

217/782-2113

TITLE V - CLEAN AIR ACT PERMIT PROGRAM (CAAPP) PERMIT  
and  
TITLE I PERMIT<sup>1</sup>

PERMITTEE

The Premcor Refining Group Inc. - Hartford Distribution Center  
Attn: John Tenison, Environmental Contact  
201 East Hawthorne  
Hartford, Illinois 62048

Application No.: 96030082 I.D. No.: 119050AAA  
Applicant's Designation: Date Received: March 7, 1996  
Operation of: Marine Terminal  
Date Issued: September 19, 2006 Expiration Date<sup>2</sup>: September 19, 2011  
Source Location: 201 East Hawthorne, Hartford, Madison County  
Responsible Official: Paul R. Brochu, VP - Logistics Operations and Development

This permit is hereby granted to the above-designated Permittee to OPERATE a Petroleum Bulk Storage and Loading Terminal, pursuant to the above referenced permit application. This permit is subject to the conditions contained herein.

Date Received: October 24, 2006  
Date Reissued: December 23, 2009  
Purpose: Memorialize negotiated resolution of permit appeal

This permitting action primarily revised the initial CAAPP permit issued by the Illinois EPA on September 19, 2006, to reflect changes arising from the negotiated resolution of the permit appeal (Case No. 2007-30), as well as other changes reflecting updated information or clarifications relative to the initial permit issuance. This permitting action includes the following changes: environmental contact and responsible official name changes, addition of section 7.9 for lube cubes, , update of CAM language in Condition 5.2.7, addition of toluene throughput limits in Condition 5.4, update of VOM emissions quantity in Condition 5.5.1 (permitted emissions for fees), addition of HAPs limit table to Condition 5.5.2, addition of alternative to keeping records of HAPs language in Condition 5.6.1(b), removal of vapor control system, addition of toluene and ethanol throughput limits in Condition 7.1.5(f), addition of VOM emission limits (T1) in Condition 7.1.6, removal of external floating roof tanks (120-7,120-10, 120-11, and 80-10), removal of Group 1 Tank (Subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb) 20-3, removal of Group 2 Tank (Not Subject to NSPS) T-3-1, addition of Group 2 Tank T-72, removal of fugitive emissions from roadways section, removal of gasoline storage tanks (pre 1990 construction date) and addition of tank A-2, and removal of storage and barge loading of ethanol and toluene.

If you have any questions concerning this permit, please contact Sunil Suthar at 217/782-2113.

Edwin C. Bakowski, P.E.  
Manager, Permit Section  
Division of Air Pollution Control

ECB:SIS:psj

cc: Illinois EPA, FOS, Region 3  
CES  
Lotus Notes

<sup>1</sup> This permit may contain terms and conditions which address the applicability, and compliance if determined applicable, of Title I of the CAA and regulations promulgated thereunder, including 40 CFR 52.21 - federal PSD and 35 IAC Part 203 - Major Stationary Sources Construction and Modification. Any such terms and conditions are identified within this permit.

<sup>2</sup> Except as provided in Condition 8.7 of this permit.

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1.0 SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Source

The Premcor Refining Group Inc. - Hartford Distribution Center  
201 East Hawthorne  
Hartford, Illinois 62048

I.D. No.: 119050AAA  
Standard Industrial Classification: 5171, Petroleum Bulk Storage  
and Loading

1.2 Owner/Parent Company

The Premcor Refining Group Inc.  
201 East Hawthorne  
Hartford, Illinois 62048

1.3 Operator

Valero Terminaling and Distribution Company  
One Valero Way  
San Antonio, Texas 78249

John Tenison, Environmental Contact  
210/345-4665

1.4 General Source Description

The Premcor Refining Group Inc. - Hartford Distribution Center is located at 201 East Hawthorne, Hartford, Illinois. The source is engaged in petroleum storage and distribution operations.

2.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS USED IN THIS PERMIT

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Act              | Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/1 et seq.]   |
| AP-42            | Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume 1, Stationary Point and Other Sources (and Supplements A through F), USEPA, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711 |
| Btu              | British thermal unit   |
| CAA              | Clean Air Act [42 U.S.C. Section 7401 et seq.]   |
| CAAPP            | Clean Air Act Permit Program   |
| CAM              | Compliance Assurance Monitoring  |
| CFR              | Code of Federal Regulations  |
| ERMS             | Emissions Reduction Market System  |
| °F               | degrees Fahrenheit   |
| ft <sup>3</sup>  | cubic feet   |
| gal              | Gallon   |
| HAP              | Hazardous Air Pollutant  |
| hp               | Horsepower   |
| hr               | Hour   |
| IAC              | Illinois Administrative Code   |
| I.D. No.         | Identification Number of Source, assigned by Illinois EPA  |
| ILCS             | Illinois Compiled Statutes   |
| Illinois EPA     | Illinois Environmental Protection Agency   |
| °K               | degrees Kelvin   |
| Kg               | Kilogram   |
| kPa              | Kilopascals  |
| kW               | Kilowatts  |
| l                | Liter  |
| lb               | Pound  |
| m <sup>3</sup>   | cubic meters   |
| mmBtu            | Million British thermal units  |
| mo               | Month  |
| NESHAP           | National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants   |
| NO <sub>x</sub>  | Nitrogen Oxides  |
| NSPS             | New Source Performance Standards   |
| PM               | Particulate Matter   |
| PM <sub>10</sub> | Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 microns as measured by applicable test or monitoring methods  |
| ppm              | parts per million  |
| PSD              | Prevention of Significant Deterioration  |
| psia             | pounds per square inch absolute  |
| RMP              | Risk Management Plan   |
| RVP              | Reid Vapor Pressure  |
| SO <sub>2</sub>  | Sulfur Dioxide   |
| T1               | Title I - identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit  |
| T1N              | Title I New - identifies Title I conditions that are being established in this permit  |

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| T1R   | Title I Revised - identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit and subsequently revised in this permit |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency   |
| VOL   | Volatile Organic Liquid   |
| VOM   | Volatile Organic Material   |
| VPL   | Volatile Petroleum Liquid   |
| wt.   | Weight  |
| yr    | Year  |

### 3.0 INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

#### 3.1 Identification of Insignificant Activities

The following activities at the source constitute insignificant activities as specified in 35 IAC 201.210:

- 3.1.1 Activities determined by the Illinois EPA to be insignificant activities, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(1) and 201.211, as follows:

Lube Cube Storage Tanks

- 3.1.2 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon maximum emissions, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(2) or (a)(3), as follows:

Pilot Test System

- 3.1.3 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon their type or character, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(4) through (18), as follows:

Direct combustion units designed and used for comfort heating purposes and fuel combustion emission units as follows: (A) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 2.5 mmBtu/hr that fire only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas; (B) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 1.0 mmBtu/hr that fire only oil or oil in combination with only natural gas, propane, or liquefied petroleum gas; and (C) Units with a rated heat input capacity of less than 200,000 Btu/hr which never burn refuse, or treated or chemically contaminated wood [35 IAC 201.210(a)(4)].

Storage tanks of organic liquids with a capacity of less than 10,000 gallons and an annual throughput of less than 100,000 gallons per year, provided the storage tank is not used for the storage of gasoline or any material listed as a HAP pursuant to Section 112(b) of the CAA [35 IAC 201.210(a)(10)].

Storage tanks of any size containing virgin or re-refined distillate oil, hydrocarbon condensate from natural gas pipeline or storage systems, lubricating oil, or residual fuel oils [35 IAC 201.210(a)(11)].

Storage tanks of any size containing exclusively soaps, detergents, surfactants, glycerin, waxes, vegetable oils, greases, animal fats, sweeteners, corn syrup, aqueous salt solutions, or aqueous caustic solutions, provided an organic solvent has

not been mixed with such materials [35 IAC 201.210(a)(17)].

3.1.4 Activities that are considered insignificant activities pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(b).

### 3.2 Compliance with Applicable Requirements

Insignificant activities are subject to applicable requirements notwithstanding status as insignificant activities. In particular, in addition to regulations of general applicability, such as 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.123 (Condition 5.2.2), the Permittee shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:

3.2.1 For each cold cleaning degreaser, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable equipment and operating requirements of 35 IAC 215.182, 218.182, or 219.182.

3.2.2 For each particulate matter process emission unit, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable particulate matter emission limit of 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322. For example, the particulate matter emissions from a process emission unit shall not exceed 0.55 pounds per hour if the emission unit's process weight rate is 100 pounds per hour or less, pursuant to 35 IAC 266.110.

3.2.3 For each organic material emission unit that uses organic material, e.g., a mixer or printing line, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable VOM emission limit of 35 IAC 215.301, 218.301, or 219.301, which requires that organic material emissions not exceed 8.0 pounds per hour or do not qualify as photochemically reactive material as defined in 35 IAC 211.4690.

### 3.3 Addition of Insignificant Activities

3.3.1 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type that is identified in Condition 3.1, until the renewal application for this permit is submitted, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.212(a).

3.3.2 The Permittee must notify the Illinois EPA of any proposed addition of a new insignificant activity of a type addressed by 35 IAC 201.210(a) and 201.211 other than those identified in Condition 3.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(12)(b) of the Act.

3.3.3 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type identified in 35 IAC 201.210(b).

4.0 SIGNIFICANT EMISSION UNITS AT THIS SOURCE

| Emission Unit | Description  | Date Constructed/Modified  | Emission Control Equipment  |
|---------------|--|--|---|
| Unit 01       | Marine Vessel Loading  | 1981 <sup>a</sup>  | Vapor Recovery Unit and Flare   |
| Unit 02       | External Floating Roof Tanks:<br><br>120-1<br>120-2<br>120-3<br>120-4<br>120-5<br>120-8<br>80-4<br>80-5<br>80-11<br>20-8<br>10-20<br>5-10  | 1947<br>1947<br>1953<br>1953<br>1953<br>1957<br>1945<br>1949<br>1953<br>1960<br>1961<br>1954 | Floating Roof, Primary Seal and Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal, Submerged Loading |
| Unit 03       | Internal Floating Roof Tanks:<br><br>Group 1 Tanks <sup>b</sup> (Subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb):<br>10-10/420,000 Gal<br><br>Group 2 Tanks (Not Subject to NSPS):<br>10-5/420,000 Gal<br>10-7/420,000 Gal<br>T-72/65,730 Gal<br><br>Group 3 <sup>c</sup> (Subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart K) Tank:<br>120-9/5,040,000 Gal | 1941/1994<br><br>1941<br>1941<br>Pre-1973<br><br>1975  | Internal Floating Roof, Submerged Loading                                     |
| Unit 04       | Wastewater Treatment Plant: Entry Points, Two (2) Equalization Tanks, Diffused Air Flotation (DAF) Unit, Two (2) Aeration Basins, Two (2) Clarifiers, Anthracite/Sand Filter, Digester, Thickener.   | 1973/1994 <sup>d</sup>   | None  |
| Unit 05       | Fugitive VOM Emissions from Valves, Flanges, Seals, and Miscellaneous Components   | Not Available  | Leak Detection and Repair Program   |
| Unit 06       | Tank A-2   | Pre-1973   | None  |

| Emission Unit | Description  | Date Constructed/<br>Modified | Emission Control Equipment |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Unit 07       | Soil Vapor Extraction System: Blowers, Ancillary Equipment | 1/2006                        | Thermal Oxidizer           |
| Unit 08       | Oil/Water Separator  | 2007                          | None                       |
| Unit 09       | Lube Cubes   | 2007                          | None                       |

<sup>a</sup> Refurbished in 1981. A new platform was constructed, a new pipeline was installed to the river dock. The loading berth was reconditioned and all new piping and loading arms installed.

<sup>b</sup> Subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb

<sup>c</sup> Subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart K

<sup>d</sup> Installation of two (2) equalization tanks

## 5.0 OVERALL SOURCE CONDITIONS

### 5.1 Source Description

- 5.1.1 This permit is issued based on the source requiring a CAAPP permit as a major source of VOM, and CO emissions.
- 5.1.2 This permit is issued based on the source not being a major source of HAPs.

### 5.2 Applicable Regulations

- 5.2.1 Specific emission units at this source are subject to particular regulations as set forth in Section 7 (Unit-Specific Conditions) of this permit.
- 5.2.2 In addition, emission units at this source are subject to the following regulations of general applicability:

- a. No person shall cause or allow the emission of fugitive particulate matter from any process, including any material handling or storage activity, that is visible by an observer looking generally overhead at a point beyond the property line of the source unless the wind speed is greater than 40.2 kilometers per hour (25 miles per hour), pursuant to 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.314.

Compliance with this requirement is considered to be assured by the inherent nature of operations at this source, as demonstrated by historical operation.

- b. No person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 212.122, pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123(a), except as allowed by 35 IAC 212.123(b) and 212.124.

#### 5.2.3 Ozone Depleting Substances

The Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction of ozone depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B of 40 CFR Part 82:

- a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
- b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with

the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.

- c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

#### 5.2.4 Risk Management Plan

Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 CFR Section 68.3, become subject to the Accidental Release Prevention regulations in 40 CFR Part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit [40 CFR 68.215(a)(2)(i) and (ii)]:

- a. A compliance schedule for meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date provided in 40 CFR 68.10(a); or
- b. A certification statement that the source is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including the registration and submission of the Risk Management Plan (RMP), as part of the annual compliance certification required by 40 CFR Part 70 or 71.

- 5.2.5 a. Should this stationary source become subject to a regulation under 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63, or 35 IAC after the date issued of this permit, then the owner or operator shall, in accordance with the applicable regulation(s), comply with the applicable requirements by the date(s) specified and shall certify compliance with the applicable requirements of such regulation(s) as part of the annual compliance certification, as required by 40 CFR Part 70 or 71.
- b. No later than upon the submittal for renewal of this permit, the owner or operator shall submit, as part of an application, the necessary information to address either the non-applicability of, or demonstrate compliance with all applicable requirements of any potentially applicable regulation which was promulgated after the date issued of this permit.

#### 5.2.6 Episode Action Plan

- a. If the source is required to have an episode action plan pursuant to 35 IAC 244.142, the Permittee shall maintain at the source and have on file with the Illinois EPA a written episode action plan (plan) for reducing the levels of emissions during yellow

alerts, red alerts, and emergencies, consistent with safe operating procedures. The plan shall contain the information specified in 35 IAC 244.144.

- b. The Permittee shall immediately implement the appropriate steps described in this plan should an air pollution alert or emergency be declared.
- c. If a change occurs at the source which requires a revision of the plan (e.g., operational change, change in the source contact person), a copy of the revised plan shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review within 30 days of the change. Such plans shall be further revised if disapproved by the Illinois EPA.
- d. For sources required to have a plan pursuant to 35 IAC 244.142, a copy of the original plan and any subsequent revisions shall be sent to:
  - i. Illinois EPA, Compliance Section; and
  - ii. For sources located in Cook County and outside of the city of Chicago: Cook County Department of Environmental Control; or
  - iii. For sources located within the city of Chicago: Chicago Department of Environmental Control.

#### 5.2.7 CAM Plan

This stationary source has a pollutant-specific emissions unit that is subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources. The source must submit a CAM plan for each affected pollutant-specific emissions unit upon application for renewal of the initial CAAPP permit, or upon a significant modification to the CAAPP permit for the construction or modification of a large pollutant-specific emissions unit which has the potential post-control device emissions of the applicable regulated air pollutant that equals or exceeds major source threshold levels.

#### 5.3 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

None

#### 5.4 Source-Wide Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

In addition to the source-wide requirements in the Standard Permit Conditions in Section 9, the Permittee shall fulfill the following source-wide operational and production limitations and/or work practice requirements:

Operation of the storage facility shall not exceed a toluene throughput of 300,000 barrels/month and 3,000,000 barrels/year.

Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

The above limitations were established in Permit 04070052, pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically 35 IAC Part 203 [T1].

5.5 Source-Wide Emission Limitations

5.5.1 Permitted Emissions for Fees

The annual emissions from the source, not considering insignificant activities as addressed by Section 3.0 of this permit, shall not exceed the following limitations. The overall source emissions shall be determined by adding emissions from all emission units. Compliance with these limits shall be determined on a calendar year basis. These limitations (Condition 5.5.1) are set for the purpose of establishing fees and are not federally enforceable.

Permitted Emissions of Regulated Pollutants

| Pollutant                          | Tons/Year |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Volatile Organic Material (VOM)    | 212.69    |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )  | 4.34      |
| Particulate Matter (PM)            | 12.08     |
| Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) | 35.56     |
| HAP, not included in VOM or PM     | ----      |
| Total                              | 264.67    |

5.5.2 Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants

- a. This permit is issued based on the emissions of HAPs as listed in Section 112(b) of the CAA not being equal to or exceeding 10 tons per year of a single HAP or 25 tons per year of any combination of such HAPs, so that this source is considered a minor source for HAPs.
- b. Emissions from all emission units at the source shall not exceed the following limits:

| Individual HAPs  |                  | Combination Of All HAPs |                  |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| <u>(Tons/Mo)</u> | <u>(Tons/Yr)</u> | <u>(Tons/Mo)</u>        | <u>(Tons/Yr)</u> |
| 0.8              | 8.0              | 2.0                     | 20.0             |

The above limitations were established in Permit 05030053, pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically 35 IAC Part 203 [T1].

Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

#### 5.5.3 Other Source-Wide Emission Limitations

Other source-wide emission limitations are not set for this source pursuant to either the federal rules for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 40 CFR 52.21, Illinois EPA rules for Major Stationary Sources Construction and Modification, 35 IAC Part 203, or Section 502(b)(10) of the CAA. However, there may be unit specific emission limitations set forth in Section 7 of this permit pursuant to these rules.

### 5.6 General Recordkeeping Requirements

#### 5.6.1 Emission Records

- a. The Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the source to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.5.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

Total annual emissions on a calendar year basis for the emission units covered by Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions) of this permit.

- b. The Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the source to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.5.2:

- i. Emissions of VOM and HAPs (individual and combination of all HAPs) from each emission unit or group of emission units with supporting documentation and example calculations (tons/month and tons/year).
- ii. As an alternative to keeping the above records, the Permittee may keep a demonstration, which shall be kept current, that the maximum emissions of such operations given the maximum level of activity that could

as a practical matter, occur at the source, would not exceed the applicable limits in Condition 5.5.2.

5.6.2 Records for Operating Scenarios

N/A

5.6.3 Retention and Availability of Records

- a. All records and logs required by this permit shall be retained for at least five years from the date of entry (unless a longer retention period is specified by the particular recordkeeping provision herein), shall be kept at a location at the source that is readily accessible to the Illinois EPA or USEPA, and shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Illinois EPA or USEPA upon request.
- b. The Permittee shall retrieve and print, on paper during normal source office hours, any records retained in an electronic format (e.g., computer) in response to an Illinois EPA or USEPA request for records during the course of a source inspection.

5.7 General Reporting Requirements

5.7.1 General Source-Wide Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section, of deviations of the source with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

5.7.2 Annual Emissions Report

The annual emissions report required pursuant to Condition 9.7 shall contain emissions information for the previous calendar year.

5.7.3 Annual Reporting of HAP Emissions

The Permittee shall submit an annual report to the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section, on HAP emissions from the source, including the following information, so as to demonstrate whether the source is being operated as a non-major source of HAP emissions. This report shall be submitted with the Annual Emissions Report (Condition 9.7).

- a. The annual emissions of individual HAPs for each month of the previous calendar year sufficient to

demonstrate compliance with the 12 month running total of Condition 5.5.2, tons/year, (e.g., for the month of January, the emissions from February of the preceding calendar year through January; for the month of February, the emissions from March of the preceding calendar year through February; 12 months in all); and

- b. The total annual emissions of all HAPs combined for each month of the previous calendar year sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the 12 month running total of Condition 5.5.2, tons/year, (e.g., for the month of January, the emissions from February of the preceding calendar year through January; for the month of February, the emissions from March of the preceding calendar year through February; 12 months in all).

5.8 General Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

N/A

5.9 General Compliance Procedures

5.9.1 General Procedures for Calculating Emissions

Compliance with the source-wide emission limits specified in Condition 5.5 shall be based on the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 5.6 and 5.7, and compliance procedures in Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions) of this permit.

6.0 NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS PERMIT

7.0 UNIT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

- 7.1 Unit 01: River Dock (Marine Vessel Loading)
- Control: Vapor Recovery Unit (for Low-Vapor Pressure Materials) and Flare (for High-Vapor Pressure Materials)

7.1.1 Description

The marine vessel loading terminal (river dock) delivers high-vapor pressure materials (e.g. gasoline products, naphtha, rerun materials, ethanol, and toluene) and low-vapor pressure materials to marine vessels that operate along the Mississippi River. The river dock consists of two (2) loading berths, and can deliver product to a barge vessel at each of the berths simultaneously.

The loading apparatus is equipped with a vapor recovery hose positioned at the marine vessel loading positions for hook up to the flare. The vapor hose and associated piping transports the hydrocarbon-enriched air displaced from the marine vessels during loading to a liquid seal knockout vessel and then to the flare.

7.1.2 List of Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description           | Date Modified | Emission Control Equipment    |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Unit 01       | Marine Vessel Loading | 1981*         | Vapor Recovery Unit and Flare |

\* Refurbished in 1981. A new platform was constructed, a new pipeline was installed to the river dock. The loading berth was reconditioned and all new piping and loading arms installed.

7.1.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. The "affected marine vessel loading operation" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is the operation as described in Conditions 7.1.1 and 7.1.2.
- b. The affected marine vessel loading operation is subject to 35 IAC Part 219, Subpart GG: Marine Terminals since the source is engaged in delivering high-vapor pressure materials to marine vessels.

7.1.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected marine vessel loading operation is not subject to 35 IAC 219.122, which requires a submerged loading pipe when loading a volatile organic liquid (VOL) with a vapor pressure greater than 2.5 psia, because the rule is only relevant to loading

operations for railroad tank car, tank truck, trailer, or stationary tank; the affected marine vessel loading operation is only engaged in the loading of marine vessels.

- b. The affected marine vessel loading not subject to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.120, Control Requirements for Storage Containers of VOL per 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.119, which states that limitations of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.120 do not apply to vessels permanently attached to trucks, railcars, barges, or ships [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.119(d)].
- c. The affected marine vessel loading are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart XX, Standards of Performance for Bulk Gasoline Terminals, since the affected marine vessel loading does not deliver liquid product into gasoline tank trucks as required for applicability.
- d. The affected marine vessel loading operations are not subject to 40 CFR 63, Subpart Y, National Emission Standards for Marine Tank Vessel Tank Loading Operations, since the facility has opted to accept a limit for total loading of high-vapor pressure materials to marine vessels to no greater than 9.5 million barrels per year; the rule requires 10 million barrels or 200 million barrels per year for applicability.

#### 7.1.5 Control Requirements and Operational Limitations

- a. The affected marine vessel loading operations shall utilize vapor collection and control system to control VOM emissions from the marine terminal while loading gasoline and crude oil, so as to comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code Part 219 Subpart GG.
- b. Pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(a), this vapor collection and control system shall meet the following requirements:
  - i. Capture the vapors displaced during the loading event and reduce overall VOM emissions by at least 95% by weight through the flare [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(a)(1)].
  - ii. Be maintained and operated so that it prevents visible liquid leaks, significant odors, and visible fumes in the liquid transfer and the vapor collection lines, and appurtenances during loading [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(a)(2)].

- iii. Be certified as required by Coast Guard regulations found at 33 CFR 154 [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(a)(3)].
- c. Pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(b), during the regulatory control period, gasoline or crude oil shall only be loaded into marine vessels that are:
  - i. Equipped with vapor collection equipment that has been certified as required by Coast Guard regulations found at 46 CFR 39 [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(b)(1)].
  - ii. Connected to the vapor collection system [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(b)(2)]
  - iii. Vapor-tight as described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(b)(3)(A), (b)(3)(B), (b)(3)(C), or (b)(3)(D) [35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.762(b)(3)].
- d. Total loading of high vapor pressure materials to marine vessels is limited to no greater than 9.5 million barrels per year.
- e. The river dock vapor transfer/flare system shall be operated to control VOM emissions from loading of ethanol and toluene at all times that these materials are being loaded at the river dock.
- f. Operation of the river dock shall not exceed the following limits:

| <u>Material</u> | <u>Throughput</u>   |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                 | <u>(Barrels/Mo)</u> | <u>(Barrels/Yr)</u> |
| Ethanol         | 150,000             | 1,500,000           |
| Toluene         | 300,000             | 3,000,000           |

Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

The above limitations were established in Permit 04070052, pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically 35 IAC Part 203 [T1].

7.1.6 Emission Limitations

Emissions attributable to the loading of ethanol and toluene shall not exceed the following limits:

| <u>Pollutant</u> | <u>Emissions</u> |                  |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                  | <u>(Tons/Mo)</u> | <u>(Tons/Yr)</u> |
| VOM              | 0.1              | 0.98             |

Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

The above limitations were established in Permit 04070052, pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically 35 IAC Part 203 [T1].

7.1.7 Testing and Monitoring Requirements

- a. Pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.766, the Permittee shall comply with the requirements regarding detection and repair of leaks of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.445 for all equipment associated with the vapor collection and control system, including (see Section 7.7 for further details):
  - i. Develop a monitoring program plan consistent with the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.446;
  - ii. Conduct a monitoring program consistent with the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.447;
  - iii. Record all leaking components which have a volatile organic material concentration exceeding 10,000 ppm consistent with the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.448;
  - iv. Identify each component consistent with the monitoring program plan submitted pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.446;
  - v. Repair and retest the leaking components as soon as possible within 22 days after the leak is found, but no later than June 1 for the purposes of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.447(a)(1), unless the leaking components cannot be repaired until the unit is shut down for turnaround; and

- vi. Report to the Illinois EPA consistent with the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 219.449.
- b. Compliance with 35 IAC Section 219.762(a)(2) of this Subpart shall be determined by visual inspection and by the leak detection methods contained in Section 219.105(g) of this Part.
- c. If the control device used to comply with 35 IAC Section 219.762(a)(1) of this Subpart is a flare, it shall [35 IAC 219.429(c)]:
  - i. Be designed for and operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours as determined by U.S. EPA Method 22.
  - ii. Be operated with a pilot flame present at all times and shall be monitored with a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of the flame.
  - iii. Be steam-assisted, air-assisted, or nonassisted.
  - iv. Be used only with the net heating value of the gas being combusted being 11.2 MJ/scm (300 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is steam-assisted or air-assisted; or with the net heating value of the gas being combusted being 7.45 MJ/scm (200 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is nonassisted.
- d. Compliance with 35 IAC Section 219.762(b)(3) of this Subpart shall be determined by one of the methods described in this Section:
  - i. A marine vessel loaded in accordance with 35 IAC Section 219.762(b)(3)(A) of this Subpart through the use of a vacuum assisted vapor collection system is assumed to be vapor-tight for the purposes of this Subpart.
  - ii. A vapor-tightness test for marine vessels shall be conducted to include the final 20 percent of loading of each product tank of the marine vessel, and it shall be applied to any potential sources of vapor leaks on the vessel pursuant to Method 21 of 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, incorporated by reference at 35 IAC Section 219.112 of this Part. A reading of 10,000 ppmv or greater as methane shall constitute a leak.

- iii. As an alternative to subsection (d)(ii) of this Section, an owner or operator of a marine terminal may use the vapor-tightness test described in 40 CFR 61.304(f), incorporated by reference at 35 IAC Section 219.112 of this Part.
- iv. As an alternative to subsections (d)(ii) and (d)(iii) of this Section, an owner or operator of a marine terminal may obtain documentation as described in 35 IAC 219.770(b) that the marine vessel has been vapor-tightness tested within either the preceding 12 months or the preceding 14 months, if the test is being conducted as part of the Coast Guard's reinspection of the vessel required under 46 CFR 31.10-17, using Method 21 of Part 60, Appendix A, incorporated by reference at Section 219.112 of this Part, as described in Section 219.768(b) of this Subpart.
- e. When in the opinion of the Agency or USEPA it is necessary to conduct testing to demonstrate compliance with or verify effectiveness of the vapor collection and control system required by 35 IAC Section 219.762(a), (c)(1), or (c)(3) of this Subpart, the owner or operator of a marine terminal shall, at its own expense, conduct such tests in accordance with the applicable test methods and procedures specified in subsections (a), (b), or (c) of this Section, as applicable.
- f. An owner or operator of a marine terminal planning to conduct a VOM emissions test to demonstrate compliance with 35 IAC Sections 219.762(a), (c)(1), or (c)(3) of this Subpart shall notify the Agency of that intent not less than 30 days before the planned initiation of the tests so that the Agency may observe the test

7.1.8 Inspection and Monitoring Requirements

None

7.1.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

a. General Recordkeeping

The Permittee shall maintain records of the following for each affected marine vessel loading operations to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.5.1, 7.1.3, and 7.1.6:

- i. The identification and properties of each organic liquid distributed through each affected loading rack, as related to emissions, i.e., vapor pressure and molecular weight;
  - ii. The amount of each organic liquid distributed through each affected loading rack, gallons per month and gallons per year, with annual records updated each month by totaling the throughput for that month plus the preceding 11 months;
  - iii. The number of components (i.e., valves, pump seals, etc.) in light liquid, heavy liquid or gas service, as applicable;
  - iv. Emissions of VOM attributable to loading of petroleum products, tons/month and tons/year, with supporting calculations, calculated utilizing an approved USEPA methodology, such as Section 5.2 of the AP-42 and the control efficiency of a VRU as demonstrated in the most recent test, with annual records updated each month by totaling the throughput for that month plus the preceding 11 months (See Condition 7.1.12(c) for gasoline loading); and
  - v. Emissions of VOM attributable to fugitive losses (valves, pump seals, etc.), tons/month and tons/year, with supporting calculations, calculated utilizing an approved USEPA methodology.
  - vi. Total natural gas usage for flare (ft<sup>3</sup>/mo).
- b. The owner or operator of sources complying with 35 IAC Sections 219.762(a) and (b), or (c)(1), or (c)(3) of this Subpart shall maintain records regarding the marine terminal, and each time a marine vessel is loaded during the regulatory control period. The records shall include but are not limited to:
- i. The date(s) and the time(s) at which the marine vessel was loaded from the marine terminal;
  - ii. The name, type, identification number, and owner of the vessel loaded;
  - iii. The type and amount of liquid loaded into the marine vessel;

- iv. Records of any leaks found, repair attempts, and the results of the required fugitive monitoring and maintenance program, including appropriate dates, test methods, instrument readings, repair results, and corrective action taken as required by 35 IAC Sections 219.762(a)(2) and 219.766 of this Subpart;
  - v. A copy of the Coast Guard certification demonstrating that the marine terminal's vapor collection and control system has been certified as required by Coast Guard regulations found at 33 CFR 154;
  - vi. A copy of the Coast Guard certification demonstrating that the marine vessel has been inspected and certified as required by Coast Guard regulations found at 46 CFR 39. If a copy of the Coast Guard certificate is not available at the time of loading, then the date that the marine vessel was last inspected and the authorization that the marine vessel has functioning vapor control equipment must be recorded from the certificate. Further, a copy of the certificate must be obtained by the owner or operator of the marine terminal within 21 days after the loading event; and
- c. Owners or operators complying with 35 IAC Sections 219.762(b)(3)(B), (b)(3)(C), or (b)(3)(D) shall additionally maintain the following records concerning the vapor-tightness of the marine vessel:
- i. Test title;
  - ii. Owner of the marine vessel tested;
  - iii. The identification number of the marine vessel tested;
  - iv. Testing location;
  - v. Tester name and signature;
  - vi. Witnessing inspector, name, signature, and affiliation; and
  - vii. Test results.
- d. All records required by subsections (b) and (c) of this Section shall be maintained for at least three years and shall be made available to the Agency upon request.

#### 7.1.10 Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section, of deviations of the affected marine vessel loading operations with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

Emissions from the affected marine vessel loading operation in excess of the limits specified in Condition 7.1.6 within 30 days of such occurrence.

#### 7.1.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

The Permittee is authorized to make the following physical or operational change with respect to an affected loading rack without prior notification to the Illinois EPA or revision of this permit. This condition does not affect the Permittee's obligation to properly obtain a construction permit in a timely manner for any activity constituting construction or modification of the source, as defined in 35 IAC 201.102:

None

#### 7.1.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with the operational limitations of Condition 7.1.5(a), shall be demonstrated through the inspection/monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 7.1.8, 7.1.9, and 7.1.10 and the compliance procedures in 7.1.12(c) and (d).
- b. Compliance with the control requirements of 7.1.5(a) shall be demonstrated by the inspection/monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 7.1.8, 7.1.9, and 7.1.10 and the fact that compliance of loading rack and associated vapor recovery unit have previously been demonstrated by fulfillment of the test requirements of 40 CFR 60.8 by measurement of the total organic concentration(s) in the effluent stream of the vapor recovery system pursuant to 40 CFR 60.503.
- c. VOM and HAP emission from the loading shall be calculated by use of the following equations:
  - i. 
$$\text{Total VOM Emissions (lb)} = \text{Throughput (gallons)} \times \text{EF}^* \times (1 - \text{Control Efficiency of Flare}/100)$$

Where:

Throughput = Loading Rack Throughput as Determined by the Records Required in 7.1.9(a)  
Control Efficiency of Flare = 97 %

\* Emission Factors as provided in the Title 5 application

ii. HAP emissions = VOM emissions X EF\*\*

| Material Loaded     | Emission Factor<br>lb/1000 Gallon |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gasoline            | 3.90                              |
| Distillate Fuel Oil | 0.012                             |

\*\* Emission Factors as provided in the Title 5 application

| HAP                    | HAP to VOM<br>Emission<br>Factor (%<br>by Wt.) for<br>Gasoline | HAP to VOM<br>Emission Factor<br>(% by Wt.) for<br>Distillate Fuel<br>Oil No. 2 |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Benzene                | 0.53   | 12.38   |
| Cumene                 | 0.02   | 0.37  |
| Ethylbenzene           | 0.06   | 0.38  |
| Hexane                 | 4.43   | 24.76   |
| Toluene                | 0.84   | 4.36  |
| Xylene                 | 0.24   | 2.45  |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | 0.99   | 0.28  |

d. Emissions from the flare burning natural gas shall be calculated based on the following emission factors:

| <u>Pollutant</u>                    | <u>Emission Factor<br/>(Lb/mmBtu)</u> |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| NO <sub>x</sub> <sup>1</sup>        | 0.068                                 |
| PM/PM <sub>10</sub> <sup>2, 3</sup> | 7.6                                   |
| SO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2,3</sup>      | 0.6                                   |
| CO <sup>1</sup>                     | 0.37                                  |

<sup>1</sup> Emissions calculated using emission factors from AP-42, Table 13.5-1, Emission Factors for Flare Operations.

<sup>2</sup> These are the emission factors for uncontrolled natural gas combustion in commercial boilers (< 100 mmBtu/hr), Table 1.4-2, AP-42, Volume I, Supplement D, July 1998. VOM emission factor based on TOC factor corrected for 52% methane contribution.

<sup>3</sup> Emissions calculated assuming that natural gas and gasoline have similar quantities of PM and SO<sub>2</sub> resulting from combustion

Flare Emissions (Ton) = Natural Gas Consumed  
Multiplied by the Appropriate Emission  
Factor/2,000.

7.2 Unit 02: External Floating Roof Storage Tanks  
 Control: Floating Roof, Double Seals and Submerged Loading

7.2.1 Description

The terminal has a number of storage tanks used to store gasoline (RVP 15), ethanol, and all VPLs with vapor pressure lower than gasoline.

7.2.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description                   | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment  |
|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Unit 02       | External Floating Roof Tanks: |                  |   |
|               | 120-1                         | 1947             | Floating Roof, Primary Seal and Rim-Mounted Secondary Seal, Submerged Loading |
|               | 120-2                         | 1947             |   |
|               | 120-3                         | 1953             |   |
|               | 120-4                         | 1953             |   |
|               | 120-5                         | 1953             |   |
|               | 120-8                         | 1957             |   |
|               | 80-4                          | 1945             |   |
|               | 80-5                          | 1949             |   |
|               | 80-11                         | 1953             |   |
|               | 20-8                          | 1960             |   |
|               | 10-20                         | 1961             |   |
|               | 5-10                          | 1954             |   |

7.2.3 Applicability Provisions

- a. An "affected tank," for the purposes of these unit-specific conditions, is a storage tank that is only subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 219.121, 219.122(b), 219.123, and 219.124. Each storage tank with a capacity of 151.42 cubic meters (approx. 40,000 gallons) or more, storing volatile petroleum liquid (VPL), equipped with an external floating roof is subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 219.124(a) unless it is exempted pursuant to 35 IAC 219.124(b). A tank also may be exempt due to the current service, features, or other circumstances associated with the tank. A tank must comply with other rules if the vapor pressure of the VPL is 86.19 kPa (12.5 psia) or greater at 294.3°K (70°F).

As of the "date issued" as shown on page 1 of this permit, the affected tanks are identified in Condition 7.2.2. The status of all storage tanks at this source, including affected tanks that are subject to 35 IAC 218.124(a), is summarized in Attachment 1.

- b. When storing a volatile organic liquid (VOL, e.g. ethanol), each tank is subject to 35 IAC 219.120(a)(3) which requires double seals. Compliance with Condition 7.2.5, 7.2.7 and 7.2.8 shall be deemed compliance with this requirement.

7.2.4 Non-Applicable Regulations

None

7.2.5 Control Requirements

Each affected tank shall be equipped with the following:

- a. A floating roof which rests on the surface of the VOL that is equipped with a primary seal [35 IAC 219.121(b)(1)];
- b. A floating roof that is equipped with a continuous seal extending from the floating roof to the tank wall (rim mounted secondary seal) [35 IAC 219.124(a)(1)] (The Illinois EPA has not approved use of other equivalent equipment in lieu of a rim-mounted secondary seal.);
- c. All drains (for drainage of rainwater, also known as "stub drains") in the floating roof deck shall be provided with slotted membrane fabric covers or equivalent covers across at least 90 percent of the area of the opening [35 IAC 219.124(a)(3)];
- d. All openings of the floating roof deck, other than drains, shall be equipped with projections into the tank which remain below the liquid surface at all times except when supported on the roof legs and be equipped with covers, lids or seals [35 IAC 219.124(a)(4)]; and
- e. A permanent submerged loading pipe [35 IAC 219.122(b)].

7.2.6 Emission Limitations

There are no specific emission limitations for this unit, however, there are source wide emission limitations in Condition 5.5 that include this unit.

None

#### 7.2.7 Operating Requirements

- a. Each affected tank shall be operated so that the floating roof including the seal closure devices meet the following requirements:
  - i. There shall be no visible holes, tears, or other defects in the seal or any seal fabric or material of the floating roof [35 IAC 219.123(b)(2)];
  - ii. The seal is intact and uniformly in place around the circumference of the floating roof between the floating roof and tank wall [35 IAC 219.124(a)(2)(A)];
  - iii. The accumulated area of gaps exceeding 0.32 centimeter (1/8 inch) in width between the secondary seal and the tank wall shall not exceed 21.2 square centimeters per meter of tank diameter (1.0 square inch per foot of tank diameter) [35 IAC 219.124(a)(2)(B)]; and
  - iv. The covers, lids or seals on openings of the floating roof deck other than stub drains shall be operated such that the following requirements are met:
    - A. The cover, lid or seal is in the closed position at all times except when petroleum liquid is transferred to or from the tank [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)(A)];
    - B. Automatic bleeder vents are closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)(B)]; and
    - C. Rim vents, if provided, are set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)(C)].
- b. No person shall cause or allow the emissions of air contaminants into the atmosphere from any gauging or sampling devices attached to an affected tank, except during sampling or maintenance operations [35 IAC 219.121 (b)(1)].

#### 7.2.8 Inspection Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall inspect each affected tank prior to May 1 of each year, to insure compliance with the

applicable control and operating requirements [35 IAC 219.124(a)(5)].

- b. i. The Permittee shall measure the secondary seal gap of each affected tank prior to May 1 of each year. This measurement shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures specified in 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb [35 IAC 219.124(a)(6)].
- ii. Prior notification for the above measurements shall be given to the Illinois EPA as specified in Condition 7.2.10(b).
- c. The Permittee shall perform a complete inspection of the cover and seals of each affected tank whenever the tank is emptied and degassed for any reasons other than the transfer of liquid during the normal operation of the tank, or whenever repairs are made that require degassing of the tank as a result of any semi-annual inspection or incidence of roof damage or defect [35 IAC 219.123(b)(5)].

#### 7.2.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

- a. In addition to the records required by Condition 5.6 (requiring records of throughput and emissions), the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for each affected tank, pursuant to 35 IAC 219.123(b)(6) and 219.124(a)(7):
  - i. A list of the types of volatile petroleum liquid stored on a monthly basis;
  - ii. The maximum true vapor pressure of each type of liquid as stored, psia;
  - iii. The results of any inspections or measurements required by the Condition 7.2.8(a), (b) and/or (c), including:
    - A. Type of inspection;
    - B. When the inspection and/or measurement was performed;
    - C. Who performed the inspection and/or measurement;
    - D. The method of inspection and/or measurement;
    - E. The observed condition of each feature of the external floating roof (seals, roof

deck and fittings) with raw data recorded during the inspection and/or measurement; and

F. Summary of compliance.

- b. The Permittee shall maintain records of the following for each affected tank to demonstrate compliance with Condition 7.3.8(c) (Cover and Seal Inspection) [35 IAC 219.123(b)(6)]:

Records that are sufficient to identify whenever the tank is emptied and degassed for any reason other than the transfer of liquid during normal operation or whenever repairs are made as a result of regular inspections or incident of roof damage or defect.

7.2.10 Reporting Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section and Regional Field Office, at least 30 days before the planned performance of seal gap measurements, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f) of the Act, so the Illinois EPA may observe the measurements.
- b. The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section of deviations with the control, operating, or inspection requirements, as follows pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act:
  - i. Any storage of VPL in an affected tank that is not in compliance with the control requirements (due to absence of the features required by Condition 7.2.5, e.g., "no rim-mounted secondary seal,") within 5 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance.
  - ii. Any storage of VPL in an affected tank that is out of compliance with the control requirements (Condition 7.2.5) due to damage, deterioration, or other condition of the tank, within 30 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance.

#### 7.2.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

The Permittee is authorized to make the following physical or operational change with respect to an affected tank without prior notification to the Illinois EPA or revision of this permit. This condition does not affect the Permittee's obligation to properly obtain a construction permit in a timely manner for any activity constituting construction or modification of the source, as defined in 35 IAC 201.102:

- a. Changes in the material stored in a tank, provided the tank continues to comply with the Conditions in Section 7.2 of this permit.
- b. The primary seals may be replaced with the same or a different type. Secondary seals may be replaced but must be rim-mounted.
- c. The Permittee is authorized to store toluene in any two floating roof tanks.

#### 7.2.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Emissions from each affected storage tank shall be determined through the use of the TANKS program, AP-42 upon which the Tanks Program is based, or any other method that utilizes USEPA approved emission factors for storage tank emissions.
- b. For the purpose of estimating HAP emissions from equipment at the facility, the vapor wt percent (based on a 1992 USEPA survey or calculations based upon the applicable MSDS for the specific VOL) of each HAP for each product times the VOM emissions contributed by that product is acceptable. Other means of estimating HAP emissions utilizing USEPA accepted methodologies is also acceptable.

7.3 Unit 03: Internal Floating Roof Storage Tanks  
Control: Floating Roof and Seals, Permanent Submerged Loading

7.3.1 Description

The Permittee operates a five (5) internal floating roof storage tanks to store gasoline (RVP 15), ethanol, and all VPLs with vapor pressure lower than gasoline. Permanent submerged loading is an inherent part of this design since there is no vapor space.

7.3.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description   | Date Constructed/<br>Modified | Emission Control Equipment                |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Unit 03       | Group 1 Tanks*:<br>10-10/420,000 Gal  | 1941/1994                     | Internal Floating Roof, Submerged Loading |
|               | Group 2 Tanks (Not Subject to NSPS):<br>10-5/420,000 Gal<br>10-7/420,000 Gal<br>T-72/65,730 Gal | 1941<br>1941<br>Pre-1973      |   |
|               | Group 3 Tank**<br>120-9/5,040,000 Gal   | 1975                          |   |

\* Subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb

\*\* subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart K

7.3.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. The affected tanks, for the purpose of these unit specific conditions, are the tanks as described in Conditions 7.3.1 and 7.3.2.
- b. An "affected tank" of group 1, for the purposes of these unit specific conditions, are the storage tanks that are subject to the control requirement of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb (Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984); these tanks rely on an internal floating roof for compliance. A storage tank constructed, reconstructed, or modified after July 23, 1984 is subject to the control requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb if it has a capacity greater than or equal to 20,000 gallons (75 m<sup>3</sup>) storing a VOL with a maximum true vapor pressure of 15 kPa (2.2 psia) or more or a capacity greater than or equal to 40,000 gallons (151 m<sup>3</sup>) storing a VOL with a maximum true vapor pressure of 3.5 kPa (0.5 psia) or more.

As of the "date issued" as shown on page 1 of this permit, the affected tanks are identified in Condition 7.3.2.

- c. Each storage tank subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb is hereby shielded from compliance with 35 IAC 219.121. This shield is issued to streamline the applicable requirements for the source, based on the Illinois EPA's finding that compliance with 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb assures compliance with 35 IAC 219.121, following the review requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb and 35 IAC 219.121.
- d. The "affected tanks" of group 2, for the purposes of these unit-specific conditions, are the storage tanks that are subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 219.121, 219.122(b), and 219.123. Each storage tank with a capacity of 151.42 cubic meters (approx. 40,000 gallons) or more, storing volatile petroleum liquid (VPL), is subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 219.123(b) unless it is specifically excluded pursuant to 35 IAC 219.123(a). Group 1 and 2 tanks are exempt from some of the requirements based on applicability of a NSPS [35 IAC 219.123(a)(5)]. A tank also may be exempt due to the current service, features, or other circumstances associated with the tank (See Condition 5.8). A tank must comply with other rules if the vapor pressure of the VPL is 86.19 kPa (12.5 psia) or greater at 294.3°K (70°F).

When in VOL service (e.g., storing ethanol), an "affected tank," for the purposes of these unit-specific conditions, is a storage tank subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 219.120(a) and 219.122(b) that relies upon a permanent submerged loading pipe and internal floating roof for compliance. An affected storage tank is subject to the control requirements of 35 IAC 219.120(a) if it has a capacity greater than or equal to 40,000 gallons storing a VOL with a vapor pressure of 0.75 psia or more but less than or equal to a maximum true vapor pressure of 11.1 psia [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)].

As of the "date issued" as shown on page 1 of this permit, the affected tanks are identified in Condition 7.3.2.

- e. Tank 120-9 is subject to the control requirement of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K (Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After June 11, 1973, and Prior to May 19, 1978) and relies on an internal floating roof for compliance. A storage tank constructed, reconstructed, or modified

after March 8, 1974, and prior to May 19, 1978 is subject to the control requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart K that has a capacity greater than 151,416 liters (40,000 gallons), but not exceeding 246,052 liters (65,000 gallons); alternatively, a storage tank may be subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart K if it has a capacity greater than 246,052 liters (65,000 gallons) and commences construction or modification after June 11, 1973, and prior to May 19, 1978.

- f. Each affected tank is subject to the emission limits identified in Condition 5.2.2.

#### 7.3.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. Groups 1 tanks and 120-9 tank are not subject to 35 IAC 219.123 when in VPL service because they are subject to a NSPS [35 IAC 219.123(a)(5)]. Though these tanks are subject to 35 IAC 219.121, compliance with Subpart Ka or Kb is deemed to be more stringent and will demonstrate compliance with 35 IAC 219.121.
- b. The affected tanks are not subject to 35 IAC 219.124 because the tanks are considered internal floating roof tanks.
- c. This permit is issued based on the affected storage tanks not being subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected storage tanks uses a passive control measure, such as a seal, lid, or roof, that is not considered a control device because it acts to prevent the release of pollutants.

#### 7.3.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

- a. Each affected tank of Group 1 and tank 120-9 shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i) and 40 CFR 60.112(a)(1), respectively, which requires the use of a floating roof that is equipped with one of the following closure devices:
  - i. A foam-filled or liquid-filled liquid-mounted seal; or
  - ii. Two continuous seals; or
  - iii. A mechanical shoe seal
- b. Each affected tanks shall also be equipped with a permanent submerged loading pipe, pursuant to 35 IAC 219.122(b).

- c. When storing a VPL with a vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater and VOL with a vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater storage tanks of group 1 and tank 120-9 shall be equipped with a floating roof which rests on the surface of the VOL that is equipped with a primary seal [35 IAC 219.121(b)(1) and 40 CFR 60.112a(a)(2)];
- d. For storage tanks of group 1 and tank 120-9 all openings of the floating roof deck, other than drains, shall be equipped with covers, lids or seals [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)]; and
- e. When any tank is in ethanol (VOL) service the following control requirements apply:
  - i. An internal floating roof which shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(A)].
  - ii. Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(B)]:
    - A. A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank;
    - B. Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous; or

- C. A mechanical shoe seal, which is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.
- iii. Each opening in a noncontact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(C)].
- iv. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(D)].
- v. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(E)].
- vi. Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(F)].
- vii. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(G)].
- viii. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover [35 IAC 219.120(a)(1)(H)].

#### 7.3.6 Emission Limitations

There are no specific emission limitations for this unit, however, there are source wide emission limitations in Condition 5.5 that include this unit.

None

#### 7.3.7 Operating Requirements

Each affected group 1 tank shall be operated in compliance with the operating requirements of 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1) and 60.113b(a), as follows:

- a. The internal floating roof shall float on the liquid surface at all times, except during those intervals when the storage tank is being completely emptied and subsequently refilled and the roof rests on its leg supports. When the roof is resting on its leg supports, the process of emptying or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(i)].
  - i. Each opening in a non-contact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents shall provide a projection below the liquid surface [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iii)].
  - ii. Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains shall be equipped with a cover or lid which is maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gaps) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(iv)].
  - iii. Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(v)].
  - iv. Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vi)].

- v. Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(vii)].
- vi. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for the passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(viii)].
- vii. Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover [40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1)(ix)].
- viii. A tank that is in-service shall be repaired or emptied upon identification in an inspection that the floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL, there is liquid accumulated on the roof, the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric. These actions shall be completed within 45 days of the inspection unless an extension is granted [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2) and (a)(3)(ii)].
- ix. A tank that is empty shall be repaired prior to refilling the tank upon identification in an inspection that the floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears or other openings in the seal or seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(3)(ii) and (a)(4)].
- x. Group 2 storage tanks shall be operated so that the floating roof including the seal closure devices meet each of the following requirements:
  - A. There shall be no visible holes, tears, or other defects in the seal or any seal fabric or material of the floating roof [35 IAC 219.123(b)(2)];
  - B. The covers, lids or seals on openings of the floating roof deck other than stub drains shall be operated such that the following requirements are met:

1. The cover, lid or seal is in the closed position at all times except when petroleum liquid is transferred to or from the tank [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)(A)];
  2. Automatic bleeder vents are closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)(B)]; and
  3. Rim vents, if provided, are set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting [35 IAC 219.123(b)(3)(C)].
- b. No person shall cause or allow the emissions of air contaminants into the atmosphere from any gauging or sampling devices attached to an affected Group 1 or Group 2 tank, except during sampling or maintenance operations [35 IAC 219.121 (b)(1)].

#### 7.3.8 Inspection Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall fulfill the applicable testing and procedures requirements of 40 CFR 60.113b(a) for each tank of Group 1 equipped with an internal floating roof as follows:
  - i. Visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months (Annual Inspection) to identify any deficiency or shortcoming in the roof's features, (i.e., the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage tank, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric) that the Permittee must repair or otherwise remove the storage tank from service [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2) and (a)(3)(ii)].
  - ii. Visually inspect the internal floating roof the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes (if any), and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed (Out-of-Service Inspection) to identify any deficiency or shortcoming in the roof's features, (i.e., internal floating roof has defects, the

primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area) that the Permittee shall repair the features prior to refilling the storage tank with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(2) and (a)(3(ii)) and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(3)(i) [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(3)(i) and (a)(4)].

- iii. Prior notification for the above inspection shall be given to the Illinois EPA as specified in Condition 7.3.10(a)(ii).
- b. The Permittee shall inspect the floating roof seals of each affected Group 2 tank when storing a VPL with a vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater once every six months. Compliance will be demonstrated with the timing of the inspections if two inspections occur within a calendar year with one taking place in January through June and the second taking place in July through December; or if the inspections are not more than 190 days apart [35 IAC 219.123(b)(4)].
- c. The Permittee shall perform a complete inspection of the cover and seals of each affected Group 2 tank whenever the tank is emptied and degassed for any reasons other than the transfer of liquid during the normal operation of the tank, or whenever repairs are made that require the tank to be emptied and degassed as a result of any semi-annual inspection or incidence of roof damage or defect [35 IAC 219.123(b)(5)].
- d. When any tank is in ethanol service (VOL), the following inspection requirements will apply:
  - i. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service) prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the

items before filling the storage vessel [35 IAC 219.127(a)(1)].

- ii. For vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or if there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or if the seal is detached, or if there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this subsection cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, the owner or operator may request a 30-day extension from the Illinois EPA in the inspection report required in 35 IAC 218.129(a)(3). Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the owner or operator will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied within 30 days [35 IAC 219.127(a)(2)].
- iii. For vessels equipped with both primary and secondary seals:
  - A. Visually inspect the vessel as specified in subsection (iv) below at least every 5 years; or
  - B. Visually inspect the vessel as specified in subsection (ii) above.
- iv. Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal, or if the seal fabric or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal, or if the seal fabric or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or if the

slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this subsection exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels subject to the annual visual inspection as specified in subsections (ii) and (iii)(B) above and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in subsection (iii)(A) above.

- v. Notify the Illinois EPA in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by subsections (i) and (iv) above to afford the Illinois EPA the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by subsection (iv) above is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Illinois EPA at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Illinois EPA at least 7 days prior to the refilling [35 IAC 219.127(a)(5)].

#### 7.3.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for each affected storage tank to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.5.1, 7.3.3, 7.3.5, 7.3.6, 7.3.7, and 7.3.8, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. The Permittee shall fulfill the applicable recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 60.115b for each affected Group 1 tanks pursuant to 40 CFR 60.115b(a), as follows:

Keep a record of each Annual and Out-of-Service Inspection performed as required by Condition 7.3.8(a)(i)-(ii) [40 CFR 60.115b(a)(2)].

- i. The date the inspection was performed;

- ii. Who performed the inspection;
  - iii. The method of inspection;
  - iv. The observed condition of each feature of the internal floating roof (seals, roof decks and fittings), with the raw data recorded during the inspection; and
  - v. Summary of compliance.
- b. The Permittee shall maintain records of the following for each affected tank to demonstrate compliance with the Out-of-Service Inspection requirements of Conditions 7.3.8(a)(ii), 7.3.8(c) and 7.3.8(d)(iv):
- Records that are sufficient to identify whenever the tank is empty for any reason or whenever repairs are made as a result of regular inspection or incident of roof damage or defect.
- c. The Permittee shall keep the operating records required by 40 CFR 60.116b for each affected tanks of group 1, as follows:
- Records of the VOL stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that VOL during the respective storage period [40 CFR 60.116b(c)].
- d. In addition to the records required by Condition 5.6 (requiring records of throughput and emissions), the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for each affected tank (Group 2) in VPL service, pursuant to 35 IAC 215.123(b)(6) or 40 CFR 60.113:
- i. A list of the types of volatile petroleum liquid stored on a monthly basis;
  - ii. The maximum true vapor pressure of each type of liquid as stored, psia; and
  - iii. For Group 2 tanks the results of any inspections or measurements required by the Condition 7.3.8(a) and/or (b), including:
    - A. Type of inspection;
    - B. When the inspection and/or measurement was performed;

- C. Who performed the inspection and/or measurement;
  - D. The method of inspection and/or measurement;
  - E. The observed condition of each feature of the external floating roof (seals, roof deck and fittings) with raw data recorded during the inspection and/or measurement; and
  - F. Summary of compliance.
- e. The Permittee shall maintain records of the following for each affected Group 2 tank to demonstrate compliance with Condition 7.3.8(b) (Cover and Seal Inspection) [35 IAC 219.123(b)(6)]:

Records that are sufficient to identify whenever the tank is emptied for any reason other than the transfer of liquid during normal operation or whenever repairs are made as a result of regular inspections or incident of roof damage or defect.

- f. When any tank is in VOL service (ethanol) the Permittee shall maintain records and furnish reports as required below.
- i. Keep a record of each inspection performed as required by Condition 7.3.8(c). Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings);
  - ii. If any of the conditions described in Condition 7.3.8(c) are detected during the annual visual inspection required, report to the Illinois EPA within 30 days after the inspection the identity of the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made; and
  - iii. After each inspection required Condition 7.3.8(c)(iii) where holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in Condition 7.3.8(c) are discovered, report to the Illinois EPA within

30 days after the inspection the identity of the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of Conditions 7.3.5(e) or 7.3.8(c) and list each repair made [35 IAC 219.127(a)].

#### 7.3.10 Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section, of deviations of the affected storage tank with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- a. The Permittee shall submit written notifications and reports to the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section as required by the NSPS, for each affected tank, as follows:
  - i. A report identifying any deficiencies or shortcomings identified in the Annual Inspection required by Condition 7.3.8(a) within 30 days of inspection. This report shall include the information specified in 40 CFR 60.115b(a)(3).
  - ii. A. Notification at least 30 days prior to refilling an affected group 1 tank for which an Out-of-Service inspection is required by Condition 7.3.8(b)(i) to afford the Illinois EPA with the opportunity to have an observer present [40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5)].  
B. If the inspection is not planned and the owner or operator of the group 1 tank could not have known about refilling the tank 30 days in advance, a shorter notification may be accepted as provided for in 40 CFR 60.113b(a)(5).
  - iii. A report identifying any deficiencies or shortcomings identified in the Out-of-Service Inspection within 30 days of the inspection required by Condition 7.3.8(b)(i). This report shall include the information specified in 40 CFR 60.115b(a)(4).
- b. The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section of noncompliance with the control and operating requirements as follows pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act:

- i. Any storage of VOL in an affected tank that is not in compliance with the control requirements due to absence of the features required by Condition 7.3.5, e.g., no "secondary seal," within five days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps taken to avoid future non-compliance.
  - ii. Any storage of VOL in an affected tank that is out of compliance with the control requirements (Condition 7.3.5) due to damage, deterioration, or other condition of the tank, within 30 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance.
  - iii. Any exceedance of the emission and operational limits shown in Conditions 7.3.6(b) and 7.3.7(b), respectively.
- c. Any storage of VPL in an affected tank that is not in compliance with the control requirements (due to absence of the features required by Condition 7.3.5, e.g., "no permanent submerged loading pipe," within 5 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance.
  - d. Any storage of VPL in an affected tank that is out of compliance with the control requirements (Condition 7.3.5) due to damage, deterioration, or other condition of the tank, within 30 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance.

#### 7.3.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

The Permittee is authorized to make the following physical or operational change with respect to an affected storage tanks without prior notification to the Illinois EPA or revision of this permit. This condition does not affect the Permittee's obligation to properly obtain a

construction permit in a timely manner for any activity constituting construction or modification of the source, as defined in 35 IAC 201.102:

- a. Changes in the material stored in a tank, provided the tank continues to comply with the Condition 7.3.5 of this permit.
- b. The primary seals may be replaced with the same or a different type. Secondary seals may be replaced but must be rim-mounted.
- c. The Permittee is authorized to store toluene in any two floating roof tanks.

#### 7.3.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Emissions from each affected storage tank shall be determined through the use of the TANKS program, AP-42 upon which the TANKS program is based, or any other method that utilizes USEPA approved emission factors for storage tank emissions.
- b. For the purpose of estimating HAP emissions from equipment at the facility, the vapor wt. percent (based on a 1992 USEPA survey or calculations based upon the applicable MSDS for the specific VOL) of each HAP for each product times the VOM emissions contributed by that product is acceptable. Other means of establishing HAP emissions utilizing USEPA accepted methodologies is also acceptable.

7.4 Unit 04: Wastewater Treatment System  
Control: None

7.4.1 Description

The wastewater treatment plant is used to treat wastewater that is potentially contaminated with oily hydrocarbons prior to discharge to the Mississippi River. Potential sources of wastewater treated at the plant include stormwater from Premcor Hartford Distribution Center or portion of the former Premcor Hartford Refinery (now owned by Conoco Phillips Wood River Refinery) and non-rain event water. Non-rain event water may include, but is not limited to: groundwater, tank bottom water, tank cleaning water, hydrostatic test water, boiler and cooling tower blowdown water (from Conoco Phillips) and small miscellaneous sources including water from pump cleanings, truck washings, etc.

7.4.2 List of Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description   | Date Constructed/Modified | Emission Control Equipment |
|---------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Unit 04       | Wastewater Treatment Plant: Entry Points, Two (2) Equalization Tanks, Diffused Air Flotation (DAF) Unit, Two (2) Aeration Basins, Two (2) Clarifiers, Anthracite/Sand Filter, Digester, Thickner. | 1973/1994*                | None                       |

\* Installation of two (2) equalization tanks (T-161, T-162)

7.4.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. An "affected wastewater treatment system" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is the wastewater treatment system described in Conditions 7.4.1 and 7.4.2.
- b. The affected wastewater treatment system is subject to the emission limits identified in Condition 5.2.2.
- c. i. No person shall cause or allow the discharge of more than 3.6 kg/hr (8 lb/hr) of organic material into the atmosphere from any emission unit, except as provided in 35 IAC 219.302, 219.303, 219.304 and the following exception: If no odor nuisance exists the limitation of

35 IAC 218 Subpart G shall apply only to photochemically reactive material [35 IAC 219.301].

- ii. Emissions of organic material in excess of those permitted by Condition 7.4.3(c)(i) are allowable if such emissions are controlled by a flame or thermal incineration (oxidizer) so as to either reduce such emissions to 10 ppm equivalent methane or less, or to convert 85 percent of the hydrocarbons to carbon dioxide and water [35 IAC 219.302(a)].

#### 7.4.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected wastewater treatment system is not subject to the NSPS for VOC Emissions From Petroleum Refinery Wastewater Systems, 40 CFR 60 Subpart QQQ, because the affected wastewater treatment operations are not located at a petroleum refinery.
- b. The affected wastewater treatment system is not subject to 35 IAC 219.443, Wastewater (Oil/Water) Separator, because the affected wastewater treatment operations are not located at a petroleum refinery.
- c. This permit is issued based on the affected wastewater treatment system not being subject to 35 IAC 219 Subpart TT, Other Emission Units, because the affected wastewater treatment operations do not meet the applicability of 35 IAC 219.980(a). In particular, the affected wastewater treatment operations have maximum theoretical emissions of VOM that are less than 90.7 Mg (100 tons) per year.
- d. The affected wastewater treatment system is not subject to 35 IAC 219.141(a), as applicability requires use any single or multiple compartment effluent water separator which receives effluent water containing 757 l/day (200 gal/day) or more of organic material from any equipment processing, refining, treating, storing or handling organic material; the affected wastewater treatment operations do not meet this threshold.

#### 7.4.5 Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

None

#### 7.4.6 Emission Limitations

There are no specific emission limitations for this unit, however, there are source wide emission limitations in Condition 5.5 that include this unit.

None

7.4.7 Operating Requirements

None

7.4.8 Monitoring Requirements

None

7.4.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the affected wastewater treatment system to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.5.1, 7.4.3, 7.4.5, 7.4.7, and 7.4.8, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. Inputs for the Water9 software in order to calculate emissions for the affected wastewater treatment operations;
- b. The amount of wastewater treated, gal/day and gal/year; and
- c. VOM and HAP emissions (lb/month and ton/yr).

7.4.10 Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section, of deviations of an affected wastewater treatment system with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

7.4.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

N/A

7.4.12 Compliance Procedures

Compliance with the requirements of Condition 7.4.3(c) (219.302) is assured by compliance with the operational requirements of Condition 7.4.5, the monitoring requirements of Condition 7.4.8 and the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.4.9 along with the use of software (as approved by the USEPA) to calculate emissions from the affected wastewater treatment system.

- 7.5 Unit 05: Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components  
 Control: Leak Detection and Repair Program

7.5.1 Description

Fugitive emissions from equipment components, such as valves, flanges, etc., are generated during the processing of material through the vapor collection and control system located at the River Dock.

7.5.2 List of Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description  | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment        |
|---------------|--|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Unit 05       | Fugitive VOM Emissions from Valves, Flanges, Seals, and Miscellaneous Components of River Dock Flare | Not Available    | Leak Detection and Repair Program |

7.5.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. The "affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components", for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, are the emission units described in section 7.5.1 and 7.5.2.
- b. The affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC 219.766, Organic Material Emissions Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area/Leaks, since the facility is a marine terminal as the rule applicability requires.
- c. As prescribed applicable to marine terminals also by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC Section 219.445, Organic Material Emissions Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area/Leaks: General Requirements.
- d. As prescribed applicable to marine terminals also by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC Section 219.446, Organic Material Emissions Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area/Monitoring Program Plan for Leaks.
- e. As prescribed applicable to marine terminals also by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC

Section 219.447, Organic Material Emissions Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area/Monitoring Program for Leaks.

- f. As prescribed applicable to marine terminals also by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC Section 219.448, Organic Material Emissions Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area/Recordkeeping for Leaks.
- g. As prescribed applicable to marine terminals also by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC Section 219.449, Organic Material Emissions Standards and Limitations for the Metro East Area/Reporting for Leaks.

#### 7.5.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKK, Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC From Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants since the facility is actually classified as a Petroleum Bulk Storage and Loading facility.
- b. The affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are not subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart LLL, Standards of Performance for Onshore Natural Gas Processing since the facility is classified as a Petroleum Bulk Storage and Loading facility.

#### 7.5.5 Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

None

#### 7.5.6 Emission Limitations

In addition to Condition 5.2.2 and the source-wide emission limitations in Condition 5.5, the affected unit is subject to the following:

None

#### 7.5.7 Testing Requirements

As prescribed applicable to marine terminals by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC 219.445 which prescribes that an owner or operator subject to 35 IAC 219.445 of this Part shall, for the purpose of detecting leaks, conduct a component monitoring program consistent with the following provisions:

- a. Test once between March 1 and June 1 of each year, by methods referenced in Section 219.105(g) of this Part, all pump seals, pipeline valves in liquid service and process drains;
- b. Test once each quarter of each calendar year, by methods referenced in Section 219.105(g) of this Part, all pressure relief valves in gaseous service, pipeline valves in gaseous service and compressor seals;
- c. Inaccessible valves may be tested once each calendar year instead of once each quarter of each calendar year;
- d. Observe visually all pump seals weekly;
- e. Test immediately any pump seal from which liquids are observed dripping;
- f. Test any relief valve within 24 hours after it has vented to the atmosphere; and
- g. Test immediately after repair any component that was found leaking.
- h. Storage tank valves and pressure relief devices connected to an operating flare header or vapor recovery device are exempt from the monitoring requirements in subsection (a) of this Section.
- i. The Illinois EPA may require more frequent monitoring than would otherwise be required by subsection (a) of this Section for components which are demonstrated to have a history of leaking.

#### 7.5.8 Monitoring Requirements

As prescribed applicable to marine terminals by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC 219.446 which provides that an owner or operator shall prepare a monitoring program plan which contains, at a minimum:

- a. An identification of all components and the period in which each will be monitored pursuant to Section 35 IAC 219.447 [35 IAC 219.446(a)];
- b. The format for the monitoring log required by 35 IAC Section 219.448 of this Part [35 IAC 219.446(b)];

- c. A description of the monitoring equipment to be used pursuant to 35 IAC Section 219.447 of this Part; and [35 IAC 219.446(c)]
- d. A description of the methods to be used to identify all pipeline valves, pressure relief valves in gaseous service and all leaking components such that they are obvious to both personnel performing monitoring and Agency personnel performing inspections [35 IAC 219.446(d)].

#### 7.5.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

- a. As prescribed applicable to marine terminals by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC 219.448 which prescribes that an owner or operator shall maintain a leaking components monitoring log which shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
  - i. The name of the process unit where the component is located;
  - ii. The type of component (e.g., valve, seal);
  - iii. The identification number of the component;
  - iv. The date on which a leaking component is discovered;
  - v. The date on which a leaking component is repaired;
  - vi. The date and instrument reading of the recheck procedure after a leaking component is repaired;
  - vii. A record of the calibration of the monitoring instrument;
  - viii. The identification number of leaking components which cannot be repaired until turnaround; and
  - ix. The total number of components inspected and the total number of components found leaking during that monitoring period.
- b. Copies of the monitoring log shall be retained by the owner or operator for a minimum of two years after the date on which the record was made or the report prepared.

- c. Copies of the monitoring log shall be made available to the Illinois EPA, upon verbal or written request, at any reasonable time.

7.5.10 Reporting Requirements (include reporting of deviations from limits)

As prescribed applicable to marine terminals also by 35 IAC 219.766, affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components are subject to 35 IAC 219.449, Reporting of Leaks, which provides that the owner or operator shall:

- a. Submit a report to the Agency prior to the 1st day of both July and September listing all leaking components identified pursuant to Section 219.447 of this Part but not repaired within 22 days, all leaking components awaiting unit turnaround, the total number of components inspected and the total number of components found leaking;
- b. Submit a signed statement with the report attesting that all monitoring and repairs were performed as required under 35 IAC Sections 219.445 through 219.448 of this Part.

7.5.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

N/A

7.5.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with the emission limits in Conditions 5.5.1, 5.5.3, and 7.5.6 of the affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components shall be based on the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.5.9 and the emission factors and formulas listed below:
  - i. The average emission factors for oil and gas production operations (Table 2-4 of Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, 1995) were used for calculating fugitive VOC emissions for all fittings except valves. The following equation was used utilizing the fugitive emission factors:

$$E_{VOC} = F_A \times WF_{VOC} \times N \times 2.20 \text{ lb/kg}$$

Where:

$E_{VOC}$  = Emission rate of VOC from all equipment in the stream of a given equipment type (lb/hr)

$F_A$  = Applicable average emission factor for the equipment type (kg/hr/source) from table 2-4 of Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, 1995.

$WF_{VOC}$  = Average weight fraction of VOC in the stream

$N$  = Number of pieces of equipment of the applicable equipment in the stream.

- ii. For valves, a leak rate is determined from the following equation (Table 2-10, Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, 1995)

$$\text{Leak Rate (kg/hr/valve)} = 2.29 \times 10^{-6} \times (SV)^{0.746}$$

Where:

SV = Screening value in ppm (assumed 500 ppm for PTE purposes; also, this is the value certified by the manufacturer that will not be exceeded for 100,000 cycles)

- iii. Calculations of leak detection and repair control (LDAR) effectiveness are based on the methods in Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, 1995, USEPA. LDAR is applied to pumps and valves.
- b. LDAR data will be used to estimate emissions from the affected Fugitive VOM Emissions from River Dock Flare Components. Standard EPA methodologies will be used for these calculations.

7.6 Unit 06: Tank A-2  
Control: None

7.6.1 Description

The facility operates one horizontal pressure relief tank, where either gasoline or distillate may be temporarily stored in the event that the product pressure in the river dock loading lines becomes too great and must be relieved.

7.6.2 List of Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description | Emission Control Equipment |
|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Unit 06       | Tank A-2    | None                       |

7.6.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. The "affected storage tank" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is the unit described in conditions 7.6.1 and 7.6.2.
- b. No person shall cause or allow the loading of any organic material into any stationary tank having a storage capacity of greater than 946 l (250 gal), unless such tank is equipped with a permanent submerged loading pipe or an equivalent device approved by the Illinois EPA according to the provisions of 35 IAC 201, and further processed consistent with Section 215.108 of this Part, or unless such tank is a pressure tank as described in 35 IAC 215.121(a) or is fitted with a recovery system as described in 35 IAC 219.122(b) [35 IAC 219.122(b)].
- c. No person shall cause or allow the discharge of more than 3.6 kg/hr (8 lb/hr) of organic material into the atmosphere from any emission unit, except as provided in 35 IAC 219.302, 219.303, or 219.304 and the following exemption: If no odor nuisance exists the limitation of 35 IAC 218 Subpart G shall only apply to photochemically reactive material [35 IAC 219.301].

7.6.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected storage tank is not subject to the NSPS for volatile organic liquid storage vessels (including petroleum liquid storage vessels) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification commenced after July 23, 1984, 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb, because the affected storage tank was constructed prior to 1984.

- b. The affected storage tank is not subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 219.123, petroleum liquid storage tanks, pursuant to 35 IAC 215.123(a)(2), which exempts storage tanks with a capacity less than 151.42 m<sup>3</sup>.

7.6.5 Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

None

7.6.6 Emission Limitations

There are no specific emission limitations for this unit, however, there are source wide emission limitations in Condition 5.5 that include this unit.

7.6.7 Testing Requirements

None

7.6.8 Monitoring Requirements

None

7.6.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for the affected storage tank to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.5.1, 7.6.3, and 7.6.5, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. Design information for the tank showing the presence of a permanent submerged loading pipe;
- b. Maintenance and repair records for the tank, as related to the repair or replacement of the loading pipe;
- c. The throughput of the affected storage tank, gal/mo and gal/yr; and
- d. The monthly and aggregate annual VOM emissions from the affected storage tank based on the material stored, the tank throughput, and the applicable emission factors and formulas with supporting calculations.

7.6.10 Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section, of deviations of the affected storage tank with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe

the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- a. Any storage of VOL in an affected storage tank that is not in compliance with the requirements of Conditions 7.6.3(b) (see also 35 IAC 219.122(b)), e.g., no "permanent submerged loading pipe," within thirty days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps taken to avoid future non-compliance;
- b. Any storage of VOL in an affected storage tank that is out of compliance with the requirements of Conditions 7.6.3(b) (see also 35 IAC 219.122(b)) due to damage, deterioration, or other condition of the loading pipe, within 30 days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps to be taken to avoid future non-compliance;

7.6.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

N/A

7.6.12 Compliance Procedures

Compliance with the emission limits shall be based on the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.6.9 and the emission factors and formulas listed below:

For the purpose of estimating VOM emissions from the affected storage tank to determine compliance with Conditions 5.5.1 and 7.6.3(c), Versions 3.1 or 4.0 of the TANKS program are acceptable.

7.7 Unit 07: Soil Vapor Extraction System  
Control: Thermal Oxidizer

7.7.1 Description

The soil vapor extraction system will be installed to extract hydrocarbon vapors present in the soil using a series of extraction wells. The system consists of a blower which will draw vapors from the wells to a thermal oxidizer.

7.7.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit                | Description                  | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Soil Vapor Extraction System | Blowers, Ancillary Equipment | 1-06             | Thermal Oxidizer           |

7.7.3 Applicability Provisions and Applicable Regulations

- a. The "affected unit" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is the soil vapor extraction system described in Conditions 7.7.1 and 7.7.2.
- b. The affected unit is subject to 35 IAC Part 219, Subpart TT: Other Emission Units.
- c. i. The affected unit is subject to 35 IAC 219.301: Use of Organic Material, which provides that:

No person shall cause or allow the discharge of more than 3.6 kg/hr (8 lbs/hr) of organic material into the atmosphere from any emission unit, except as provided in 35 IAC 219.302 and the following exception: If no odor nuisance exists the limitation of this Subpart shall apply only to photochemically reactive material.

- ii. Emissions of organic material in excess of those permitted by 35 IAC 219.301 are allowable if such emissions are controlled by thermal incineration so as either to reduce such emissions to 10 ppm equivalent methane (molecular weight 16) or less, or to convert 85 percent of the hydrocarbons to carbon dioxide and water.
- d. Pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123(a), no person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into

the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 212.122, except as allowed by 35 IAC 212.123(b) and 212.124.

#### 7.7.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

This permit is issued based upon the affected unit not being subject to the 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart GGGGG: National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Site Remediation because the source is not a major source of HAP [40 CFR 63.7881(a)].

#### 7.7.5 Operational and Production Limits and Work Practices

- a. The emission capture and control equipment shall achieve an overall reduction in uncontrolled VOM emissions of at least 81 percent from each affected unit, pursuant to 35 IAC 219.986(a).

Note: This control requirement is less stringent than the control requirement listed in Condition 7.7.3(c)(ii).

- b. The thermal oxidizer shall be in operation at all times when the affected unit is in operation and emitting air contaminants.
- c. The thermal oxidizer combustion chamber shall be preheated to at least the manufacturer's recommended temperature but no less than the temperature at which compliance was demonstrated in the most recent compliance test, or 1400°F in the absence of a compliance test. This temperature shall be maintained during operation.
- d. Natural gas shall be the only fuel fired in the thermal oxidizer [Note: The hydrocarbon vapors extracted from the soil vapor extraction system and combusted in the thermal oxidizer are not considered a fuel].
- e. The maximum process gas flow rate from the well field to the thermal oxidizer shall not exceed 750 cfm.

#### 7.7.6 Emission Limitations

- a. Emissions from the affected unit shall not exceed the following limits. Compliance with annual limits shall be determined from a running total of 12 months of data.

| <u>Pollutant</u> | <u>Emissions</u>    |                    |
|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
|                  | <u>(Tons/Month)</u> | <u>(Tons/Year)</u> |
| NO <sub>x</sub>  | ----                | 3.85               |
| CO               | 0.27                | 3.24               |
| VOM              | ----                | 7.84               |

- b. This permit is issued based upon negligible emissions of SO<sub>2</sub>, PM and PM<sub>10</sub> from the affected unit. For this purpose, emissions of all such pollutants shall not exceed a nominal emission rate of 0.1 lb/hour and 0.44 tons/year combined.

Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

The above limitations were established in Permit 05120034, pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically 35 IAC Part 203 [T1].

#### 7.7.7 Testing Requirements

- a. When in the opinion of the Agency it is necessary to conduct testing to demonstrate compliance with 35 IAC 219.986, the owner or operator of a VOM emission unit subject to the requirements of 35 IAC Part 219, Subpart TT shall, at his own expense, conduct such tests in accordance with the applicable test methods and procedures specified in 35 IAC 219.105 [35 IAC 219.988(a)].
- b. Nothing in 35 IAC Part 219 shall limit the authority of the USEPA pursuant to the Clean Air Act, as amended, to require testing [35 IAC 219.988(b)].

#### 7.7.8 Monitoring Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall calibrate, maintain and operate a temperature monitor on each afterburner according to vendor specifications at all times the afterburners are in use. The temperature monitoring equipment shall monitor the combustion chamber temperature of each afterburner on a continuous basis.
- b. Monitoring of thermal oxidizer operating temperature on a daily basis to ensure proper operating temperature.

#### 7.7.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall collect and record all of the following information each day and maintain the information at the source for a period of three years:
  - i. Afterburner combustion chamber temperature monitoring data.
  - ii. A log of operating time for the capture system, control device, monitoring equipment and the associated emission source.
  - iii. A maintenance log for the capture system, control device and monitoring equipment detailing all routine and non-routine maintenance performed including dates and duration of any outages.
- b. The Permittee shall maintain a file for the affected unit documenting the following:
  - i. Maximum rated exhaust flow rate from the affected unit, as exhausted to the thermal oxidizer (CFM);
  - ii. Maximum VOM concentration in uncontrolled exhaust (ug/L);
  - iii. Maximum rated burner capacity of the thermal oxidizer (mmBtu/hour);
  - iv. Potential NO<sub>x</sub> and CO emissions from the affected unit, with supporting documentation and calculations; and
  - v. Records of thermal oxidizer operating temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.
- c. The Permittee shall maintain records of the VOM emissions (tons/month and tons/year) with supporting calculations and documentation.

#### 7.7.10 Reporting Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the affected unit with the permit requirements as follows. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

- b. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA in the following instance [35 IAC 219.991(a)(3)]:
  - i. Any record showing a violation of the requirements of 35 IAC Part 219, Subpart PP, QQ, RR or TT shall be reported by sending a copy of such record to the Illinois EPA within 30 days following the occurrence of the violation.

7.7.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected unit.

7.7.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with the VOM emission limit in Condition 7.7.6 shall be based on the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.7.9 and the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{VOM Emissions} = & \text{Blower Discharge Rate (cfm)} \times \\ & 28.31685 \text{ L/cf} \times 60 \text{ min/hour} \times \text{VOM} \\ & \text{concentration (ug/L)} \times (1/10^9 \text{ kg/ug}) \times 2.20462 \\ & \text{lb/kg} \times (1 - \text{overall control efficiency}/100) \end{aligned}$$

- b. Compliance with the NO<sub>x</sub> and CO emission limits in Condition 7.7.6 shall be determined by appropriate emission factors and the recordkeeping requirements in Condition 7.7.9.

7.8 Unit 08: Oil/Water Separator  
Control: Internal Combustion Engine

7.8.1 Description

Oil/water separator controlled by an internal combustion engine and ancillary equipment, which will separate recovered hydrocarbon from groundwater and soil during remedial operations at the facility.

The internal combustion engine may be considered an insignificant activity under the source's CAAPP permit, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(15).

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

7.8.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description         | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment |
|---------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Unit 08       | Oil/Water Separator | 12/29/2009       | Internal combustion engine |

7.8.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

- a. The "affected oil/water separator" for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, is the unit described in Conditions 7.8.1 and 7.8.2.
- b. The affected oil/water separator is subject to 35 IAC 219.301: Use of Organic Material, which provides that:

No person shall cause or allow the discharge of more than 3.6 kg/hr (8 lbs/hr) of organic material into the atmosphere from any emission unit, except as provided in 35 IAC 219.302 and the following exception: If no odor nuisance exists the limitation of this Subpart shall apply only to photochemically reactive material.

- c. The affected oil/water separator is subject to 35 IAC 219.141(a) which states that an affected oil/water separator is required to be equipped with air pollution control equipment capable of reducing by 85% or more the uncontrolled VOC emissions to the atmosphere.

7.8.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

- a. The affected oil/water separator is not subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected oil/water separator does not have potential pre-control device emissions of the applicable regulated air pollutant that equals or exceeds major source threshold levels.
- b. The affected oil/water separator is not subject to Subpart QQQ, Standards of Performance for VOC Emissions from Refinery Wastewater Systems, 40 CFR 60, because the affected oil/water separator is not located at a petroleum refinery as required for applicability.

7.8.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

- a. The maximum throughput rate for the oil/water separator shall not exceed 42 gallons/minute.
- b. The engine, which controls emissions from the oil/water separator shall be in operation at all times when water is processed through the oil/water separator.

7.8.6 Production and Emission Limitations

In addition to Condition 5.3.2 and the source-wide emission limitations in Condition 5.6, the affected oil/water separator is subject to the following:

Emissions from the oil/water separator controlled by the internal combustion engine shall not exceed the following limits. Compliance with the annual limit shall be determined from a running total of 12 months of data.

| <u>Pollutant</u> | <u>Emissions</u>    |                    |
|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
|                  | <u>(Tons/Month)</u> | <u>(Tons/Year)</u> |
| VOM              | 0.3                 | 3.6                |

Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total).

The above limitations were established in Permit 07040076, pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically 35 IAC Part 203 [T1].

7.8.7 Testing Requirements

Testing requirements are not set for the affected oil/water separator. However, there are source-wide testing requirements in Condition 5.7 and general testing requirements in Condition 8.5.

7.8.8 Monitoring Requirements

Monitoring requirements are not set for the affected oil/water separator. However, there are provisions for source-wide monitoring requirements set forth in Condition 5.8 of this permit.

7.8.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.9, the Permittee shall maintain records of the following items for affected oil/water separator to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.6.1, 7.8.5, and 7.8.6, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

- a. A file containing the maximum throughput rate (gallons/minute) to the oil/water separator and the maximum rated brake horsepower of the internal combustion engine with supporting documentation.
- b. A file containing the maximum VOM emissions from the oil/water separator controlled by the internal combustion engine with supporting documentation (tons/year).

7.8.10 Reporting Requirements

a. Reporting of Deviations

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of affected oil/water separator with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- i. Emissions of VOM from the affected oil/water separator in excess of the limits specified in Condition 7.8.6 within 30 days of such occurrence.
- ii. Operation of the affected oil/water separator in excess of the limits specified in Condition 7.8.6 within 30 days of such occurrence.

7.8.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected oil/water separator. However, there are provisions for source-wide operational flexibility set forth in Condition 5.11 of this permit.

7.8.12 Compliance Procedures

Compliance with Condition 7.8.6 is addressed by the requirements of Condition the control and work practice requirements in Condition 7.8.5, the reporting requirements in Condition 7.8.10 and the formula and emission factor below:

$$E = A \times EF \times (1 - ER/100)$$

E = emissions;

A = activity rate;

EF = emission factor 5 lb VOC/1000 gal wastewater

ER = overall emission reduction efficiency, % = 95 % per application

7.9 Unit 9: Lube Cubes

7.9.1 Description

Two lube cube storage containers (up to 8,000 gallon capacity)

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

7.9.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description  | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment |
|---------------|--|------------------|----------------------------|
| Lube Cubes    | two lube cube storage containers (up to 8,000 gallon capacity) | 10/22/2009       | None                       |

7.9.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

- a. The "affected Unit 9 for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, are the lube cubes described in Conditions 7.9.1 and 7.9.2.
- b. The affected Lube cubes are subject to 35 IAC 219.122: Loading Operations, which provides that the lube cubes shall be equipped with a permanent submerged loading pipe, submerged fill, or an equivalent device approved by the Illinois EPA according to the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201 [35 IAC 219.122(b)].

7.9.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

The affected lube cubes are not subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources, because the affected lube cubes do not use an add-on control device to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard.

7.9.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

Install all control systems and make all process modifications required by Condition 7.9.3(b) [35 IAC 219.122].

7.9.6 Production and Emission Limitations

Production and emission limitations are not set for the affected lube cubes. However, there are source-wide production and emission limitations set forth in Condition 5.6.

7.9.7 Testing Requirements

Testing requirements are not set for the affected lube cubes. However, there are source-wide testing requirements in Condition 5.7 and general testing requirements in Condition 8.5.

7.9.8 Monitoring Requirements

The affected lube cubes shall be subject to the following periodic monitoring to ensure compliance with 7.9.3(b):

- a. Inspection of submerged loading apparatus on a quarterly basis to ensure good condition and proper operation.

7.9.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

Records indicating dates and results of quarterly inspections to ensure compliance with condition 7.9.8.

The Permittee shall maintain the following records:

- a. The type, characteristic and quantity of each material stored in each lube cube, including the maximum true vapor pressure.
- b. Throughput (gallons/month and gallons/year).
- c. VOM emissions from each lube cube (tons/month and tons/year).
- d. A file containing calculations of the maximum hourly emissions of VOM and any air pollutant that is listed as hazardous pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act from a single lube cube with supporting documentation (lbs/hour).
- e. Design information for the tank showing the presence of a permanent submerged loading pipe;

7.9.10 Reporting Requirements

- a. Reporting of Deviations

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the affected lube cubes with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

- i. Emissions of VOM from the affected lube cubes in excess of the limits specified in Condition 5.5 within 30 days of such occurrence.
- ii. Operation of the affected lube cubes in excess of the limits specified in Condition 5.5 within 30 days of such occurrence.
- iii. Any storage of VOL in the affected lube cubes that is not in compliance with the requirements of Conditions 7.9.3(b), e.g., no "permanent submerged loading pipe," within five days of becoming aware of the non-compliance status. This notification shall include a description of the event, the cause for the non-compliance, actions taken to correct the non-compliance, and the steps taken to avoid future non-compliance.

#### 7.9.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected lube cubes. However, there are provisions for source-wide operational flexibility set forth in Condition 5.11 of this permit.

#### 7.9.12 Compliance Procedures

- a. Compliance with Condition 7.9.3(b) is addressed by the inspections, records and reports required in Conditions 7.9.8, 7.9.9 and 7.9.10.
- b. For the purpose of estimating VOM emissions from each affected tank, the versions 3.1 or 4.0 of the TANKS program are acceptable.

## 8.0 GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 8.1 Permit Shield

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(j) of the Act, the Permittee has requested and has been granted a permit shield. This permit shield provides that compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with applicable requirements which were applicable as of the date the proposed permit for this source was issued, provided that either the applicable requirements are specifically identified within this permit, or the Illinois EPA, in acting on this permit application, has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to this source and this determination (or a concise summary thereof) is included in this permit.

This permit shield does not extend to applicable requirements which are promulgated after June 5, 2008 (the date of issuance of the draft permit) unless this permit has been modified to reflect such new requirements.

### 8.2 Applicability of Title IV Requirements (Acid Deposition Control)

This source is not an affected source under Title IV of the CAA and is not subject to requirements pursuant to Title IV of the CAA.

### 8.3 Emissions Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions allowed under any USEPA approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for elsewhere in this permit and that are authorized by the applicable requirement [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vii) of the Act].

### 8.4 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

#### 8.4.1 Changes Specifically Addressed by Permit

Physical or operational changes specifically addressed by the Conditions of this permit that have been identified as not requiring Illinois EPA notification may be implemented without prior notice to the Illinois EPA.

#### 8.4.2 Changes Requiring Prior Notification

The Permittee is authorized to make physical or operational changes that contravene express permit terms without applying for or obtaining an amendment to this permit, provided that [Section 39.5(12)(a)(i) of the Act]:

- a. The changes do not violate applicable requirements;

- b. The changes do not contravene federally enforceable permit terms or conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements;
- c. The changes do not constitute a modification under Title I of the CAA;
- d. Emissions will not exceed the emissions allowed under this permit following implementation of the physical or operational change; and
- e. The Permittee provides written notice to the Illinois EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control, Permit Section, at least 7 days before commencement of the change. This notice shall:
  - i. Describe the physical or operational change;
  - ii. Identify the schedule for implementing the physical or operational change;
  - iii. Provide a statement of whether or not any New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) is applicable to the physical or operational change and the reason why the NSPS does or does not apply;
  - iv. Provide emission calculations which demonstrate that the physical or operational change will not result in a modification; and
  - v. Provide a certification that the physical or operational change will not result in emissions greater than authorized under the Conditions of this permit.

#### 8.5 Testing Procedures

Tests conducted to measure composition of materials, efficiency of pollution control devices, emissions from process or control equipment, or other parameters shall be conducted using standard test methods. Documentation of the test date, conditions, methodologies, calculations, and test results shall be retained pursuant to the recordkeeping procedures of this permit. Reports of any tests conducted as required by this permit or as the result of a request by the Illinois EPA shall be submitted as specified in Condition 8.6.

## 8.6 Reporting Requirements

### 8.6.1 Monitoring Reports

If monitoring is required by any applicable requirements or conditions of this permit, a report summarizing the required monitoring results, as specified in the conditions of this permit, shall be submitted to the Air Compliance Section of the Illinois EPA every six months as follows [Section 39.5(7)(f) of the Act]:

| <u>Monitoring Period</u> | <u>Report Due Date</u> |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| January - June           | September 1            |
| July - December          | March 1                |

All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All such reports shall be certified in accordance with Condition 9.9.

### 8.6.2 Test Notifications

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, a written test plan for any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review at least 60 days prior to the testing pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act. The notification shall include at a minimum:

- a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);
- b. The person(s) who will be performing sampling and analysis and their experience with similar tests;
- c. The specific conditions under which testing will be performed, including a discussion of why these conditions will be representative of maximum emissions and the means by which the operating parameters for the source and any control equipment will be determined;
- d. The specific determination of emissions and operation which are intended to be made, including sampling and monitoring locations;
- e. The test method(s) which will be used, with the specific analysis method, if the method can be used with different analysis methods;
- f. Any minor changes in standard methodology proposed to accommodate the specific circumstances of testing, with justification; and

- g. Any proposed use of an alternative test method, with detailed justification.

#### 8.6.3 Test Reports

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, the results of any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA within 60 days of completion of the testing. The test report shall include at a minimum [Section 39.5(7)(e)(i) of the Act]:

- a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);
- b. The date and time of the sampling or measurements;
- c. The date any analyses were performed;
- d. The name of the company that performed the tests and/or analyses;
- e. The test and analytical methodologies used;
- f. The results of the tests including raw data, and/or analyses including sample calculations;
- g. The operating conditions at the time of the sampling or measurements; and
- h. The name of any relevant observers present including the testing company's representatives, any Illinois EPA or USEPA representatives, and the representatives of the source.

#### 8.6.4 Reporting Addresses

- a. The following addresses should be utilized for the submittal of reports, notifications, and renewals:
  - i. Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Section  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Bureau of Air  
Compliance Section (MC 40)  
P.O. Box 19276  
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
  - ii. Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office  
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Division of Air Pollution Control  
2009 Mall Street  
Collinsville, Illinois 62234

iii. Illinois EPA - Air Permit Section

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Division of Air Pollution Control  
Permit Section (MC 11)  
P.O. Box 19506  
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

iv. USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch

USEPA (AE - 17J)  
Air & Radiation Division  
77 West Jackson Boulevard  
Chicago, Illinois 60604

- b. Unless otherwise specified in the particular provision of this permit, reports shall be sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Section with a copy sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office.

8.7 Obligation to Comply with Title I Requirements

Any term, condition, or requirement identified in this permit by T1, T1R, or T1N is established or revised pursuant to 35 IAC Part 203 or 40 CFR 52.21 ("Title I provisions") and incorporated into this permit pursuant to both Section 39.5 and Title I provisions. Notwithstanding the expiration date on the first page of this permit, the Title I conditions remain in effect pursuant to Title I provisions until the Illinois EPA deletes or revises them in accordance with Title I procedures.

## 9.0 STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 9.1 Effect of Permit

9.1.1 The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from compliance with State and Federal regulations which are part of the Illinois State Implementation Plan, as well as with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States or the State of Illinois or applicable ordinances, except as specifically stated in this permit and as allowed by law and rule [Section 39.5(7)(j)(iv) of the Act].

9.1.2 In particular, this permit does not alter or affect the following:

- a. The provisions of Section 303 (emergency powers) of the CAA, including USEPA's authority under that Section;
- b. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
- c. The applicable requirements of the acid rain program consistent with Section 408(a) of the CAA; and
- d. The ability of USEPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 (inspections, monitoring, and entry) of the CAA.

9.1.3 Notwithstanding the conditions of this permit specifying compliance practices for applicable requirements, any person (including the Permittee) may also use other credible evidence to establish compliance or noncompliance with applicable requirements.

### 9.2 General Obligations of Permittee

#### 9.2.1 Duty to Comply

The Permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the Act, and is grounds for any or all of the following: enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, modification, or denial of a permit renewal application [Section 39.5(7)(o)(i) of the Act].

The Permittee shall meet applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term in a timely manner unless an alternate schedule for compliance with the applicable requirement is established.

9.2.2 Duty to Maintain Equipment

The Permittee shall maintain all equipment covered under this permit in such a manner that the performance or operation of such equipment shall not cause a violation of applicable requirements.

9.2.3 Duty to Cease Operation

No person shall cause, threaten or allow the continued operation of any emission unit during malfunction or breakdown of the emission unit or related air pollution control equipment if such operation would cause a violation of an applicable emission standard, regulatory requirement, ambient air quality standard or permit limitation unless such malfunction or breakdown is allowed by a permit condition [Section 39.5(6)(c) of the Act].

9.2.4 Disposal Operations

The source shall be operated in such a manner that the disposal of air contaminants collected by the equipment operations, or activities shall not cause a violation of the Act or regulations promulgated thereunder.

9.2.5 Duty to Pay Fees

The Permittee must pay fees to the Illinois EPA consistent with the fee schedule approved pursuant to Section 39.5(18) of the Act, and submit any information relevant thereto [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vi) of the Act]. The check should be payable to "Treasurer, State of Illinois" and sent to: Fiscal Services Section, Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276.

9.3 Obligation to Allow Illinois EPA Surveillance

Upon presentation of proper credentials and other documents, the Permittee shall allow the Illinois EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following [Section 39.5(7)(a) and (p)(ii) of the Act and 415 ILCS 5/4]:

- a. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where an actual or potential emission unit is located; where any regulated equipment, operation, or activity is located or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect during hours of operation any sources, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control

equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;

- d. Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location:
  - i. At reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance; or
  - ii. As otherwise authorized by the CAA, or the Act.
- e. Obtain and remove samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants authorized by this permit; and
- f. Enter and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purposes of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any activity, discharge or emission at the source authorized by this permit.

#### 9.4 Obligation to Comply with Other Requirements

The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and applicable local ordinances addressing subjects other than air pollution control.

#### 9.5 Liability

##### 9.5.1 Title

This permit shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted source is located.

##### 9.5.2 Liability of Permittee

This permit does not release the Permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the sources.

##### 9.5.3 Structural Stability

This permit does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any unit or part of the source.

##### 9.5.4 Illinois EPA Liability

This permit in no manner implies or suggests that the Illinois EPA (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability, directly or indirectly, for any

loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the source.

#### 9.5.5 Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege [Section 39.5(7)(o)(iv) of the Act].

### 9.6 Recordkeeping

#### 9.6.1 Control Equipment Maintenance Records

A maintenance record shall be kept on the premises for each item of air pollution control equipment. As a minimum, this record shall show the dates of performance and nature of preventative maintenance activities.

#### 9.6.2 Records of Changes in Operation

A record shall be kept describing changes made at the source that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement, but not otherwise regulated under this permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes [Section 39.5(12)(b)(iv) of the Act].

#### 9.6.3 Retention of Records

- a. Records of all monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit [Section 39.5(7)(e)(ii) of the Act].
- b. Other records required by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of entry unless a longer period is specified by a particular permit provision.

### 9.7 Annual Emissions Report

The Permittee shall submit an annual emissions report to the Illinois EPA, Compliance Section no later than May 1 of the following year, as required by 35 IAC Part 254.

### 9.8 Requirements for Compliance Certification

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(p)(v) of the Act, the Permittee shall submit annual compliance certifications. The compliance

certifications shall be submitted no later than May 1 or more frequently as specified in the applicable requirements or by permit condition. The compliance certifications shall be submitted to the Air Compliance Section, Air Regional Field Office, and USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch. The addresses for the submittal of the compliance certifications are provided in Condition 8.6.4 of this permit.

- a. The certification shall include the identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification; the compliance status; whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, both currently and over the reporting period consistent with the conditions of this permit.
- b. All compliance certifications shall be submitted to USEPA Region 5 in Chicago as well as to the Illinois EPA.
- c. All compliance reports required to be submitted shall include a certification in accordance with Condition 9.9.

#### 9.9 Certification

Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall contain a certification by a responsible official of the Permittee that meets the requirements of Section 39.5(5) of the Act [Section 39.5(7)(p)(i) of the Act]. An example Certification by a Responsible Official is included as an attachment to this permit.

#### 9.10 Defense to Enforcement Actions

##### 9.10.1 Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit [Section 39.5(7)(o)(ii) of the Act].

##### 9.10.2 Emergency Provision

- a. An emergency shall be an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with the technology-based emission limitations under this permit if the following conditions are met through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence:
  - i. An emergency occurred as provided in Section 39.5(7)(k) of the Act and the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency.

Normally, an act of God such as lightning or flood is considered an emergency;

- ii. The permitted source was at the time being properly operated;
  - iii. The Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Illinois EPA within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken; and
  - iv. During the period of the emergency the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission limitations, standards, or regulations in this permit.
- b. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. This provision does not relieve a Permittee of any reporting obligations under existing federal or state laws or regulations.

#### 9.11 Permanent Shutdown

This permit only covers emission units and control equipment while physically present at the indicated source location(s). Unless this permit specifically provides for equipment relocation, this permit is void for the operation or activity of any item of equipment on the date it is removed from the permitted location(s) or permanently shut down. This permit expires if all equipment is removed from the permitted location(s), notwithstanding the expiration date specified on this permit.

#### 9.12 Reopening and Reissuing Permit for Cause

##### 9.12.1 Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, reopened, and reissued, for cause pursuant to Section 39.5(15) of the Act. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation, and reissuance, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition [Section 39.5(7)(o)(iii) of the Act].

#### 9.12.2 Reopening and Revision

This permit must be reopened and revised if any of the following occur [Section 39.5(15)(a) of the Act]:

- a. Additional requirements become applicable to the equipment covered by this permit and three or more years remain before expiration of this permit;
- b. Additional requirements become applicable to an affected source for acid deposition under the acid rain program;
- c. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or inaccurate statement when establishing the emission standards or limitations, or other terms or conditions of this permit; and
- d. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit must be revised to ensure compliance with the applicable requirements of the Act.

#### 9.12.3 Inaccurate Application

The Illinois EPA has issued this permit based upon the information submitted by the Permittee in the permit application. Any misinformation, false statement or misrepresentation in the application shall be grounds for revocation under Section 39.5(15)(b) of the Act.

#### 9.12.4 Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Illinois EPA, within a reasonable time specified by the Illinois EPA any information that the Illinois EPA may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Illinois EPA copies of records required to be kept by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee may furnish such records directly to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality [Section 39.5(7)(o)(v) of the Act].

#### 9.13 Severability Clause

The provisions of this permit are severable, and should any one or more be determined to be illegal or unenforceable, the validity of the other provisions shall not be affected. The rights and obligations of the Permittee shall be construed and enforced as if this permit did not contain the particular provisions held to be invalid and the applicable requirements

underlying these provisions shall remain in force [Section 39.5(7)(i) of the Act].

#### 9.14 Permit Expiration and Renewal

The right to operate terminates on the expiration date unless the Permittee has submitted a timely and complete renewal application. For a renewal to be timely it must be submitted no later than 9 and no sooner than 12 months prior to expiration. The equipment may continue to operate during the renewal period until final action is taken by the Illinois EPA, in accordance with the original permit conditions [Section 39.5(5)(1), (n), and (o) of the Act].

10.0 ATTACHMENTS

10.1 Attachment 1 - Significant Storage Tanks

Table 1 - External Floating Roof Tanks<sup>a</sup>

| <u>Tank No.</u> | <u>Date Constructed</u> | <u>Nominal Capacity<br/>(Gallons)</u> |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 120-1           | 1947                    | 5,040,000                             |
| 120-2           | 1947                    | 5,040,000                             |
| 120-3           | 1953                    | 5,040,000                             |
| 120-4           | 1953                    | 5,040,000                             |
| 120-5           | 1953                    | 5,040,000                             |
| 120-8           | 1957                    | 5,040,000                             |
| 80-4            | 1945                    | 3,360,000                             |
| 80-5            | 1949                    | 3,360,000                             |
| 80-11           | 1953                    | 3,360,000                             |
| 20-8            | 1960                    | 840,000                               |
| 10-20           | 1961                    | 420,000                               |
| 5-10            | 1954                    | 215,880                               |

<sup>a</sup> The tanks above are used to store gasoline with a Reid Vapor Pressure not to exceed 15 (RVP 15) and all volatile petroleum liquids (VPLs) with vapor pressures lower than gasoline, RVP 15. The tanks will also store ethanol and toluene may be stored in any two tanks. All floating roof tanks have no vapor space and meet the requirement for submerged loading. All tanks were constructed prior to 1972 and therefore are not subject to NSPS.

10.2 Attachment 2 - Example Certification by a Responsible Official

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Official Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

### 10.3 Attachment 3 - Guidance on Revising This Permit

The Permittee must submit an application to the Illinois EPA using the appropriate revision classification in accordance with Sections 39.5(13) and (14) of the Act and 35 IAC 270.302. Specifically, there are currently three classifications for revisions to a CAAPP permit. These are:

1. Administrative Permit Amendment;
2. Minor Permit Modification; and
3. Significant Permit Modification.

The Permittee must determine, request, and submit the necessary information to allow the Illinois EPA to use the appropriate procedure to revise the CAAPP permit. A brief explanation of each of these classifications follows.

1. Administrative Permit Amendment
  - Corrects typographical errors;
  - Identifies a change in the name, address, or phone number of any person identified in the permit, or provides a similar minor administrative change at the source;
  - Requires more frequent monitoring or reporting by the Permittee;
  - Allows for a change in ownership or operational control of the source where no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new Permittees has been submitted to the Illinois EPA. This shall be handled by completing form 272-CAAPP, REQUEST FOR OWNERSHIP CHANGE FOR CAAPP PERMIT; or
  - Incorporates into the CAAPP permit a construction permit, provided the conditions of the construction permit meet the requirements for the issuance of CAAPP permits.
2. Minor Permit Modification
  - Do not violate any applicable requirement;
  - Do not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting, or recordkeeping requirements in the permit;

- Do not require a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis;
- Do not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no corresponding underlying requirement and which avoids an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject. Such terms and conditions include:
  - A federally enforceable emissions cap assumed to avoid classification as a modification under any provision of Title I of the CAA; and
  - An alternative emissions limit approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under Section 112(i)(5) of the CAA.
- Are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the CAA;
- Are not required to be processed as a significant permit modification; and
- Modifications involving the use of economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar approaches.

An application for a minor permit modification shall include the following:

- A description of the change, the emissions resulting from the change, and any new applicable requirements that will apply if the change occurs;
- The source's suggested draft permit/conditions;
- Certification by a responsible official that the proposed modification meets the criteria for use of minor permit modification procedures and a request that such procedures be used; and
- Information as contained on form 271-CAAPP, MINOR PERMIT MODIFICATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT for the Illinois EPA to use to notify USEPA and affected States.

3. Significant Permit Modification

- Applications that do not qualify as either minor permit modifications or as administrative permit amendments;

- Applications requesting a significant change in existing monitoring permit terms or conditions;
- Applications requesting a relaxation of reporting or recordkeeping requirements; and
- Cases in which, in the judgment of the Illinois EPA, action on an application for modification would require decisions to be made on technically complex issues.

An application for a significant permit modification shall include the following:

- A detailed description of the proposed change(s), including all physical changes to equipment, changes in the method of operation, changes in emissions of each pollutant, and any new applicable requirements which will apply as a result of the proposed change. Note that the Permittee need only submit revised forms for equipment and operations that will be modified.

The Illinois EPA requires the information on the following appropriate forms to be submitted in accordance with the proper classification:

- Form 273-CAAPP, REQUEST FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT AMENDMENT FOR CAAPP PERMIT; or
- Form 271-CAAPP, MINOR PERMIT MODIFICATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT; or
- Form 200-CAAPP, APPLICATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT (for significant modification).

Application forms can be obtained from the Illinois EPA website at <http://www.epa.state.il.us/air/forms>.

Note that the request to revise the permit must be certified for truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official.

Note that failure to submit the required information may require the Illinois EPA to deny the application. The Illinois EPA reserves the right to require that additional information be submitted as needed to evaluate or take final action on applications pursuant to Section 39.5(5)(g) of the Act and 35 IAC 270.305.



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
 Division Of Air Pollution Control -- Permit Section  
 P.O. Box 19506  
 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

|   |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| <b>Application For Construction Permit (For CAAPP Sources Only)</b> | <b>For Illinois EPA use only</b> |
|   | I.D. number:                     |
|   | Permit number:                   |
|   | Date received:                   |

This form is to be used by CAAPP sources to supply information necessary to obtain a construction permit. Please attach other necessary information and completed CAAPP forms regarding this construction/modification project.

| <b>Source Information</b>   |              |               |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| 1. Source name:   |              |               |
| 2. Source street address:   |              |               |
| 3. City:  | 4. Zip code: |               |
| 5. Is the source located within city limits? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No |              |               |
| 6. Township name:   | 7. County:   | 8. ID number: |

| <b>Owner Information</b> |            |               |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------|
| 9. Name:                 |            |               |
| 10. Address:             |            |               |
| 11. City:                | 12. State: | 13. Zip code: |

| <b>Operator Information (if different from owner)</b> |            |               |
|---|------------|---------------|
| 14. Name  |            |               |
| 15. Address:  |            |               |
| 16. City:   | 17. State: | 18. Zip code: |

| <b>Applicant Information</b>  |  |
|---|--|
| 19. Who is the applicant?<br><input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Operator | 20. All correspondence to: (check one)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Operator <input type="checkbox"/> Source |
| 21. Attention name and/or title for written correspondence:                                   |  |
| 22. Technical contact person for application:   | 23. Contact person's telephone number:   |

This Agency is authorized to require and you must disclose this information under 415 ILCS 5/39. Failure to do so could result in the application being denied and penalties under 415 ILCS 5 et seq. It is not necessary to use this form in providing this information. This form has been approved by the forms management center.

| <b>Summary Of Application Contents</b>  |  |
|---|--|
| 24. Does the application address whether the proposed project would constitute a new major source or major modification under each of the following programs:<br>a) Non-attainment New Source Review – 35 IAC Part 203;<br>b) Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) – 40 CFR 52.21;<br>c) Hazardous Air Pollutants: Regulations Governing Constructed or Reconstructed Major Sources – 40 CFR Part 63?  | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No   |
| 25. Does the application identify and address all applicable emissions standards, including those found in the following:<br>a) Board Emission Standards – 35 IAC Chapter I, Subtitle B;<br>b) Federal New Source Performance Standards – 40 CFR Part 60;<br>c) Federal Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants – 40 CFR Parts 61 and 63?  | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No   |
| 26. Does the application include a process flow diagram(s) showing all emission units and control equipment, and their relationship, for which a permit is being sought?  | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No   |
| 27. Does the application include a complete process description for the emission units and control equipment for which a permit is being sought?  | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No   |
| 28. Does the application include the information as contained in completed CAAPP forms for all appropriate emission units and air pollution control equipment, listing all applicable requirements and proposed exemptions from otherwise applicable requirements, and identifying and describing any outstanding legal actions by either the USEPA or the Illinois EPA?<br>Note: The use of "APC" application forms is not appropriate for applications for CAAPP sources. CAAPP forms should be used to supply information. | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No   |
| 29. If the application contains TRADE SECRET information, has such information been properly marked and claimed, and have two separate copies of the application suitable for public inspection and notice been submitted, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations?   | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No<br><br><input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable, No TRADE SECRET information in this application |

Note 1: Answering "No" to any of the above may result in the application being deemed incomplete.

| <b>Signature Block</b>   |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| This certification must be signed by a responsible official. Applications without a signed certification will be returned as incomplete.   |                               |
| 30. I certify under penalty of law that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information contained in this application are true, accurate and complete.<br>Authorized Signature: |                               |
| _____<br>AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE  | _____<br>TITLE OF SIGNATORY   |
| _____<br>TYPED OR PRINTED NAME OF SIGNATORY  | _____ / _____ / _____<br>DATE |

Note 2: An operating permit for the construction/modification permitted in a construction permit must be obtained by applying for the appropriate revision to the source's CAAPP permit, if necessary.

10.5 Attachment 5 - Guidance on Renewing This Permit

Timeliness - Pursuant to Section 39.5(5)(n) of the Act and 35 IAC 270.301(d), a source must submit to the Illinois EPA a complete CAAPP application for the renewal of a CAAPP permit not later than 9 months before the date of permit expiration of the existing CAAPP permit in order for the submittal to be deemed timely. Note that the Illinois EPA typically sends out renewal notices approximately 18 months prior to the expiration of the CAAPP permit.

The CAAPP application must provide all of the following information in order for the renewal CAAPP application to be deemed complete by the Illinois EPA:

1. A completed renewal application form 200-CAAPP, APPLICATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT.
2. A completed compliance plan form 293-CAAPP, COMPLIANCE PLAN/SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE FOR CAAPP PERMIT.
3. A completed compliance certification form 296-CAAPP, COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION, signed by the responsible official.
4. Any applicable requirements that became effective during the term of the permit and that were not included in the permit as a reopening or permit revision.
5. If this is the first time this permit is being renewed and this source has not yet addressed CAM, the application should contain the information on form 464-CAAPP, COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE MONITORING (CAM) PLAN.
6. Information addressing any outstanding transfer agreement pursuant to the ERMS.
7. a. If operations of an emission unit or group of emission units remain unchanged and are accurately depicted in previous submittals, the application may contain a letter signed by a responsible official that requests incorporation by reference of existing information previously submitted and on file with the Illinois EPA. This letter must also include a statement that information incorporated by reference is also being certified for truth and accuracy by the responsible official's signing of the form 200-CAAPP, APPLICATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT and the form 296-CAAPP, COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION. The boxes should be marked yes on form 200-CAAPP, APPLICATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT, as existing information is being incorporated by reference.

- b. If portions of current operations are not as described in previous submittals, then in addition to the information above for operations that remain unchanged, the application must contain the necessary information on all changes, e.g., discussion of changes, new or revised CAAPP forms, and a revised fee form 292-CAAPP, FEE DETERMINATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT, if necessary.
8. Information about all off-permit changes that were not prohibited or addressed by the permit to occur without a permit revision and the information must be sufficient to identify all applicable requirements, including monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements, for such changes.
9. Information about all changes made under 40 CFR 70.4(b)(12)(i) and (ii) that require a 7-day notification prior to the change without requiring a permit revision.

The Illinois EPA will review all applications for completeness and timeliness. If the renewal application is deemed both timely and complete, the source shall continue to operate in accordance with the terms and conditions of its CAAPP permit until final action is taken on the renewal application.

Notwithstanding the completeness determination, the Illinois EPA may request additional information necessary to evaluate or take final action on the CAAPP renewal application. If such additional information affects your allowable emission limits, a revised form 292-CAAPP, FEE DETERMINATION FOR CAAPP PERMIT must be submitted with the requested information. The failure to submit to the Illinois EPA the requested information within the time frame specified by the Illinois EPA, may force the Illinois EPA to deny your CAAPP renewal application pursuant to Section 39.5 of the Act.

Application forms may be obtained from the Illinois EPA website at <http://www.epa.state.il.us/air/forms.html>.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact a permit analyst at 217/782-2113.

Mail renewal applications to:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency  
Division of Air Pollution Control  
Permit Section (MC 11)  
P.O. Box 19506  
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

SIS:psj