1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	SYLVIA QUAST Regional Counsel Margaret Alkon Assistant Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 972-3890 <u>Alkon.Margaret@epa.gov</u>				
12 13	UNITED STATES				
14	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
15 16	REGION IX 75 HAWTHORNE STREET				
17	SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105				
18					
19 20	In the matter of:) U.S. EPA Docket No. FIFRA-09-2023-0030				
21	Wilbur-Ellis Company, LLC)				
22) CONSENT AGREEMENT) and				
23 24) FINAL ORDER PURSUANT TO				
25	Respondent.) SECTIONS 22.13 AND 22.18				
26 27)				
28	I. CONSENT AGREEMENT				
29	The United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") and Wilbur-Ellis				
30	Company, LLC ("Wilbur-Ellis" or "Respondent") agree to settle this matter and consent to the				
31	entry of this Consent Agreement and Final Order ("CAFO"). This CAFO simultaneously				
32	initiates and concludes this proceeding in accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§22.13(b) and 22.18(b).				
33	A. AUTHORITY AND PARTIES				
34	1. This administrative proceeding for the assessment of a civil administrative penalty				
35	is initiated pursuant to section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7				
36	U.S.C. § 136, et seq. (hereinafter referred to as "FIFRA" or the "Act"), and the Consolidated				
37	Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the				
38	Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits, 40 C.F.R. Part 22.				
39	2. Complainant is the Manager of the Toxics Section of the Enforcement and				
40	Compliance Assurance Division, EPA Region IX, who has been duly delegated to commence				

1 and settle an enforcement action in this matter.

3. Respondent is Wilbur-Ellis Company, LLC ("Wilbur-Ellis"), a California limited liability company that provides pest control services from its businesses in California, including in Soledad and Salinas.

B. STATUTORY AND REGULATORY AUTHORITIES

4. Under section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136 s), a person is "any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not."

5. The term "pest" includes (1) any insect, rodent, nematode, fungus, weed, or (2) any other form of terrestrial or aquatic plant or animal life or virus, bacteria, or other microorganism (except viruses, bacteria, or other micro-organisms on or in living man or other living animals) which the Administrator declares to be a pest under FIFRA section 25(c)(1). Section 2(t) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136(t). The term "weed" means any plant which grows where not wanted. Section 2(cc) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136(cc).

6. Under section 2(u) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136(u), a pesticide is, among other things, "any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest."

7. The implementing regulation at 40 C.F.R. §152.8 lists products that are not pesticides *because they are not for use against pests*, including that a substance or article is not a pesticide *because it is not intended for use against "pests* if it is a fertilizer product not containing a pesticide. 40 C.F.R. §152.8(a). [emphasis added]

8. The implementing regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 152.15 further explains that "[a] pesticide is any substance (or mixture of substances) intended for a pesticidal purpose, i.e., use for the purpose of preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest or use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant. A substance is considered to be intended for a pesticidal purpose, and thus to be a pesticide requiring registration, if: (a) The person who distributes or sells the substance claims, states, or implies (by labeling or otherwise); (1) That the substance (either by itself or in combination with any other substance) can or should be used as a pesticide; or (2) That the substance consists of or contains an active ingredient and that it can be used to manufacture a pesticide; or (b) The substance consists of or contains one or more active ingredients and has no significant commercially valuable use as distributed or sold other than: (1)

use for pesticidal purpose (by itself or in combination with any other substance); (2) use for manufacture of a pesticide; or (c) The person who distributes or sells the substance has actual or constructive knowledge that the substance will be used, or is intended to be used, for a pesticidal purpose."

Use of a pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

9. Pursuant to Section 12(a)(2)(G) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136j(a)(2)(G), it shall be unlawful for any person to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

10. The term "label" is defined as "the written, printed, or graphic matter on, or attached to, the pesticide or device or any of its containers or wrappers." Section 2(p)(1)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(1)(A).

11. Section 2(p) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p), defines "labeling" in part, as "all labels and all other written, printed, or graphic matter –

(A) accompanying the pesticide or device at any time; or

(B) to which reference is made on the label or in literature accompanying the pesticide..." and defines "label" as "the written, printed, or graphic matter on, or attached to, the pesticide or device or any of its containers or wrappers."

12. The term "to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling" means to use any registered pesticide in a manner not permitted by the labeling [except that the term shall not include exceptions not relevant to this case]. Section 2(ee) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(ee).

Unregistered Pesticide

13. The term "to distribute or sell" means to distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold for distribution, hold for sale, hold for shipment, ship, deliver for shipment, release for shipment, or receive and (having so received) deliver or offer to deliver. The term does not include the holding or application of *registered* pesticides or use dilutions thereof by any applicator who provides a service of controlling pests without delivering any unapplied pesticide to any person so served. Section 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg). [emphasis added]

14. Section 12(a)(1)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(A), states that it is unlawful for any person in any State to distribute or sell to any person any pesticide that is not registered under the Act. See also 40 C.F.R. 152.15, which also provides that no person may distribute or sell any pesticide that is not registered under the Act, with certain exceptions not applicable here.

Penalty 15. Any registrant, commercial applicator, wholesaler, dealer, retailer, or other distributor who violates any provision of the Act may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$23,494 for violations that occurred after November 2, 2015 and are assessed on or after January 6, 2023. Section 14(a)(1) of the Act, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a)(1), as amended by the Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rule, 40 C.F.R. Part 19.

C. COMPLAINANT'S ALLEGATIONS

Complainant alleges:

16. Respondent is a "person" as that term is defined by section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), and as such is subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

17. Respondent is a "commercial applicator" as defined by Section 2(e)(3) of FIFRA,
7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(3) as well as a pesticide distributor.

18. In a letter dated June 22, 2022, the California Department of Pesticide Regulation (CDPR) referred to EPA Region 9 for review and appropriate enforcement action each of the matters giving rise to this action.

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Counts 1 & 2: Use of a pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

19. Orthene 97, EPA Reg. No. 5481-8978, has the active ingredient of Acephate, and is toxic to birds and highly toxic to bees. Its label states "It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMETNS AND DIRECTIONS AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS" and also states, in part:

- "Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph at the application site."
- "For ground boom applications, apply ... when wind speed is 10 mph or less at the application site as measured by an anemometer."
- "The applicator also must use all other measures necessary to control drift."

20. On or about July 24, 2018, Respondent applied pesticides including the pesticide Orthene 97, EPA Reg. No. 5481-8978, to a crop of head lettuce on Luis Scattini & Son's Breschini ranch in Monterey County, California using a tractor with a spray boom. Wind speed was over 13 mph during this application. The Wilbur-Ellis applicator was judging wind speed based on what he could feel and observe without the use of an anemometer (wind gauge). TheWilbur-Ellis employee supervising the application was using the Weather Channel, not ananemometer.

21. On or about July 25, 2018, Respondent's employee applied pesticides including the pesticide Orthene 97, EPA Reg. No. 5481-8978, to a crop of celery on Merrill Farms' Broome ranch in in Monterey County, California using a tractor with a spray boom. Wind speed was over 16 mph during this application. The Wilbur-Ellis applicator was judging wind speed based on what he could feel and observe without the use of an anemometer. The Wilbur-Ellis employee supervising the application had left his anemometer in his truck.

22. On or about July 24, 2018 and on or about July 25, 2018, Respondent applied the pesticide Orthene 97, EPA Reg. No. 5481-8978, using a tractor with spray boom when the wind speed was over 10 mph and in each instance Respondent failed to measure wind speed with an anemometer.

23. Application of the pesticide Orthene 97, EPA Reg. No. 5481-8978, when the wind speed is over 10 mph and measuring the wind speed by visual observations in lieu of the use of a anemometer is use of this pesticide in a manner not permitted by its labeling.

24. On or about July 24, 2018 and on or about July 25, 2018, Respondent used Orthene 97, EPA Reg. No. 5481-8978, in a manner inconsistent with its labeling and in each of these instances Respondent violated Section 12(a)(2)(G) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. \$136j(a)(2)(G) by using a registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Count 3: Distribution and Sale of Unregistered Pesticide

25. On or about June 5, 2019, Respondent's employee applied 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer to control weeds as defined by Section 2(cc) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136(cc) on Merrill Farms' Broome ranch in in Monterey County, California.

26. At the times relevant to Respondent's use of 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer at Merrill Farms' Broome ranch on or about June 5, 2019, the weeds to be controlled included yellow nutsedge.

27. On or about May 29, 2019, Respondent's employee recommended that approximately five acres at Merrill Farms' Broome ranch be treated with Respondent's 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer because "pest is present."

28. At Merrill Farms' Broome ranch on or about June 5, 2019, Respondent used its 7-

7-0-7 acid fertilizer against a pest. This use of Respondent's 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer by
Respondent was intended for a pesticidal purpose, i.e., used for the purpose of preventing,
destroying, repelling, or mitigating weeds.

29. Respondent distributed or sold Respondent's 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer after claiming that the 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer can or should be used as a pesticide. Respondent has actual knowledge that Respondent's 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer would be used, and was intended to be used, for a pesticidal purpose.

30. At the times relevant to Respondent's use of 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer at Merrill Farms' Broome ranch, Respondent's 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer is a pesticide.

31. Respondent's 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer is not a registered pesticide under the Act.

32. On or about June 5, 2019, Respondent "distributed or sold" 7-7-0-7 acid fertilizer as the term "to distribute or sell" is defined by Section 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg). In this instance, Respondent violated section 12(a)(1)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(A), by distributing or selling an unregistered pesticide.

D. RESPONDENTS' ADMISSIONS

33. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2), and for the purpose of this proceeding, Respondent (i) admits that EPA has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this CAFO and over Respondent; (ii) neither admits nor denies the specific factual allegations contained in Section I.C of this CAFO; (iii) consents to any and all conditions specified in this CAFO, (iv) agrees to pay, and consents to the assessment of, the civil administrative penalty under Section I.E of this CAFO; (v) waives any right to contest the allegations contained in Section I.C of this CAFO; (v) waives the right to appeal the proposed final order contained in this CAFO.

E. CIVIL ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY

34. Respondent consents to the assessment of a civil administrative penalty in the amount of **TWENTY-FOUR THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED EIGHTY DOLLARS** (\$24,880) as final settlement and complete satisfaction of the civil claims against Respondent arising from the facts alleged in Section I.C of the CAFO and under the Act.

a. Respondent shall pay the civil penalty within thirty (30) days of the effectivedate of this CAFO by one of the methods listed below:

In re: Wilbur-Ellis Company, LLC - EPA R9 FIFRA civil administrative penalty case, 2023

1 2 3 4	i. Respondent may pay online through the Department of the Treasury website at www.pay.gov. In the Search Public Form field, enter SFO 1.1, click EPA Miscellaneous Payments - Cincinnati Finance Center, and complete the SFO Form Number 1.1.						
5 6 7 8	ii. Respondent may also pay the civil penalty using any method, or combination of methods, provided on the following website:						
9	http://www2.epa.gov/financial/additional-instructions-making-payments-epa						
10 11 12	If clarification regarding a particular method of payment remittance is needed, contact the EPA's Cincinnati Finance Center at (513) 487-2091.						
13 14	b. Respondent shall identify payment with the name and docket number of this						
15	case; and						
16	c. Within 24 hours of payment, Respondent shall provide EPA with proof of						
17	payment ("proof of payment" means, as applicable, a copy of the check, confirmation of credit						
18	card or debit card payment, confirmation of wire or automated clearinghouse transfer, and any						
19	other information required to demonstrate that payment has been made according to EPA						
20	requirements, in the amount due, and identified with the name and docket number of this case),						
21	including proof of the date payment was made, along with a transmittal letter, indicating						
22	Respondent's names, the case title, and docket number, to the following addresses:						
23 24 25	Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. EPA, Region IX <u>r9HearingClerk@epa.gov</u>						
26 27	Julie Jordan						
28	Toxics Section						
29 30	Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division U.S. EPA, Region IX						
31	Jordan.Julie@epa.gov						
32 33	35. In the event that Respondent fails to pay the civil administrative penalty assessed						
	above by the due date, Respondent shall pay to EPA a stipulated penalty in the amount of FIVE						
34							
35	HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$500) for each day that payment is late in addition to the unpaid						
36	balance of the penalty assessed above. Upon EPA's written demand, this stipulated penalty shall						
37	immediately become due and payable. 26 If Personal fails to pay the penalty assessed by this CAEO in full by the data						
38	36. If Respondent fails to pay the penalty assessed by this CAFO in full by the date						
39	specified in Paragraph <u>34</u> , the entire unpaid balance and accrued interest shall become						

immediately due and owing. Respondent's tax identification numbers may be used for collecting or reporting any delinquent monetary obligation arising from this CAFO (see 31 U.S.C. § 7701). If payment is not received in full by the date specified in Paragraph 20, interest, penalty and administrative costs will accrue from the effective date of this CAFO as described at 40 CFR §13.11. In addition, if this matter is referred to another department or agency (e.g., the Department of Justice, the Internal Revenue Service), that department or agency may assess its own administrative costs, in addition to EPA's administrative costs, for handling and collecting Respondent's overdue debt. Respondent's failure to pay in full the civil administrative penalty by its due date also may also lead to any or all of the following actions:

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a. The debt being referred to a credit reporting agency, a collection agency, or to the Department of Justice for filing of a collection action in the appropriate United States District Court. 40 C.F.R. §§ 13.13, 13.14, and 13.33. In any such collection action, the validity, amount, and appropriateness of the assessed penalty and of this CAFO shall not be subject to review.

b. The debt being collected by administrative offset (i.e., the withholding of money payable by the United States to, or held by the United States for, a person to satisfy the debt the person owes the Government), which includes, but is not limited to, referral to the Internal Revenue Service for offset against income tax refunds. 40 C.F.R. Part 13, Subparts C and H.

c. EPA may (i) suspend or revoke Respondent's licenses or other privileges; (ii) suspend or disqualify Respondent from doing business with EPA or engaging in programs EPA sponsors or funds; (iii) convert the method of payment under a grant or contract from an advanced payment to a reimbursement method; or (iv) revoke a grantee's or contractor's letter-of-credit. 40 C.F.R. §§ 13.17.

F. RESPONDENT CERTIFICATION

37. In executing this CAFO, Respondent certifies that the information it has supplied concerning this matter was at the time of submission, and is at the time of signature to this CAFO, truthful, accurate, and complete; and that Respondent has corrected the violations alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO. Under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, submitting false or misleading information can result in significant penalties, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing submission of such information.

In re: Wilbur-Ellis Company, LLC - EPA R9 FIFRA civil administrative penalty case, 2023

G. RETENTION OF RIGHTS, BINDING EFFECT, ETC.

38. This Consent Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the Respondent and EPA. Full payment of the civil penalty and any applicable interest charges or late fees or penalties as set forth in this CAFO shall constitute full settlement and satisfaction of civil penalty liability against Respondent for the violations alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO.

39. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(c), this CAFO only resolves Respondent's liabilities for federal civil penalties for the violations specifically alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO. Nothing in this CAFO is intended to or shall be construed to resolve: (i) any civil liability for violations of any provision of any federal, state, or local law, statute, regulation, rule, ordinance, or permit not specifically alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO; or (ii) any criminal liability. EPA specifically reserves any and all authorities, rights, and remedies available to it (including, but not limited to, injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions) to address any violation of this CAFO or any violation not specifically alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO. This CAFO does not exempt, relieve, modify, or affect in any way Respondent's duties to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, rules, ordinances, and permits.

40. Except as set forth in Paragraph $\underline{36}$ above, EPA and Respondent shall each bear its own fees, costs, and disbursements in this action.

41. For the purposes of state and federal income taxation, Respondent shall not claim a deduction for any civil penalty payment made pursuant to this CAFO.

42. This CAFO constitutes an enforcement action for purposes of considering Respondent's compliance history in any subsequent enforcement action. This CAFO will be available to the public and does not contain any confidential business information. Respondent further consents to accept electronic service of the fully executed CAFO, by electronic mail, to the following address: LFiffick@wilburellis.com. Respondent understands that this e-mail address may be made public when the CAFO and Certificate of Service are filed and uploaded to a searchable database.

43. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18(b)(3) and 22.31(b), the effective date of this CAFO shall be the date on which the accompanying Final Order, having been signed by the Regional Judicial Officer, is filed.

44. The provisions of this CAFO shall be binding on Respondent and on

Respondent's officers, directors, employees, agents, servants, authorized representatives,
 successors, and assigns.

45. The undersigned representatives of each party to this Consent Agreement certify that each is duly authorized by the party whom he or she represents to enter into the terms and conditions of this Consent Agreement and Final Order and bind that party to it.

Wilbur-Ellis Company, LLC:

Date: <u>1/27/23</u> By: Name: NATHAN HARRIGAN Title: DIRECTOR-FIELD OPERATIONS

Date:	2/9/2023	By:	MATTHEW SALAZAR	Digitally signed by MATTHEW SALAZAR Date: 2023.02.09 14:32:22 -08'00'	
			Manag Enforc	SALAZAR er, Toxics Section ement and Compliance A nvironmental Protection	

1	II. FINAL ORDER					
2 3	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that this Consent Agreement and Final Order (EPA Docket					
4	No. FIFRA-09-2023-0030) be entered and that Respondent shall pay a civil administrative					
5	penalty in the amount of TWENTY-FOUR THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED EIGHTY					
6	DOLLARS (\$24,880) plus interest in accordance with the terms of this Consent Agreement and					
7	Final Order.					
8						
9	CTEV/ENI Digitally signed by					
10	JIEVEIN STEVEN JAWGIEL					
11	JAVVGIEL 14:04:17 -08'00'					
12 13	Steven L. Jawgiel Regional Judicial Officer					
14	U.S. EPA, Region IX					

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE					
2	I hereby certify that the foregoing Consent Agreement and Final Order in the matter of Wilbur					
3	Ellis Company, LLC (FIFRA-09-2023-0030) was filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk, U.S.					
4	EPA, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, and that a true and correct copy of the same was sent to the following parties via electronic mail:					
5	RESPONDENT	Laura Fiffick				
6 7		Wilbur Ellis Company LLC 345 California Street, 27th Floor San Francisco, CA 94104				
8		LFiffick@wilburellis.com				
9	RESPONDENT COUNSEL	Alan J. Sachs				
10		Beveridge & Diamond ASachs@bdlaw.com				
11	COMPLAINANT	Margaret Alkon				
12		Assistant Regional Counsel Alkon.Margaret@epa.gov				
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16		Ponly J. Tu Date Regional Hearing Clerk				
17		U.S. EPA - Region IX				
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28	CERTIFIATE OF SERVICE					