

FINAL DRAFT/PROPOSED CAAPP PERMIT  
PPL Monta, LLC  
I.D. No.: 197899AAC  
Application No.: 03060071  
September 16, 2003

217/782-2113

TITLE V - CLEAN AIR ACT PERMIT PROGRAM (CAAPP) PERMIT  
and  
TITLE I PERMIT<sup>1</sup>

PERMITTEE

PPL Montana, LLC  
Attn: Stephen J. Christian  
Willow Avenue & Warehouse Road  
Post Office Box 38  
Costrip, Montana 59323-0038

Application No.: 03060071

I.D. No.: 197899AAC

Applicant's Designation:

Date Received: June 27, 2003

Operation of: Electric Generation

Date Issued: TO BE DETERMINED

Expiration Date<sup>2</sup>: DATE

Source Location: University Park Peaking Power Plant, 787 Industrial Drive,  
University Park, Will County, IL 60466

Responsible Official: James M. Parker/Director, Environmental Engineering

This permit is hereby granted to the above-designated Permittee to OPERATE an electric power generation plant, pursuant to the above referenced permit application. This permit is subject to the conditions contained herein.

The current federal Phase II Acid Rain Permit issued to University Park Peaking Power Plant by the Illinois EPA is incorporated into this CAAPP permit (See Attachment 3).

If you have any questions concerning this permit, please contact John Cashman at 217/782-2113.

Donald E. Sutton, P.E.  
Manager, Permit Section  
Division of Air Pollution Control

DES:JRC:psj

cc: Illinois EPA, FOS, Region 1  
CES  
Lotus Notes

<sup>1</sup> This permit may contain terms and conditions which address the applicability, and compliance if determined applicable, of Title I of the CAA and regulations promulgated thereunder, including 40 CFR 52.21 - federal PSD and 35 IAC Part 203 - Major Stationary Sources Construction and Modification. Any such terms and conditions are identified within this permit.

<sup>2</sup> Except as provided in Condition 8.7 of this permit.

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1.0 SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Source

University Park Peaking Power Plant  
787 Industrial Drive  
University Park, Illinois 60466  
406/748-5019

I.D. No.: 197899AAC  
Acid Rain Permit ORIS Code No.: 55640

Standard Industrial Classification: 4911, Electric Services

1.2 Owner/Parent Company

PPL Montana, LLC  
Willow Avenue & Warehouse Road  
Post Office Box 38  
Costrip, Montana 59323-0038

1.3 Operator

PPL Montana, LLC  
Willow Avenue & Warehouse Road  
Post Office Box 38  
Costrip, Montana 59323-0038

Stephen J. Christian  
406/748-5019

1.4 General Source Description

University Park Peaking Power Plant is located at 787 Industrial Drive, University Park. The source utilizes 12 natural gas turbines to generate electricity. In addition, the turbines are equipped with water-injected burners and selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions and catalytic oxidation systems to control emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic material (VOM).

2.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS USED IN THIS PERMIT

ACMA	Alternative Compliance Market Account
Act	Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/1 et seq.]
AP-42	Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume 1, Stationary Point and Other Sources (and Supplements A through F), USEPA, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711
ATU	Allotment Trading Unit
BAT	Best Available Technology
Btu	British thermal unit
CAA	Clean Air Act [42 U.S.C. Section 7401 et seq.]
CAAPP	Clean Air Act Permit Program
CAM	Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
ERMS	Emissions Reduction Market System
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
hr	hour
IAC	Illinois Administrative Code
I.D. No.	Identification Number of Source, assigned by Illinois EPA
ILCS	Illinois Compiled Statutes
Illinois EPA	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
kW	kilowatts
LAER	Lowest Achievable Emission Rate
lb	pound
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
mmBtu	Million British thermal units
NESHAP	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NO <sub>x</sub>	Nitrogen Oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
PM	Particulate Matter
PM <sub>10</sub>	Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 microns as measured by applicable test or monitoring methods
ppm	parts per million
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
RMP	Risk Management Plan
SO <sub>2</sub>	Sulfur Dioxide
T1	Title I - identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit
T1N	Title I New - identifies Title I conditions that are being established in this permit
T1R	Title I Revised - identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit and subsequently revised in this permit
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
VOM	Volatile Organic Material

### 3.0 INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

#### 3.1 Identification of Insignificant Activities

The following activities at the source constitute insignificant activities as specified in 35 IAC 201.210:

- 3.1.1 Activities determined by the Illinois EPA to be insignificant activities, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a) (1) and 201.211, as follows:

None

- 3.1.2 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon maximum emissions, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a) (2) or (a) (3), as follows:

None

- 3.1.3 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon their type or character, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a) (4) through (18), as follows:

Direct combustion units designed and used for comfort heating purposes and fuel combustion emission units as follows: (A) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 2.5 mmBtu/hr that fire only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas; (B) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 1.0 mmBtu/hr that fire only oil or oil in combination with only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas; and (C) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 200,000 Btu/hr which never burn refuse, or treated or chemically contaminated wood [35 IAC 201.210(a) (4)].

Storage tanks of organic liquids with a capacity of less than 10,000 gallons and an annual throughput of less than 100,000 gallons per year, provided the storage tank is not used for the storage of gasoline or any material listed as a HAP pursuant to Section 112(b) of the CAA [35 IAC 201.210(a) (10)].

Storage tanks of any size containing virgin or re-refined distillate oil, hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil, or residual fuel oils [35 IAC 201.210(a) (11)].

- 3.1.4 Activities that are considered insignificant activities pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(b).

### 3.2 Compliance with Applicable Requirements

Insignificant activities are subject to applicable requirements notwithstanding status as insignificant activities. In particular, in addition to regulations of general applicability, such as 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.123 (Condition 5.2.2), the Permittee shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:

- 3.2.1 For each cold cleaning degreaser, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable equipment and operating requirements of 35 IAC 218.182.
- 3.2.2 For each particulate matter process emission unit, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable particulate matter emission limit of 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322. For example, the particulate matter emissions from a process emission unit shall not exceed 0.55 pounds per hour if the emission unit's process weight rate is 100 pounds per hour or less, pursuant to 35 IAC 266.110.
- 3.2.3 For each organic material emission unit that uses organic material, e.g., a mixer or printing line, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable VOM emission limit of 35 IAC 218.182, which requires that organic material emissions not exceed 8.0 pounds per hour or do not qualify as photochemically reactive material as defined in 35 IAC 211.4690.

### 3.3 Addition of Insignificant Activities

- 3.3.1 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type that is identified in Condition 3.1, until the renewal application for this permit is submitted, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.212(a).
- 3.3.2 The Permittee must notify the Illinois EPA of any proposed addition of a new insignificant activity of a type addressed by 35 IAC 201.210(a) and 201.211 other than those identified in Condition 3.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(12)(b) of the Act.
- 3.3.3 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type identified in 35 IAC 201.210(b).

4.0 SIGNIFICANT EMISSION UNITS AT THIS SOURCE

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
CT1-CT12	Twelve 44.186 MW Natural Gas Fired Turbines (456.7 mmBtu/hr)	Jan - July 2002	(NO <sub>x</sub> ) Water-Injected Burners and Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) Systems. (CO and VOM) Catalytic Oxidation System

## 5.0 OVERALL SOURCE CONDITIONS

### 5.1 Source Description

- 5.1.1 This permit is issued based on the source requiring a CAAPP permit as a major source of NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and PM emissions.
- 5.1.2 This permit is issued based on the source not being a major source of HAPs.
- 5.1.3 This permit is issued based on the source requiring a CAAPP permit as an "affected source" for the purposes of Acid Deposition Control, Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

### 5.2 Applicable Regulations

- 5.2.1 Specific emission units at this source are subject to particular regulations as set forth in Section 7 (Unit-Specific Conditions) of this permit.
- 5.2.2 In addition, emission units at this source are subject to the following regulations of general applicability:

- a. No person shall cause or allow the emission of fugitive particulate matter from any process, including any material handling or storage activity, that is visible by an observer looking generally overhead at a point beyond the property line of the source unless the wind speed is greater than 40.2 kilometers per hour (25 miles per hour), pursuant to 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.314.

Compliance with this requirement is considered to be assured by the inherent nature of operations at this source, as demonstrated by historical operation.

- b. No person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 212.122, pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123(a), except as allowed by 35 IAC 212.123(b) and 212.124.

#### 5.2.3 Ozone Depleting Substances

The Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction of ozone depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B of 40 CFR Part 82:

- a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
- b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.
- c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

#### 5.2.4 Risk Management Plan

Should this stationary source pursuant to 40 CFR 68.215(a)(2)(i) and (ii), as defined in 40 CFR 68.3, become subject to the federal rules for Chemical Accident Prevention in 40 CFR Part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit:

- a. A compliance schedule for meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date provided in 40 CFR 68.10(a); or
- b. A certification statement that the source is in compliance with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including the registration and submission of the RMP, as part of the annual compliance certification required by Condition 9.8.

- 5.2.5 a. Should this source become subject to a regulation under 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63, or 35 IAC Subtitle B after the date issued of this permit, then the owner or operator shall, in accordance with the applicable regulation(s), comply with the applicable requirements by the date(s) specified and shall certify compliance with the applicable requirements of such regulation(s) as part of the annual compliance certification, as required by Condition 9.8.
- b. No later than upon the submittal for renewal of this permit, the owner or operator shall submit, as part of an application, the necessary information to address either the non-applicability of, or demonstrate compliance with all applicable regulation under 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63, or 35 IAC Subtitle B that was promulgated after the date issued of this permit.
- c. This stationary source will be subject to 40 CFR Part 63 when such rule becomes final and effective. The

Permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of such regulation by the date(s) specified in such regulation and shall certify compliance with the applicable requirements of such regulation as part of the annual compliance certification required by Condition 9.8 beginning in the year that compliance is required under a final and effective rule.

#### 5.2.6 Episode Action Plan

- a. If the source is required to have an episode action plan pursuant to 35 IAC 244.142, the Permittee shall maintain at the source and have on file with the Illinois EPA a written episode action plan (plan) for reducing the levels of emissions during yellow alerts, red alerts, and emergencies, consistent with safe operating procedures. The plan shall contain the information specified in 35 IAC 244.144.
- b. The Permittee shall immediately implement the appropriate steps described in this plan should an air pollution alert or emergency be declared.
- c. If a change occurs at the source which requires a revision of the plan (e.g., operational change, change in the source contact person), a copy of the revised plan shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review within 30 days of the change. Such plans shall be further revised if disapproved by the Illinois EPA.
- d. For sources required to have a plan pursuant to 35 IAC 244.142, a copy of the original plan and any subsequent revisions shall be sent to:
  - i. Illinois EPA, Compliance Section.

#### 5.2.7 CAM Plan

This stationary source has a pollutant-specific emissions unit that is subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources. As a result of this application either not having been submitted or deemed complete by April 20, 1998, the source is required to comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 64 for large pollutant-specific emissions units in the initial application and CAAPP permit. The source must submit a CAM plan for all other affected pollutant-specific emissions units upon application for renewal of the initial CAAPP permit, or upon a significant modification to the CAAPP permit for the construction or modification of a large pollutant-specific emissions unit which has the potential post-control device emissions of

the applicable regulated air pollutant that equals or exceeds major source threshold levels.

5.3 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

None

5.4 Source-Wide Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

In addition to the source-wide requirements in the Standard Permit Conditions in Section 9, the Permittee shall fulfill the following source-wide operational and production limitations and/or work practice requirements:

None

5.5 Source-Wide Emission Limitations

5.5.1 Permitted Emissions for Fees

The annual emissions from the source, not considering insignificant activities as addressed by Section 3.0 of this permit, shall not exceed the following limitations. The overall source emissions shall be determined by adding emissions from all emission units. Compliance with these limits shall be determined on a calendar year basis. These limitations (Condition 5.5.1) are set for the purpose of establishing fees and are not federally enforceable.

Permitted Emissions of Regulated Pollutants

Pollutant	Tons/Year
Volatile Organic Material (VOM)	24.3
Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	50.0
Particulate Matter (PM)	244.7
Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )	239.0
HAP, not included in VOM or PM	---
Total	558.0

5.5.2 Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants

This permit is issued based on the emissions of HAPs as listed in Section 112(b) of the CAA not being equal to or exceeding 10 tons per year of a single HAP or 25 tons per year of any combination of such HAPs, so that this source is considered a minor source for HAPs.

5.5.3 Other Source-Wide Emission Limitations

Other source-wide emission limitations are not set for this source pursuant to either the federal rules for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 40 CFR 52.21, Illinois EPA rules for Major Stationary Sources

Construction and Modification, 35 IAC Part 203, or Section 502(b)(10) of the CAA. However, there may be unit specific emission limitations set forth in Section 7 of this permit pursuant to these rules.

## 5.6 General Recordkeeping Requirements

### 5.6.1 Emission Records

The Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the source to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.5.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

Total annual emissions on a calendar year basis for the emission units covered by Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions) of this permit.

### 5.6.2 Records for Operating Scenarios

N/A

### 5.6.3 Retention and Availability of Records

- a. All records and logs required by this permit shall be retained for at least five years from the date of entry (unless a longer retention period is specified by the particular recordkeeping provision herein), shall be kept at a location at the source that is readily accessible to the Illinois EPA or USEPA, and shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Illinois EPA or USEPA upon request.
- b. The Permittee shall retrieve and print, on paper during normal source office hours, any records retained in an electronic format (e.g., computer) in response to an Illinois EPA or USEPA request for records during the course of a source inspection.

## 5.7 General Reporting Requirements

### 5.7.1 General Source-Wide Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section of deviations of the source with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(iii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

5.7.2 Annual Emissions Report

The annual emissions report required pursuant to Condition 9.7 shall contain emissions information for the previous calendar year.

5.8 General Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

N/A

5.9 General Compliance Procedures

5.9.1 General Procedures for Calculating Emissions

Compliance with the source-wide emission limits specified in Condition 5.5 shall be based on the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 5.6 and 5.7, and Compliance Procedures in Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions) of this permit.

## 6.0 EMISSIONS CONTROL PROGRAMS

### 6.1 NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program

#### 6.1.1 Description of NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program

The NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program is a regional "cap and trade" market system for large sources of NO<sub>x</sub> emissions in the eastern United States, including Illinois. It is designed to reduce and maintain NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from the emission units covered by the program within a budget to help contribute to attainment and maintenance of the ozone ambient air quality standard in the multi-state region covered by the program, as required by Section 126 of the CAA. The NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program applies in addition to other applicable requirements for NO<sub>x</sub> emissions and in no way relaxes these other requirements.

Electrical generating units (EGU) that are subject to the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program are referred to as "budget EGU." Sources that have one or more EGU or other units subject to the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program are referred to as budget sources.

The NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program controls NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from budget EGU and other budget units during a seasonal control period from May 1 through September 30 of each year, when weather conditions are conducive to formation of ozone in the ambient air. (In 2004, the first year that the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program is in effect, the control period will be May 31 through September 30.) By November 30 of each year, the allowance transfer deadline, each budget source must hold "NO<sub>x</sub> allowances" for the actual NO<sub>x</sub> emissions of its budget units during the preceding control period. The USEPA will then retire NO<sub>x</sub> allowances in the source's accounts in amounts equivalent to its seasonal emissions. If a source does not have sufficient allowances in its accounts, USEPA would subtract allowances from the source's future allocation for the next control period and impose other penalties as appropriate. Stringent monitoring procedures developed by USEPA apply to budget units to assure that actual emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are accurately determined.

The number of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances available for budget sources is set by the overall budget for NO<sub>x</sub> emissions established by USEPA. This budget requires a substantial reduction in NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from historical levels as necessary to meet air quality goals. In Illinois, existing budget sources initially receive their allocation or share of the NO<sub>x</sub> allowances budgeted for EGU in an amount determined by rule [35 IAC Part 217, Appendix F]. Between 2007 and 2011, the allocation mechanism for existing EGU gradually shifts to one based on the actual operation of EGU in

preceding control periods. New budget EGU, for which limited operating data may be available, may obtain NO<sub>x</sub> allowances from the new source set-aside (NSSA), a portion of the overall budget reserved for new EGU.

In addition to directly receiving or purchasing NO<sub>x</sub> allowances as described above, budget sources may transfer NO<sub>x</sub> allowances from one of their units to another. They may also purchase allowances in the marketplace from other sources that are willing to sell some of the allowances that they have received. Each budget source must designate an account representative to handle all its allowance transactions. The USEPA, in a central national system, will maintain allowance accounts and record transfer of allowances among accounts.

The ability of sources to transfer allowances will serve to minimize the costs of reducing NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from budget units to comply with the overall NO<sub>x</sub> budget. In particular, the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions of budget units that may be most economically controlled will be targeted by sources for further control of emissions. This will result in a surplus of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances from those units that can be transferred to other units at which it is more difficult to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions. Experience with reduction of sulfur dioxide emissions under the federal Acid Rain program has shown that this type of trading program not only achieves regional emission reductions in a more cost-effective manner but also results in greater overall reductions than application of traditional emission standards to individual emission units.

The USEPA developed the plan for the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program with assistance from affected states. Illinois' rules for the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program for EGU are located at 35 IAC Part 217, Subpart W, and have been approved by the USEPA. These rules provide for interstate trading of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances, as mandated by Section 9.9 of the Act. Accordingly, these rules refer to and rely upon federal rules at 40 CFR Part 96, which have been developed by USEPA for certain aspects of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, and which an individual state must follow to allow for interstate trading of allowances.

Note: This narrative description of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

#### 6.1.2 Applicability

- a. The following emission units at this source are budget EGU for purposes of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program. Accordingly, this source is a budget source and the Permittee is the owner or operator of a budget source

and budget EGU. In this section of this permit, these emission units are addressed as budget EGU.

Turbines CT1-CT12

- b. This permit does not provide "low-emitter status" for the above emission units pursuant to 35 IAC 217.754(c).

#### 6.1.3 General Provisions of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program

- a. This source and the budget EGU at this source shall comply with all applicable requirements of Illinois' NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, i.e., 35 IAC Part 217, Subpart W, and 40 CFR Part 96 (excluding 40 CFR 96.4(b) and 96.55(c), and excluding 40 CFR 96, Subparts C, E and I), pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(a) and 217.756(f) (2).
- b. Any provision of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program that applies to a budget source (including any provision applicable to the account representative of a budget source) shall also apply to the owner and operator of such budget sources and to the owner and operator of each budget EGU at the source, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(f) (3).
- c. Any provision of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program that applies to a budget EGU (including any provision applicable to the account representative of a budget EGU) shall also apply to the owner and operator of such budget EGU. Except with regard to requirements applicable to budget EGUs with a common stack under 40 CFR 96, Subpart H, the owner and operator and the account representative of one budget EGU shall not be liable for any violation by any other budget EGU of which they are not an owner or operator or the account representative, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(f) (4).

#### 6.1.4 Requirements for NO<sub>x</sub> Allowances

- a. Beginning in 2004, by November 30 of each year, the allowance transfer deadline, the account representative of each budget EGU at this source shall hold allowances available for compliance deduction under 40 CFR 96.54 in the budget EGU's compliance account or the source's overdraft account in an amount that shall not be less than the budget EGU's total tons of NO<sub>x</sub> emissions for the preceding control period, rounded to the nearest whole ton, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR 96, Subpart H, plus any number necessary to account for actual utilization (e.g., for testing, start-up, malfunction, and shut down) under 40 CFR 96.42(e) for

the control period, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(d) (1). For purposes of this requirement, an allowance may not be utilized for a control period in a year prior to the year for which the allowance is allocated, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(d) (5).

- b. The account representative of a budget EGU that has excess emissions in any control period, i.e., NO<sub>x</sub> emissions in excess of the number of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances held as provided above, shall surrender allowances as required for deduction under 40 CFR 96.54(d) (1), pursuant to 35 IAC 201.756(f) (5). In addition, the owner or operator of a budget EGU that has excess emissions shall pay any fine, penalty, or assessment, or comply with any other remedy imposed under 40 CFR 96.54(d) (3) and the Act, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(f) (6). Each ton of NO<sub>x</sub> emitted in excess of the number of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances held as provided above for each budget EGU for each control period shall constitute a separate violation of 35 IAC Part 217 and the Act, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(d) (2).
- c. An allowance allocated by the Illinois EPA or USEPA under the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO<sub>x</sub> in accordance with the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program. As explained by 35 IAC 217.756(d) (6), no provisions of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, the budget permit application, the budget permit, or a retired unit exemption under 40 CFR 96.5 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States or the State of Illinois to terminate or limit this authorization. As further explained by 35 IAC 217.756(d) (7), an allowance allocated by the Illinois EPA or USEPA under the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program does not constitute a property right. As provided by 35 IAC 217.756(d) (4), allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among allowances accounts in accordance with 35 IAC Part 217, Subpart W, and 40 CFR 96, Subparts F and G.

#### 6.1.5 Monitoring Requirements for Budget EGU

- a. The Permittee shall comply with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart H, for each budget EGU and the compliance of each budget EGU with the emission limitation under Condition 6.1.4(a) shall be determined by the emission measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR 96, Subpart H, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(c) (1), (c) (2) and (d) (3).
- b. The account representative for the source and each budget EGU at the source shall comply with those

sections of the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 96, Subpart H, applicable to an account representative, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(c)(1) and (d)(3).

Note: Pursuant to 40 CFR 96.70(b), new budget EGU that commence operation before January 1, 2003 are to begin complying with applicable monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 96 at least one year in advance of the start of the first control period governed by the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program.

#### 6.1.6 Recordkeeping Requirements for Budget EGU

Unless otherwise provided below, the Permittee shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This 5-year period may be extended for cause at any time prior to the end of the 5 years, in writing by the Illinois EPA or the USEPA.

- a. The account certificate of representation of the account representative for the source and each budget EGU at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the account certificate of representation, in accordance with 40 CFR 96.13, as provided by 35 IAC 217.756(e)(1)(A). These certificates and documents must be retained on site at the source for at least 5-years after they are superseded because of the submission of a new account certificate of representation changing the account representative.
- b. All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR 96, Subpart H, (provided that to the extent that 40 CFR 96, Subpart H, provides for a 3-year period for retaining records, the 3-year period shall apply), pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(e)(1)(B).
- c. Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program or documents necessary to demonstrate compliance with requirements of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(e)(1)(C).
- d. Copies of all documents used to complete a budget permit application and any other submission under the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(e)(1)(D).

#### 6.1.7 Reporting Requirements for Budget EGU

- a. The account representative for this source and each budget EGU at this source shall submit to the

Illinois EPA and USEPA the reports and compliance certifications required under the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, including those under 40 CFR 96, Subparts D and H, and 35 IAC 217.774, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(e) (2).

- b. Notwithstanding the provisions in Conditions 9.8 and 9.9 of this CAAPP permit, these submittals need only be signed by the designated representative, who may serve in place of the responsible official for this purpose, as provided by Section 39.5(1) of the Act, and submittals to the Illinois EPA need only be made to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Section.

6.1.8 Allocation of NO<sub>x</sub> Allowances to Budget EGU

- a. For 2004, 2005 and 2006, the budget EGU identified in Condition 6.1.2(a) will not be entitled to direct allocations of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances because these EGU will be considered "new" budget EGU, as defined in 35 IAC 217.768(a) (1).
- b.
  - i. Beginning in 2007, these budget EGU will cease to be "new" budget EGU and the source will be entitled to an allocation of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances for these budget EGU as provided in 35 IAC 217.764. For example, for 2007, the allocation of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances will be governed by 35 IAC 217.764(b) (2) and (b) (4).
  - ii. In accordance with 35 IAC 217.762, the theoretical number of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances for these budget EGU, calculated as the product of the applicable NO<sub>x</sub> emissions rate and heat input as follows, shall be the basis for determining the allocation of NO<sub>x</sub> allowances to these EGU:
    - A. As provided by 35 IAC 217.762(a) (2), the applicable NO<sub>x</sub> emission rate for these EGU is 0.055 lb/mmBtu. This is the permitted emission rate for these EGU as contained in Construction Permit 00080078, pursuant to which the EGU were constructed. The permitted emission rate is the applicable rate because it is between 0.15 lb/mmBtu and 0.055 lb/mmBtu, as provided by 35 IAC 217.762(a) (2).
    - B. The applicable heat input (mmBtu/control period) shall be the average of the two highest heat inputs from the control periods four to six years prior to the year for which the allocation is being

made, as provided by 35 IAC  
217.762(b) (1).

6.1.9 Eligibility for NO<sub>x</sub> Allowances from the New Source Set-Aside (NSSA)

- a. In 2004, 2005 and 2006, the budget EGU identified in Condition 6.1.2(a) will qualify as "new" budget EGU that commenced commercial operation prior to January 1, 2004. As such, the Permittee may be entitled to obtain NO<sub>x</sub> allowances from the NSSA for these EGU without charge, as provided by 35 IAC 217.768.
- b. For the purpose of any such request for NO<sub>x</sub> allowances, the NO<sub>x</sub> emission rate shall be the permitted emission rate of these EGU as specified in Condition 6.1.8(b) (ii) and the projected heat input shall not exceed the average of the EGU's two highest seasonal heat inputs for the control periods one to three years prior to the allocation year, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.768(e).

6.1.10 Eligibility for Early Reduction Credits (ERC)

- a. The Permittee did not request NO<sub>x</sub> allowances for the budget EGU identified in Condition 6.1.2(a) for early reductions in its NO<sub>x</sub> emissions in the 2001 control period in accordance with 35 IAC 217.770.
- b.
  - i. The Permittee may pursue NO<sub>x</sub> allowances for early reductions in NO<sub>x</sub> emissions, i.e., reductions made during the 2002 and 2003 control period, as provided by 35 IAC 217.770.
  - ii. For the purpose of any such request, the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions must have been reduced by at least 30 percent less than the permitted emission rate of these EGU as specified in Condition 6.1.8(b) (ii), pursuant to 35 IAC 217.770(c) (1).

6.1.11 Budget Permit Required by the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program

- a. For this source, this segment of the CAAPP Permit, i.e., Section 6.1, is the Budget Permit required by the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program and is intended to contain federally enforceable conditions addressing all applicable NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program requirements. This Budget Permit shall be treated as a complete and segregable portion of the source's entire CAAPP permit, as provided by 35 IAC 217.758(a) (2).

- b. The Permittee and any other owner or operator of this source and each budget EGU at the source shall operate the budget EGU in compliance with this Budget Permit, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(b) (2).
- c. No provision of this Budget Permit or the associated application shall be construed as exempting or excluding the Permittee, or other owner or operator and, to the extent applicable, the account representative of a budget source or budget EGU from compliance with any other regulation or requirement promulgated under the CAA, the Act, the approved State Implementation Plan, or other federally enforceable permit, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(g).
- d. Upon recordation by USEPA under 40 CFR 96, Subpart F or G, or 35 IAC 217.782, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of an allowance to or from the budget units' compliance accounts or to or from the overdraft account for the budget source is deemed to amend automatically, and become part of, this budget permit, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(d) (8). This automatic amendment of this budget permit shall be deemed an operation of law and will not require any further review.
- e. No revision of this Budget Permit shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program that occurs prior to the date that the revisions to this permit takes effect, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.756(f) (1).
- f. The Permittee, or other owner or operator of the source, shall reapply for a Budget Permit for the source as required by 35 IAC Part 217, Subpart W and Section 39.5 of the Act. For purposes of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program, the application shall contain the information specified by 35 IAC 217.758(b) (2).

## 6.2 Emissions Reduction Market System (ERMS)

### 6.2.1 Description of ERMS

The ERMS is a "cap and trade" market system for major stationary sources located in the Chicago ozone nonattainment area. It is designed to reduce VOM emissions from stationary sources to contribute to reasonable further progress toward attainment, as required by Section 182(c) of the CAA.

The ERMS addresses VOM emissions during a seasonal allotment period from May 1 through September 30. Participating sources must hold "allotment trading units" (ATUs) for their actual seasonal VOM emissions. Each year participating sources are issued ATUs based on allotments set in the sources' CAAPP permits. These allotments are established from historical VOM emissions or "baseline emissions" lowered to provide the emissions reductions from stationary sources required for reasonable further progress.

By December 31 of each year, the end of the reconciliation period following the seasonal allotment period, each source shall have sufficient ATUs in its transaction account to cover its actual VOM emissions during the preceding season. A transaction account's balance as of December 31 will include any valid ATU transfer agreements entered into as of December 31 of the given year, provided such agreements are promptly submitted to the Illinois EPA for entry into the transaction account database. The Illinois EPA will then retire ATUs in sources' transaction accounts in amounts equivalent to their seasonal emissions. When a source does not appear to have sufficient ATUs in its transaction account, the Illinois EPA will issue a notice to the source to begin the process for Emissions Excursion Compensation.

In addition to receiving ATUs pursuant to their allotments, participating sources may also obtain ATUs from the market, including ATUs bought from other participating sources and general participants in the ERMS that hold ATUs (35 IAC 205.630) and ATUs issued by the Illinois EPA as a consequence of VOM emissions reductions from an Emissions Reduction Generator or an Intersector Transaction (35 IAC 205.500 and 35 IAC 205.510). During the reconciliation period, sources may also buy ATUs from a secondary reserve of ATUs managed by the Illinois EPA, the "Alternative Compliance Market Account" (ACMA) (35 IAC 205.710). Sources may also transfer or sell the ATUs that they hold to other sources or participants (35 IAC 205.630).

### 6.2.2 Applicability

This permit is issued based on this source not being a participating source in the Emissions Reduction Market System (ERMS), 35 IAC Part 205, pursuant to 35 IAC 205.200. This is based on the source's actual VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period from May 1 through September 30 of each year being less than 10 tons and the source's baseline emissions also being less than 10 tons.

### 6.2.3 Recordkeeping and Reporting

- a. The Permittee shall maintain the following records to allow the confirmation of actual VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period:
  - i. Records of operating data and other information for each individual emission unit or group of related emission units at the source, as specified in Sections 5 and 7 of this permit, as appropriate, to determine actual VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period;
  - ii. Records of the VOM emissions, in tons, during the seasonal allotment period, with supporting calculations, for each individual emission unit or group of related emission units at the source, determined in accordance with the procedures specified in Sections 5 and 7 of this permit; and
  - iii. Total VOM emissions from the source, in tons, during each seasonal allotment period, which shall be compiled by November 30 of each year.
- b. In the event that the source's VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period equal or exceed 10 tons, the source shall become a participating source in the ERMS and beginning with the following seasonal allotment period, shall comply with 35 IAC Part 205, by holding allotment trading units (ATUs) for its VOM emissions during each seasonal allotment period, unless the source obtains exemption from the ERMS by operating with seasonal VOM emissions of no more than 15 tons pursuant to a limitation applied for and established in its CAAPP permit.

## 6.3 Acid Rain Program

### 6.3.1 Applicability

Under Title IV of the CAA, Acid Deposition Control, this source is an affected source and the following emission units at the source are affected units for acid deposition:

Turbines CT1-CT12

Note: Title IV of the CAA, and other laws and regulations promulgated thereunder, establish requirements for affected sources related to control of emissions of pollutants that contribute to acid rain. For purposes of this permit, these requirements are referred to as Title IV provisions.

### 6.3.2 Applicable Emission Requirements

The owners and operators of the source shall not violate applicable Title IV provisions. In particular, NO<sub>x</sub> emissions of affected units shall not exceed the limit set by 40 CFR Part 76 as allowed by an Acid Rain Permit (See also Section 10). SO<sub>2</sub> emissions of the affected units shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under Title IV provisions. [Section 39.5(7)(g) and (17)(1) of the Act]

Note: Affected sources must hold SO<sub>2</sub> allowances to account for the SO<sub>2</sub> emissions from affected units at the source that are subject to Title IV provisions. Each allowance is a limited authorization to emit up to one ton of SO<sub>2</sub> emissions during or after a specified calendar year. The possession of allowances does not authorize exceedances of applicable emission standards or violations of ambient air quality standards.

### 6.3.3 Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting

The owners and operators of the source and, to the extent applicable, their designated representative, shall comply with applicable requirements for monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting specified by Title IV provisions, including 40 CFR Part 75. [Section 39.5(7)(b) and 17(m) of the Act]

Note: As further addressed by Section 7 of this permit, the following emission determination methods are currently being used for the affected units at this source.

NO<sub>x</sub>: Continuous Emissions Monitoring (40 CFR 75.12)

#### 6.3.4 Acid Rain Permit

The owners and operators of the source shall comply with the terms and conditions of the source's Acid Rain permit. [Section 39.5(17) (1) of the Act]

Note: The source is subject to an Acid Rain permit, which was issued pursuant to Title IV provisions, including Section 39.5(17) of the Act. Affected sources must be operated in compliance with their Acid Rain permits. This source's Acid Rain permit is incorporated by reference into this permit and a copy of the current Acid Rain permit is included as Attachment 3 of this permit. Revisions and modifications of this Acid Rain permit, including administrative amendments and automatic amendments (pursuant to Sections 408(b) and 403(d) of the CAA or regulations thereunder) are governed by Title IV provisions, as provided by Section 39.5(13) (e) of the Act. Accordingly, revision or renewal of the Acid Rain permit may be handled separately from this CAAPP permit and a copy of the new Acid Rain permit may be included in this permit by administrative amendment.

#### 6.3.5 Coordination with Other Requirements

- a. This permit does not contain any conditions that are intended to interfere with or modify the requirements of Title IV provisions. In particular, this permit does not restrict the flexibility under Title IV provisions of the owners and operators of this source to amend their Acid Rain compliance plan. [Section 39.5(17) (h) of the Act]
- b. Where another applicable requirement of the CAA is more stringent than an applicable requirement of Title IV provisions, both requirements are incorporated into this permit and are enforceable and the owners and operators of the source shall comply with both requirements. [Section 39.5(7) (h) of the Act]

7.0 UNIT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

7.1 Turbines (Subject to NSPS - 40 CFR Subpart GG)

7.1.1 Description

The turbines are process emission units used to generate electricity. The turbines are powered by natural gas. The turbines are equipped with water-injected burners and selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions and catalytic oxidation systems to control emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic material (VOM).

7.1.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

Emission Unit	Description	Emission Control Equipment
CT1-CT12	Twelve 44.186 MW Natural Gas Fired Turbines (456.7 mmBtu/hr)	(NO <sub>x</sub> ) Water-Injected Burners and Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) Systems. (CO and VOM) Catalytic Oxidation System

7.1.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. An "affected turbine" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is a turbine described in Conditions 7.1.1 and 7.1.2.
- b. The affected turbine are subject to the emission limits identified in Condition 5.2.2.
- c. The affected turbines are subject to the NSPS for Stationary Gas Turbines, 40 CFR 60 Subparts A and GG, because the heat input at peak load is equal to or greater than 10.7 gigajoules per hour (10 mmBtu/hr), based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired and the affected turbines commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after October 3, 1977. The Illinois EPA administers the NSPS for subject sources in Illinois pursuant to a delegation agreement with the USEPA.
  - i. Standard for Nitrogen Oxides:  
  
Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.332(b), electric utility stationary gas turbines with a heat input at peak load greater than 107.2 gigajoules per hour (100 million Btu/hour) based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired shall comply

with the provisions of 40 CFR 60.332(a)(1). Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.332(a)(1), no owner or operator of an affected turbine shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from such gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of:

$$\text{STD} = 0.0075 \frac{(14.4)}{Y} + F$$

Where:

STD = Allowable NO<sub>x</sub> emissions (percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis).

Y = Manufacturer's rated heat rate at manufacturer's rated load (kilojoules per watt hour) or, actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour.

F = NO<sub>x</sub> emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen calculated from the nitrogen content of the fuel as follows:

Fuel-bound nitrogen (percent by weight)	F (NO <sub>x</sub> percent by volume)
$N \leq 0.015$	0
$0.015 < N \leq 0.1$	0.04 (N)
$0.1 < N \leq 0.25$	$0.04 + 0.0067(N - 0.1)$
$N > 0.25$	0.005

Where:

N = The nitrogen content of the fuel (percent by weight) determined in accordance with Condition 7.1.8.

ii. Standard for Sulfur Dioxide

A. No owner or operator of an affected turbine shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine any gases which contain sulfur dioxide in excess of 0.015 percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis [40 CFR 60.333(a)].

B. No owner or operator of an affected turbine shall burn in any stationary gas turbine any fuel which contains sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent by weight [40 CFR 60.333(b)].

d. No person shall cause or allow the emission of sulfur dioxide into the atmosphere from any process emission source to excess 2000 ppm [35 IAC 214.301].

e. During each ozone control period (May 1 through September 30), the emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> from an affected turbine shall not exceed 0.25 lb/mmBtu of actual heat input based on a ozone control period average, for that unit, pursuant to 35 IAC 217.706(a).

Note: Given the emission determination methods specified by 35 IAC 217.710, the emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> for purposes of these standards are generally calculated in accordance with the federal Acid Rain Program and are different from the emissions determined for purposes of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program.

f. Startup Provisions

The Permittee is authorized to operate an affected turbine in violation of the applicable standards in Condition 5.2.2(b) (35 IAC 212.123(a)) and the hourly limits of Conditions 7.1.6 during startup subject to the following provisions. This authorization is provided pursuant to 35 IAC 201.262, as the Permittee has affirmatively demonstrated that all reasonable efforts have been made to minimize startup emissions, duration of individual starts, and frequency of startups. This authorization is subject to the following:

i. This authorization only extends for a period of up to 30-minutes following initial firing of fuel for each startup event.

ii. The Permittee shall take the following measures to minimize emissions resulting from startups, the duration of startups, and minimize the frequency of startups:

A. Operating in accordance with the manufacturer's written operating and startup procedures, including a pre-check of the unit, or other written procedures developed and maintained by the Permittee so as to minimize the duration of startups and the emissions associated with startups. These procedures should

allow for review of operating parameters of the unit during startup, or shutdown as necessary to make adjustments to reduce or eliminate excess emissions.

B. Maintaining units in accordance with written procedures developed and maintained by the Permittee so as to minimize the duration of startups and the frequency of startups. These maintenance practices shall include maintenance activities before the unit is started up, when the unit is in operation, and when the unit is shut down.

C. The procedures described above shall be reviewed at least annually to make necessary adjustments and shall be made available to the Illinois EPA upon request.

iii. The Permittee shall fulfill applicable recordkeeping requirements of Condition 7.1.9(m).

f. Malfunction and Breakdown Provisions

In the event of a malfunction or breakdown of the SCR system that will result in NO<sub>x</sub> emission that are above the hourly limit of Condition 7.1.6, the Permittee is authorized to continue operation of the affected turbine in violation of the applicable requirement of Condition 5.2.2(b) (35 IAC 212.123(a)) and the NO<sub>x</sub> hourly limits of Conditions 7.1.6, as necessary to provide essential service, i.e. prevent interruption in or shortage of the public's electricity supply, provided that operation shall not be continued solely for the economic benefit of the Permittee or to prevent risk of injury to personnel or severe damage to equipment. This authorization is subject to the following requirements:

i. The Permittee shall repair the damaged feature(s) of the affected turbine or remove the affected turbine from service as soon as practicable.

ii. Consistent with the above, if the NO<sub>x</sub> emissions do not exceed 41.5 pounds per hour and the Permittee has properly maintained the SCR system for the affected turbine, the Permittee shall begin shutdown of the affected turbine within 1 hour (60 minutes), unless such shutdown could endanger personnel or

equipment or threaten the stability of the regional electrical power system, in which case shutdown of the affected turbine shall be undertaken when it is apparent that shutdown can be safely undertaken.

- iii. Notwithstanding the above, if the Permittee determines that the CEMS is inaccurately reporting elevated NO<sub>x</sub> emissions, the Permittee may continue operation provided the Permittee records the information it is relying upon to conclude that NO<sub>x</sub> emissions meet applicable limitations and the CEMS is reporting inaccurate data and the Permittee takes prompt action to resolve the accuracy of the CEMS.
- iv. For this purpose, the Permittee shall be considered to be properly maintaining the SCR system if malfunctions and breakdowns are sudden, infrequent, not caused by poor maintenance or careless operation, and in general are not reasonably preventable. Compliance with these criteria shall be presumed if the SCR system has been available for 90 and 95 percent of the operating time of the affected turbine in the previous month and year, respectively.
- v. The Permittee shall fulfill the applicable recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 7.1.9(n) and 7.1.10(d).

#### 7.1.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. This permit is issued based on an affected turbine not being subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322, because due to the unique nature of such unit, a process weight rate can not be set so that such rules can not reasonably be applied.
- b. An affected turbine is not subject to 35 IAC 217.141, because an affected turbine is not by definition a fuel combustion unit.
- c. An affected turbine is not subject to 35 IAC 216.121, because an affected turbine is not by definition a fuel combustion unit.

#### 7.1.5 Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

- a. At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the Permittee shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected

turbine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Illinois EPA or the USEPA which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source [40 CFR 60.11(d)].

- b. Natural gas shall be the only fuel in the affected turbines.
- c. Each affected turbine shall be equipped, operated, and maintained with water-injected burners and a selective catalytic reduction (SCR) system to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions and a catalytic oxidation system to control emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic material (VOM).
- d. The affected turbines, in total, shall not fire more than 17,350 million standard cubic feet of natural gas per year. Compliance with annual limitations shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total). The above limitation was established in Permit 03060071 [T1].
- e. Except during startup of an affected turbine or for the purpose of emission testing, the Permittee shall minimize operation of turbines below 90 percent load and shall not operate turbines below the lowest load at which emission testing conducted in accordance with Permit 00080078 has demonstrated compliance with the applicable hourly emission limits Condition 7.1.6.

7.1.6 Emission Limitations

In addition to Condition 5.2.2 and the source wide emission limitations in Condition 5.5, the affected turbines are subject to the following:

- a. Hourly emissions from each affected turbines shall not exceed the following limits:

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>(Lb/Hour)</u>
NO <sub>x</sub>	8.3
PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	12.0
VOM	0.6
SO <sub>2</sub>	1.2

- b. During malfunction or breakdown of the SCR system, as addressed by Condition 7.1.3(f), hourly NO<sub>x</sub> emissions shall not exceed 41.5 pounds/hour.
- c. Hourly CO emissions from each affected turbines shall not exceed the following limits:

<u>Ambient Temperature</u>	<u>(Lb/Hour)</u>
Greater than 72°F	8.0
Between 49 and 72°F	13.8
Between 48 and 32°F	22.3
Between 31 and 14°F	31.7
Less than 14°F	49.5

- d. The total annual emissions from the affected turbines shall not exceed the following limits:

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>(Ton/Yr)</u>
NO <sub>x</sub>	239.0
CO	242.5
PM/PM <sub>10</sub>	244.74
VOM	24.25
SO <sub>2</sub>	50.0

- e. Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].
- f. The above limitations were established in Permit 03060071, pursuant to PSD, 40 CFR 52.21. These limitations ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in these permit(s) does not constitute a major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically the federal PSD rules [T1].

7.1.7 Testing Requirements

- a. The affected turbines shall comply with the applicable testing requirements of 40 CFR 60.335.

7.1.8 Monitoring Requirements

- a. i. The owner or operator of any stationary gas turbine subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 Subpart GG and using water injection to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions shall install and operate a continuous monitoring system to monitor and record the fuel consumption and the ratio of water to fuel being fired in the turbine. This system shall be accurate to within ±5.0 percent [40 CFR 60.334(a)].

- ii. The Permittee shall equip, operate, and maintain each affected turbine with instrumentation to measure relevant operating parameters for the affected turbines and associated control systems to enable effective control of emissions, including parameters such as ambient temperature, inlet air temperature, turbine firing rate, SCR reagent injection rate, and exhaust gas temperature at the SCR catalyst.
- b. The affected turbines shall comply with the applicable monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 60.334(b) except monitoring of fuel nitrogen content shall not be required while natural gas is the only fuel fired in the affected turbines, since there is no fuel-bound nitrogen and since the free nitrogen does not contribute appreciable to NO<sub>x</sub> emissions.
- c. The Permittee shall install, operate, and maintain a Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEM) system on the affected turbines to measure emissions of NO<sub>x</sub>. The applicable procedures under 40 CFR 75.12 and 40 CFR 75, subpart H shall be followed for the installation, evaluation, and operation of this NO<sub>x</sub> CEM system. This monitoring system shall be operational through startup and shutdown of the affected turbines.
- d.
  - i. The Permittee shall install, operate, and maintain a Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEM) system on the affected turbines to measure emissions of CO. These CEMS shall comply with 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix B Performance Specification 4 and shall be operated and maintained in accordance with 40 CFR 60.13(d) and (e) at all times that the affected turbines are in operation.
  - ii. In conjunction with the operation of these CO CEMS, the Permittee shall install, operate and maintain a system to monitor ambient temperature at the source. The data measured by this system shall be compiled with the data recorded by the CO CEMS.
- e.
  - i. Pursuant to 35 IAC 217.710(a), the Permittee, shall install, calibrate, maintain and operate continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) for the measurements of NO<sub>x</sub> from the affected turbines, in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 75 Subpart B.

- ii. Notwithstanding Condition 7.1.8(e) (i), the Permittee of an affected turbine that operates less than 350 hour per ozone control period may determine the heat input and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions of the turbine as follows [35 IAC 217.710(c)]:
  - A. Heat input shall be determined from the metered fuel usage to the affected turbine or the calculated heat input determined as the product of the affected turbine's maximum hourly heat input and hours of operation as recorded by operating instrumentation on the affected turbine [35 IAC 217.710(c) (1)].
  - B. NO<sub>x</sub> emissions shall be determined as the product of the heat input as determined in Condition 7.1.8(e) (ii) (A) and emission factors of 1.2 lbs/mmBtu for fuel oil and 0.7 lbs/mmBtu for natural gas [35 IAC 217.710(c) (2)].
- f. For purposes of determining compliance with the hourly emission limits in Condition 7.1.6, data from the CEMS in Condition 7.1.8 shall be applied as a three-hour block average. For periods when an affected turbine operates for less than three-hours under a single set of operating conditions, so that compliance with hourly emission limits may not be directly determined with the CEMS, the data from these CEMS may provide evidence in conjunction with other operating information for the affected turbines of compliance or noncompliance with the applicable hourly emission limits.

#### 7.1.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the affected turbines to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.5.1, 7.1.3, 7.1.5, and 7.1.6, pursuant to Section 39.5(7) (b) of the Act:

- a. i. Operating logs for each affected turbine, which at a minimum shall include daily information for operating hours and fuel consumption and periods of time when inlet air-cooling is used.
- ii. A maintenance and repair log for each affected turbine and associated control equipment, listing activities performed with date.

- b. The sulfur content of the fuel fired in the affected turbines.
- c. Fuel consumption and ratio of water injection into the burner to fuel for each affected turbine as monitored in accordance with Condition 7.1.8.
- d.
  - i. Operating hours for each affected turbine, hr/month and hr/year.
  - ii. Number of startups for each affected turbine, startups/month and startups/year.
- e. Heat content of the fuel being fired in the affected turbines.
- f. Consumption of SCR reagent, as determined from inventory record, compiled on at least a monthly basis.
- g. Copies of opacity determinations made for the source on the behalf of the Permittee by qualified observer(s) using USEPA Method 9.
- h. Other data, not addressed above, used or relied upon by the Permittee to determine emissions.
- i. Ambient temperature, by hour, for each hour in which an affected turbine operates when the ambient temperature is less than 59°F.
- j. Emissions of each pollutant from the affected turbines, including emissions from startups, with supporting calculations including documentation on the validity of the emission factors used, ton/month and ton/yr.
- k. The Permittee shall maintain the following if required:
  - i. Any periods during which a continuous monitoring system was not operational, with explanation.
  - ii. Any 1-hour period during which the average water to fuel ratio, as measured by the continuous monitoring system, falls below the water-to-fuel ratio determined by test to be necessary to comply with requirements for NOX emissions, with the average water-to-fuel ratio, average fuel consumption, ambient conditions, and turbine load.

- iii. Any day in which emission and/or opacity exceeded an applicable standard or limit.
- 1. The owner or operator of an affected turbine subject to the requirements of Condition 7.1.3(e) (35 IAC 217 Subpart V) shall:
  - i. Comply with the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of 40 CFR 75 applicable to NO<sub>x</sub> emissions during the ozone control period, including, but not limited to, 40 CFR 75.54(b) and (d) [35 IAC 217.712(a)].
  - ii. Notwithstanding 35 IAC 217.712(a) above, the owner or operator of a combustion turbine for which heat input and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are determined pursuant to 35 IAC 217.710(c) (Condition 7.1.8(e)(iii)) shall comply with the following recordkeeping and reporting requirements [35 IAC 217.712(b)]:
    - A. Maintain records of the heat input and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions of the turbine as determined in accordance with 35 IAC 217.710(c), and records of metered fuel use or operating hours used to determine heat input [35 IAC 217.712(b)(1)].

m. Records for Startup

The Permittee shall maintain the following records, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act, for each affected turbine subject to Condition 7.1.3(f), which at a minimum shall include the following information for each startup:

- i. Date and duration of the startup, i.e., start time and time normal operation achieved.
- ii. If normal operation was not achieved within 30-minutes, an explanation why startup could not be achieved.
- iii. An explanation why established startup procedures could not be performed, if not performed.
- iv. The nature of opacity, i.e., severity and duration, during the startup and the nature of opacity at the conclusion of startup, if above normal.

v. Whether exceedance of Condition 5.2.2 may have occurred during startup, with explanation and estimated duration (minutes).

n. Records for Malfunctions and Breakdowns

The Permittee shall maintain records, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263, of continued operation of an affected turbine during malfunctions and breakdown, which as a minimum, shall include:

- i. Date and duration of malfunction or breakdown.
- ii. A detailed explanation of the malfunction or breakdown.
- iii. An explanation why the damaged feature(s) could not be repaired as soon as practicable or the affected turbine could not be removed from service without risk of injury to personnel or severe damage to equipment.
- iv. The measures used to reduce the quantity of emissions and the duration of the event.
- v. The steps taken to prevent similar malfunctions or breakdowns or reduce their frequency and severity.
- vi. The amount of release above typical emissions during malfunction/breakdown.

7.1.10 Reporting Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA of deviations of an affected turbine with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:
  - i. Notification within 30 days for operation of an affected turbine that was not in compliance with applicable requirements of Section 7.1.3, 7.1.5, and 7.1.6.
- b. The affected turbines shall comply with the applicable quarterly reporting requirements of 40 CFR 60.7(c) and 60.334(c).
- c. The Permittee shall submit a report by November 30 of each year, to the Illinois EPA that demonstrates that each affected turbine has complied with Condition 7.1.3(e). These reports shall be accompanied by a

certification statement signed by a responsible official for the Permittee as specified by 35 IAC 217.712(c), pursuant to 35 IAC 217.712(c), (d), and (e). This report shall contain the information specified by 35 IAC 217.712(d) including the heat input and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions of the affected turbine for the ozone control period.

d. Reporting of Malfunctions and Breakdowns

The Permittee shall provide the following notification and reports to the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section and Regional Field Office, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263, concerning continued operation of an affected turbine during malfunction or breakdown.

i. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA's regional office by telephone as soon as possible during normal working hours, but no later than three (3) days, upon the occurrence of noncompliance due to malfunction or breakdown.

ii. Upon achievement of compliance, the Permittee shall give a written follow-up notice to the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section and Regional Field Office, providing a detailed explanation of the event, an explanation why continued operation of the affected turbine was necessary, the length of time during which operation continued under such conditions, the measures taken by the Permittee to minimize and correct deficiencies with chronology, and when the repairs were completed or when the affected turbine was taken out of service.

e. In conjunction with the Annual Emission Report required by Condition 9.7, the Permittee shall provide the operating hours of each turbine; the percentage of operation at different ambient temperature ranges, as addressed in Condition 7.1.6; the total number of startups; and the total fuel consumption during the preceding calendar year.

f. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA within 10 days if CO, NO<sub>x</sub> or PM<sub>10</sub> emissions of the source, in total, go above 225, 225 or 150 tons during the course of a year. This notification shall explain whether this appears to be due to unusually high demand for power or represents levels of demand that may be expected to continue in the future.

7.1.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

N/A

7.1.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(c) (i) and (ii) is demonstrated by the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8 and by the recordkeeping requirements of 7.1.9.
- b. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(d) is demonstrated by proper operating conditions of the affected turbines.
- c. Compliance with Condition 7.1.3(e) is demonstrated by the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8, the records required in Condition 7.1.9, and the reporting requirements of 7.1.10.
- d. Compliance with the emission limits in Conditions 5.5 and 7.1.6 shall be determined by using published emission factors, Illinois EPA approved stack test data, Illinois EPA approved measured emission factors, or manufacturer's data and the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.1.9. In addition, for CO and VOM, unless an alternative factor is established or emissions monitoring is performed, emissions of CO and VOM during an hour that includes a startup shall be presumed to be 120 percent of the hourly limitations in Condition 7.1.3. For example, VOM emissions during an hour with a startup shall be assumed to be 0.72 pounds rather than 0.6 pounds as allowed for normal operation. These presumptions are based on data in the application describing emissions during startup of a turbine and the subsequent shutdown. Any alternative factor for emissions during startup of a turbine shall be based on representative emission testing conducted with USEPA Reference Test Methods.

## 8.0 GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 8.1 Permit Shield

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(j) of the Act, the Permittee has requested and has been granted a permit shield. This permit shield provides that compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with applicable requirements which were applicable as of the date the proposed permit for this source was issued, provided that either the applicable requirements are specifically identified within this permit, or the Illinois EPA, in acting on this permit application, has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to this source and this determination (or a concise summary thereof) is included in this permit.

This permit shield does not extend to applicable requirements which are promulgated after \_\_\_\_\_ **{insert public notice start date}** (the date of issuance of the draft permit) unless this permit has been modified to reflect such new requirements.

### 8.2 Applicability of Title IV Requirements (Acid Deposition Control)

This source is an affected source under Title IV of the CAA and is subject to requirements pursuant to Title IV of the CAA as specified in Section 5.2. To the extent that the federal regulations promulgated under Title IV of the CAA, are inconsistent with the requirements of this permit, the federal regulations promulgated under Title IV of the CAA shall take precedence pursuant to Section 39.5(17)(j) of the Act.

### 8.3 Emissions Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions allowed under any USEPA approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for elsewhere in this permit and that are authorized by the applicable requirement [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vii) of the Act].

### 8.4 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

#### 8.4.1 Changes Specifically Addressed by Permit

Physical or operational changes specifically addressed by the Conditions of this permit that have been identified as not requiring Illinois EPA notification may be implemented without prior notice to the Illinois EPA.

#### 8.4.2 Changes Requiring Prior Notification

The Permittee is authorized to make physical or operational changes that contravene express permit terms without applying for or obtaining an amendment to this

permit, provided that [Section 39.5(12)(a)(i) of the Act]:

- a. The changes do not violate applicable requirements;
- b. The changes do not contravene federally enforceable permit terms or conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements;
- c. The changes do not constitute a modification under Title I of the CAA;
- d. Emissions will not exceed the emissions allowed under this permit following implementation of the physical or operational change; and
- e. The Permittee provides written notice to the Illinois EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control, Permit Section, at least 7 days before commencement of the change. This notice shall:
  - i. Describe the physical or operational change;
  - ii. Identify the schedule for implementing the physical or operational change;
  - iii. Provide a statement of whether or not any New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) is applicable to the physical or operational change and the reason why the NSPS does or does not apply;
  - iv. Provide emission calculations which demonstrate that the physical or operational change will not result in a modification; and
  - v. Provide a certification that the physical or operational change will not result in emissions greater than authorized under the Conditions of this permit.

#### 8.5 Testing Procedures

Tests conducted to measure composition of materials, efficiency of pollution control devices, emissions from process or control equipment, or other parameters shall be conducted using standard test methods. Documentation of the test date, conditions, methodologies, calculations, and test results shall be retained pursuant to the recordkeeping procedures of this permit. Reports of any tests conducted as required by this permit or as the result of a request by the Illinois EPA shall be submitted as specified in Condition 8.6.

## 8.6 Reporting Requirements

### 8.6.1 Monitoring Reports

If monitoring is required by any applicable requirements or conditions of this permit, a report summarizing the required monitoring results, as specified in the conditions of this permit, shall be submitted to the Air Compliance Section of the Illinois EPA every six months as follows [Section 39.5(7)(f) of the Act]:

<u>Monitoring Period</u>	<u>Report Due Date</u>
January - June	September 1
July - December	March 1

All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All such reports shall be certified in accordance with Condition 9.9.

### 8.6.2 Test Notifications

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, a written test plan for any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review at least 60 days prior to the testing pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act. The notification shall include at a minimum:

- a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);
- b. The person(s) who will be performing sampling and analysis and their experience with similar tests;
- c. The specific conditions under which testing will be performed, including a discussion of why these conditions will be representative of maximum emissions and the means by which the operating parameters for the source and any control equipment will be determined;
- d. The specific determination of emissions and operation which are intended to be made, including sampling and monitoring locations;
- e. The test method(s) which will be used, with the specific analysis method, if the method can be used with different analysis methods;
- f. Any minor changes in standard methodology proposed to accommodate the specific circumstances of testing, with justification; and

- g. Any proposed use of an alternative test method, with detailed justification.

#### 8.6.3 Test Reports

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, the results of any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA within 60 days of completion of the testing. The test report shall include at a minimum [Section 39.5(7)(e)(i) of the Act]:

- a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);
- b. The date and time of the sampling or measurements;
- c. The date any analyses were performed;
- d. The name of the company that performed the tests and/or analyses;
- e. The test and analytical methodologies used;
- f. The results of the tests including raw data, and/or analyses including sample calculations;
- g. The operating conditions at the time of the sampling or measurements; and
- h. The name of any relevant observers present including the testing company's representatives, any Illinois EPA or USEPA representatives, and the representatives of the source.

#### 8.6.4 Reporting Addresses

- a. The following addresses should be utilized for the submittal of reports, notifications, and renewals:
  - i. Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Section  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Bureau of Air  
Compliance Section (#40)  
P.O. Box 19276  
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
  - ii. Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Division of Air Pollution Control  
9511 West Harrison  
Des Plaines, Illinois 60016

iii. Illinois EPA - Air Permit Section (MC 11)

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Division of Air Pollution Control  
Permit Section  
P.O. Box 19506  
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

iv. USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch

USEPA (AE - 17J)  
Air & Radiation Division  
77 West Jackson Boulevard  
Chicago, Illinois 60604

- b. Unless otherwise specified in the particular provision of this permit, reports shall be sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Section with a copy sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office.

8.7 Obligation to Comply with Title I Requirements

Any term, condition, or requirement identified in this permit by T1, T1R, or T1N is established or revised pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203 or 40 CFR 52.21 ("Title I provisions") and incorporated into this permit pursuant to both Section 39.5 and Title I provisions. Notwithstanding the expiration date on the first page of this permit, the Title I conditions remain in effect pursuant to Title I provisions until the Illinois EPA deletes or revises them in accordance with Title I procedures.

## 9.0 STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 9.1 Effect of Permit

9.1.1 The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from compliance with State and Federal regulations which are part of the Illinois State Implementation Plan, as well as with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States or the State of Illinois or applicable ordinances, except as specifically stated in this permit and as allowed by law and rule [Section 39.5(7)(j)(iv) of the Act].

9.1.2 In particular, this permit does not alter or affect the following:

- a. The provisions of Section 303 (emergency powers) of the CAA, including USEPA's authority under that Section;
- b. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
- c. The applicable requirements of the acid rain program consistent with Section 408(a) of the CAA; and
- d. The ability of USEPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 (inspections, monitoring, and entry) of the CAA.

9.1.3 Notwithstanding the conditions of this permit specifying compliance practices for applicable requirements, any person (including the Permittee) may also use other credible evidence to establish compliance or noncompliance with applicable requirements.

### 9.2 General Obligations of Permittee

#### 9.2.1 Duty to Comply

The Permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the Act, and is grounds for any or all of the following: enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, modification, or denial of a permit renewal application [Section 39.5(7)(o)(i) of the Act].

The Permittee shall meet applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term in a timely manner unless an alternate schedule for compliance with the applicable requirement is established.

9.2.2 Duty to Maintain Equipment

The Permittee shall maintain all equipment covered under this permit in such a manner that the performance or operation of such equipment shall not cause a violation of applicable requirements.

9.2.3 Duty to Cease Operation

No person shall cause, threaten or allow the continued operation of any emission unit during malfunction or breakdown of the emission unit or related air pollution control equipment if such operation would cause a violation of an applicable emission standard, regulatory requirement, ambient air quality standard or permit limitation unless such malfunction or breakdown is allowed by a permit condition [Section 39.5(6)(c) of the Act].

9.2.4 Disposal Operations

The source shall be operated in such a manner that the disposal of air contaminants collected by the equipment operations, or activities shall not cause a violation of the Act or regulations promulgated thereunder.

9.2.5 Duty to Pay Fees

The Permittee must pay fees to the Illinois EPA consistent with the fee schedule approved pursuant to Section 39.5(18) of the Act, and submit any information relevant thereto [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vi) of the Act]. The check should be payable to "Treasurer, State of Illinois" and sent to: Fiscal Services Section, Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois, 62794-9276.

9.3 Obligation to Allow Illinois EPA Surveillance

Upon presentation of proper credentials and other documents, the Permittee shall allow the Illinois EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following [Section 39.5(7)(a) and (p)(ii) of the Act and 415 ILCS 5/4]:

- a. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where an actual or potential emission unit is located; where any regulated equipment, operation, or activity is located or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect during hours of operation any sources, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control

equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;

- d. Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location:
  - i. At reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance; or
  - ii. As otherwise authorized by the CAA, or the Act.
- e. Obtain and remove samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants authorized by this permit; and
- f. Enter and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purposes of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any activity, discharge or emission at the source authorized by this permit.

#### 9.4 Obligation to Comply With Other Requirements

The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and applicable local ordinances addressing subjects other than air pollution control.

#### 9.5 Liability

##### 9.5.1 Title

This permit shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted source is located.

##### 9.5.2 Liability of Permittee

This permit does not release the Permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the sources.

##### 9.5.3 Structural Stability

This permit does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any unit or part of the source.

##### 9.5.4 Illinois EPA Liability

This permit in no manner implies or suggests that the Illinois EPA (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability, directly or indirectly, for any

loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the source.

#### 9.5.5 Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege [Section 39.5(7) (o) (iv) of the Act].

### 9.6 Recordkeeping

#### 9.6.1 Control Equipment Maintenance Records

A maintenance record shall be kept on the premises for each item of air pollution control equipment. As a minimum, this record shall show the dates of performance and nature of preventative maintenance activities.

#### 9.6.2 Records of Changes in Operation

A record shall be kept describing changes made at the source that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement, but not otherwise regulated under this permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes [Section 39.5(12) (b) (iv) of the Act].

#### 9.6.3 Retention of Records

- a. Records of all monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit [Section 39.5(7) (e) (ii) of the Act].
- b. Other records required by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of entry unless a longer period is specified by a particular permit provision.

### 9.7 Annual Emissions Report

The Permittee shall submit an annual emissions report to the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section no later than May 1 of the following year, as required by 35 IAC Part 254.

### 9.8 Requirements for Compliance Certification

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7) (p) (v) of the Act, the Permittee shall submit annual compliance certifications. The compliance

certifications shall be submitted no later than May 1 or more frequently as specified in the applicable requirements or by permit condition. The compliance certifications shall be submitted to the Air Compliance Section, Air Regional Field Office, and USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch. The addresses for the submittal of the compliance certifications are provided in Condition 8.6.4 of this permit.

- a. The certification shall include the identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification; the compliance status; whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, both currently and over the reporting period consistent with the conditions of this permit.
- b. All compliance certifications shall be submitted to USEPA Region 5 in Chicago as well as to the Illinois EPA.
- c. All compliance reports required to be submitted shall include a certification in accordance with Condition 9.9.

#### 9.9 Certification

Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall contain a certification by a responsible official of the Permittee that meets the requirements of Section 39.5(5) of the Act [Section 39.5(7)(p)(i) of the Act]. An example Certification by a Responsible Official is included as an attachment to this permit.

#### 9.10 Defense to Enforcement Actions

##### 9.10.1 Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit [Section 39.5(7)(o)(ii) of the Act].

##### 9.10.2 Emergency Provision

- a. An emergency shall be an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with the technology-based emission limitations under this permit if the following conditions are met through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence:
  - i. An emergency occurred as provided in Section 39.5(7)(k) of the Act and the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency.

Normally, an act of God such as lightning or flood is considered an emergency;

- ii. The permitted source was at the time being properly operated;
  - iii. The Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Illinois EPA within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken; and
  - iv. During the period of the emergency the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission limitations, standards, or regulations in this permit.
- b. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. This provision does not relieve a Permittee of any reporting obligations under existing federal or state laws or regulations.

#### 9.11 Permanent Shutdown

This permit only covers emission units and control equipment while physically present at the indicated source location(s). Unless this permit specifically provides for equipment relocation, this permit is void for the operation or activity of any item of equipment on the date it is removed from the permitted location(s) or permanently shut down. This permit expires if all equipment is removed from the permitted location(s), notwithstanding the expiration date specified on this permit.

#### 9.12 Reopening and Reissuing Permit for Cause

##### 9.12.1 Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, reopened, and reissued, for cause pursuant to Section 39.5(15) of the Act. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation, and reissuance, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition [Section 39.5(7) (o) (iii) of the Act].

#### 9.12.2 Reopening and Revision

This permit must be reopened and revised if any of the following occur [Section 39.5(15) (a) of the Act]:

- a. Additional requirements become applicable to the equipment covered by this permit and three or more years remain before expiration of this permit;
- b. Additional requirements become applicable to an affected source for acid deposition under the acid rain program;
- c. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or inaccurate statement when establishing the emission standards or limitations, or other terms or conditions of this permit; and
- d. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit must be revised to ensure compliance with the applicable requirements of the Act.

#### 9.12.3 Inaccurate Application

The Illinois EPA has issued this permit based upon the information submitted by the Permittee in the permit application. Any misinformation, false statement or misrepresentation in the application shall be grounds for revocation under Section 39.5(15) (b) of the Act.

#### 9.12.4 Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Illinois EPA, within a reasonable time specified by the Illinois EPA any information that the Illinois EPA may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Illinois EPA copies of records required to be kept by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee may furnish such records directly to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality [Section 39.5(7) (o) (v) of the Act].

#### 9.13 Severability Clause

The provisions of this permit are severable, and should any one or more be determined to be illegal or unenforceable, the validity of the other provisions shall not be affected. The rights and obligations of the Permittee shall be construed and enforced as if this permit did not contain the particular provisions held to be invalid and the applicable requirements

underlying these provisions shall remain in force [Section 39.5(7) (i) of the Act].

#### 9.14 Permit Expiration and Renewal

The right to operate terminates on the expiration date unless the Permittee has submitted a timely and complete renewal application. For a renewal to be timely it must be submitted no later than 9 and no sooner than 12 months prior to expiration. The equipment may continue to operate during the renewal period until final action is taken by the Illinois EPA, in accordance with the original permit conditions [Section 39.5(5) (1), (n), and (o) of the Act].

10.0 ATTACHMENTS

10.1 Attachment 1 - Example Certification by a Responsible Official

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Official Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

## 10.2 Attachment 2 - Guidance

The Illinois has prepared guidance for sources on the Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) that is available on the Internet site maintained by the Illinois EPA, [www.epa.state.il.us](http://www.epa.state.il.us). This guidance includes instructions on applying for a revision or renewal of the CAAPP permit.

Guidance On Revising A CAAPP Permit:

[www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-revising.pdf](http://www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-revising.pdf)

Guidance On Renewing A CAAPP Permit:

[www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-renewing.pdf](http://www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-renewing.pdf)

The application forms prepared by the Illinois EPA for the CAAPP are also available from the Illinois EPA's Internet site:

[www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/index.html](http://www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/index.html)

These CAAPP application forms should also be used by a CAAPP source when it applies for a construction permit. For this purpose, the appropriate CAAPP application forms and other supporting information, should be accompanied by a completed Application For A Construction Permit Form (CAAPP Form-199).

Application For A Construction Permit Form (CAAPP Form-199):

[www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/199-caapp.pdf](http://www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/199-caapp.pdf)

10.3 Attachment 3 - Acid Rain Program Permit

217-782-2113

ACID RAIN PROGRAM  
PHASE II PERMIT

PPL University Park, LLC  
Attn: Ralph Daley, Designated Representative  
1135 Random Hills Road, Suite 400  
Fairfax, Virginia 22030

Oris No.: 55640  
IEPA I.D. No.: 197899AAC  
Source/Unit: PPL University Park GT1 through GT12  
Date Received: July 19, 2001  
Date Issued: April 29, 2002  
Effective Date: January 1, 2000  
Expiration Date: December 31, 2004

STATEMENT OF BASIS:

In accordance with Section 39.5(17) (b), Title IV; Acid Rain Provisions, of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/1 et Seq.] and Titles IV and V of the Clean Air Act, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency is issuing this Acid Rain Program Phase II permit for PPL University Park at University Park.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) Allocations and Nitrogen Oxide (NO<sub>x</sub>) Requirements for each Affected Unit:

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Units GT1 through GT12	SO <sub>2</sub> Allowances, under Tables 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR Part 73	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	NO <sub>x</sub> limit	These units are not subject to a NO <sub>x</sub> emissions limitation under 40 CFR Part 76.				

The Construction Permit No. 00080078 issued by Illinois EPA contains provisions related to sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) emissions. The acid rain permit also contains provisions related to sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) emissions and requires the owners and operators to hold SO<sub>2</sub> allowances to account for SO<sub>2</sub> emissions beginning in the year 2000. An allowance is a limited authorization to emit up to one ton of SO<sub>2</sub> during or after a specified calendar year. Although this plant was not eligible for an allowance allocated by USEPA, the owners or operators may obtain SO<sub>2</sub> allowances to cover emissions from other sources under a marketable allowance program. The transfer of allowances to and from a unit account does not necessitate a revision to the unit SO<sub>2</sub> allocations in the permit (See 40 CFR 72.84).

Comments, Notes and Justifications:

This permit does not affect PPL University Park, LLC responsibility to meet all other applicable local, state, and federal requirements, including requirements addressing NO<sub>x</sub> emissions.

Permit Application: The SO<sub>2</sub> allowance requirements and other standard requirements are attached and incorporated as part of this permit. The owners and operators of this source must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application.

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact Mohamed Anane at 217/782-2113.

(ORIGINAL SIGNED BY DONALD E. SUTTON)

Donald E. Sutton, P.E.  
Manager, Permits Section  
Division of Air Pollution Control

DES:MA:jar

cc: Cecilia Mijares, USEPA Region V  
Illinois EPA Region 1



# Phase II Permit Application

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.30 and 72.31

This submission is:  New  Revised

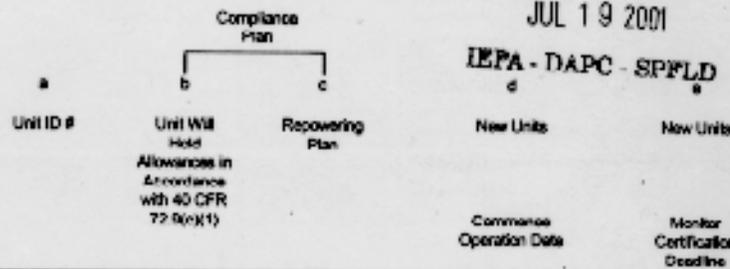
**STEP 1**  
Identify the source by plant name, State, and RIS code.

Plant Name PPL University Park Power Project	State IL	RIS Code 55640
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**STEP 2**  
Enter the unit ID # for each affected unit, and indicate whether unit is being powered and the repowering plan being entered by entering "yes" or "no" at column c. For new units, enter the requested information columns d and e.

UNIT#	Unit Will Hold Allowances in Accordance with 40 CFR 72.90-91	Repowering Plan	New Units Commence Operation Date	New Units Monitor Certification Deadline
UNIT#1	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#2	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#3	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#4	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#5	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#6	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#7	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#8	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#9	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#10	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#11	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002
UNIT#12	Yes		June 1, 2002	Sept 1, 2002

**STEP 3**  
Check the box if the response in column c of step 2 is "Yes" for any unit.

For each unit that is being repowered, the Repowering Extension Plan form is included.

Plant Name (from Step 1)  
PPL University Park Power Project

STEP 4  
Read the standard  
requirements and  
certification, enter  
the name of the  
designated  
representative, and  
sign and date

#### Standard Requirements

Phase II Permit - Page 2

##### Permit Requirements

- (1) The designated representative of each affected source and each affected unit of the source shall:
  - (i) Submit a complete Acid Rain permit application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR part 72 in accordance with the deadline specified in 40 CFR 72.80; and
  - (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the permitting authority determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain permit application and issue or deny an Acid Rain permit.
- (2) The owners and operators of each affected source and each affected unit at the source shall:
  - (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain permit application or a superseding Acid Rain permit issued by the permitting authority; and
  - (ii) Have an Acid Rain Permit.

##### Monitoring Requirements

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each affected source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR part 75.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.

##### Sulfur Dioxide Requirements

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each affected unit at the source shall:
  - (i) Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR 72.34(c)) not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and
  - (ii) Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
- (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.
- (3) An affected unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
  - (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or
  - (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR part 75, an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3).
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain permit application, the Acid Rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7, 72.8 or 72.14 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

**Nitrogen Oxides Requirements.** The owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

##### Excess Emissions Requirements

- (1) The designated representative of an affected unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an affected unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall:
  - (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR part 77; and
  - (ii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR part 77.

##### Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each affected unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 3 years, in writing by the Administrator or permitting authority:
  - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each affected unit at the source and all documents that constitute the basis of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with 40 CFR 72.24; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;
  - (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply;
  - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and,
  - (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain permit application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (2) The designated representative of an affected source and each affected unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR part 72 subpart I and 40 CFR part 75.

Plant Name (from Step 1)

PPL University Park Power Project

**Liability**

- (1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain permit application, an Acid Rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7, 72.8, or 72.14, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.
- (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (4) Each affected source and each affected unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an affected source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an affected source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the affected units at the source.
- (6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an affected unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an affected unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II empowering operator plans) and 40 CFR 75.11 (NO<sub>x</sub> averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR part 75 (including 40 CFR 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one affected unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other affected unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.
- (7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an affected source or affected unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.

**Effect on Other Authorities.** No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain permit application, an Acid Rain permit, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7, 72.8, or 72.14 shall be construed as:

- (1) Except as expressly provided in this IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an affected source or affected unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;
- (2) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act;
- (3) Requiring a change of any kind in any State law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any State law regarding such State regulation, or limiting such State regulation, including any prudency review requirements under such State law;
- (4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or
- (5) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a State in which such program is established.

**Certification**

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the affected source or affected units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name <b>Ralph Daley</b>	
Signature <i>Ralph Daley</i>	Date <b>7/17/01</b>

I. INTRODUCTION

This source has applied for a Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) operating permit for its existing operation. The CAAPP is the program established in Illinois for the operating permits for significant stationary sources required by the federal Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990. The conditions in a CAAPP permit are enforceable by both the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (Illinois EPA) and the USEPA.

University Park Peaking Power Plant is located at 787 Industrial Drive, University Park. The source utilizes 12 natural gas turbines to generate electricity. In addition, the turbines are equipped with water-injected burners and selective catalytic reduction (SCR) systems to control NO<sub>x</sub> emissions and catalytic oxidation systems to control emissions of carbon monoxide (CO) and volatile organic material (VOM).

II. EMISSION UNITS

Significant emission units at this source are as follows:

Emission Unit	Description	Date Constructed	Emission Control Equipment
CT1-CT12	Twelve 44.186 MW Natural Gas Fired Turbines (456.7 mmBtu/hr)	Jan - July 2002	(NO <sub>x</sub> ) Water-Injected Burners and Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) Systems. (CO and VOM) Catalytic Oxidation System

III. EMISSIONS

This source is required to have a CAAPP permit since it is a major source of emissions.

For purposes of fees, the source is allowed the following emissions:

Pollutant	Tons/Year
Volatile Organic Material (VOM)	24.3
Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	50.0
Particulate Matter (PM)	244.7
Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )	239.0
HAP, not included in VOM or PM	---
Total	558.0

IV. APPLICABLE EMISSION STANDARDS

All emission sources in Illinois must comply with the Illinois Pollution Control Board's emission standards. The Board's emission standards represent the basic requirements for sources in Illinois.

All emission sources in Illinois must comply with the federal New Source Performance Standards (NSPS). The Illinois EPA is administering NSPS in Illinois on behalf of the United States EPA under a delegation agreement.

All emission sources in Illinois must comply with the federal National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP). The Illinois EPA is administering NESHAP in Illinois on behalf of the United States EPA under a delegation agreement.

Because this source is located in the Chicago ozone non-attainment area and emits volatile organic material (VOM), the source must comply with Illinois' Emissions Reduction Market System (ERMS). The ERMS is a market-based program designed to reduce VOM emissions from stationary sources to contribute to reasonable further progress toward attainment, as further described in Section 6.0 of the permit. The permit contains provisions restricting the seasonal emissions of VOM from the source to less than 10 so that this source does not qualify as a participating source and does not have to hold allotment trading units for its emissions.

This source will be an affected source subject to the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program. This is a new interstate market-based program designed to reduce NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from electric power plants and other large NO<sub>x</sub> sources beginning in 2004. One of the administrative requirements of this permit for an affected source is to hold a "budget permit," which sets forth the various requirements of the NO<sub>x</sub> Trading Program that would apply to the affected source. The Illinois EPA is proposing to include this budget permit in Section 6.0 of this CAAPP.

V. PROPOSED PERMIT

CAAPP

A CAAPP permit contains all conditions that apply to a source and a listing of the applicable state and federal air pollution control regulations that are the origin of the conditions. The permit also contains emission limits and appropriate compliance procedures. The appropriate compliance procedures may include inspections, work practices, monitoring, record keeping, and reporting to show compliance with these requirements. The Permittee must carry out these procedures on an on-going basis.

Title I

A combined Title I/CAAPP permit contains terms and conditions established by the Illinois EPA pursuant to authority found in Title I provisions, e.g., 40 CFR 52.21 - federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and 35 IAC Part 203 - Major Stationary Sources Construction and Modification. Notwithstanding the expiration date on the first page of the permit, the Title I conditions remain in effect

pursuant to Title I provisions until the Illinois EPA deletes or revises them in accordance with Title I procedures.

VI. REQUEST FOR COMMENTS

It is the Illinois EPA's preliminary determination that this source's permit application meets the standards for issuance of a CAAPP permit. The Illinois EPA is therefore proposing to issue a CAAPP permit, subject to the conditions proposed in the draft permit.

Comments are requested on this proposed action by the Illinois EPA and the proposed conditions on the draft permit. If substantial public interest is shown in this matter, the Illinois EPA will consider holding a public hearing in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code Part 166.

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