

**Region 3 Plan Summary
Parkersburg-Marietta, West Virginia-Ohio 8-Hour Ozone Area**

Title: Maintenance Plan for the West Virginia Portion of the Parkersburg West Virginia-Ohio 8-hour Ozone Area

Federal Register Dates: January 12, 2007, 72 FR 1474 (Proposed Rule); May 8, 2007, 72 FR 25967 (Final Rule). **Revised:** October 30, 2008, 73 FR 64576 (Proposed Rule); 73 FR 64548 (Final Rule).

EPA Effective Date: June 7, 2007; revisions effective December 29, 2008.

State Submittal Date: September 8, 2006; revisions submitted August 25, 2008.

Affected Area: Wood County.

Key Features:

2004 attainment year; projections to 2009 and 2018 .

The Parkersburg-Marietta area plan shows maintenance of the 8-hour ozone NAAQS by demonstrating that current and future emissions of VOC and NO_x remain at or below the attainment year 2004 emissions levels throughout the Parkersburg-Marietta area through the year 2018.

Monitoring Network: The Area currently has two ozone monitors, one in Wood County, West Virginia and one in Washington County, Ohio. West Virginia will continue to operate its current air quality monitor (located in Wood County) in accordance with 40 CFR part 58.

Contingency Plan Triggers:

1. The triennial inventories indicate significant emissions growth above the 2004 base-year inventory or if a monitored air quality exceedance pattern indicates that an ozone NAAQS violation may be imminent.
2. A violation of the 8-hour ozone standard occurs at any monitor in the Parkersburg-Marietta area.

Contingency Measures:

Contingency measures for trigger 1:

WVDEP will evaluate existing control measures to ascertain if additional regulatory revisions are necessary to maintain the ozone standard.

Contingency measures for trigger 2:

Extend the applicability of 45CSR21 (VOC/RACT rule) to include source categories previously excluded (e.g., waste water treatment facilities).

Revised new source permitting requirements requiring more stringent emissions control technology and/or emissions offsets.
NOx RACT requirements.

Regulations to establish plant-wide emissions caps (potentially with emissions trading provisions).

Establish a Public Awareness/Ozone Action Day Program, a two pronged program focusing on increasing the public's understanding of air quality issues in the region and increasing support for actions to improve the air quality, resulting in reduced emissions on days when the ozone levels are likely to be high.

Initiate one or more of the following voluntary local control measures:

1. Bicycle and Pedestrian Measures--A series of measures designed to promote bicycling and walking including both promotional activities and enhancing the environment for these activities.
2. Reduce Engine Idling--Voluntary programs to restrict heavy duty diesel engine idling times for both trucks and school buses.
3. Voluntary Partnership with Ground Freight Industry--A voluntary program using incentives to encourage the ground freight industry to reduce emissions.
4. Increase Compliance with Open Burning Restrictions--Increase public awareness of the existing open burning restrictions and work with communities to increase compliance.
5. School Bus Engine Retrofit Program--Have existing school bus engines retrofitted to lower emissions.

Schedule:

The following schedule for adoption, implementation and compliance applies to the contingency measures concerning the option of implementing regulatory requirements:

Confirmation of the monitored violation within 45 days of occurrence.

Measure to be selected within 3 months after verification of a monitored ozone standard violation.

Develop rule within 6 months of selection of measure.

File rule with state secretary (process takes up to 42 days).

Applicable regulation to be fully implemented 6 months after adoption.

The following schedule for adoption, implementation and compliance applies to the voluntary contingency measures:

Confirmation of the monitored violation within 45 days of occurrence.

Measure to be selected within 3 months after verification of a monitored ozone standard violation.

Initiation of program development with local governments within the area by the start of the following ozone season.

Additional Provision: Based on the 2002 inventory data and calculation methodology, it is expected that area and mobile source emissions would not exhibit substantial increases between consecutive periodic year inventories. Therefore, if significant unanticipated emissions growth occurs, it is expected that new point sources would be the cause. West Virginia regulation 45CSR29 requires significant point source emitters in nearby counties, including Cabell, Wayne, Kanawha, Putnam and Wood to submit annual emission statements which contain emission totals for VOCs and NOx. Any significant increases that occur can be identified from these reports without waiting for a periodic inventory.

Parkersburg-Marietta, OH-WV Nonattainment Area Summary of Emissions

		Emissions in tpd								
		2004			2009			2018		
		WV ¹	OH ²	Total	WV ¹	OH ²	Total	WV ¹	OH ²	Total
Point	NOx	2.6	71.9	74.5	2.6	15.1	17.7	2.8	22.0	24.8
	VOC	2.1	2.1	4.2	1.4	2.3	3.7	1.7	2.7	4.4
Area:	NOx	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.8	0.3	1.1
	VOC	7.8	2.9	10.7	7.2	2.8	10.0	8.0	2.9	10.9

Nonroad^{3:}	NOx	6.2	5.0	11.2	4.4	4.2	8.6	3.8	3.6	7.4
	VOC	2.8	1.2	4.0	2.4	1.0	3.4	2.0	0.8	2.8
MVEBs^{4,6:}	NOx	5.7	4.9	10.6	5.5	3.6	9.1	2.7	1.8	4.5
	VOC	4.0	3.4	7.4	3.8	2.6	6.4	2.4	1.7	4.1
Total^{5,6:}	NOx	15.2	82.0	97.2	13.2	23.1	36.3	10.1	27.7	37.8
	VOC	16.7	9.6	26.3	14.8	8.7	23.5	14.1	8.1	22.2

¹ WV emissions are total emissions for Wood County in West Virginia.

² OH emissions are total emissions for Washington County in Ohio, as provided by Ohio EPA.

³ Nonroad includes nonroad model results plus Commercial Marine Vessels, Railroad and Airports.

⁴ MVEBs for 2004 are actual; budgets established for 2009 and 2018 include 15% reallocation from the safety margin.

⁵ Sums may not total exactly due to rounding.

⁶ Revisions to the motor projected 2009 and 2018 motor vehicle emissions budgets (MVEB) and total emissions. The state effective date is August 25, 2008.

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