35 IAC 215.585(d), all sampling of gasoline required pursuant to the provisions of Conditions 7.4.7(c)(ii) and (c)(iii) (see also 35 IAC 215.585(e) and (f)) shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures contained in 40 CFR Part 80, Appendix D, Sampling Procedures for Fuel Volatility [35 IAC 215.585 (d)].
 - ii. The Reid vapor pressure of gasoline shall be measured in accordance with either test method ASTM D323 or a modification of ASTM D323 known as the "dry method" as set forth in 40 CFR 80, Appendix E. For gasoline - oxygenate blends which contain water-extractable oxygenates, the Reid vapor pressure shall be measured using the dry method test [35 IAC 215.585(e)].

- iii. The ethanol content of ethanol blend gasolines shall be determined by use of one of the approved testing methodologies specified in 40 CFR 80, Appendix F [35 IAC 218.585(f)].

7.4.8 Monitoring Requirements

On an annual basis, in the period between March 1 and April 30 of each year, the Permittee shall conduct an inspection of the affected storage tank to review its physical condition and ability to comply with the applicable equipment requirements of condition 7.4.3(b)(iii), pursuant to sections 39.5(7)(a) and (d) of the Act.

7.4.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.9, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the affected tank to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.6.1, 7.4.3 and 7.4.5, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. Records of the testing of the affected tank pursuant to Condition 7.4.7, which include the following [Section 39.5(7)(e) of the Act]:
 - i. The date, place and time of sampling or measurements;
 - ii. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - iii. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - iv. The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - v. The results of such analyses; and
 - vi. The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- b. Design information for the tank showing the presence of a permanent submerged loading pipe;
- c. Maintenance and repair records for the tank, as related to the repair or replacement of the loading pipe;
- d. The throughput of the affected tank, gal/mo and gal/yr; and
- e. The annual VOM emissions from the affected tank based on the material stored, the tank throughput, and the applicable emission factors and formulas with supporting calculations using the methods in Condition 7.4.12.

7.4.10 Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the affected tank with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- a. Any storage of VOL in an affected tank that is not in compliance with the requirements of Conditions 7.4.3(b) (see also 35 IAC 215.122(b) and 215.583(a)(1)), e.g., no "permanent submerged loading pipe," within five days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps taken to avoid future non-compliance;
- b. You are not required to submit notifications or reports for 7.4.3, 7.4.5 or 7.4.6 per NESHAP CCCCCC, but you must have records available within 24 hours of a request by the Administrator to document your gasoline throughput [40 CFR 63.11113].
- c. The storage of any VOL or VPL other than the material specified in Condition 7.4.5(a) within 30 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance.

7.4.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected tank.

7.4.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with Conditions 7.4.3(b) and (c) is considered to be assured by the use of submerged loading pipe and vapor balance system as required in Condition 7.4.3, 7.4.7 for testing, 7.4.8 for monitoring and by the recordkeeping requirement of Condition 7.4.9.
- b. For the purpose of estimating VOM emissions from the affected tank to determine compliance with Conditions 5.6.1 and 7.4.3, Versions 3.1 or 4.0 of the TANKS program are acceptable.

8.0 GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

8.1 Permit Shield

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(j) of the Act, the Permittee has requested and has been granted a permit shield. This permit shield provides that compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with applicable requirements which were applicable as of the date the proposed permit for this source was issued, provided that either the applicable requirements are specifically identified within this permit, or the Illinois EPA, in acting on this permit application, has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to this source and this determination (or a concise summary thereof) is included in this permit.

This permit shield does not extend to applicable requirements which are promulgated after _____ (the date of issuance of the proposed permit) unless this permit has been modified to reflect such new requirements.

8.2 Applicability of Title IV Requirements (Acid Deposition Control)

This source is not an affected source under Title IV of the CAA and is not subject to requirements pursuant to Title IV of the CAA.

8.3 Emissions Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions allowed under any USEPA approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for elsewhere in this permit and that are authorized by the applicable requirement [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vii) of the Act].

8.4 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

8.4.1 Changes Specifically Addressed by Permit

Physical or operational changes specifically addressed by the Conditions of this permit that have been identified as not requiring Illinois EPA notification may be implemented without prior notice to the Illinois EPA.

8.4.2 Changes Requiring Prior Notification

The Permittee is authorized to make physical or operational changes that contravene express permit terms without applying for or obtaining an amendment to this permit, provided that [Section 39.5(12)(a)(i) of the Act]:

- a. The changes do not violate applicable requirements;
- b. The changes do not contravene federally enforceable permit terms or conditions that are monitoring (including test

methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements;

- c. The changes do not constitute a modification under Title I of the CAA;
- d. Emissions will not exceed the emissions allowed under this permit following implementation of the physical or operational change; and
- e. The Permittee provides written notice to the Illinois EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control, Permit Section, at least 7 days before commencement of the change. This notice shall:
 - i. Describe the physical or operational change;
 - ii. Identify the schedule for implementing the physical or operational change;
 - iii. Provide a statement of whether or not any New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) is applicable to the physical or operational change and the reason why the NSPS does or does not apply;
 - iv. Provide emission calculations which demonstrate that the physical or operational change will not result in a modification; and
 - v. Provide a certification that the physical or operational change will not result in emissions greater than authorized under the Conditions of this permit.

8.5 Testing Procedures

Tests conducted to measure composition of materials, efficiency of pollution control devices, emissions from process or control equipment, or other parameters shall be conducted using standard test methods if applicable test methods are not specified by the applicable regulations or otherwise identified in the conditions of this permit.

Documentation of the test date, conditions, methodologies, calculations, and test results shall be retained pursuant to the recordkeeping procedures of this permit. Reports of any tests conducted as required by this permit or as the result of a request by the Illinois EPA shall be submitted as specified in Conditions 8.6.3 and 8.6.4.

8.6 Reporting Requirements

8.6.1 Monitoring Reports

Reports summarizing required monitoring as specified in the conditions of this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA

every six months as follows, unless more frequent submittal of such reports is required in Sections 5 or 7 of this permit [Section 39.5(7)(f) of the Act]:

<u>Monitoring Period</u>	<u>Report Due Date</u>
January - June	September 1
July - December	March 1

All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All such reports shall be certified in accordance with Condition 9.9.

8.6.2 Test Notifications

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, a written test plan for any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review at least 60 days prior to the testing pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act. The notification shall include at a minimum:

- a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);
- b. The person(s) who will be performing sampling and analysis and their experience with similar tests;
- c. The specific conditions under which testing will be performed, including a discussion of why these conditions will be representative of maximum emissions and the means by which the operating parameters for the source and any control equipment will be determined;
- d. The specific determinations of emissions and operation that are intended to be made, including sampling and monitoring locations;
- e. The test method(s) that will be used, with the specific analysis method, if the method can be used with different analysis methods;
- f. Any minor changes in standard methodology proposed to accommodate the specific circumstances of testing, with justification; and
- g. Any proposed use of an alternative test method, with detailed justification.

8.6.3 Test Reports

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, the results of any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA within 60 days of completion of the testing. The

test report shall include at a minimum [Section 39.5(7)(e)(i) of the Act]:

- a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);
- b. The date and time of the sampling or measurements;
- c. The date any analyses were performed;
- d. The name of the company that performed the tests and/or analyses;
- e. The test and analytical methodologies used;
- f. The results of the tests including raw data, and/or analyses including sample calculations;
- g. The operating conditions at the time of the sampling or measurements; and
- h. The name of any relevant observers present including the testing company's representatives, any Illinois EPA or USEPA representatives, and the representatives of the source.

8.6.4 Reporting Addresses

- a. Unless otherwise specified in the particular provision of this permit or in the written instructions distributed by the Illinois EPA for particular reports, reports and notifications shall be sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Unit with a copy sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office.
- b. As of the date of issuance of this permit, the addresses of the offices that should generally be utilized for the submittal of reports and notifications are as follows:

- i. Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Unit

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Air
Compliance & Enforcement Section (MC 40)
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

- ii. Illinois EPA - Air Quality Planning Section

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Air
Air Quality Planning Section (MC 39)
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

iii. Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control
5415 North University
Peoria, Illinois 61614

iv. USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch

USEPA (AR - 17J)
Air & Radiation Division
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

- c. Permit applications should be addressed to the Air Permit Section. As of the date of issuance of this permit, the address of the Air Permit Section is as follows:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit Section (MC 11)
P.O. Box 19506
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

8.7 Title I Conditions

Notwithstanding the expiration date on the first page of this CAAPP permit, any Title I conditions that would be included in this permit in the future, which would be identified by a T1, T1N, or T1R designation, would remain in effect until such time as the Illinois EPA takes action to revise or terminate them in accordance with applicable procedures for action on Title I conditions. This is because these conditions would either: (a) incorporate conditions of earlier permits that were issued by the Illinois EPA pursuant to authority that includes authority found in Title I of the CAA (T1 conditions), (b) be newly established in this CAAPP permit pursuant to authority that includes such Title I authority (T1N conditions), or (c) reflect a revision or combination of conditions established in this CAAPP permit (T1R conditions). (See also Condition 1.5.)

9.0 STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

9.1 Effect of Permit

9.1.1 The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from compliance with State and Federal regulations which are part of the Illinois State Implementation Plan, as well as with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States or the State of Illinois or applicable ordinances, except as specifically stated in this permit and as allowed by law and rule.

9.1.2 In particular, this permit does not alter or affect the following [Section 39.5(7)(j)(iv) of the Act]:

- a. The provisions of Section 303 (emergency powers) of the CAA, including USEPA's authority under that Section;
- b. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
- c. The applicable requirements of the acid rain program consistent with Section 408(a) of the CAA; and
- d. The ability of USEPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 (inspections, monitoring, and entry) of the CAA.

9.1.3 Notwithstanding the conditions of this permit specifying compliance practices for applicable requirements, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(j) and (p) of the Act, any person (including the Permittee) may also use other credible evidence to establish compliance or noncompliance with applicable requirements.

9.2 General Obligations of Permittee

9.2.1 Duty to Comply

The Permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the Act, and is grounds for any or all of the following: enforcement action; permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application [Section 39.5(7)(o)(i) of the Act].

The Permittee shall meet applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term in a timely manner unless an alternate schedule for compliance with the applicable requirement is established.

9.2.2 Duty to Maintain Equipment

The Permittee shall maintain all equipment covered under this permit in such a manner that the performance or operation of such equipment shall not cause a violation of applicable requirements.

9.2.3 Duty to Cease Operation

No person shall cause, threaten or allow the continued operation of any emission unit during malfunction or breakdown of the emission unit or related air pollution control equipment if such operation would cause a violation of an applicable emission standard, regulatory requirement, ambient air quality standard or permit limitation unless this permit provides for such continued operation consistent with the Act and applicable Illinois Pollution Control Board regulations [Section 39.5(6)(c) of the Act].

9.2.4 Disposal Operations

The source shall be operated in such a manner that the disposal of air contaminants collected by the equipment operations, or activities shall not cause a violation of the Act or regulations promulgated there under.

9.2.5 Duty to Pay Fees

The Permittee must pay fees to the Illinois EPA consistent with the fee schedule approved pursuant to Section 39.5(18) of the Act, and submit any information relevant thereto [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vi) of the Act]. The check should be payable to "Treasurer, State of Illinois" and sent to: Fiscal Services Section, Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276.

9.3 Obligation to Allow Illinois EPA Surveillance

Upon presentation of proper credentials and other documents as may be required by law and in accordance with constitutional limitations, the Permittee shall allow the Illinois EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following [Sections 4 and 39.5(7)(a) and (p)(ii) of the Act]:

- a. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where an actual or potential emission unit is located; where any regulated equipment, operation, or activity is located or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect during hours of operation any sources, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment),

practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;

- d. Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location:
 - i. At reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or applicable requirements; or
 - ii. As otherwise authorized by the CAA, or the Act.
- e. Obtain and remove samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants authorized by this permit; and
- f. Enter and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purposes of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any regulated activity, discharge or emission at the source authorized by this permit.

9.4 Obligation to Comply with Other Requirements

The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and applicable local ordinances addressing subjects other than air pollution control.

9.5 Liability

9.5.1 Title

This permit shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted source is located.

9.5.2 Liability of Permittee

This permit does not release the Permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the sources.

9.5.3 Structural Stability

This permit does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any unit or part of the source.

9.5.4 Illinois EPA Liability

This permit in no manner implies or suggests that the Illinois EPA (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability, directly or indirectly, for any loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the source.

9.5.5 Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege [Section 39.5(7)(o)(iv) of the Act].

9.6 Recordkeeping

9.6.1 Control Equipment Maintenance Records

A maintenance record shall be kept on the premises for each item of air pollution control equipment. At a minimum, this record shall show the dates of performance and nature of preventative maintenance activities.

9.6.2 Records of Changes in Operation

A record shall be kept describing changes made at the source that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement, but not otherwise regulated under this permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes [Section 39.5(12)(b)(iv) of the Act].

9.6.3 Retention of Records

- a. Records of all monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit [Section 39.5(7)(e)(ii) of the Act].
- b. Other records required by this permit including any logs, plans, procedures, or instructions required to be kept by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of entry unless a longer period is specified by a particular permit provision.

9.7 Annual Emissions Report

The Permittee shall submit an annual emissions report to the Illinois EPA, Air Quality Planning Section no later than May 1 of the following year, as required by 35 IAC Part 254.

9.8 Requirements for Compliance Certification

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(p)(v) of the Act, the Permittee shall submit annual compliance certifications. The compliance certifications shall be submitted no later than May 1 or more frequently as specified in the applicable requirements or by permit condition. The compliance certifications shall be submitted to the Air Compliance Unit, Air Regional Field Office, and USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch. The addresses for the submittal of the compliance certifications are provided in Condition 8.6.4 of this permit.

- a. The certification shall include the identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the

certification; the compliance status; whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, both currently and over the reporting period consistent with the conditions of this permit.

- b. All compliance certifications shall be submitted to USEPA Region 5 in Chicago as well as to the Illinois EPA.
- c. All compliance reports required to be submitted shall include a certification in accordance with Condition 9.9.

9.9 Certification

Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall contain a certification by a responsible official of the Permittee that meets the requirements of Section 39.5(5) of the Act and applicable regulations [Section 39.5(7)(p)(i) of the Act]. An example Certification by a Responsible Official is included as Attachment 1 to this permit.

9.10 Defense to Enforcement Actions

9.10.1 Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit [Section 39.5(7)(o)(ii) of the Act].

9.10.2 Emergency Provision

- a. An emergency shall be an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with the technology-based emission limitations under this permit if the following conditions are met through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence [Section 39.5(7)(k) of the Act]:

- i. An emergency occurred as provided in Section 39.5(7)(k) of the Act and the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency.

Note: For this purpose, emergency means a situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, as further defined by Section 39.5(7)(k)(iv) of the Act.

- ii. The permitted source was at the time being properly operated;
- iii. The Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Illinois EPA within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a detailed

description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken; and

iv. During the period of the emergency the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission limitations, standards, or regulations in this permit.

b. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. This provision does not relieve a Permittee of any reporting obligations under existing federal or state laws or regulations [Section 39.5(7)(k)(iv) of the Act].

9.11 Permanent Shutdown

This permit only covers emission units and control equipment while physically present at the indicated source location(s). Unless this permit specifically provides for equipment relocation, this permit is void for the operation or activity of any item of equipment on the date it is removed from the permitted location(s) or permanently shut down. This permit expires if all equipment is removed from the permitted location(s), notwithstanding the expiration date specified on this permit.

9.12 Reopening and Reissuing Permit for Cause

9.12.1 Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause in accordance with applicable provisions of Section 39.5 of the Act. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition [Section 39.5(7)(o)(iii) of the Act].

9.12.2 Reopening and Revision

This permit must be reopened and revised if any of the following occur [Section 39.5(15)(a) of the Act]:

- a. Additional requirements become applicable to the equipment covered by this permit and three or more years remain before expiration of this permit.
- b. Additional requirements become applicable to an affected source for acid deposition under the acid rain program.
- c. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emission standards or limitations, or other terms or conditions of this permit.

- d. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit must be revised or revoked to ensure compliance with the applicable requirements.

9.12.3 Inaccurate Application

The Illinois EPA has issued this permit based upon the information submitted by the Permittee in the permit application. Any misinformation, false statement or misrepresentation in the application shall be grounds for revocation and reissuance under Section 39.5(15) of the Act, pursuant to Sections 39.5(5)(e) and (i) of the Act.

9.12.4 Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Illinois EPA, within a reasonable time specified by the Illinois EPA any information that the Illinois EPA may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Illinois EPA copies of records required to be kept by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee may furnish such records directly to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality [Section 39.5(7)(o)(v) of the Act].

9.13 Severability Clause

The provisions of this permit are severable. In the event of a challenge to any portion of the permit, other portions of the permit may continue to be in effect. Should any portion of this permit be determined to be illegal or unenforceable, the validity of the other provisions shall not be affected and the rights and obligations of the Permittee shall be construed and enforced as if this permit did not contain the particular provisions held to be invalid and the applicable requirements underlying these provisions shall remain in force [Section 39.5(7)(i) of the Act].

9.14 Permit Expiration and Renewal

Upon the expiration of this permit, if the source is operated, it shall be deemed to be operating without a permit unless a timely and complete CAAPP application has been submitted for renewal of this permit. However, if a timely and complete application to renew this CAAPP permit has been submitted, the terms and all conditions of this CAAPP permit will remain in effect until the issuance of a renewal permit [Section 39.5(5)(l) and (o) of the Act].

Note: Pursuant to Sections 39.5(5)(h) and (n) of the Act, upon submittal of a timely and complete renewal application, the permitted source may continue to operate until final action is taken by the Illinois EPA on the renewal application, provided, however, that this protection shall cease if the applicant fails to submit any additional information necessary to evaluate or take final action on the renewal

application as requested by the Illinois EPA in writing. For a renewal application to be timely, it must be submitted no later than 9 months prior to the date of permit expiration.

9.15 General Authority for the Terms and Conditions of this Permit

The authority for terms and conditions of this permit that do not include a citation for their authority is Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act, which provides that the Illinois EPA shall include such provisions in a CAAPP permit as are necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Act and to assure compliance with all applicable requirements. Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act is also another basis of authority for terms and conditions of this permit that do include a specific citation for their authority.

Note: This condition is included in this permit pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(n) of the Act.

10.0 ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 Example Certification by a Responsible Official

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Official Title: _____

Telephone No.: _____

Date Signed: _____

Attachment 2 Emissions of Particulate Matter from Process Emission Units

- a. New Process Emission Units for Which Construction or Modification Commenced On or After April 14, 1972 [35 IAC 212.321].
- i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of particulate matter into the atmosphere in any one hour period from any new process emission unit which, either alone or in combination with the emission of particulate matter from all other similar process emission units for which construction or modification commenced on or after April 14, 1972, at a source or premises, exceeds the allowable emission rates specified in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.321 [35 IAC 212.321(a)].
- ii. Interpolated and extrapolated values of the data in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.321 shall be determined by using the equation [35 IAC 212.321(b)]:

$$E = A(P)^B$$

where:

P = Process weight rate; and
 E = Allowable emission rate; and,

A. Up to process weight rates of 408 Mg/hr (450 T/hr):

	<u>Metric</u>	<u>English</u>
P	Mg/hr	T/hr
E	kg/hr	lb/hr
A	1.214	2.54
B	0.534	0.534

B. For process weight rate greater than or equal to 408 Mg/hr (450 T/hr):

	<u>Metric</u>	<u>English</u>
P	Mg/hr	T/hr
E	kg/hr	lb/hr
A	11.42	24.8
B	0.16	0.16

iii. Limits for Process Emission Units For Which Construction or Modification Commenced On or After April 19, 1972 [35 IAC 212.321(c)]:

Metric		English	
P	E	P	E
<u>Mg/hr</u>	<u>kg/hr</u>	<u>T/hr</u>	<u>lb/hr</u>
0.05	0.25	0.05	0.55
0.1	0.29	0.10	0.77
0.2	0.42	0.2	1.10
0.3	0.64	0.30	1.35
0.4	0.74	0.40	1.58
0.5	0.84	0.50	1.75
0.7	1.00	0.75	2.40
0.9	1.15	1.00	2.60
1.8	1.66	2.00	3.70
2.7	2.1	3.00	4.60
3.6	2.4	4.00	5.35
4.5	2.7	5.00	6.00
9.0	3.9	10.00	8.70
13.0	4.8	15.00	10.80
18.0	5.7	20.00	12.50
23.0	6.5	25.00	14.00
27.0	7.1	30.00	15.60
32.0	7.7	35.00	17.00
36.0	8.2	40.00	18.20
41.0	8.8	45.00	19.20
45.0	9.3	50.00	20.50
90.0	13.4	100.00	29.50
140.0	17.0	150.00	37.00
180.0	19.4	200.00	43.00
230.0	22.0	250.00	48.50
270.0	24.0	300.00	53.00
320.0	26.0	350.00	58.00
360.0	28.0	400.00	62.00
408.0	30.1	450.00	66.00
454.0	30.4	500.00	67.00

iv. For process weight rates of less than 100 pounds per hour, the allowable rate is 0.5 pounds per hour [35 IAC 266.110].

b. Existing Process Emission Units for Which Construction or Modification Prior to April 14, 1972 [35 IAC 212.322].

i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of particulate matter into the atmosphere in any one hour period from any process emission unit for which construction or modification commenced prior to April 14, 1972, which, either alone or in combination with the emission of particulate matter from all other similar process emission units at a source or premises, exceeds the allowable emission rates specified in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.322 [35 IAC 212.322(a)].

ii. Interpolated and extrapolated values of the data in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.321 shall be determined by using the equation [35 IAC 212.322(b)]:

$$E = C + A(P)^B$$

where:

P = Process weight rate; and
 E = Allowable emission rate; and,

A. Up to process weight rates up to 27.2 Mg/hr (30 T/hr):

	<u>Metric</u>	<u>English</u>
P	Mg/hr	T/hr
E	kg/hr	lb/hr
A	1.985	4.10
B	0.67	0.67
C	0	0

B. For process weight rate in excess of 27.2 Mg/hr (30 T/hr):

	<u>Metric</u>	<u>English</u>
P	Mg/hr	T/hr
E	kg/hr	lb/hr
A	25.21	55.0
B	0.11	0.11
C	- 18.4	- 40.0

iii. Limits for Process Emission Units For Which Construction or Modification Commenced Prior to April 14, 1972 [35 IAC 212.322(c)]:

Metric P <u>Mg/hr</u>	E <u>kg/hr</u>	English P <u>T/hr</u>	E <u>lb/hr</u>
0.05	0.27	0.05	0.55
0.1	0.42	0.10	0.87
0.2	0.68	0.2	1.40
0.3	0.89	0.30	1.83
0.4	1.07	0.40	2.22
0.5	1.25	0.50	2.58
0.7	1.56	0.75	3.38
0.9	1.85	1.00	4.10
1.8	2.9	2.00	6.52
2.7	3.9	3.00	8.56
3.6	4.7	4.00	10.40
4.5	5.4	5.00	12.00
9.0	8.7	10.00	19.20
13.0	11.1	15.00	25.20
18.0	13.8	20.00	30.50
23.0	16.2	25.00	35.40
27.2	18.15	30.00	40.00
32.0	18.8	35.00	41.30
36.0	19.3	40.00	42.50
41.0	19.8	45.00	43.60
45.0	20.2	50.00	44.60
90.0	23.2	100.00	51.20
140.0	25.3	150.00	55.40
180.0	26.5	200.00	58.60
230.0	27.7	250.00	61.00
270.0	28.5	300.00	63.10
320.0	29.4	350.00	64.90
360.0	30.0	400.00	66.20
400.0	30.6	450.00	67.70
454.0	31.3	500.00	69.00

iv. For process weight rates of less than 100 pounds per hour, the allowable rate is 0.5 pounds per hour [35 IAC 266.110].

Attachment 3 Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan

There are no specific emission units that require a CAM plan as identified in the Monitoring Requirements of Subsection 8 for each Section 7, Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units.

Attachment 4 Guidance

The Illinois has prepared guidance for sources on the Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) that is available on the Internet site maintained by the Illinois EPA, www.epa.state.il.us. This guidance includes instructions on applying for a revision or renewal of the CAAPP permit.

Guidance On Revising A CAAPP Permit:

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-revising.pdf

Guidance On Renewing A CAAPP Permit:

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-renewing.pdf

The application forms prepared by the Illinois EPA for the CAAPP are also available from the Illinois EPA's Internet site:

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/index.html

These CAAPP application forms should also be used by a CAAPP source when it applies for a construction permit. For this purpose, the appropriate CAAPP application forms and other supporting information, should be accompanied by a completed Application For A Construction Permit form (199-CAAPP) and Fee Determination for Construction Permit Application form (197-FEE):

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/199-caapp.pdf

www.epa.state.il.us/air/permits/197-fee.pdf

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