PROPOSED/DRAFT CAPP PERMIT
March 20, 2012

217/785-1705

RENEWAL
CLEAN AIR ACT PERMIT PROGRAM (CAAPP) PERMIT

PERMITTEE:

Ameren Energy Generating Company
Attn: Michael L. Menne, Vice President Environmental Services
1901 Chouteau Avenue (MC 602)
Post Office Box 66149
St. Louis, Missouri 63166-6149

I.D. No.: 031438ABC
Application No.: 03080009

Date Received: January 15, 2008
Date Originally Issued: March 20, 2009
Date Revised Permit Issued: TBD
Expiration Date[1]: March 20, 2014

Operation of: Ameren Energy Generating Company, Electric Generation
Source Location: Elgin Energy Center, 1559 Gifford Road, Elgin, Cook County, 60120
Responsible Official: Michael L. Menne, Vice President Environmental Services

This permit is hereby granted to the above-designated Permittee to OPERATE an electric power generation plant, pursuant to the above referenced permit application. This permit is subject to the conditions contained herein.

If you have any questions concerning this permit, please contact Kaushal Desai at 217/785-1705.

Edwin C. Bakowski, P.E.
Manager, Permit Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

ECB:KKD:psj

cc: Illinois EPA, FOS, Region 1
CES
Lotus Notes

[1] Except as provided in Condition 8.7 of this permit.

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Source Identification

Elgin Energy Center
1559 Gifford Road
Elgin, Illinois 60120
314/554-2816

I.D. No.: 031438ABC
County: Cook
Standard Industrial Classification: 4911, Electric Utility

### 1.2 Owner/Parent Company

Ameren Energy Generating Company
1901 Chouteau Avenue (MC 602)
Post Office Box 66149
St. Louis, Missouri 63166-6149

### 1.3 Operator

Ameren Energy Generating Company
1901 Chouteau Avenue (MC 602)
Post Office Box 66149
St. Louis, Missouri 63166-6149

Michael L. Menne, Vice President Environmental Services
314/554-2816

### 1.4 Source Description

Elgin Energy Center is located at 1559 Gifford Road, Elgin. The source utilizes four natural gas turbines to generate electricity. In addition, the turbines control $NO_x$ with dry low $NO_x$ combustors.

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

### 1.5 Title I Conditions

As generally identified below, this CAAPP permit contains certain conditions for emission units at this source that address the applicability of permitting programs for the construction and modification of sources, which programs were established pursuant to Title I of the Clean Air Act (CAA) and regulations thereunder. These programs include PSD and MSSCAM, and are implemented by the Illinois EPA pursuant to Sections 9, 9.1, 39(a) and 39.5(7)(a) of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act (Act). These conditions continue in effect, notwithstanding the expiration date specified on the first page of this permit, as their authority derives from Titles I and V of the CAA, as well as Titles II and X of the Act. (See also Condition 8.7.)

a. This permit contains Title I conditions that reflect Title I requirements established in permits previously issued for this source, which conditions are specifically designated as “T1”.

## 2.0 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS COMMONLY USED

| | |
|---|---|
| ACMA | Alternative Compliance Market Account |
| Act | Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/1 et seq.] |
| AP-42 | Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume 1, Stationary Point and Other Sources (and Supplements A through F), USEPA, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711 |
| ATU | Allotment Trading Unit |
| BACT | Best Available Control Technology |
| BAT | Best Available Technology |
| CAA | Clean Air Act [42 U.S.C. Section 7401 et seq.] |
| CAAPP | Clean Air Act Permit Program |
| CAM | Compliance Assurance Monitoring |
| CEMS | Continuous Emission Monitoring System |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| CO | Carbon Monoxide |
| ERMS | Emissions Reduction Market System |
| HAP | Hazardous Air Pollutant |
| IAC | Illinois Administrative Code |
| I.D. No. | Identification Number of Source, assigned by Illinois EPA |
| ILCS | Illinois Compiled Statutes |
| Illinois EPA | Illinois Environmental Protection Agency |
| LAER | Lowest Achievable Emission Rate |
| MACT | Maximum Achievable Control Technology |
| MSSCAM | Major Stationary Sources Construction and Modification (35 IAC 203, New Source Review for non-attainment areas) |
| NESHAP | National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants |
| $NO_x$ | Nitrogen Oxides |
| NSPS | New Source Performance Standards |
| PM | Particulate Matter |
| $PM_{10}$ | Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 microns as measured by applicable test or monitoring methods |
| $PM_{2.5}$ | Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 2.5 microns as measured by applicable test or monitoring methods |
| PSD | Prevention of Significant Deterioration (40 CFR 52.21, New Source Review for attainment areas) |
| RMP | Risk Management Plan |
| $SO_2$ | Sulfur Dioxide |
| T1 | Title I – identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit |
| T1N | Title I New – identifies Title I conditions that are being established in this permit |
| T1R | Title I Revised – identifies Title I conditions that have been carried over from an existing permit and subsequently revised in this permit |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| VOM | Volatile Organic Material |

## 3.0 CONDITIONS FOR INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

### 3.1 Identification of Insignificant Activities

The following activities at the source constitute insignificant activities as specified in 35 IAC 201.210:

3.1.1 Activities determined by the Illinois EPA to be insignificant activities, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(1) and 201.211, as follows:

Indirect Heaters < 10 mmBtu/hr

3.1.2 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon maximum emissions, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(2) or (a)(3), as follows:

None

3.1.3 Activities that are insignificant activities based upon their type or character, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(a)(4) through (18), as follows:

None

3.1.4 Activities that are considered insignificant activities pursuant to 35 IAC 201.210(b). Note: These activities are not required to be individually listed.

### 3.2 Compliance with Applicable Requirements

Insignificant activities are subject to applicable requirements notwithstanding status as insignificant activities. In particular, in addition to regulations of general applicability, such as 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.123 (Condition 5.3.2), the Permittee shall comply with the following requirements, as applicable:

3.2.1 For each particulate matter process emission unit, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable particulate matter emission limit of 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322 (see Attachment 2) and 35 IAC Part 266. For example, the particulate matter emissions from a process emission unit shall not exceed 0.55 pounds per hour if the emission unit’s process weight rate is 100 pounds per hour or less, pursuant to 35 IAC 266.110.

3.2.2 For each organic material emission unit that uses organic material, e.g., a mixer or printing line, the Permittee shall comply with the applicable VOM emission limit of 35 IAC 218.301, which requires that organic material emissions not exceed 8.0 pounds per hour or, if no odor nuisance exists, do not qualify as photochemically reactive material as defined in 35 IAC 211.4690.

3.2.3 For each open burning activity, the Permittee shall comply with 35 IAC Part 237, including the requirement to obtain a permit for open burning in accordance with 35 IAC 237.201, if necessary.

3.3 Addition of Insignificant Activities

3.3.1 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type that is identified in Condition 3.1, until the renewal application for this permit is submitted, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.212(a).

3.3.2 The Permittee must notify the Illinois EPA of any proposed addition of a new insignificant activity of a type addressed by 35 IAC 201.210(a) and 201.211 other than those identified in Condition 3.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(12)(b) of the Act.

3.3.3 The Permittee is not required to notify the Illinois EPA of additional insignificant activities present at the source of a type identified in 35 IAC 201.210(b).

## 4.0 SIGNIFICANT EMISSION UNITS AT THIS SOURCE

| Emission Unit | Description | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment |
|---|---|---|---|
| CT01 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |
| CT03 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |
| CT02 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |
| CT04 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |

## 5.0 OVERALL SOURCE CONDITIONS

### 5.1 Applicability of Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP)

5.1.1 This permit is issued based on the source requiring a CAAPP permit as a major source of $NO_x$ and CO emissions.

5.1.2 This permit is issued based on the source requiring a CAAPP permit as an "affected source" for the purposes of Acid Deposition Control, Title IV of the Clean Air Act, pursuant to 40 CFR 70.3(a)(4).

5.1.3 This permit is issued based on the source being a synthetic minor source of HAP emissions.

### 5.2 Area Designation

This permit is issued based on the source being located in an area that, as of the date of permit issuance, is designated nonattainment for the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for ozone (moderate nonattainment) and $PM_{2.5}$ and attainment or unclassifiable for all other criteria pollutants (CO, lead, $NO_2$, $PM_{10}$, $SO_2$).

### 5.3 Source-Wide Applicable Provisions and Regulations

5.3.1 Specific emission units at this source are subject to particular regulations as set forth in Section 7 (Unit-Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit.

5.3.2 In addition, emission units at this source are subject to the following regulations of general applicability:

a. No person shall cause or allow the emission of fugitive particulate matter from any process, including any material handling or storage activity, that is visible by an observer looking generally overhead at a point beyond the property line of the source unless the wind speed is greater than 40.2 kilometers per hour (25 miles per hour), pursuant to 35 IAC 212.301 and 212.314.

b. Pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123(a), no person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit other than those emission units subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 212.122, except as allowed by 35 IAC 212.123(b) and 212.124.

5.3.3 Ozone Depleting Substances

The Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction of ozone depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B of 40 CFR Part 82:

a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.

b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.

c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

5.3.4 Risk Management Plan (RMP)

Should this stationary source, as defined in 40 CFR 68.3, become subject to the federal regulations for Chemical Accident Prevention in 40 CFR Part 68, then the owner or operator shall submit the items below. This condition is imposed in this permit pursuant to 40 CFR 68.215(a)(2)(i) and (ii).

a. A compliance schedule for meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date provided in 40 CFR 68.10(a); or

b. A certification statement that the source is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including the registration and submission of the RMP, as part of the annual compliance certification required by Condition 9.8.

5.3.5 Future Emission Standards

a. Should this stationary source become subject to a new or revised regulation under 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, 62, or 63, or 35 IAC Subtitle B after the date issued of this permit, then the owner or operator shall, in accordance with the applicable regulation(s), comply with the applicable requirements by the date(s) specified and shall certify compliance with the applicable requirements of such regulation(s) as part of the annual compliance certification, as required by Condition 9.8. This permit may also have to be revised or reopened to address such new or revised regulations (see Condition 9.12.2).

b. This permit and the terms and conditions herein do not affect the Permittee’s past and/or continuing obligation with respect to statutory or regulatory requirements governing major source construction or modification under Title I of the CAA. Further, neither the issuance of this permit nor any of the terms or conditions of the permit shall alter or affect the liability of the Permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance.

5.3.6 Episode Action Plan

a. Pursuant to 35 IAC 244.141, 244.142, and 244.143, the Permittee shall maintain at the source and have on file with the Illinois EPA a written episode action plan (plan) for reducing the levels of emissions during yellow alerts, red alerts, and emergencies, consistent with safe operating procedures. The plan shall contain the information specified in 35 IAC 244.144 and is incorporated by reference into this permit.

b. The Permittee shall immediately implement the appropriate steps described in this plan should an air pollution alert or emergency be declared by the Director of the Illinois EPA or his or her designated representative.

c. If an operational change occurs at the source which invalidates the plan, a revised plan shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review within 30 days of the change, pursuant to 35 IAC 244.143(d). Such plans shall be further revised if disapproved by the Illinois EPA.

d. Any subsequent revisions of the plan shall also be sent to the Cook County Department of Environmental Control.

5.4 Source-Wide Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

Source-wide non-applicability of regulations of concern are not set for this source. However, there are terms for unit specific non-applicability of regulations of concern set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.5 Source-Wide Control Requirements and Work Practices

Source-wide control requirements and work practices are not set for this source. However, there are requirements for unit specific control requirements and work practices set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.6 Source-Wide Production and Emission Limitations

5.6.1 Permitted Emissions for Fees

The annual emissions from the source, not considering insignificant activities as addressed by Section 3.0 of this permit, shall not exceed the following limitations. The overall source emissions shall be determined by adding emissions from all emission units. Compliance with these limits shall be determined on a calendar year basis. These limitations (Condition 5.6.1) are set for the purpose of establishing fees and are not federally enforceable (see Section 39.5(18) of the Act).

Permitted Emissions of Regulated Pollutants

| Pollutant | Tons/Year |
|---|---|
| Volatile Organic Material (VOM) | 11.7 |
| Sulfur Dioxide ($SO_2$) | 2.9 |
| Particulate Matter (PM) | 42.2 |
| Nitrogen Oxides ($NO_x$) | 235.5 |
| HAP, not included in VOM or PM | ---- |
| Total | 292.3 |

5.6.2 Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants

a. Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act, the emissions of HAPs from the source shall be less than 10 tons/year for each individual HAP and 25 tons/year for all HAPs combined.

Note: Emissions of HAPs are maintained at less than major source thresholds as a result of the limitations in Section 7.1.6(a).

5.6.3 Other Source-Wide Production and Emission Limitations

Other source-wide emission limitations are not set for this source pursuant to the federal rules for PSD, state rules for MSSCAM, or Section 502(b)(10) of the CAA. However, there may be unit specific emission limitations set forth in Section 7 of this permit pursuant to these rules.

5.7 Source-Wide Testing Requirements

5.7.1 Pursuant to 35 IAC 201.282 and Section 4(b) of the Act, every emission source or air pollution control equipment shall be subject to the following testing requirements for the purpose of determining the nature and quantities of specified air contaminant emissions and for the purpose of determining ground level and ambient air concentrations of such air contaminants:

a. Testing by Owner or Operator: The Illinois EPA may require the owner or operator of the emission source or air pollution control equipment to conduct such tests in accordance with procedures adopted by the Illinois EPA, at such reasonable times as may be specified by the Illinois EPA and at the expense of the owner or operator of the emission source or air pollution control equipment. All such tests shall be made by or under the direction of a person qualified by training and/or experience in the field of air pollution testing. The Illinois EPA shall have the right to observe all aspects of such tests [35 IAC 201.282(a)].

b. Testing by the Illinois EPA: The Illinois EPA shall have the right to conduct such tests at any time at its own expense. Upon request of the Illinois EPA, the owner or operator of the emission source or air pollution control

equipment shall provide, without charge to the Illinois EPA, necessary holes in stacks or ducts and other safe and proper testing facilities, including scaffolding, but excluding instruments and sensing devices, as may be necessary [35 IAC 201.282(b)].

c. Any such tests are also subject to the Testing Procedures of Condition 8.5 set forth in the General Permit Conditions of Section 8.

5.7.2 HAP Testing to Verify Minor Source Status

Pursuant to Condition 5.7.1 and to verify compliance with the requirements of Condition 5.6.2, that is that this source is not a major source of HAPs, the following testing requirements are established:

a. If in the previous calendar year, the source exceeded the production limitations in 7.1.6(a), then testing for HAPs shall be conducted as follows:

i. Testing shall be conducted using methods that would be acceptable under the federal National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines, 40 CFR 63 Subpart YYYY. Specifically, the testing procedures detailed at 40 CFR 63.6120 of the performance tests section shall be used. For multiple turbines, the source owner or operator shall test largest turbine which makes the largest contributions to individual and total HAP emissions.

b. The testing shall be done within 180 days of the exceedance.

c. Any such tests are also subject to the Testing Procedures of Condition 8.5 set forth in the General Permit Conditions of Section 8.

5.8 Source-Wide Monitoring Requirements

Source-wide monitoring requirements are not set for this source. However, there are provisions for unit specific monitoring set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.9 Source-Wide Recordkeeping Requirements

5.9.1 Annual Emission Records

The Permittee shall maintain records of total annual emissions on a calendar year basis for the emission units covered by Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.6.1, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act.

5.9.2 Records for HAP Emissions

a. The Permittee shall maintain records demonstrating how compliance with the production limits of 7.1.6(a) results in compliance with Condition 5.6.2 or alternatively shall maintain records of individual and combined HAP emissions on a monthly and annual basis for the emission units covered by Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit to demonstrate compliance with Condition 5.6.2, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act.

b. If testing is required by Condition 5.7.2, the Permittee shall keep records of the testing, including the test date, conditions, methodologies, calculations, test results, and any discrepancies between the test results and formulation specifications of Condition 5.9.2(c) below.

c. The Permittee shall keep a record of the applicability determination for 40 CFR 63, Subpart YYYY, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines, at the source for a period of five years after the determination. This determination shall include a detailed analysis that demonstrates why the Permittee believes the source is not subject to 40 CFR 63, Subpart YYYY [40 CFR 63.10(b)(3)].

5.9.3 Retention and Availability of Records

a. All records and logs required by this permit shall be retained for at least five years from the date of entry (unless a longer retention period is specified by the particular recordkeeping provision herein), shall be kept at a location at the source that is readily accessible to the Illinois EPA or USEPA, and shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Illinois EPA or USEPA upon request.

b. The Permittee shall retrieve and provide copies (electronic or paper) during normal source office hours, any records retained in an electronic format (e.g., computer) in response to an Illinois EPA or USEPA request for records during the course of a source inspection.

5.10 <u>Source-Wide Reporting Requirements</u>

5.10.1 General Source-Wide Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the source with the permit requirements within 30 days, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures

taken. There are also reporting requirements for unit specific emission units set forth in Section 7 of this permit.

5.10.2 Annual Emissions Report

The annual emissions report required pursuant to Condition 9.7 shall contain emissions information for the previous calendar year.

5.11 Source-Wide Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Source-wide operational flexibility is not set for this source.

5.12 Source-Wide Compliance Procedures

5.12.1 Procedures for Calculating Emissions

Except as provided in Condition 9.1.3, compliance with the source-wide emission limits specified in Condition 5.6 shall be addressed by the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 5.9 and 5.10, and compliance procedures in Section 7 (Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units) of this permit.

## 6.0 CONDITIONS FOR EMISSIONS CONTROL PROGRAMS

### 6.1 Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Program

#### 6.1.1 Applicability

This source is an affected source for purposes of the Clean Air Interstate Rule ("CAIR") Program and the following emission units at the source are affected CAIR units:

Turbines CT01-04

Note: Under Section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA), the USEPA adopted the Clean Air Interstate Rule or CAIR, 40 CFR Part 96, to reduce and permanently cap emissions of sulfur dioxide ($SO_2$), and nitrogen oxides ($NO_x$) from electric power plants that significantly contribute to fine particulate and ozone in the ambient air in the Eastern United States. To implement CAIR in Illinois, the Illinois EPA adopted 35 IAC Part 225 Subparts A, C, D and E. For purposes of this permit, these requirements are referred to as CAIR provisions.

#### 6.1.2 Applicable CAIR Requirements for $SO_2$ Emissions

The owners and operators of this source shall not violate applicable CAIR provisions, in 35 IAC Part 225, Subpart C. $SO_2$ emissions from the affected CAIR units shall not exceed the equivalent number of allowances that the source lawfully holds under these CAIR provisions.

Note: CAIR affected sources must hold CAIR $SO_2$ allowances to account for the emissions from the affected CAIR units. Each CAIR $SO_2$ allowance is a limited authorization to emit during the respective CAIR $SO_2$ annual period or subsequent period. The possession of $SO_2$ allowances does not authorize exceedances of applicable emission standards or violations of ambient air quality standards.

#### 6.1.3 Applicable CAIR Requirements for $NO_x$ Emissions

The owners and operators of this source shall not violate applicable CAIR provisions, in 35 IAC Part 225, Subpart D. $NO_x$ emissions from the affected CAIR units shall not exceed the equivalent number of allowances that the source lawfully holds under these CAIR provisions.

Note: CAIR affected sources must hold CAIR $NO_x$ allowances to account for the emissions from the affected CAIR units. Each CAIR $NO_x$ allowance is a limited authorization to emit during the respective CAIR $NO_x$ annual period or subsequent period. The possession of $NO_x$ allowances does not authorize exceedances of applicable emission standards or violations of ambient air quality standards.

6.1.4 Applicable CAIR Requirements for $NO_x$ Ozone Season Emissions

The owners and operators of this source shall not violate applicable CAIR provisions, in 35 IAC Part 225, Subpart E. Seasonal $NO_x$ emissions from the affected CAIR units shall not exceed the equivalent number of allowances that the source lawfully holds under these CAIR provisions.

Note: CAIR affected sources must hold CAIR $NO_x$ ozone season allowances to account for the emissions from the affected CAIR units. Each CAIR $NO_x$ ozone season allowance is a limited authorization to emit during the respective CAIR $NO_x$ ozone season or subsequent season. The possession of $NO_x$ allowances does not authorize exceedances of applicable emission standards or violations of ambient air quality standards.

6.1.5 Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting

The owners and operators of the source and, to the extent applicable, their designated representative, shall comply with applicable requirements for monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting specified by 35 IAC Part 225 Subparts C, D and E.

Note: As further addressed by Section 7 of this permit, the following emission determination methods are currently being used for the affected CAIR units.

6.1.6 CAIR Permit

The owners and operators of the source shall comply with the terms and conditions of the source's CAIR permit (attached).

Note: This source is subject to a CAIR permit, which was issued pursuant to 35 IAC Part 225.320, 225.420 and 225.520. CAIR sources must be operated in compliance with their CAIR permits. This source's CAIR permit is incorporated into this CAAPP permit with a copy of the current CAIR permit included as an attachment to this permit. Revisions and modifications to the CAIR permit are governed by Section 39.5 of the Act. Accordingly, revision or renewal of the CAIR permit may be handled separately from this CAAPP permit and a copy of the new CAIR permit may be included in this permit by Administrative Amendment.

6.1.7 Coordination with other Requirements

a. This permit does not contain any conditions that are intended to interfere with or modify the requirements of 35 IAC Part 225 C, D, and E, 40 CFR Part 96; or Title IV of the CAA. In particular, this permit does not restrict the flexibility of the owners and operators of this source to comply with CAIR provisions, including the ability to obtain CAIR $NO_x$ allowances from Illinois' Clean Air Set Aside (CASA) for qualifying projects.

b. Where another applicable requirement of the CAA is more stringent than an applicable requirement of 35 IAC Part 225, Subparts C, D, or E; 40 CFR Part 96; or Title IV of the CAA, all requirements are incorporated into this permit and are enforceable and the owners and operators of the source shall comply with both requirements.

## 6.2 Acid Rain Program

### 6.2.1 Applicability

Under Title IV of the CAA, Acid Deposition Control, this source is an affected source and the following emission units at the source are affected units for acid deposition:

Turbines CT01-04

Note: Title IV of the CAA, and other laws and regulations promulgated thereunder, establish requirements for affected sources related to control of emissions of pollutants that contribute to acid rain. For purposes of this permit, these requirements are referred to as Title IV provisions.

### 6.2.2 Applicable Emission Requirements

The owners and operators of the source shall not violate applicable Title IV provisions. $SO_2$ emissions of the affected units shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under Title IV provisions [Section 39.5(7)(g) and (17)(l) of the Act].

Note: Affected sources must hold $SO_2$ allowances to account for the $SO_2$ emissions from affected units at the source that are subject to Title IV provisions. Each allowance is a limited authorization to emit up to one ton of $SO_2$ emissions during or after a specified calendar year. The possession of allowances does not authorize exceedances of applicable emission standards or violations of ambient air quality standards.

### 6.2.3 Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting

The owners and operators of the source and, to the extent applicable, their designated representative, shall comply with applicable requirements for monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting specified by Title IV provisions, including 40 CFR Part 75 [Section 39.5(7)(b) and 17(m) of the Act].

### 6.2.4 Acid Rain Permit

The owners and operators of the source shall comply with the terms and conditions of the source’s Acid Rain permit [Section 39.5(17)(l) of the Act].

Note: The source is subject to an Acid Rain permit, which was issued pursuant to Title IV provisions, including Section 39.5(17) of the Act. Affected sources must be operated in compliance with their Acid Rain permits. This source’s Acid Rain permit is incorporated by reference into this permit and a copy of the current Acid Rain permit is included as Attachment 6 of this permit. Revisions and modifications of this Acid Rain permit, including administrative amendments and automatic

amendments (pursuant to Sections 408(b) and 403(d) of the CAA or regulations thereunder) are governed by Title IV provisions, as provided by Section 39.5(13)(e) of the Act. Accordingly, revision or renewal of the Acid Rain permit may be handled separately from this CAAPP permit and a copy of the new Acid Rain permit may be included in this permit by administrative amendment.

6.2.5 Coordination with Other Requirements

a. This permit does not contain any conditions that are intended to interfere with or modify the requirements of Title IV provisions. In particular, this permit does not restrict the flexibility under Title IV provisions of the owners and operators of this source to amend their Acid Rain compliance plan [Section 39.5(17)(h) of the Act].

b. Where another applicable requirement of the CAA is more stringent than an applicable requirement of Title IV provisions, both requirements are incorporated into this permit and are enforceable and the owners and operators of the source shall comply with both requirements [Section 39.5(7)(h) of the Act].

## 6.3 Emissions Reduction Market System (ERMS)

### 6.3.1 Description of ERMS

The ERMS is a “cap and trade” market system for major stationary sources located in the Chicago ozone nonattainment area. It is designed to reduce VOM emissions from stationary sources to contribute to reasonable further progress toward attainment, as required by Section 182(c) of the CAA.

The ERMS addresses VOM emissions during a seasonal allotment period from May 1 through September 30. Participating sources must hold “allotment trading units” (ATUs) for their actual seasonal VOM emissions. Each year participating sources are issued ATUs based on allotments set in the sources’ CAAPP permits. These allotments are established from historical VOM emissions or “baseline emissions” lowered to provide the emissions reductions from stationary sources required for reasonable further progress.

By December 31 of each year, the end of the reconciliation period following the seasonal allotment period, each source shall have sufficient ATUs in its transaction account to cover its actual VOM emissions during the preceding season. A transaction account’s balance as of December 31 will include any valid ATU transfer agreements entered into as of December 31 of the given year, provided such agreements are promptly submitted to the Illinois EPA for entry into the transaction account database. The Illinois EPA will then retire ATUs in sources’ transaction accounts in amounts equivalent to their seasonal emissions. When a source does not appear to have sufficient ATUs in its transaction account, the Illinois EPA will issue a notice to the source to begin the process for Emissions Excursion Compensation.

In addition to receiving ATUs pursuant to their allotments, participating sources may also obtain ATUs from the market, including ATUs bought from other participating sources and general participants in the ERMS that hold ATUs (35 IAC 205.630) and ATUs issued by the Illinois EPA as a consequence of VOM emissions reductions from an Emissions Reduction Generator or an Intersector Transaction (35 IAC 205.500 and 35 IAC 205.510). During the reconciliation period, sources may also buy ATUs from a secondary reserve of ATUs managed by the Illinois EPA, the “Alternative Compliance Market Account” (ACMA) (35 IAC 205.710). Sources may also transfer or sell the ATUs that they hold to other sources or participants (35 IAC 205.630).

### 6.3.2 Applicability

This permit is issued based on this source not being a participating source in the Emissions Reduction Market System (ERMS), 35 IAC Part 205, pursuant to 35 IAC 205.200. This is based on the source's actual VOM emissions during the seasonal

allotment period from May 1 through September 30 of each year being less than 10 tons and the source's baseline emissions also being less than 10 tons.

6.3.3 Recordkeeping and Reporting

a. The Permittee shall maintain the following records to allow the confirmation of actual VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period:

   i. Records of operating data and other information for each individual emission unit or group of related emission units at the source, as specified in Sections 5 and 7 of this permit, as appropriate, to determine actual VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period;

   ii. Records of the VOM emissions, in tons, during the seasonal allotment period, with supporting calculations, for each individual emission unit or group of related emission units at the source, determined in accordance with the procedures specified in Sections 5 and 7 of this permit; and

   iii. Total VOM emissions from the source, in tons, during each seasonal allotment period, which shall be compiled by November 30 of each year.

b. In the event that the source’s VOM emissions during the seasonal allotment period equal or exceed 10 tons, the source shall become a participating source in the ERMS and beginning with the following seasonal allotment period, shall comply with 35 IAC Part 205, by holding allotment trading units (ATUs) for its VOM emissions during each seasonal allotment period, unless the source obtains exemption from the ERMS by operating with seasonal VOM emissions of no more than 15 tons pursuant to a limitation applied for and established in its CAAPP permit.

## 7.0 UNIT SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSION UNITS

### 7.1 Natural Gas-Fired Turbine (Subject to NSPS - 40 CFR Subpart GG)

#### 7.1.1 Description

The turbines are process emission units used to generate electricity. The turbines are powered by natural gas. $NO_x$ emissions are controlled with dry low $NO_x$ combustors.

Note: This narrative description is for informational purposes only and is not enforceable.

#### 7.1.2 List of Emission Units and Air Pollution Control Equipment

| Emission Unit | Description | Date Constructed | Emission Control Equipment |
|---|---|---|---|
| CT01 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |
| CT03 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |
| CT02 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |
| CT04 | Natural Gas Turbine Nominal 135 MW (1,472 Nominal mmBtu/hr) | September 2001 | Dry Low $NO_x$ Combustors |

#### 7.1.3 Applicable Provisions and Regulations

a. The “affected turbines” for the purpose of these unit-specific conditions, are turbines described in Conditions 7.1.1 and 7.1.2.

b. Pursuant to 35 IAC 212.123,

i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of smoke or other particulate matter, with an opacity greater than 30 percent, into the atmosphere from any emission unit.

ii. The emission of smoke or other particulate matter from any such emission unit may have an opacity greater than 30 percent but not greater than 60 percent for a period or periods aggregating 8 minutes in any 60 minute period provided that such opaque emissions permitted during any 60 minute period shall

occur from only one such emission unit located within a 1000 ft radius from the center point of any other such emission unit owned or operated by such person, and provided further that such opaque emissions permitted from each such emission unit shall be limited to 3 times in any 24 hour period.

c. Pursuant to 35 IAC 214.301, no person shall cause or allow the emission of sulfur dioxide into the atmosphere from any process emission source to 2000 ppm.

d. The affected turbines are subject to the NSPS for Stationary Gas Turbines, 40 CFR 60 Subparts A and GG, because the heat input at peak load is equal to or greater than 10.7 gigajoules per hour (10 mmBtu/hr), based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired and the affected turbine commenced construction, modification, or reconstruction after October 3, 1977. The Illinois EPA administers the NSPS for subject sources in Illinois pursuant to a delegation agreement with the USEPA.

i. Standard for Nitrogen Oxides:

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.332(b), electric utility stationary gas turbines with a heat input at peak load greater than 107.2 gigajoules per hour (100 million Btu/hour) based on the lower heating value of the fuel fired shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR 60.332(a)(1). Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.332(a)(1), no owner or operator of an affected turbine shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from such gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of:

$$STD = 0.0075 \frac{(14.4)}{Y} + F$$

Where:

STD = Allowable $NO_x$ emissions (percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis).

Y = Manufacturer’s rated heat rate at manufacturer’s rated load (kilojoules per watt hour) or, actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour.

F = $NO_x$ emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen calculated from the nitrogen content of the fuel as follows:

| Fuel-bound nitrogen (percent by weight) | F ($NO_x$ percent by volume) |
|---|---|
| $N \leq 0.015$ | 0 |
| $0.015 < N \leq 0.1$ | 0.04 (N) |
| $0.1 < N \leq 0.25$ | 0.04 + 0.0067(N - 0.1) |
| $N > 0.25$ | 0.005 |

Where:

N = The nitrogen content of the fuel (percent by weight) determined in according with Condition 7.1.8(b).

ii. Standard for Sulfur Dioxide:

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.333, on and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by 40 CFR 60.8 is completed, every owner or operator subject to the provision of 40 CFR 60 Subpart GG shall comply with one or the other of the following conditions:

No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine any gases which contain sulfur dioxide in excess of 0.015 percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.333(a).

No owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall burn in any stationary gas turbine any fuel which contains total sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent by weight (8000 ppmw), pursuant to 40 CFR 60.333(b).

e. i. No owner or operator shall cause or allow the emissions of $NO_x$ into the atmosphere from the affected turbine to exceed 0.25 lbs/mmBtu of actual heat input during each ozone control period from May 1 through September 30, based on a ozone control period average, for that unit [35 IAC 217.706(a)].

ii. Notwithstanding the above emission limitation of 35 IAC 217.706(a), the affected turbine subject to a more stringent $NO_x$ emission limitation pursuant to any State or federal statute, including the Act, the Clean Air Act, or any regulations promulgated thereunder, shall comply with both the requirements of 35 IAC 217 Subpart V and that more stringent emission limitation [35 IAC 217.706(b)].

f. Startup Provisions

Subject to the following terms and conditions, the Permittee is authorized to operate the affected turbines in violation of the applicable standards in Condition 7.1.3(b) during startup, and the hourly emissions limits in Condition 7.1.6(b)(i) during startup. This authorization is provided pursuant to 35 IAC 201.149, 201.161 and 201.262, as the Permittee has applied for such authorization in its application, generally describing the efforts that will be used "…to minimize startup emissions, duration of individual starts, and frequency of startups."

i. This authorization does not relieve the Permittee from the continuing obligation to demonstrate that all reasonable efforts are made to minimize startup emissions, duration of individual startups and frequency of startups.

ii. The Permittee shall conduct startup of the each affected turbine(s) in accordance with written procedures prepared by the Permittee and maintained at the facility, in the control room for the each affected turbine(s), that are specifically developed to minimize visible emissions from startups and that include, at a minimum, the following measures:

A. The Permittee shall operate in accordance with the manufacturer's written operating and startup procedures or other written procedures developed and maintained by the source owner or operator so as to minimize the frequency and duration of startups as well as the visible emissions associated with startups. These procedures should allow for a precheck of the unit prior to startup and review of operating parameters of the unit during startup as necessary to make adjustments to reduce emissions.

B. The Permittee shall maintain the units in accordance with written procedures developed and maintained by the source owner or operator so as to minimize the duration of startups and the frequency of startups. These maintenance practices shall include maintenance activities before the unit is started up, when the unit is in operation, and when the unit is shut down.

C. The procedures described in 7.1.3(f)(ii) shall be reviewed at least annually to make necessary adjustments and shall be made available to the Illinois EPA upon request.

iii. The Permittee shall fulfill applicable recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Condition 7.1.9(l) and 7.1.10(e).

iv. As provided by 35 IAC 201.265, an authorization in a permit for excess emissions during startup does not shield a Permittee from enforcement for any violation of applicable emission standard(s) that occurs during startup and only constitutes a prima facie defense to such an enforcement action provided that the Permittee has fully complied with all terms and conditions connected with such authorization.

g. Malfunction and Breakdown Provisions

Subject to the following terms and conditions, the Permittee is authorized to continue operation of an affected turbine in violation of the applicable standards in Condition 7.1.3(b) and the hourly emission limits in Condition 7.1.6 in the event of a malfunction or breakdown of the affected turbines. This authorization is provided pursuant to 35 IAC 201.149, 201.261 and 201.262, as the Permittee has applied for such authorization in its application, generally explaining why such continued operation would be required to provide essential service or to prevent risk of injury to personnel or severe damage to equipment, and describing the measures that will be taken to minimize emissions from any malfunctions and breakdowns. This authorization supersedes the general prohibition in Condition 9.2.3 against continued operation in such circumstances.

i. This authorization only allows such continued operation as necessary to provide essential service or prevent risk of injury to personnel or severe damage to equipment and does not extend to continued operation solely for the economic benefit of the Permittee.

ii. Upon occurrence of excess emissions due to malfunction or breakdown, the Permittee shall as soon as practical repair the turbine, remove the affected turbine from service, or undertake other action so that excess emissions cease.

iii. The Permittee shall fulfill the applicable recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Conditions 7.1.9(m) and 7.1.10(f). For these purposes, time shall be measured from the start of a particular incident. The absence of excess emissions for a short period shall not be considered to end the incident if excess emissions resume. In such circumstances, the incident shall be considered to continue until corrective actions are taken so that

excess emissions cease or the Permittee takes the affected turbines out of service.

iv. Following notification to the Illinois EPA of a malfunction or breakdown with excess emissions, the Permittee shall comply with all reasonable directives of the Illinois EPA with respect to such incident, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263.

v. This authorization does not relieve the Permittee from the continuing obligation to minimize excess emissions during malfunction or breakdown. As provided by 35 IAC 201.265, an authorization in a permit for continued operation with excess emissions during malfunction and breakdown does not shield the Permittee from enforcement for any such violation and only constitutes a prima facie defense to such an enforcement action provided that the Permittee has fully complied with all terms and conditions connected with such authorization.

7.1.4 Non-Applicability of Regulations of Concern

a. The affected turbines are not subject to the New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) for Stationary Combustion Turbines, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK, because the affected turbines did not commence construction, modification, or reconstruction after February 18, 2005 pursuant to 40 CFR 60.4305(a), and are therefore subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG for Stationary Gas Turbines.

Note: To qualify for this non-applicability, the Permittee has certified that the turbines have not been modified or reconstructed after February 18, 2005.

b. The affected turbines are not subject to the National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY, because the affected turbines are not located at a major source of HAP emissions, pursuant to 40 CFR 63.6085.

c. The affected turbines are not subject to 35 IAC 212.321 or 212.322, due to the unique nature of such units, a process weight rate cannot be set so that such rules cannot reasonably be applied, pursuant to 35 IAC 212.323.

d. The affected turbines are not subject to 35 IAC 217.141 or 35 IAC 216.121 because the affected turbines are not fuel combustion units, as defined by 35 IAC 211.2470.

e. The affected turbines are not subject to 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) for Major Stationary Sources:

i. For $NO_x$ and $SO_2$, because:

A. The affected turbines are subject to a NSPS proposed after November 15, 1990, pursuant to 40 CFR 64.2(b)(1)(i).

B. The affected turbines are subject to Acid Rain Program requirements, pursuant to 40 CFR 64.2(b)(1)(iii).

C. The affected turbines are subject to an emission limitation or standard for which this CAAPP permit specifies a continuous compliance determination method, pursuant to 40 CFR 64.2(b)(1)(vi).

ii. For PM, VOM, and CO because the affected turbines do not use an add-on control device to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard.

7.1.5 Control Requirements and Work Practices

a. i. At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the source owner or operator shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected turbine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Illinois EPA or the USEPA which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source [40 CFR 60.11(d)].

ii. The source owner or operator shall operate the affected turbines in accordance with written operating procedures that shall include at a minimum the following measures:

A. Review of operating parameters of the unit during startup or shutdown as necessary for the proper operation of the affected turbine with appropriate adjustments to reduce emissions.

B. Implementation of inspection and repair procedures for a affected turbine prior to attempting startup following repeated trips.

iii. The source owner or operator shall maintain the affected turbines in accordance with written procedures that shall include at a minimum the following measures:

A. Unless specified on a more frequent basis by manufacturer's written instructions, a visual inspection of external emissions-related components shall be completed quarterly.

B. Repair and routine replacement of emissions-related components.

iv. The above procedures may incorporate the manufacturer's written instruction for operation and maintenance of the affected turbines and associated control systems. The source owner or operator shall review these procedures at least annually and shall revise or enhance them if necessary to be consistent with good air pollution control practice based on the actual operating experience and performance of the source.

b. Natural gas shall be the only fuel in the affected turbines.

c. The affected turbines shall be equipped, operated, and maintained with dry low $NO_x$ combustors to control $NO_x$ emissions.

d. The affected turbines, in total, shall not operate more than 5,744 hours per year [T1].

i. Each hour of operation for an affected turbine operating with wet compression on for power augmentation shall be counted as 1.55 hours. For this purpose, wet compression for power augmentation means introducing water into the inlet air duct immediately before the compressor section of the affected turbine following achievement of base power output to increase power output from the affected turbine.

ii. Each startup hour for an affected turbine shall be counted as 1.2 hours.

iii. Each hour of operation for an affected turbine operating in other modes than identified in Condition 7.1.5(d)(i) and (ii) shall be counted as 1 hour.

iv. Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

v. The above limitations were established in Permit 00100065, pursuant to PSD. These limits ensure that the construction and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major

source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically the federal rules for PSD [T1].

7.1.6 Production and Emission Limitations

In addition to Condition 5.3.2 and the source-wide emission limitations in Condition 5.6, the affected turbines are subject to the following:

a. The affected turbines, in total, shall not fire more than 8,220 million standard cubic feet of natural gas per year [T1].

b. i. Hourly emissions from each turbine shall not exceed the following limits except during startup and shutdown as addressed by Condition 7.1.3(f) and when wet compression is on. Compliance with the hourly limits shall be determined from emission testing (3-run average) or emission monitoring in accordance with 7.1.8(c) (24-hour average) [T1].

| Pollutant | (Lb/Hour) |
|---|---|
| $NO_x$ | 82.0 |
| CO | 66.0 |
| VOM | 2.8 |
| $SO_2$ | 0.9 |
| $PM/PM_{10}$ | 10.0 |

ii. Not withstanding the $NO_x$ limit above, during operation of an affected turbine with wet compression on for power augmentation, $NO_x$ emissions shall not exceed 127 lb/hr (0.087 lb/mmBtu (HHV)) [T1].

iii. The annual emissions from the affected turbines (total 4 turbines) shall not exceed the following limitations [T1]:

| Pollutant | (Ton/Year) |
|---|---|
| $NO_x$ | 235.5 |
| CO | 237.0 |
| VOM | 11.7 |
| $PM/PM_{10}$ | 42.2 |
| $SO_2$ | 2.9 |

c. Compliance with annual limits shall be determined on a monthly basis from the sum of the data for the current month plus the preceding 11 months (running 12 month total) [T1].

d. The above limitations were established in Permit 00100065, pursuant to PSD. These limits ensure that the construction

and/or modification addressed in the aforementioned permit does not constitute a new major source or major modification pursuant to Title I of the CAA, specifically the federal rules for PSD [T1].

e. Unless emission monitoring is performed for a pollutant, emissions during periods other than startup shall be determined from emission factors developed from testing in accordance with Permit 00100065 ($NO_x$, CO, VOM and $PM/PM_{10}$) and analysis of fuel sulfur content or standard factors ($SO_2$).

f. For purpose of determining compliance with the annual limitations in Condition 7.1.6(b)(iii), unless an alternative factor is established for the pollutant or emissions monitoring is performed for the pollutant, emissions of $NO_x$, CO and VOM during an hour that includes a startup shall be presumed to be 120, 700 and 1200 percent respectively of the limits in Condition 7.1.6(b), i.e. $NO_x$, CO and VOM emissions during an hour with a startup shall be presumed to be 98.4 lb/hr, 462 lb/hr and 33.6 lb/hr, respectively. These presumptions are based on data in the application describing maximum emissions during startup of an affected turbine. Any alternative factor for emissions during startup of an affected turbine shall be based on representative emission testing conducted with USEPA Reference Test Methods [T1].

7.1.7 Testing Requirements

a. The nitrogen oxides ($NO_x$) emissions, and the oxygen ($O_2$) concentration and opacity of exhaust shall be measured for the affected turbines at the source owner or operator's expense by an independent testing service approved by the Illinois EPA as follows to determine compliance with applicable emission limits:

   i. Within 120 days after a written request from the Illinois EPA, for such pollutants listed above as specified by the request.

   ii. Any extension to these time periods that may be provided at its discretion by the Illinois EPA shall not alter the source owner or operator's obligation to perform emission testing for purposes of the NSPS in a timely manner as specified by 40 CFR 60.8.

b. The following methods and procedures shall be used for testing of emissions:

   i. The USEPA Reference Test Methods shall be used including the following:

| | |
|---|---|
| Opacity | USEPA Method 9 |

ii. A. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b), the owner or operator shall determine compliance with the applicable nitrogen oxides emission limitation in 40 CFR 60.332 and shall meet the performance test requirements of 40 CFR 60.8 as follows:

For each run of the performance test, the mean nitrogen oxides emission concentration ($NO_{Xo}$) corrected to 15 percent $O_2$ shall be corrected to ISO standard conditions using the following equation. Notwithstanding this requirement, use of the ISO correction equation is optional for: Lean premix stationary combustion turbines; units used in association with heat recovery steam generators (HRSG) equipped with duct burners; and units equipped with add-on emission control devices, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(1):

$$NO_x = (NO_{Xo})(P_r/P_o)0.5\ e19(H_o-0.00633)(288°K/Ta)1.53$$

Where:

$NO_x$ = emission concentration of $NO_x$ at 15 percent $O_2$ and ISO standard ambient conditions, ppm by volume, dry basis

$NO_{Xo}$ = mean observed $NO_x$ concentration, ppm by volume, dry basis, at 15 percent $O_2$

$P_r$ = reference combustor inlet absolute pressure at 101.3 kilopascals ambient pressure, mm Hg

$P_o$ = observed combustor inlet absolute pressure at test, mm Hg

$H_o$ = observed humidity of ambient air, g $H_2O$/g air

e = transcendental constant, 2.718

$T_a$ = ambient temperature, °K

The 3-run performance test required by 40 CFR 60.8 must be performed within ± 5 percent at 30, 50, 75, and 90-to-100 percent of peak load or at four evenly-spaced load points in the normal operating range of the gas turbine, including the minimum point in the operating range and 90-to-100 percent of peak load, or at

the highest achievable load point if 90-to-100 percent of peak load cannot be physically achieved in practice. If the turbine combusts both oil and gas as primary or backup fuels, separate performance testing is required for each fuel. Notwithstanding these requirements, performance testing is not required for any emergency fuel (as defined in 40 CFR 60.331), pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(2).

If water or steam injection is used to control $NO_x$ with no additional post-combustion $NO_x$ control and the owner or operator chooses to monitor the steam or water to fuel ratio in accordance with 40 CFR 60.334(a), then that monitoring system must be operated concurrently with each EPA Method 20, ASTM D6522-00 (incorporated by reference, see 40 CFR 60.17), or EPA Method 7E run and shall be used to determine the fuel consumption and the steam or water to fuel ratio necessary to comply with the applicable 40 CFR 60.332 $NO_x$ emission limit, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(4).

If the owner or operator elects to install a CEMS, the performance evaluation of the CEMS may either be conducted separately (as described in paragraph (b)(7)of this section) or as part of the initial performance test of the affected unit, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(6).

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(7), if the owner or operator elects to install and certify a $NO_x$ CEMS under 40 CFR 60.334(e), then the initial performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 may be done in the following alternative manner:

Perform a minimum of 9 reference method runs, with a minimum time per run of 21 minutes, at a single load level, between 90 and 100 percent of peak (or the highest physically achievable) load, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(7)(i).

Use the test data both to demonstrate compliance with the applicable $NO_x$ emission limit under 40 CFR 60.332 and to provide the required reference method data for the RATA of the CEMS described under 40 CFR 60.334(b) , pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(7)(ii).

The requirement to test at three additional load levels is waived, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(7)(iii).

If the owner or operator elects under 40 CFR 60.334(f) to monitor combustion parameters or parameters indicative of proper operation of $NO_x$ emission controls, the appropriate parameters shall be continuously monitored and recorded during each run of the initial performance test, to establish acceptable operating ranges, for purposes of the parameter monitoring plan for the affected unit, as specified in 40 CFR 60.334(g), pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(8).

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(10), if the owner or operator is required under 40 CFR 60.334(i)(1) or (3) to periodically determine the sulfur content of the fuel combusted in the turbine, a minimum of three fuel samples shall be collected during the performance test. Analyze the samples for the total sulfur content of the fuel using:

For gaseous fuels, ASTM D1072-80, 90 (Reapproved 1994); D3246-81, 92, 96; D4468-85 (Reapproved 2000); or D6667-01 (all of which are incorporated by reference, see 40 CFR 60.17). The applicable ranges of some ASTM methods mentioned above are not adequate to measure the levels of sulfur in some fuel gases. Dilution of samples before analysis (with verification of the dilution ratio) may be used, subject to the prior approval of the Administrator, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(10)(ii).

The fuel analyses required under paragraphs (b)(9) and (b)(10) 40 CFR 60.335 may be performed by the owner or operator, a service contractor retained by the owner or operator, the fuel vendor, or any other qualified agency, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(b)(11).

B. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(c), the owner or operator may use the following as alternatives to the reference methods and procedures specified in this section:

Instead of using the equation in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, manufacturers may develop ambient condition correction factors to adjust the nitrogen oxides emission level measured by the performance test as provided in 40 CFR 60.8 to ISO standard day conditions, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(c)(1).

c. At least 60 days prior to the actual date of testing, a written test plan shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review. This plan shall describe the specific procedures for testing and shall include as a minimum:

   i. The person(s) who will be performing sampling and analysis and their experience with similar tests.

   ii. The specific conditions under which testing shall be performed including a discussion of why these conditions will be representative of maximum emissions and the means by which the operating parameters for the turbine will be tracked and recorded.

   iii. The specific determinations of emissions that are intended to be made, including sampling and monitoring locations; the test method(s) that will be used, with the specific analysis method, if the method can be used with different analysis methods. The source owner or operator may also propose a plan for testing across the normal operating range of the affected turbines.

d. The Illinois EPA shall be notified prior to these tests to enable the Illinois EPA to observe these tests. Notification of the expected date of testing shall be submitted a minimum of thirty (30) days prior to the expected date. Notification of the actual date and expected time of testing shall be submitted a minimum of five (5) working days prior to the actual date of the test. The Illinois EPA may, at its discretion, accept notifications with shorter advance notice provided that the Illinois EPA will not accept such notifications if it interferes with the Illinois EPA's ability to observe the testing.

e. The Final Report for these tests shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA within 60 days after the date of the tests. The Final Report shall include as a minimum:

   i. A summary of results.

   ii. General information.

   iii. Description of test method(s), including description of sampling points, sampling train, analysis equipment and test schedule.

   iv. Detailed description of test conditions, including:

      A. Fuel consumption (standard $ft^3$).

      B. Firing rate (million Btu/hr).

C. Turbine/Generator output rate (MW).

v. Data and calculations, including copies of all raw data sheets and records of laboratory analyses, sample calculations, and data on equipment calibration.

f. i. Upon written request by the Illinois EPA, the source owner or operator shall have the opacity of the exhaust from the affected turbine(s) tested during representative operating conditions as determined by a qualified observer in accordance with USEPA Test Method 9, as further specified below, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(d) of the Act.

ii. Such testing shall be conducted for specific turbine(s) within 90 calendar days of the request, or on the date turbine(s) next operates, or on the date agreed upon by the Illinois EPA, whichever is later.

iii. The duration of opacity observations for each test shall be at least 30 minutes (five 6-minute averages) unless the average opacities for the first 12 minutes of observations (two six-minute averages) are both less than 10.0 percent.

iv. The source owner or operator shall notify the Illinois EPA at least 7 days in advance of the date and time of these tests, in order to allow the Illinois EPA to witness testing. This notification shall include the name and employer of the qualified observer(s).

v. The source owner or operator shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA of any changes in the time or date for testing.

vi. The source owner or operator shall provide a copy of its observer’s readings to the Illinois EPA at the time of testing, if Illinois EPA personnel are present.

vii. The source owner or operator shall submit a written report for this testing within 30 days of the date of testing. This report shall include:

A. Date and time of testing.

B. Name and employer of qualified observer.

C. Copy of current certification.

D. Description of observation conditions.

E. Description of turbine operating conditions.

F. Raw data.

G. Opacity determinations.

H. Conclusions.

7.1.8 Monitoring Requirements

a. i. If an affected turbine is routinely operated or exercised to confirm that the turbine will operate when needed, the operation and opacity of the affected turbine shall be formally observed by operating personnel for the affected turbine or a member of source owner or operator's environmental staff on a regular basis to assure that the affected turbine is operating properly, which observations shall be made at least every six months.

ii. If an affected turbine is not routinely operated or exercised, i.e., the time interval between operation of an affected turbine is typically greater than six months, the operation and opacity of the affected turbine shall be formally observed as provided above each time the source owner or operator carries out a scheduled exercise of the affected turbine.

iii. The source owner or operator shall also conduct formal observations of operation and opacity of an affected turbine upon written request by the Illinois EPA. With the agreement of the Illinois EPA, the source owner or operator may schedule these observations to take place during periods when it would otherwise be operating the affected turbine.

Note: The formal observation required above is not intended to be a USEPA Test Method 9 opacity test, nor does the observation require a USEPA Test Method 9 certified observer. It is intended to be performed by personnel familiar with the operation of the affected turbine who would be able to make a determination based from the observed opacity as to whether or not the affected turbine was running properly, and subsequently initiate a corrective action if necessary.

b. The affected turbine shall comply with the applicable monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 60.334(h), below. Monitoring of fuel nitrogen content shall not be required while the facility does not claim an allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen. Monitoring for sulfur content in fuel is not required while natural gas is the only fuel fired in

the affected turbine and the requirements of 40 CFR 60.334(h)3(i) or (ii) are met.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(h), the owner or operator of any stationary gas turbine subject to the provisions of this subpart:

Shall monitor the total sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the turbine, except as provided in paragraph (h)(3)of this section. The sulfur content of the fuel must be determined using total sulfur methods described in 40 CFR 60.335(b)(10). Alternatively, if the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel during the most recent performance test was less than 0.4 weight percent (4000 ppmw), ASTM D4084-82, 94, D5504-01, D6228-98, or Gas Processors Association Standard 2377-86 (all of which are incorporated by reference-see 40 CFR 60.17), which measure the major sulfur compounds may be used, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(h)(1); and

Shall monitor the nitrogen content of the fuel combusted in the turbine, if the owner or operator claims an allowance for fuel bound nitrogen (i.e., if an F-value greater than zero is being or will be used by the owner or operator to calculate STD in 40 CFR 60.332). The nitrogen content of the fuel shall be determined using methods described in 40 CFR 60.335(b)(9) or an approved alternative, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(h)(2).

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(h)(3), notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (h)(1) of this section, the owner or operator may elect not to monitor the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel combusted in the turbine, if the gaseous fuel is demonstrated to meet the definition of natural gas in 40 CFR 60.331(u), regardless of whether an existing custom schedule approved by the administrator for subpart GG requires such monitoring. The owner or operator shall use one of the following sources of information to make the required demonstration:

The gas quality characteristics in a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract for the gaseous fuel, specifying that the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel is 20.0 grains/100 scf or less, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(3)(i); or

Representative fuel sampling data which show that the sulfur content of the gaseous fuel does not exceed 20 grains/100 scf. At a minimum, the amount of fuel sampling data specified in section 2.3.1.4 or 2.3.2.4 of appendix D to part 75 of this chapter is required, pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(h)(3)(ii).

c. i. The Permittee shall install, operate and maintain a CEM system on the affected units to measure emissions of $NO_x$. The applicable procedures under 40 CFR 75.12 and 40 CFR 75, Subpart H shall be followed for the installation, evaluation, and operation of this $NO_x$ CEM system [T1].

ii. Notwithstanding 7.1.8 (c)(i) above, if an affected unit meets the definition of a gas-fired peaking unit or oil fired peaking unit as defined in 40 CFR 72.2, the Permittee may conduct the monitoring in paragraphs (A) and (B) below as an alternative to a $NO_x$ CEM system. Should the operation of the affected turbine exceed the limitations of the definition of a gas-fired peaking unit or oil fired peaking unit, the source owner or operator shall install, operate and maintain the appropriate $NO_x$ CEM system on the affected turbine by December 31 of the following calendar year, as required by 40 CFR 75.12(d)(2).

A. The affected turbine shall continuously monitor and record the ratio of water to fuel being fired, when using water injection to control $NO_x$ emissions pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(a).

B. The Permittee shall conduct the monitoring necessary for use of a certified $NO_x$ emissions estimation procedure approved by the Administrator using the protocol specified in 40 CFR 75 Appendix E.

d. i. The owner or operator of an affected turbine subject to 35 IAC 217 Subpart V (Condition 7.1.3(e)) shall install, calibrate, maintain and operate continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) for $NO_x$ that meet the requirements of 40 CFR 75, Subpart B [35 IAC 217.710(a)].

ii. Notwithstanding 35 IAC 217.710(a) above, the owner or operator of a gas-fired peaking unit or oil-fired peaking unit as defined in 40 CFR 72.2 may determine $NO_x$ emissions in accordance with the emissions estimation protocol of 40 CFR 75, Appendix E [35 IAC 217.710(b)].

iii. Notwithstanding 35 IAC 217.710(a) above, the owner or operator of a combustion turbine that operates less than 350 hour per ozone control period may determine the heat input and $NO_x$ emissions of the turbine as follows [35 IAC 217.710(c)]:

A. Heat input shall be determined from the metered fuel usage to the turbine or the calculated heat input determined as the product of the

turbine's maximum hourly heat input and hours of operation as recorded by operating instrumentation on the turbine [35 IAC 217.710(c)(1)].

B. $NO_x$ emissions shall be determined as the product of the heat input, as determined above, and the appropriate default $NO_x$ emission factors below [35 IAC 217.710(c)(2)]:

0.7 lbs/mmBtu - Natural gas
1.2 lbs/mmBtu - Fuel oil

e. i. The affected turbine shall be equipped, operated, and maintained with a continuous monitoring system to monitor and record the fuel consumption being fired.

7.1.9 Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required by Condition 5.9, the source owner or operator shall maintain records of the following items for the affected turbine(s) to demonstrate compliance with Conditions 5.6.1, 7.1.3, 7.1.5, and 7.1.6, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(b) of the Act:

a. The owner or operator of an affected turbine subject to the requirements of 35 IAC 217 Subpart V (Condition 7.1.3(e)) shall:

i. Comply with the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of 40 CFR 75 applicable to $NO_x$ emissions during the ozone control period, including, but not limited to, 40 CFR 75.54(b) and (d) [35 IAC 217.712(a)].

ii. Notwithstanding 35 IAC 217.712(a) above, the owner or operator of a combustion turbine for which heat input and $NO_x$ emissions are determined pursuant to 35 IAC 217.710(c) (Condition 7.1.8(d)(iii)) shall comply with the following recordkeeping and reporting requirements [35 IAC 217.712(b)]:

A. Maintain records of the heat input and $NO_x$ emissions of the turbine as determined in accordance with 35 IAC 217.710(c), and records of metered fuel use or operating hours used to determine heat input [35 IAC 217.712(b)(1)].

b. The source owner or operator shall maintain records of the following items:

i. The sulfur content of the natural gas used to fire the turbines as determined in accordance with Condition 7.1.8(b).

ii. A copy of the Final Report(s) for emission testing conducted pursuant to Condition 7.1.7.

iii. Copies of opacity determinations taken for the source by qualified observer(s) using USEPA Method 9.

iv. Records documenting its periodic review of its operating procedures as required by Condition 7.1.5(a).

v. Information for the formal observations of opacity conducted pursuant to Condition 7.1.8(a). For each occasion on which observations are made, these records shall include the date, time, identity of the observer, a description of the various observations that were made, whether or not the affected engine was running properly, and whether or not corrective action is necessary and was subsequently initiated.

c. A maintenance and repair log for the affected turbine, listing each activity performed with date.

d. Monitoring method used in Condition 7.1.8(c)

e. Fuel consumption for the affected turbine, scf/month and scf/year.

f. i. Ratio of water to fuel being fired in the affected turbine.

ii. Period of time when wet compression is used for power augmentation.

g. i. Actual and effective operating hours for the affected turbines (total hours, hours for startup, and hours with wet compression on).

ii. Facility operating hours on a daily basis. For this purpose, the Permittee shall consider the facility to operate for one hour if one or more turbines are operated during an hour. For example, if one turbine or four turbines operate from 12:00 noon to 6:00 PM on a day, in both cases, this shall count as six operating hours.

h. Heat content of the fuel being fired in the affected turbine.

i. Emissions of each pollutant from the affected turbine, including emissions from startups, with supporting calculations including documentation on the validity of the emission factors used, ton/month and ton/year.

j. The source owner or operator shall maintain records that identify:

   i. Any periods during which a continuous monitoring system was not operational, with explanation.

   ii. If a water injection system is used, any period when the affected turbine was in operation during which ice fog was deemed to be a traffic hazard, the ambient conditions existing during the periods, the date and time the water injection system was deactivated, and the date and time the system was reactivated.

   iii. Any day in which emission and/or opacity exceeded an applicable standard or limit.

k. The source owner or operator shall keep records of good operating practices for each turbine.

l. The source owner or operator shall maintain the following records related to each startup of the turbines:

   i. The following information for each startup of the turbines:

      A. Date and time of startup.

      B. A description of the startup, if written operating procedures are not followed during the startup or significant problems occur during the startup, including detailed explanation.

   ii. The following information for the turbines when above normal opacity, as defined in Condition 7.1.8, has been observed by source personnel:

      A. Name of observer, position and reason for being at site.

      B. Date and duration of above normal opacity, including affected turbine, start time and time normal operation was achieved.

      C. If normal operation was not achieved within 45 minutes, an explanation why startup could not be achieved within this time.

      D. A detailed description of the startup, including reason for operation.

E. An explanation why established startup procedures could not be performed, if not performed.

F. The nature of opacity following the end of startup or 45 minutes of operation, whichever occurs first, and duration of operation until achievement of normal opacity or shutdown.

G. Whether an exceedance of Condition 7.1.3(b), i.e., 30 percent opacity, may have occurred during startup, with explanation if qualified observer was on site.

m. Records for Malfunctions and Breakdowns

The Permittee shall maintain records, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263, of continued operation of an affected turbine subject to Condition 7.1.3(g) during malfunctions and breakdown, which as a minimum, shall include:

i. Date and duration of malfunction or breakdown.

ii. A detailed explanation of the malfunction or breakdown.

iii. An explanation why the affected turbine continued to operate in accordance with Condition 7.1.3(g).

iv. The measures used to reduce the quantity of emissions and the duration of the event.

v. The steps taken to prevent similar malfunctions or breakdowns or reduce their frequency and severity.

vi. The amount of release above typical emissions during malfunction/breakdown.

7.1.10 <u>Reporting Requirements</u>

a. Reporting of Deviations

The source owner or operator shall promptly notify the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit, of deviations of the affected turbine with the permit requirements as follows, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(f)(ii) of the Act. Reports shall describe the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken:

i. Emissions from the affected turbine in excess of the limits specified in Conditions 7.1.3 and 7.1.6 within 30 days of such occurrence.

ii. Operation of the affected turbine in excess of the limits specified in Conditions 7.1.5 and 7.1.6 within 30 days of such occurrence.

b. In conjunction with the Annual Emission Report required by 35 IAC Part 254, the source owner or operator shall provide the operating hours for each affected turbine, the total number of startups, the total fuel consumption during the preceding calendar year.

c. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.7(c) and 40 CFR 60.334(j), a report shall be submitted on a semi-annual basis. This report shall contain information on excess emissions and monitoring system downtime reports in accordance with 40 CFR 60.7(c) and 40 CFR 60.334(j).

d. i. Annually report the heat input and $NO_x$ emissions of the turbine as determined in accordance with 35 IAC 217.710(c) (Condition 7.1.8(c)(iii)), for each ozone control period, by November 30 of each year [35 IAC 217.712(b)(2)].

ii. Pursuant to 35 IAC 217.712(c) and (d), no later than November 30 of each year, the source owner or operator shall submit a report to the Illinois EPA that demonstrates that the affected turbine has complied with Condition 7.1.3(e). These reports shall be accompanied by a certification statement signed by a responsible official for the source owner or operator as specified by 35 IAC 217.712(c).

e. Reserved for Future Use

f. Reporting of Malfunctions and Breakdowns

The Permittee shall provide the following notification and reports to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit and Regional Field Office, pursuant to 35 IAC 201.263, concerning continued operation of an affected turbine subject to Condition 7.1.3(g) during malfunction or breakdown:

i. A. The Permittee shall notify the Illinois EPA's regional office by telephone as soon as possible during normal working hours, but no later than three (3) days, upon the occurrence of noncompliance due to malfunction or breakdown.

B. Upon achievement of compliance, the Permittee shall give a written follow-up notice within 15 days to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit and Regional Field Office, providing a detailed explanation of the event, an explanation why

continued operation of the affected turbines was necessary, the length of time during which operation continued under such conditions, the measures taken by the Permittee to minimize and correct deficiencies with chronology, and when the repairs were completed or when the affected turbine was taken out of service.

C. If compliance is not achieved within 5 working days of the occurrence, the Permittee shall submit interim status reports to the Illinois EPA, Air Compliance Unit and Regional Field Office, within 5 days of the occurrence and every 14 days thereafter, until compliance is achieved. These interim reports shall provide a brief explanation of the nature of the malfunction or breakdown, corrective actions accomplished to date, actions anticipated to occur with schedule, and the expected date on which repairs will be complete or the affected turbine will be taken out of service.

ii. In accordance with the due dates in Condition 8.6.1, the Permittee shall submit semi-annual malfunction and breakdown reports to the Illinois EPA pursuant to Sections 39.5(7)(a) and (f) of the Act. These reports may be submitted along with other semi-annual reports and shall include the following information for malfunctions and breakdowns of the affected turbine during the reporting period:

A. A listing of malfunctions and breakdowns, in chronological order, that includes:

I. The date, time, and duration of each incident.

II. The identity of the affected operation(s) involved in the incident.

B. Dates of the notices and reports of Conditions 7.1.10(f)(i).

C. Any supplement information the Permittee wishes to provide to the notices and reports of Conditions 7.1.10(f)(i).

D. The aggregate duration of all incidents during the reporting period.

E. If there have been no such incidents during the reporting period, this shall be stated in the report.

7.1.11 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

Operational flexibility is not set for the affected turbines.

7.1.12 Compliance Procedures

a. Compliance with the opacity limitations of Conditions 7.1.3(b) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.1.5, the testing requirements of 7.1.7, the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8, and the records required in Condition 7.1.9, and the reports required in Condition 7.1.10.

b. Compliance with the $SO_2$ emission limitations of Conditions 7.1.3(c) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.1.5, the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8, the records required in Condition 7.1.9, and the reports required in Condition 7.1.10.

c. i. Compliance with the $NO_x$ emission limitations of Conditions 7.1.3(d)(i) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.1.5, the testing requirements of 7.1.7, the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8, and the records required in Condition 7.1.9, and the reports required in Condition 7.1.10(a).

ii. Compliance with the $SO_2$ emission limitations of Conditions 7.1.3(d)(ii) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.1.5, the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8, the records required in Condition 7.1.9, and the reports required in Condition 7.1.10(a).

d. i. Compliance with the $NO_x$ emission limitations of Conditions 7.1.3(e) is addressed by the requirements of Condition 7.1.5, the testing requirements of 7.1.7, the monitoring requirements of 7.1.8, the records required in Condition 7.1.9, and the reports required in Condition 7.1.10(a).

ii. Notwithstanding 35 IAC 217.710(a), Condition 7.1.8(d), the owner or operator of a gas-fired peaking unit or oil-fired peaking unit as defined in 40 CFR 72.2 may determine $NO_x$ emissions in accordance with the emissions estimation protocol of 40 CFR 75, Appendix E [35 IAC 217.710(b)].

iii. Notwithstanding 35 IAC 217.710(a), Condition 7.1.8(d), the owner or operator of a combustion turbine that operates less than 350 hour per ozone control period may determine the heat input and $NO_x$ emissions of the turbine as follows [35 IAC 217.710(c)]:

A. Heat input shall be determined from the metered fuel usage to the turbine or the calculated heat input determined as the product of the turbine's maximum hourly heat input and hours of operation as recorded by operating instrumentation on the turbine [35 IAC 217.710(c)(1)].

B. $NO_x$ emissions shall be determined as the product of the heat input, as determined above, and the appropriate default $NO_x$ emission factors below [35 IAC 217.710(c)(2)]:

0.7 lbs/mmBtu - Natural gas
1.2 lbs/mmBtu - Fuel oil

e. i. Compliance with the fuel limits in Condition 7.1.6(a) is addressed by the records and reports required in Conditions 7.1.9 and 7.1.10.

ii. Compliance with the emission limits in Conditions 5.6 and 7.1.6(b) is addressed by the records and reports required in Conditions 7.1.9 and 7.1.10, the continuous $NO_x$ monitoring requirements in Condition 7.1.8 and from emission factors developed from the most recent approved stack test in accordance with Condition 7.1.6(e) for $NO_x$, CO, VOM and $PM/PM_{10}$ and 7.1.7, and analysis of fuel sulfur content or standard factors ($SO_2$).

## 8.0 GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 8.1 Permit Shield

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(j) of the Act, the Permittee has requested and has been granted a permit shield. This permit shield provides that compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with applicable requirements which were applicable as of the date the proposed permit for this source was issued, provided that either the applicable requirements are specifically identified within this permit, or the Illinois EPA, in acting on this permit application, has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to this source and this determination (or a concise summary thereof) is included in this permit.

This permit shield does not extend to applicable requirements which are promulgated after January 30, 2009 (the date of issuance of the proposed permit) unless this permit has been modified to reflect such new requirements.

### 8.2 Applicability of Title IV Requirements (Acid Deposition Control)

This source is an affected source under Title IV of the CAA and is subject to requirements pursuant to Title IV of the CAA as specified in Section 6.6. To the extent that the federal regulations promulgated under Title IV of the CAA, are inconsistent with the requirements of this permit, the federal regulations promulgated under Title IV of the CAA shall take precedence pursuant to Section 39.5(17)(j) of the Act.

### 8.3 Emissions Trading Programs

No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions allowed under any USEPA approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for elsewhere in this permit and that are authorized by the applicable requirement [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vii) of the Act].

### 8.4 Operational Flexibility/Anticipated Operating Scenarios

#### 8.4.1 Changes Specifically Addressed by Permit

Physical or operational changes specifically addressed by the Conditions of this permit that have been identified as not requiring Illinois EPA notification may be implemented without prior notice to the Illinois EPA.

#### 8.4.2 Changes Requiring Prior Notification

The Permittee is authorized to make physical or operational changes that contravene express permit terms without applying for or obtaining an amendment to this permit, provided that [Section 39.5(12)(a)(i) of the Act]:

a. The changes do not violate applicable requirements;

b. The changes do not contravene federally enforceable permit terms or conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements;

c. The changes do not constitute a modification under Title I of the CAA;

d. Emissions will not exceed the emissions allowed under this permit following implementation of the physical or operational change; and

e. The Permittee provides written notice to the Illinois EPA, Division of Air Pollution Control, Permit Section, at least 7 days before commencement of the change. This notice shall:

   i. Describe the physical or operational change;

   ii. Identify the schedule for implementing the physical or operational change;

   iii. Provide a statement of whether or not any New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) is applicable to the physical or operational change and the reason why the NSPS does or does not apply;

   iv. Provide emission calculations which demonstrate that the physical or operational change will not result in a modification; and

   v. Provide a certification that the physical or operational change will not result in emissions greater than authorized under the Conditions of this permit.

8.5 Testing Procedures

Tests conducted to measure composition of materials, efficiency of pollution control devices, emissions from process or control equipment, or other parameters shall be conducted using standard test methods if applicable test methods are not specified by the applicable regulations or otherwise identified in the conditions of this permit. Documentation of the test date, conditions, methodologies, calculations, and test results shall be retained pursuant to the recordkeeping procedures of this permit. Reports of any tests conducted as required by this permit or as the result of a request by the Illinois EPA shall be submitted as specified in Conditions 8.6.3 and 8.6.4.

## 8.6 Reporting Requirements

### 8.6.1 Monitoring Reports

Reports summarizing required monitoring as specified in the conditions of this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA every six months as follows, unless more frequent submittal of such reports is required in Sections 5 or 7 of this permit [Section 39.5(7)(f) of the Act]:

| Monitoring Period | Report Due Date |
|---|---|
| January - June | September 1 |
| July - December | March 1 |

All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All such reports shall be certified in accordance with Condition 9.9.

### 8.6.2 Test Notifications

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, a written test plan for any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review at least 60 days prior to the testing pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act. The notification shall include at a minimum:

a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);

b. The person(s) who will be performing sampling and analysis and their experience with similar tests;

c. The specific conditions under which testing will be performed, including a discussion of why these conditions will be representative of maximum emissions and the means by which the operating parameters for the source and any control equipment will be determined;

d. The specific determinations of emissions and operation that are intended to be made, including sampling and monitoring locations;

e. The test method(s) that will be used, with the specific analysis method, if the method can be used with different analysis methods;

f. Any minor changes in standard methodology proposed to accommodate the specific circumstances of testing, with justification; and

g. Any proposed use of an alternative test method, with detailed justification.

8.6.3 Test Reports

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this permit, the results of any test required by this permit shall be submitted to the Illinois EPA within 60 days of completion of the testing. The test report shall include at a minimum [Section 39.5(7)(e)(i) of the Act]:

a. The name and identification of the affected unit(s);

b. The date and time of the sampling or measurements;

c. The date any analyses were performed;

d. The name of the company that performed the tests and/or analyses;

e. The test and analytical methodologies used;

f. The results of the tests including raw data, and/or analyses including sample calculations;

g. The operating conditions at the time of the sampling or measurements; and

h. The name of any relevant observers present including the testing company's representatives, any Illinois EPA or USEPA representatives, and the representatives of the source.

8.6.4 Reporting Addresses

a. Unless otherwise specified in the particular provision of this permit or in the written instructions distributed by the Illinois EPA for particular reports, reports and notifications shall be sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Unit with a copy sent to the Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office.

b. As of the date of issuance of this permit, the addresses of the offices that should generally be utilized for the submittal of reports and notifications are as follows:

i. Illinois EPA - Air Compliance Unit

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Air
Compliance & Enforcement Section (MC 40)
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

ii. Illinois EPA - Air Quality Planning Section

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Air
Air Quality Planning Section (MC 39)
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

iii. Illinois EPA - Air Regional Field Office

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control
9511 West Harrison
Des Plaines, Illinois 60016

iv. USEPA Region 5 - Air Branch

USEPA (AR - 17J)
Air & Radiation Division
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

c. Permit applications should be addressed to the Air Permit Section. As of the date of issuance of this permit, the address of the Air Permit Section is as follows:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Division of Air Pollution Control
Permit Section (MC 11)
P.O. Box 19506
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9506

8.7 Title I Conditions

Notwithstanding the expiration date on the first page of this CAAPP permit, Title I conditions in this permit, which are identified by a T1, T1N, or T1R designation, remain in effect until such time as the Illinois EPA takes action to revise or terminate them in accordance with applicable procedures for action on Title I conditions. This is because these conditions either: (a) incorporate conditions of earlier permits that were issued by the Illinois EPA pursuant to authority that includes authority found in Title I of the CAA (T1 conditions), (b) were newly established in this CAAPP permit pursuant to authority that includes such Title I authority (T1N conditions), or (c) reflect a revision or combination of conditions established in this CAAPP permit (T1R conditions). (See also Condition 1.5.)

## 9.0 STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 9.1 Effect of Permit

9.1.1 The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from compliance with State and Federal regulations which are part of the Illinois State Implementation Plan, as well as with other applicable statutes and regulations of the United States or the State of Illinois or applicable ordinances, except as specifically stated in this permit and as allowed by law and rule.

9.1.2 In particular, this permit does not alter or affect the following [Section 39.5(7)(j)(iv) of the Act]:

a. The provisions of Section 303 (emergency powers) of the CAA, including USEPA's authority under that Section;

b. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;

c. The applicable requirements of the acid rain program consistent with Section 408(a) of the CAA; and

d. The ability of USEPA to obtain information from a source pursuant to Section 114 (inspections, monitoring, and entry) of the CAA.

9.1.3 Notwithstanding the conditions of this permit specifying compliance practices for applicable requirements, pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(j) and (p) of the Act, any person (including the Permittee) may also use other credible evidence to establish compliance or noncompliance with applicable requirements.

### 9.2 General Obligations of Permittee

9.2.1 Duty to Comply

The Permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the Act, and is grounds for any or all of the following: enforcement action; permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application [Section 39.5(7)(o)(i) of the Act].

The Permittee shall meet applicable requirements that become effective during the permit term in a timely manner unless an alternate schedule for compliance with the applicable requirement is established.

9.2.2 Duty to Maintain Equipment

The Permittee shall maintain all equipment covered under this permit in such a manner that the performance or operation of such equipment shall not cause a violation of applicable requirements.

9.2.3 Duty to Cease Operation

No person shall cause, threaten or allow the continued operation of any emission unit during malfunction or breakdown of the emission unit or related air pollution control equipment if such operation would cause a violation of an applicable emission standard, regulatory requirement, ambient air quality standard or permit limitation unless this permit provides for such continued operation consistent with the Act and applicable Illinois Pollution Control Board regulations [Section 39.5(6)(c) of the Act].

9.2.4 Disposal Operations

The source shall be operated in such a manner that the disposal of air contaminants collected by the equipment operations, or activities shall not cause a violation of the Act or regulations promulgated there under.

9.2.5 Duty to Pay Fees

The Permittee must pay fees to the Illinois EPA consistent with the fee schedule approved pursuant to Section 39.5(18) of the Act, and submit any information relevant thereto [Section 39.5(7)(o)(vi) of the Act]. The check should be payable to "Treasurer, State of Illinois" and sent to: Fiscal Services Section, Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276.

9.3 Obligation to Allow Illinois EPA Surveillance

Upon presentation of proper credentials and other documents as may be required by law and in accordance with constitutional limitations, the Permittee shall allow the Illinois EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following [Sections 4 and 39.5(7)(a) and (p)(ii) of the Act]:

a. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where an actual or potential emission unit is located; where any regulated equipment, operation, or activity is located or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

c. Inspect during hours of operation any sources, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment),

practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;

d. Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location:

i. At reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or applicable requirements; or

ii. As otherwise authorized by the CAA, or the Act.

e. Obtain and remove samples of any discharge or emission of pollutants authorized by this permit; and

f. Enter and utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purposes of preserving, testing, monitoring, or recording any regulated activity, discharge or emission at the source authorized by this permit.

9.4 Obligation to Comply with Other Requirements

The issuance of this permit does not release the Permittee from applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and applicable local ordinances addressing subjects other than air pollution control.

9.5 Liability

9.5.1 Title

This permit shall not be considered as in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the permitted source is located.

9.5.2 Liability of Permittee

This permit does not release the Permittee from any liability for damage to person or property caused by or resulting from the construction, maintenance, or operation of the sources.

9.5.3 Structural Stability

This permit does not take into consideration or attest to the structural stability of any unit or part of the source.

9.5.4 Illinois EPA Liability

This permit in no manner implies or suggests that the Illinois EPA (or its officers, agents or employees) assumes any liability, directly or indirectly, for any loss due to damage, installation, maintenance, or operation of the source.

9.5.5 Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege [Section 39.5(7)(o)(iv) of the Act].

## 9.6 Recordkeeping

### 9.6.1 Control Equipment Maintenance Records

A maintenance record shall be kept on the premises for each item of air pollution control equipment. At a minimum, this record shall show the dates of performance and nature of preventative maintenance activities.

### 9.6.2 Records of Changes in Operation

A record shall be kept describing changes made at the source that result in emissions of a regulated air pollutant subject to an applicable requirement, but not otherwise regulated under this permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes [Section 39.5(12)(b)(iv) of the Act].

### 9.6.3 Retention of Records

a. Records of all monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records, original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit [Section 39.5(7)(e)(ii) of the Act].

b. Other records required by this permit including any logs, plans, procedures, or instructions required to be kept by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least 5 years from the date of entry unless a longer period is specified by a particular permit provision.

## 9.7 Annual Emissions Report

The Permittee shall submit an annual emissions report to the Illinois EPA, Air Quality Planning Section no later than May 1 of the following year, as required by 35 IAC Part 254.

## 9.8 Requirements for Compliance Certification

Pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(p)(v) of the Act, the Permittee shall submit annual compliance certifications. The compliance certifications shall be submitted no later than May 1 or more frequently as specified in the applicable requirements or by permit condition. The compliance certifications shall be submitted to the Air Compliance Unit, Air Regional Field Office, and USEPA Region 5 – Air Branch. The addresses for the submittal of the compliance certifications are provided in Condition 8.6.4 of this permit.

a. The certification shall include the identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the

certification; the compliance status; whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, both currently and over the reporting period consistent with the conditions of this permit.

b. All compliance certifications shall be submitted to USEPA Region 5 in Chicago as well as to the Illinois EPA.

c. All compliance reports required to be submitted shall include a certification in accordance with Condition 9.9.

9.9 Certification

Any document (including reports) required to be submitted by this permit shall contain a certification by a responsible official of the Permittee that meets the requirements of Section 39.5(5) of the Act and applicable regulations [Section 39.5(7)(p)(i) of the Act]. An example Certification by a Responsible Official is included as Attachment 1 to this permit.

9.10 Defense to Enforcement Actions

9.10.1 Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit [Section 39.5(7)(o)(ii) of the Act].

9.10.2 Emergency Provision

a. An emergency shall be an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with the technology-based emission limitations under this permit if the following conditions are met through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence [Section 39.5(7)(k) of the Act]:

i. An emergency occurred as provided in Section 39.5(7)(k) of the Act and the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency.

Note: For this purpose, emergency means a situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, as further defined by Section 39.5(7)(k)(iv) of the Act.

ii. The permitted source was at the time being properly operated;

iii. The Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Illinois EPA within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a detailed

description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken; and

iv. During the period of the emergency the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission limitations, standards, or regulations in this permit.

b. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. This provision does not relieve a Permittee of any reporting obligations under existing federal or state laws or regulations [Section 39.5(7)(k)(iv) of the Act].

9.11 Permanent Shutdown

This permit only covers emission units and control equipment while physically present at the indicated source location(s). Unless this permit specifically provides for equipment relocation, this permit is void for the operation or activity of any item of equipment on the date it is removed from the permitted location(s) or permanently shut down. This permit expires if all equipment is removed from the permitted location(s), notwithstanding the expiration date specified on this permit.

9.12 Reopening and Reissuing Permit for Cause

9.12.1 Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause in accordance with applicable provisions of Section 39.5 of the Act. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition [Section 39.5(7)(o)(iii) of the Act].

9.12.2 Reopening and Revision

This permit must be reopened and revised if any of the following occur [Section 39.5(15)(a) of the Act]:

a. Additional requirements become applicable to the equipment covered by this permit and three or more years remain before expiration of this permit.

b. Additional requirements become applicable to an affected source for acid deposition under the acid rain program.

c. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statement were made in establishing the emission standards or limitations, or other terms or conditions of this permit.

d. The Illinois EPA or USEPA determines that this permit must be revised or revoked to ensure compliance with the applicable requirements.

9.12.3 Inaccurate Application

The Illinois EPA has issued this permit based upon the information submitted by the Permittee in the permit application. Any misinformation, false statement or misrepresentation in the application shall be grounds for revocation and reissuance under Section 39.5(15) of the Act, pursuant to Sections 39.5(5)(e) and (i) of the Act.

9.12.4 Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Illinois EPA, within a reasonable time specified by the Illinois EPA any information that the Illinois EPA may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Illinois EPA copies of records required to be kept by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee may furnish such records directly to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality [Section 39.5(7)(o)(v) of the Act].

9.13 Severability Clause

The provisions of this permit are severable. In the event of a challenge to any portion of the permit, other portions of the permit may continue to be in effect. Should any portion of this permit be determined to be illegal or unenforceable, the validity of the other provisions shall not be affected and the rights and obligations of the Permittee shall be construed and enforced as if this permit did not contain the particular provisions held to be invalid and the applicable requirements underlying these provisions shall remain in force [Section 39.5(7)(i) of the Act].

9.14 Permit Expiration and Renewal

Upon the expiration of this permit, if the source is operated, it shall be deemed to be operating without a permit unless a timely and complete CAAPP application has been submitted for renewal of this permit. However, if a timely and complete application to renew this CAAPP permit has been submitted, the terms and all conditions of this CAAPP permit will remain in effect until the issuance of a renewal permit [Section 39.5(5)(l) and (o) of the Act].

Note: Pursuant to Sections 39.5(5)(h) and (n) of the Act, upon submittal of a timely and complete renewal application, the permitted source may continue to operate until final action is taken by the Illinois EPA on the renewal application, provided, however, that this protection shall cease if the applicant fails to submit any additional information necessary to evaluate or take final action on the renewal

application as requested by the Illinois EPA in writing. For a renewal application to be timely, it must be submitted no later than 9 months prior to the date of permit expiration.

9.15 General Authority for the Terms and Conditions of this Permit

The authority for terms and conditions of this permit that do not include a citation for their authority is Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act, which provides that the Illinois EPA shall include such provisions in a CAAPP permit as are necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Act and to assure compliance with all applicable requirements. Section 39.5(7)(a) of the Act is also another basis of authority for terms and conditions of this permit that do include a specific citation for their authority.

Note: This condition is included in this permit pursuant to Section 39.5(7)(n) of the Act.

## 10.0 ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 Example Certification by a Responsible Official

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Official Title: _____

Telephone No.: _____

Date Signed: _____

Attachment 2 Emissions of Particulate Matter from Process Emission Units

a. New Process Emission Units for Which Construction or Modification Commenced On or After April 14, 1972 [35 IAC 212.321].

i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of particulate matter into the atmosphere in any one hour period from any new process emission unit which, either alone or in combination with the emission of particulate matter from all other similar process emission units for which construction or modification commenced on or after April 14, 1972, at a source or premises, exceeds the allowable emission rates specified in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.321 [35 IAC 212.321(a)].

ii. Interpolated and extrapolated values of the data in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.321 shall be determined by using the equation [35 IAC 212.321(b)]:

$$E = A(P)^B$$

where:

P = Process weight rate; and
E = Allowable emission rate; and,

A. Up to process weight rates of 408 Mg/hr (450 T/hr):

| | Metric | English |
|---|---|---|
| P | Mg/hr | T/hr |
| E | kg/hr | lb/hr |
| A | 1.214 | 2.54 |
| B | 0.534 | 0.534 |

B. For process weight rate greater than or equal to 408 Mg/hr (450 T/hr):

| | Metric | English |
|---|---|---|
| P | Mg/hr | T/hr |
| E | kg/hr | lb/hr |
| A | 11.42 | 24.8 |
| B | 0.16 | 0.16 |

iii. Limits for Process Emission Units For Which Construction or Modification Commenced On or After April 19, 1972 [35 IAC 212.321(c)]:

| Metric P Mg/hr | E kg/hr | English P T/hr | E lb/hr |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.05 | 0.55 |
| 0.1 | 0.29 | 0.10 | 0.77 |
| 0.2 | 0.42 | 0.2 | 1.10 |
| 0.3 | 0.64 | 0.30 | 1.35 |
| 0.4 | 0.74 | 0.40 | 1.58 |
| 0.5 | 0.84 | 0.50 | 1.75 |
| 0.7 | 1.00 | 0.75 | 2.40 |
| 0.9 | 1.15 | 1.00 | 2.60 |
| 1.8 | 1.66 | 2.00 | 3.70 |
| 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.00 | 4.60 |
| 3.6 | 2.4 | 4.00 | 5.35 |
| 4.5 | 2.7 | 5.00 | 6.00 |
| 9.0 | 3.9 | 10.00 | 8.70 |
| 13.0 | 4.8 | 15.00 | 10.80 |
| 18.0 | 5.7 | 20.00 | 12.50 |
| 23.0 | 6.5 | 25.00 | 14.00 |
| 27.0 | 7.1 | 30.00 | 15.60 |
| 32.0 | 7.7 | 35.00 | 17.00 |
| 36.0 | 8.2 | 40.00 | 18.20 |
| 41.0 | 8.8 | 45.00 | 19.20 |
| 45.0 | 9.3 | 50.00 | 20.50 |
| 90.0 | 13.4 | 100.00 | 29.50 |
| 140.0 | 17.0 | 150.00 | 37.00 |
| 180.0 | 19.4 | 200.00 | 43.00 |
| 230.0 | 22.0 | 250.00 | 48.50 |
| 270.0 | 24.0 | 300.00 | 53.00 |
| 320.0 | 26.0 | 350.00 | 58.00 |
| 360.0 | 28.0 | 400.00 | 62.00 |
| 408.0 | 30.1 | 450.00 | 66.00 |
| 454.0 | 30.4 | 500.00 | 67.00 |

iv. For process weight rates of less than 100 pounds per hour, the allowable rate is 0.5 pounds per hour [35 IAC 266.110].

b. Existing Process Emission Units for Which Construction or Modification Prior to April 14, 1972 [35 IAC 212.322].

i. No person shall cause or allow the emission of particulate matter into the atmosphere in any one hour period from any process emission unit for which construction or modification commenced prior to April 14, 1972, which, either alone or in combination with the emission of particulate matter from all other similar process emission units at a source or premises, exceeds the allowable emission rates specified in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.322 [35 IAC 212.322(a)].

ii. Interpolated and extrapolated values of the data in subsection (c) of 35 IAC 212.321 shall be determined by using the equation [35 IAC 212.322(b)]:

$$E = C + A(P)^B$$

where:

P = Process weight rate; and
E = Allowable emission rate; and,

A. Up to process weight rates up to 27.2 Mg/hr (30 T/hr):

| | Metric | English |
|---|---|---|
| P | Mg/hr | T/hr |
| E | kg/hr | lb/hr |
| A | 1.985 | 4.10 |
| B | 0.67 | 0.67 |
| C | 0 | 0 |

B. For process weight rate in excess of 27.2 Mg/hr (30 T/hr):

| | Metric | English |
|---|---|---|
| P | Mg/hr | T/hr |
| E | kg/hr | lb/hr |
| A | 25.21 | 55.0 |
| B | 0.11 | 0.11 |
| C | - 18.4 | - 40.0 |

iii. Limits for Process Emission Units For Which Construction or Modification Commenced Prior to April 14, 1972 [35 IAC 212.322(c)]:

| Metric | | English | |
|---|---|---|---|
| P | E | P | E |
| Mg/hr | kg/hr | T/hr | lb/hr |
| 0.05 | 0.27 | 0.05 | 0.55 |
| 0.1 | 0.42 | 0.10 | 0.87 |
| 0.2 | 0.68 | 0.2 | 1.40 |
| 0.3 | 0.89 | 0.30 | 1.83 |
| 0.4 | 1.07 | 0.40 | 2.22 |
| 0.5 | 1.25 | 0.50 | 2.58 |
| 0.7 | 1.56 | 0.75 | 3.38 |
| 0.9 | 1.85 | 1.00 | 4.10 |
| 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.00 | 6.52 |
| 2.7 | 3.9 | 3.00 | 8.56 |
| 3.6 | 4.7 | 4.00 | 10.40 |
| 4.5 | 5.4 | 5.00 | 12.00 |
| 9.0 | 8.7 | 10.00 | 19.20 |
| 13.0 | 11.1 | 15.00 | 25.20 |
| 18.0 | 13.8 | 20.00 | 30.50 |
| 23.0 | 16.2 | 25.00 | 35.40 |
| 27.2 | 18.15 | 30.00 | 40.00 |
| 32.0 | 18.8 | 35.00 | 41.30 |
| 36.0 | 19.3 | 40.00 | 42.50 |
| 41.0 | 19.8 | 45.00 | 43.60 |
| 45.0 | 20.2 | 50.00 | 44.60 |
| 90.0 | 23.2 | 100.00 | 51.20 |
| 140.0 | 25.3 | 150.00 | 55.40 |
| 180.0 | 26.5 | 200.00 | 58.60 |
| 230.0 | 27.7 | 250.00 | 61.00 |
| 270.0 | 28.5 | 300.00 | 63.10 |
| 320.0 | 29.4 | 350.00 | 64.90 |
| 360.0 | 30.0 | 400.00 | 66.20 |
| 400.0 | 30.6 | 450.00 | 67.70 |
| 454.0 | 31.3 | 500.00 | 69.00 |

iv. For process weight rates of less than 100 pounds per hour, the allowable rate is 0.5 pounds per hour [35 IAC 266.110].

Attachment 3 Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan

There are no specific emission units that require a CAM plan as identified in the Monitoring Requirements of Subsection 8 for each Section 7, Unit Specific Conditions for Specific Emission Units.

Attachment 4 Guidance

The Illinois has prepared guidance for sources on the Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) that is available on the Internet site maintained by the Illinois EPA, www.epa.state.il.us. This guidance includes instructions on applying for a revision or renewal of the CAAPP permit.

Guidance On Revising A CAAPP Permit:

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-revising.pdf

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Guidance On Renewing A CAAPP Permit:

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/caapp-renewing.pdf

The application forms prepared by the Illinois EPA for the CAAPP are also available from the Illinois EPA's Internet site:

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/index.html

These CAAPP application forms should also be used by a CAAPP source when it applies for a construction permit. For this purpose, the appropriate CAAPP application forms and other supporting information, should be accompanied by a completed Application For A Construction Permit form (199-CAAPP) and Fee Determination for Construction Permit Application form (197-FEE):

www.epa.state.il.us/air/caapp/199-caapp.pdf
www.epa.state.il.us/air/permits/197-fee.pdf

Attachment 5 Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR)Permit

217-782-2113

**CAIR PERMIT**

Ameren Energy Generating Company
Attn: Michael L. Menne, Designated Representative
1901 Chouteau Avenue (MC 602)
Post Office Box 66149
St. Louis, Missouri 63166-6149

Oris No.: 55438
IEPA I.D. No.: 031438ABC
Source/Unit: Elgin Energy Center
Date Received: December 27, 2007
Date Issued: March 20, 2009
Expiration Date: March 20, 2014

**STATEMENT OF BASIS:**

In accordance with the Clean Air Act Interstate Rule (CAIR) $SO_2$ Trading Program, the CAIR $NO_x$ Annual Trading Program and the CAIR $NO_x$ Ozone Season Trading Program, and 35 IAC Part 225, Subparts C, D, and E, respectively, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency is issuing this CAIR permit to Ameren Energy Generating Company for the affected units at its Elgin Energy Center located at 1559 Gifford Road, Elgin, 60120, i.e., CT01 – CT 04.

**ALLOCATION OF SULFUR DIOXIDE ($SO_2$) ALLOWANCES, NITROGEN OXIDE ($NO_x$) ALLOWANCES, AND $NO_x$ OZONE SEASON ALLOWANCES FOR THE AFFECTED UNITS:**

| Program | Allocation of Allowances |
|---|---|
| CAIR $SO_2$ Allowances | These units are not entitled to an allocation of CAIR $SO_2$ allowances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 96. |
| CAIR $NO_x$ Annual Allowances | These units are eligible to an allocation of CAIR $NO_x$ Annual Allowances pursuant to 35 IAC 225.430, 225.435 and 225.440. |
| CAIR $NO_x$ Ozone Season Allowances | These units are eligible to an allocation of CAIR $NO_x$ Ozone Season Allowances pursuant to 35 IAC 225.530, 225.535 and 225.540. |

**PERMIT APPLICATION:** The permit application, which includes CAIR $SO_2$ Trading Program requirements, CAIR $NO_x$ Annual Trading Program requirements, CAIR $NO_x$ Ozone Season Trading Program requirements, and other standard requirements, is attached and incorporated as part of this permit. The owners and operators, and designated representative of this source must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application.

**COMMENTS, NOTES AND JUSTIFICATIONS:** This permit contains provisions related to $SO_2$ emissions and $NO_x$ emissions and requires the owners and operators to hold CAIR $SO_2$ allowances to account for $SO_2$ emissions, CAIR $NO_x$ annual allowances to account for annual $NO_x$ emissions, and CAIR $NO_x$ ozone season allowances to account for ozone season $NO_x$ emissions from the CAIR units. An allowance is a limited authorization to emit $SO_2$ or $NO_x$ emissions during or

after a specified control period. The transfer of allowances to and from the applicable compliance or general account does not necessitate a revision to this permit.

As related to seasonal emissions of $NO_x$, CAIR $NO_x$ Ozone Season Trading Program supersedes the $NO_x$ Trading Budget, beginning on the effective date of this permit. Accordingly, effective January 1, 2009, the provisions of this permit effectively supersede Section 6.1 of the CAAPP permit, which relate to compliance with $NO_x$ Trading Program for Electric Generating Units (EGU).

This CAIR permit does not affect the source's responsibility to meet all other applicable local, state and federal requirements.

If you have any questions regarding this permit, please contact Ross Cooper at 217-782-2113.

Edwin C. Bakowski, P.E. Date Issued: _____
Manager, Permit Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

ECB:RWC:psj

cc: Beth Valenziano, Region V - USEPA
FOS – Region 1, Illinois EPA