

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Air, Permit Section
1021 N. Grand Avenue East
P.O. Box 19506
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

Project Summary for an Application from
Edward Hines Lumber Company for Renewal of the
Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit (FESOP) for
the operation of four Flow Coaters at the facility located
at 701 East Wiscold Drive, Rochelle, Ogle County,
Illinois 61068

Site Identification No.: 141050ABN
Application No.: 02040050

Schedule

Public Comment Period Begins: February 19, 2008
Public Comment Period Closes: March 20, 2008

Illinois EPA Contacts

Permit Analyst: German Barria
Community Relations Coordinator: Brad Frost

I. INTRODUCTION

Edward Hines Lumber Company has applied for a renewal of its Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit (FESOP) for its equipment (four flow coaters) at their facility located at 701 East Wiscold Drive, Rochelle, Ogle County, Illinois 61068. This facility requires an air pollution control operating permit because it is a source of emissions. The Illinois EPA has prepared a draft permit that it would propose to issue for the facility. However, before renewing the permit, the Illinois EPA is holding a public comment period to receive comments on this proposed action and the terms and conditions of the draft permit that it would propose to issue.

II. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

Edward Hines Lumber Company performs coating operations involving the coating of wood boards used as siding material. This coating operating consists of two Latex Based Coating Lines, two Solvent Based Coating Lines, one Drying Oven, and one Drying Rack for Solvent and Latex Coating Lines

III. GENERAL DISCUSSION

Federally Enforceable State Operating Permits (FESOPs) are federally enforceable, that is, the terms and conditions of the permits can be enforced by USEPA under federal law, as well as by Illinois government and the public under state law. These permits can establish federally enforceable limitations on the operation and emissions of a source that restrict the potential emissions of the source.

This facility will be operating under a FESOP because the actual emissions of the facility are below the levels at which the facility would be considered a major source under Title V of the federal Clean Air Act. However, in the absence of federally enforceable limitations, the facility's potential emissions would be such that the facility would be considered a major source. The permit acts to restrict the facility potential emissions so that it need not be considered a major source. As a result, the source does not need not obtain a Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) permit for the facility, as would otherwise be required.

The FESOP limits the operation and annual emissions of the facility to below the major-source-thresholds of 100 tons for VOM, 10 tons for an individual HAP and 25 tons for combined HAPs.

IV. APPLICABLE EMISSION STANDARDS

All emission units in Illinois must comply with state emission standards adopted by the Illinois Pollution Control Board. These emission standards represent the basic requirements for sources in Illinois. The board has standards for sources of Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Volatile Organic Material, Particulate Matter (PM₁₀), and Carbon Monoxide (CO) emission. The application shows that the facility is in compliance with applicable state (AND FEDERAL) emission standards.

V. CONTENTS OF THE PERMIT

The renewed permit that the Illinois EPA is proposing to issue would continue to identify

specific emission standards that apply to the emission units at the facility. The conditions of this permit are intended to ensure that the source continues to comply with applicable emission standards.

The permit would also contain limitations and requirements to assure that this facility is operated as a non-major source. The permit would limit the operation and annual emissions of the facility to below the major-source-thresholds of 100 tons for VOM, 10 tons for an individual HAP and 25 tons for combined HAPs. (Annual emissions of other pollutants from the plant are well below the 100 ton major source threshold.)

The permit would also set limitations on (the minimum control efficiency and the amount of natural gas and #2 fuel oil used at this facility. These limitations are consistent with the historical operation of emission units at the facility.

The permit conditions would also continue to require appropriate compliance procedures, including inspection practices as well as recordkeeping and reporting requirements. The source must carry out these procedures on an on-going basis to demonstrate that the facility is being operated within the limitations set by the permit and the facility's emissions are being properly controlled.

VI. REQUEST FOR COMMENTS

It is the Illinois EPA's preliminary determination that the source has met the requirements for renewal of its permit. The Illinois EPA is therefore proposing to renew the permit.

Comments are requested on this proposed action by the Illinois EPA and the proposed conditions on the draft permit. If substantial public interest is shown in this matter, the Illinois EPA will consider holding a public hearing in accordance with 35 IAC Part 166.