ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
AGENCY-REGION 7

### U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 7 11201 RENNER BOULEVARD LENEXA, KANSAS 66219

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#### BEFORE THE ADMINISTRATOR

In the Matter of:	)	Docket No. TSCA-07-2014-0021
IES of Marshall, Inc.	- j	
DBA Servpro of Marshall	)	
1320 North Highway 65	)	
Marshall, MO 65340	)	
	)	
Respondent	)	

#### CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region 7 and IES of Marshall, Inc. d/b/a Servpro of Marshall (hereinafter Respondent) have agreed to a settlement of this action before filing of a Complaint, and thus this action is simultaneously commenced and concluded pursuant to Rules 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties, Issuance of Compliance or Corrective Action Orders, and the Renovation, Termination or Suspension of Permits (Consolidated Rules), 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2).

### Section I Jurisdiction

1. This proceeding is an administrative action for the assessment of civil penalties instituted pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), 15 U.S.C. § 2615(a).

2. This Consent Agreement and Final Order (CAFO) serves as notice that EPA has reason to believe that Respondent has violated Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, by failing to comply with the lead-based paint certification, information distribution and renovation requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E (Renovation Repair and Painting Rule a/k/a "RRP" Rule), which were authorized for promulgation by Sections 402 and 406 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2682 and 2686.

### Section II <u>Parties</u>

- 3. The Complainant, by delegation from the Administrator of EPA and the Regional Administrator, EPA, Region 7, is the Chief, Toxics and Pesticides Branch, EPA, Region 7.
- 4. The Respondent is IES of Marshall, Inc., a corporation in good standing under the laws of the state of Missouri, doing business in the state of Missouri as Servpro of Marshall. The Respondent meets the definition of a "Firm" and of a "Person", as those terms are set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 745.83.

## Section III Statutory and Regulatory Background

- 5. Congress passed the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (the Act), 42 U.S.C. §§ 4851 to 4856, to address the need to control exposure to lead-based paint hazards. The Act amended TSCA by adding *Title IV Lead Exposure Reduction*, TSCA Sections 401 to 412, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2681 to 2692.
- 6. 15 U.S.C. § 2681(17) defines *target housing* to mean any housing constructed prior to 1978, except housing for the elderly or persons with disabilities (unless any child who is less than six (6) years of age resides or is expected to reside in such housing) or any zero-bedroom dwelling.

- 7. Section 402 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2682, requires that the Administrator of EPA promulgate regulations regarding the activities of individuals and contractors engaged in lead-based paint activities, including renovation of residences and child-occupied facilities built prior to 1978, and regulations for the certification of such individuals and contractors.
- 8. EPA has promulgated regulations regarding lead-based paint activities, including renovation of residences and child-occupied facilities built prior to 1978, and regulations for the certification of individuals and firms who are involved in these activities. These regulations are found within 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E (RRP Rule), and were promulgated pursuant to Section 402 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2682.
- 9. Section 407 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2687, requires that the Administrator of EPA promulgate regulations with recordkeeping and reporting requirements necessary to insure the effective implementation of TSCA Title IV, TSCA Sections 401 to 412, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2681 to 2692.
- 10. EPA has promulgated regulations requiring each person who performs for compensation a renovation of target housing to retain all records necessary to demonstrate compliance with the RRP for 3 years following completion of the renovation activity. These regulations are found within 40 C.F.R. Part 745.86, and were promulgated pursuant to Section 407 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2687.
- 11. 40 C.F.R. § 745.83 defines *renovation* to mean the modification of any existing structure, or portion thereof, that results in the disturbance of painted surfaces, unless that activity is performed as part of an abatement as defined by this part (40 C.F.R. § 745.223). The term renovation includes (but is not limited to): the removal, modification or repair of painted surfaces or painted components (e.g., modification of painted doors, surface restoration, window

repair, surface preparation activity (such as sanding, scraping, or other such activities that may generate paint dust)); the removal of building components (e.g., walls, ceilings, plumbing, windows); weatherization projects (e.g., cutting holes in painted surfaces to install blown-in insulation or to gain access to attics, planning thresholds to install weather stripping), and interim controls that disturb painted surfaces.

- 12. 40 C.F.R § 745.86(a) requires firms performing renovations to retain all records necessary to demonstrate compliance with the residential and child-occupied property renovation for a period of three (3) years following completion of the renovation activities. 40 C.F.R. § 745.86(b)(6) specifically requires firms performing renovations to retain documentation of compliance with the requirements of § 745.85 [Work Practice Standards], "including documentation that a certified renovator was assigned to the project, that the certified renovator provided on-the-job training for workers used on the project, that the certified renovator performed or directed workers who performed all of the tasks described in § 745.85(a), and that the certified renovator performed the post-renovation cleaning verification described in § 745.85(b)."
- 13. 40 C.F.R. § 745.85 sets forth the regulations for Work Practice Standards that must be followed by firms performing renovations on *target housing*. Among these are:
- (a) 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(1) Occupant Protection. Firms must post signs clearly defining the work area and warning occupants and other persons not involved in renovation activities to remain outside of the work area. To the extent practicable, these signs must be in the primary language of the occupants. These signs must be posted before beginning the renovation and must remain in place and readable until the renovation and the post-renovation cleaning verification have been completed.

- (b) 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(i)(B) Interior Renovations. Firms must close and cover all ducts opening in the work area with taped-down plastic sheeting or other impermeable material.
- (c) 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(i)(D) Interior Renovations. Firms must cover the floor surface, including installed carpet, with taped-down plastic sheeting or other impermeable material in the work area six (6) feet beyond the perimeter of surfaces undergoing renovation or a sufficient distance to contain the dust, whichever is greater.
- (d) 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(4)(i) Waste From Renovations. Firms must ensure that waste from renovation activities is contained to prevent releases of dust and debris before the waste is removed from the work area for storage or disposal. If a chute is used to remove waste from the work area, it must be covered.
- (e) 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(ii)(B) Exterior Renovations. Firms must ensure that doors within the work area that will be used while the job is being performed are covered with plastic sheeting or other impermeable material in a manner that allows workers to pass through while confining dust and debris to the work area.
- (f) 40 C.F.R. § 745.85(a)(2)(ii)(C) Exterior Renovations. Firms must cover the ground with plastic sheeting or other disposable impermeable material extending 10 feet beyond the perimeter of surfaces undergoing renovation or a sufficient distance to collect falling paint debris, whichever is greater, unless the property lien prevents 10 feet of such ground covering.
- 14. Failure to comply with any provision of 40 C.F.R. Part 745, Subpart E (RRP Rule) violates Section of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, which may subject the violator to administrative penalties under Section 16(a) of TSCA,15 U.S.C. § 2615(a) and 40 C.F.R. § 745.87(d).

15. Section 16(a) of TSCA, 42 U.S.C. § 2615(a), and 40 C.F.R. § 745.87(d), authorize the EPA Administrator to assess a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 for each violation of Section 409 of TSCA. Section 16(a)(2)(C) of TSCA, 42 U.S.C. § 2615(a)(2)(C), provides that the EPA Administrator may compromise, modify, or remit, with or without conditions, any civil penalty that may be imposed under Section 16(a) of TSCA, 42 U.S.C. § 2615(a). Each day that such a violation continues constitutes a separate violation of Section 15 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2614. The Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, 31 U.S.C. § 3701, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, increased these statutory maximum penalties to \$37,500 for violations that occurred after January 12, 2009.

## Section IV **General Factual Allegations**

- 16. Respondent is and at all times referred to herein was a "person" and a "firm" within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 745.83.
- 17. Respondent is a "renovator" who performed "renovations" as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 745.83 for compensation.
- 18. On or about May 18, 2011, Respondent signed a contract to perform renovations on a child-occupied facility located at 1400 Windsor Street, Columbia, Missouri. This property was constructed before 1978.

#### Section V

#### **Violations**

The Complainant hereby states and alleges that Respondent has violated TSCA and federal regulations promulgated thereunder, as follows:

#### Count I

19. Concerning the renovation performed at 1400 Windsor Street, Columbia,

Missouri, Respondent failed to maintain records documenting compliance with 40 C.F.R. § 745.85, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.86.

20. Respondent's failure to perform the acts indicated in above are in violations of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

#### Count II

- 21. Concerning its renovation performed at 1400 Windsor Street, Columbia, Missouri, Respondent failed to assign a certified renovator, which is a violation of 40 C.F.R. § 745.89(d)(1).
- 22. Respondent's failure to perform the acts indicated above are in violation of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2689, and thus Respondent is subject to civil penalties under Section 16 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. § 2615.

## Section VI Consent Agreement

- 23. For purposes of this proceeding, Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations set forth above.
  - 24. Respondent neither admits nor denies the factual allegations set forth above.
- 25. Respondent waives its right to contest any issue of fact or law set forth above and its right to appeal the Final Order accompanying this Consent Agreement.
- 26. Respondent and EPA agree to conciliate this matter without the necessity of a formal hearing and to bear their respective costs and attorney's fees.
- 27. Respondent certifies by the signing of this Consent Agreement and Final Order that it is presently in compliance with all requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 745. Respondent agrees

that the effect of this settlement is conditioned upon the accuracy of this representation of Respondent to EPA.

- 28. Respondent and the EPA have agreed, in compromise of the civil penalty that otherwise may be imposed herein, that Respondent shall fulfill the condition that for the twenty (20) jobs immediately following the effective date of this Consent Agreement and Final Order which Respondent undertakes for building demolition and/or construction work at target housing, regardless of whether Respondent believes the work is regulated under the RRP Rule, Respondent shall provide EPA advance notice as soon as practicable for such work and to consent to site access for an EPA compliance inspection for that work. Respondent is not required by this agreement to delay such work to allow for an EPA inspection.
- 29. Respondent consents to the issuance of the Final Order hereinafter recited and consents to the payment of a compromised civil penalty, with conditions, as specified in the Final Order.
- 30. Payment of the compromised civil penalty and performance of the conditions, as set forth in the Final Order shall resolve all civil and administrative claims for all violations of Section 409 of TSCA, 15 U.S.C. 2689 and 40 C.F.R. Part 745 alleged in this document.
- 31. Respondent understands that his failure to timely pay any portion of the civil penalty described in Paragraph 1 of the Final Order below in this Consent Agreement and Final Order may result in the commencement of a civil action in Federal District Court to recover the full remaining balance, along with penalties and accumulated interest. In such case, interest shall accrue thereon at the applicable statutory rate on the unpaid balance until such civil penalty and any accrued interest are paid in full. A late payment handling charge of \$15 will be imposed after thirty (30) days and an additional \$15 will be charge for each subsequent thirty (30) day

period. Additionally, as provided by 31 U.S.C. § 3717(e)(2), a six percent (6%) per annum penalty (late charge) may be assessed on any amount not paid within ninety (90) days of the due date.

### Section VII Final Order

Pursuant to the provisions of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), 15 U.S.C. §§ 2601-2692, and based upon the information set forth in the Consent Agreement accompanying this Final Order, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1. Respondent shall pay a compromised civil penalty of Eight Thousand Dollars (\$8,000) and perform the conditions described in paragraph 28 of the Consent Agreement above. The payment shall be made at the address below. The payment shall identify Respondent by name and docket number and shall be by certified or cashier's check made payable to the "United States Treasury" and sent to:

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Fines and Penalties Cincinnati Finance Center PO Box 979077 St. Louis, MO 63197-9000.

Wire transfers should be directed to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York:

Federal Reserve Bank of New York

ABA = 021030004

Account = 68010727

SWIFT address = FRNYUS33

33 Liberty Street

New York, NY 10045

Field Tag 4200 of the Fedwire message should read
"D 68010727 Environmental Protection Agency".

2. A copy of the check or other information confirming payment shall simultaneously be sent to the following:

Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 11201 Renner Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219;

and

Robert Richards, Attorney Office of Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 11201 Renner Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219.

3. Respondent and Complainant shall each bear their own costs and attorneys' fees incurred as a result of this matter.

RESPONDENT IES of Marshall, Inc., d/b/a Servpro of Marshall

Date: \$ - 8 - 14

By:

TITLE

## COMPLAINANT U. S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Date: 4//9/

By:

Jame Green

Chief

Toxics and Pesticides Branch

Water, Wetlands and Pesticides Division

Date: 4/10/14

By:

Robert Richards
Attorney Advisor

Office of Regional Counsel

IT IS SO ORDERED. This Order shall become effective immediately.

Date: 5-1-14

KARINA BORROMEO

KARINA BORROMEO Regional Judicial Officer

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7

IN THE MATTER OF IES of Marshall, Inc. DBA Servpro of Marshall, Respondent Docket No. TSCA-07-2014-0021

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Order was sent this day in the following manner to the addressees:

Copy emailed to Attorney for Complainant:

richards.robert@epa.gov

Copy by First Class Mail to Respondent:

Brad Pistel, Operations Manager Servpro® of Marshall, Sedalia & Columbia 1320 N. Highway 65 Marshalll, Missouri 65340

Dated: 51114

Kathy Robinson

Hearing Clerk, Region 7