UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 5

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U.S. EPA REGION 5 HEARING CLERK

In the Matter of:	,	Docket No. CAA-05-2025-0004	HEARING CLERK
in the Matter of)	500RCC 110. CAA 03 2023 0004	
Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc.)	Proceeding to Assess a Civil Penalty	
Zimmerman, Minnesota,)	Under Section 113(d) of the Clean Air Act,	
)	42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)	
Respondent.)		
)		

Consent Agreement and Final Order

Preliminary Statement

- 1. This is an administrative action commenced and concluded under Section 113(d) of the Clean Air Act (the CAA), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d), and Sections 22.1(a)(2), 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) and (3) of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits (Consolidated Rules), as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22.
- Complainant is the Director of the Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division,
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region 5.
 - 3. Respondent is Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc., a corporation doing business in Minnesota.
- 4. Where the parties agree to settle one or more causes of action before the filing of a complaint, the administrative action may be commenced and concluded simultaneously by the issuance of a consent agreement and final order (CAFO). 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b).
- 5. The parties agree that settling this action without the filing of a complaint or the adjudication of any issue of fact or law is in their interest and in the public interest.
- 6. Respondent consents to the assessment of the civil penalty specified in this CAFO and to the terms of this CAFO.

Jurisdiction and Waiver of Right to Hearing

- 7. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations in this CAFO and neither admits nor denies the factual allegations in this CAFO.
- 8. Respondent waives its right to request a hearing as provided at 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c), any right to contest the allegations in this CAFO and its right to appeal this CAFO. Respondent waives any rights or defenses that Respondent has or may have for this matter to be resolved in federal court, including but not limited to any right to a jury trial, and waives any right to challenge the lawfulness of the final order accompanying the consent agreement.

Statutory and Regulatory Background

- 9. Section 203(a)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(1), prohibits a vehicle manufacturer from selling a new motor vehicle in the United States unless the vehicle is covered by a certificate of conformity (COC).
- 10. "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle designed for transporting persons or property on a street or highway. See Section 216(2) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7550(2); 40 C.F.R. § 85.1703.
- 11. "Motor vehicle engine" means an engine that is designed to power a motor vehicle. See Section 216(3) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7550(3).
- 12. EPA issues COCs to motor vehicle and motor vehicle engine manufacturers to certify that a particular group of motor vehicles or motor vehicle engines conforms to applicable EPA requirements governing motor vehicle emissions. See Section 206(a) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7525(a).
- 13. EPA promulgated emissions standards for particulate matter, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons, and other pollutants applicable to motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines, including

standards for heavy-duty diesel engines (HDDE). See Section 202 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7521; 40 C.F.R. Part 86.

- 14. To meet the emission standards in 40 C.F.R. Part 86 and qualify for a COC, HDDE motor vehicle manufacturers may utilize devices and elements of design such as Exhaust Gas Recirculation systems (EGRs) or Clean Gas Induction systems (CGIs), Diesel Oxidation Catalysts (DOCs), Diesel Particulate Filters (DPFs), and/or Selective Catalytic Reduction systems (SCRs).
- 15. Modern HDDE motor vehicles are equipped with electronic control modules (ECMs). ECMs continuously monitor engine and other operating parameters and control the emission control devices and elements of design, such as the engine fueling strategy, EGR/CGI, DOC, DPF, and SCR.
- 16. Under Section 202(m) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7521(m), EPA promulgated regulations for motor vehicles manufactured after 2007 that require HDDE motor vehicles to have numerous devices or elements of design that, working together, can detect problems with the vehicle's emission-related systems, alert drivers to these problems, and store electronically generated malfunction information. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 86.005-17, 86.007-17, 86.1806-05. These devices or elements of design are referred to as "onboard diagnostic systems" or "OBD" systems.
- 17. It is unlawful for "any person to remove or render inoperative any device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine in compliance with regulations under Title II of the CAA prior to its sale and delivery to the ultimate purchaser, or for any person knowingly to remove or render inoperative any such device or element of design after such sale and delivery to the ultimate purchaser." See Section 203(a)(3)(A) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(A), 40 C.F.R. § 1068.101(b)(1). This is also referred to as "tampering."

- 18. It is unlawful for "any person to manufacture or sell, or offer to sell, or install, any part or component intended for use with, or as part of, any motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine, where a principal effect of the part or component is to bypass, defeat, or render inoperative any device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle engine in compliance with regulations under [Title II of the CAA], and where the person knows or should know that such part or component is being offered for sale or installed for such use or put to such use." See Section 203(a)(3)(B) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(B), 40 C.F.R. § 1068.101(b)(2). These parts or components are also referred to as "defeat devices."
- 19. The Administrator of EPA (the Administrator) may assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,179 per motor vehicle, motor vehicle engine, part or component for violations that occurred after November 2, 2015, where penalties are assessed on or after January 12, 2022, under Section 205(a) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7524(a) and 40 C.F.R. Part 19.
- 20. The Administrator and the Attorney General of the United States, each through their respective delegates, have determined jointly that an administrative penalty action is appropriate for the period of violations alleged in this CAFO.

Factual Allegations and Alleged Violations

- 21. Respondent is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Minnesota with a primary place of business located at 25937 2nd Street East, Zimmerman, Minnesota 55398.
- 22. Respondent is a "person," as that term is defined in Section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).
- 23. Respondent is an "aftermarket automotive parts" manufacturer, supplier, and installer located in Zimmerman, Minnesota.

- 24. "Aftermarket automotive parts" are replacement automotive parts that are not made by the original motor vehicle manufacturer.
- 25. On November 15, 2019, under Section 208 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7542, EPA issued a Request to Provide Information Pursuant to the Clean Air Act (Information Request) to Respondent.
- 26. On January 13, 2020, Respondent submitted a response to EPA's Information Request. Respondent also provided a supplemental response on April 21, 2020, in addition to its previous response, collectively (the Response). In this Response, Respondent provided information showing that between January 1, 2018 and until at least November 19, 2019, Respondent sold at least 71 parts or components that disable, remove, bypass, defeat, or render inoperative air pollution emission control systems installed on or in motor vehicles and motor vehicle engines in compliance with Title II of the CAA. More specifically, Respondent sold or offered for sale parts and components that removed, disconnected bypassed or disabled the engine fueling strategy, DOCs, DPFs, EGRs, OBDs and/or SCR systems.
- 27. In the Response, Respondent indicated it is no longer manufacturing, selling, or installing violative products.
- 28. On March 12, 2020, EPA issued a Finding of Violation (FOV) to Respondent alleging violations of Section 203(a)(3)(B) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(B), related to the Respondent's sale, and/or installation of EGR Delete Hardware, Aftertreatment Delete Hardware, and Tuning Products.
- 29. The EGR Delete Hardware, Aftertreatment Delete Hardware, and Tuning Products sold by Respondent are parts or components that were intended for motor vehicles and were designed for

use with motor vehicle heavy-duty diesel engines, for which each manufacturer obtained certificates of conformity establishing compliance with CAA emission standards.

- 30. Respondent sold, offered for sale, and/or installed at least 71 EGR Delete Hardware, Aftertreatment Delete Hardware, and Tuning Products that had a principal effect to bypass, defeat, render inoperative, or allow for the removal of one or more emission control devices or elements of design installed on or in a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine.
- 31. Respondent's sale, offering for sale, and/or installation of the products described in paragraph 30 violated Section 203(a)(3)(B) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(B).
- 32. In agreeing to the terms of this CAFO, including the amount of the civil penalty below, EPA is relying on Respondent's certifications.

Civil Penalty

- 33. Based on analysis of the factors specified in Section 205(c) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7524(c), the facts of this case, Respondent's cooperation, Complainant has determined that an appropriate civil penalty to settle this action is \$25,664.
- 34. Penalty Payment. Respondent agrees to:
- a. pay the civil penalty of \$25,664 within 30 days after the effective date of this CAFO.
 - b. Pay the civil penalty using any method provided in the table below.

Payment Method	Payment Instructions
Payment Method Automated Clearinghouse (ACH) payments made through the US Treasury Wire transfers made through Fedwire	US Treasury REX/Cashlink ACH Receiver ABA: 051036706 Account Number: 310006, Environmental Protection Agency CTX Format Transaction Code 22 – checking In the comment area of the electronic funds transfer, state Respondent's name and the CAFO docket number. Federal Reserve Bank of New York ABA: 021030004 Account Number: 68010727 SWIFT address: FRNYUS33 33 Liberty Street New York, NY 10045 Beneficiary: US Environmental Protection Agency
	In the comment area of the electronic funds transfer, state Respondent's name and the docket number of this CAFO.
Payments made through Pay.gov Payers can use their credit or debit cards (Visa, MasterCard, American Express & Discover) as well as checking account information to make payments.	 Go to Pay.gov and enter "SFO 1.1" in the form search box on the top left side of the screen. Open the form and follow the on-screen instructions. Select your type of payment from the "Type of Payment" drop down menu. Based on your selection, the corresponding line will open and no longer be shaded gray. Enter the CAFO docket number into the field
Cashier's or certified check payable to "Treasurer, United States of America." Please notate the CAFO docket number on the check	For standard delivery: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Fines and Penalties Cincinnati Finance Center P.O. Box 979078 St. Louis, Missouri 63197-9000 For signed receipt confirmation (FedEx, UPS, Certified Mail, etc): U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Government Lockbox 979078 3180 Rider Trail S. Earth City, Missouri 63045

35. Within 24 hours of the payment of the civil penalty Respondent must send a notice of payment and states Respondent's name and the docket number of this CAFO to EPA at the following addresses:

Air Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Branch U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5 R5airenforcement@epa.gov

Erik Olson
Office of Regional Counsel
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5
olson.erik@epa.gov

Regional Hearing Clerk (E-19J)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5
r5hearingclerk@epa.gov

- 36. This civil penalty is not deductible for federal tax purposes.
- 37. If Respondent does not pay timely the civil penalty, EPA may request the Attorney General of the United States to bring an action to collect any unpaid portion of the penalty with interest, nonpayment penalties and the United States enforcement expenses for the collection action under Section 113(d)(5) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(5). The validity, amount and appropriateness of the civil penalty are not reviewable in a collection action.
- 38. Respondent must pay the following on any amount overdue under this CAFO. Interest will accrue on any overdue amount from the date payment was due at a rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 6621(a)(2). Respondent must pay the United States enforcement expenses, including but not limited to attorneys fees and costs incurred by the United States for collection proceedings. In addition, Respondent must pay a quarterly nonpayment penalty each quarter during which the assessed penalty is overdue. This nonpayment penalty will be 10

percent of the aggregate amount of the outstanding penalties and nonpayment penalties accrued from the beginning of the quarter. 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(5).

Other Conditions

- 39. By signing this Consent Agreement, Respondent agrees to the following: (i) Respondent will not remove or render inoperative any emissions-related device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine in violation of Section 203(a)(3)(A) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(A); (ii) Respondent will not manufacture, sell, offer to sell or install any part or component in violation of Section 203(a)(3)(B) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(B); and (iii) Respondent certifies that it has reviewed EPA's November 23, 2020 "Tampering Policy: The EPA Enforcement Policy on Vehicles and Engine Tampering and Aftermarket Defeat Devices under the Clean Air Act."
- 40. By the Effective Date of this CAFO, Respondent shall no longer provide any technical support, maintenance, repair, or information pertaining to defeat devices for use with motor vehicles or motor vehicle engines.
- 41. Respondent certifies it has permanently destroyed all defeat devices remaining in Respondent's inventory and/or possession, by compacting or crushing the defeat devices and all associated parts and components to render them useless.
- 42. Respondent certifies that it has removed from its webpages and any social media platform(s) all advertisements, photos, videos, and information that relate to performing tampering and/or selling, offering to sell, and/or installing defeat devices (Tampering and/or Defeat Device Content), except advertisements, photos, videos, or information relating to how to comply with the CAA.

- 43. Respondent shall provide EPA the web address of each of its webpages and social media platforms and Respondent's certification that it has removed from its webpages and social media platforms all Tampering and Defeat Device Content and that its webpages and social media platforms do not and will not contain any Tampering and/or Defeat Device Content.
- 44. Within 14 calendar days of the Effective Date of this CAFO, Respondent shall post a publicly accessible announcement about Respondent's settlement with EPA prominently on Respondent's current webpages and social media platforms. The announcement shall remain posted for at least 60 calendar days from the date the announcement is posted. Respondent shall use the text contained in Appendix A (Announcement) in 12-point font, or another notice reviewed and approved by EPA, to provide such announcement.
- 45. Respondent must submit the information required by this CAFO via electronic mail to demma.carlo@epa.gov and r5airenforcement@epa.gov accompanied by the following statement signed by one of its officers:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have examined and am familiar with the information in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment."

- 46. Failure to comply with paragraph 39 of this CAFO may constitute a violation or violations of Section 203(a)(3)(A) and/or (B) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(A) and/or (B), and Respondent could be subject to penalties up to the statutory civil penalties listed in 40 C.F.R. § 19.4.
- 47. By signing this Consent Agreement, Respondent certifies that any information or representation it has supplied or made to EPA concerning this matter was, at the time of submission

true, accurate, and complete and that there has been no material change regarding the truthfulness, accuracy or completeness of such information or representation. In entering into this agreement, EPA relied on such information and representations. EPA shall have the right to institute further actions to recover appropriate relief if EPA obtains evidence that any information provided and/or representations made by Respondent to EPA regarding matters relevant to this CAFO, including information about Respondent's ability to pay a penalty, are false or, in any material respect, inaccurate. This right shall be in addition to all other rights and causes of action that EPA may have, civil or criminal, under law or equity in such event. Respondent is aware that the submission of false or misleading information to the United States government may subject a person to separate civil and/or criminal liability.

General Provisions

- 48. The parties consent to service of this CAFO by e-mail at the following valid e-mail addresses: olson.erik@epa.gov (for Complainant), and kspringer@willenbring.com (for Respondent). Respondent understands that the CAFO will become publicly available upon filing.
- 49. This CAFO resolves only Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations alleged in this CAFO.
- 50. The CAFO does not affect the rights of EPA or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violation of law.
- 51. This CAFO does not affect Respondent's responsibility to comply with the CAA and other applicable federal, state and local laws. Except as provided in paragraph 49, above, compliance with this CAFO will not be a defense to any actions subsequently commenced pursuant to federal laws administered by EPA.

- 52. Respondent certifies that it is complying fully with Section 203(a)(3)(A) and (B) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7522(a)(3)(A) and (B).
- 53. This CAFO constitutes an "enforcement response" as that term is used in EPA's Clean Air Act Stationary Civil Penalty Policy to determine Respondent's "full compliance history" under Section 113(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(e).
 - 54. The terms of this CAFO bind Respondent, its successors and assigns.
- 55. Each person signing this consent agreement certifies that he or she has the authority to sign for the party whom he or she represents and to bind that party to its terms.
 - 56. Each party agrees to bear its own costs and attorney's fees in this action.
 - 57. This CAFO constitutes the entire agreement between the parties.

Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc, Respondent

11/8/2024 Date

Joshua Gruis, Owner/ President Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc.

Tax Identification Number

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Complainant

MICHAEL HARRIS Digitally signed by MICHAEL HARRIS Date: 2024.12.03 13:34:26 -06'00'

Michael D. Harris Division Director Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5 Consent Agreement and Final Order In the Matter of: JAG's Pro Truck Shop, Inc. Docket No. CAA-05-2025-0004

Final Order

This Consent Agreement and Final Order, as agreed to by the parties, shall become effective immediately upon filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk. This Final Order concludes this proceeding pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18 and 22.31. IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date
Ann L. Coyle
Regional Judicial Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Region 5

Appendix A:

Announcement

On	Date, Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc. entered into a settlement with the United States
Environmental	Protection Agency (EPA) to resolve alleged violations of Section 203(a)(3)(B) of the
Clean Air Act, r	elated to the removal and/or rendering inoperative of emission control devices and
elements of de	sign and the manufacturing selling, offering to sell, and/or installing defeat devices
for use on heav	yy-duty diesel engines.

By signing a consent agreement with EPA, Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc. has certified that it will comply with Section 203(a)(3) of the CAA, which makes it unlawful for: "(A) any person to remove or render inoperative any device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine in compliance with regulations under [Title II of the CAA] prior to its sale and delivery to the ultimate purchasers, or for any person knowingly to remove or render inoperative any such device or element of design after such sale and delivery to the ultimate purchaser; or (B) for any person to manufacture or sell, or offer to sell, or install, any part or component intended for use with, or as part of, any motor vehicle or motor vehicle engine, where a principal effect of the part or component is to bypass, defeat, or render inoperative any device or element of design installed on or in a motor vehicle engine in compliance with regulations under [Title II of the CAA], and where the person knows or should know that such part or component is being offered for sale or installed for such use or put to such use."

Jags Pro Truck Shop, Inc. will pay a penalty of \$25,664 and comply with the consent agreement to ensure ongoing compliance with the Clean Air Act.

If you have any questions regarding this announcement, please ask for Joshua Gruis.

Thank you, Joshua Gruis