



JUN 28 2010

John Yarborough
Delicato Family Vineyards
12001 South Highway 99
Manteca, CA 95336

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
District Facility # N-266
Project # N-1073623**

Dear Mr. Yarborough:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Delicato Family Vineyards' application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its winery at 12001 South Highway 99 in Manteca, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

cc: Jonah Aiyabei, Permit Services Engineer

Attachments

Seyed Sadredin
Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

Northern Region
4800 Enterprise Way
Modesto, CA 95356-8718
Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475

Central Region (Main Office)
1990 E. Gettysburg Avenue
Fresno, CA 93726-0244
Tel: (559) 230-6000 FAX: (559) 230-6061

Southern Region
34946 Flyover Court
Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725
Tel: 661-392-5500 FAX: 661-392-5585



JUN 28 2010

Gerardo C. Rios, Chief
Permits Office (AIR-3)
U.S. EPA - Region IX
75 Hawthorne St
San Francisco, CA 94105

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
District Facility # N-266
Project # N-1073623**

Dear Mr. Rios:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Delicato Family Vineyards' application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its winery at 12001 South Highway 99 in Manteca, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 45-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

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JUN 28 2010

Mike Tollstrup, Chief
Project Assessment Branch
Air Resources Board
P O Box 2815
Sacramento, CA 95812-2815

**Re: Notice of Preliminary Decision - Federally Mandated Operating Permit
District Facility # N-266
Project # N-1073623**

Dear Mr. Tollstrup:

Enclosed for your review and comment is the District's analysis of Delicato Family Vineyards' application for the Federally Mandated Operating Permit for its winery at 12001 South Highway 99 in Manteca, California.

The notice of preliminary decision for this project will be published approximately three days from the date of this letter. Please submit your written comments on this project within the 30-day comment period which begins on the date of publication of the public notice.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900.

Sincerely,

David Warner
Director of Permit Services

cc: Jonah Aiyabei, Permit Services Engineer

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Stockton Record

**NOTICE OF PRELIMINARY DECISION
FOR THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF
FEDERALLY MANDATED OPERATING PERMITS**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District solicits public comment on the proposed issuance of the Federally Mandated Operating permits to Delicato Family Vineyards for its winery at 12001 South Highway 99 in Manteca, California.

The District's analysis of the legal and factual basis for this proposed action, project #N-1073623, is available for public inspection at http://www.valleyair.org/notices/public_notices_idx.htm and the District office at the address below. There are no emission changes associated with this proposed action. This will be the public's only opportunity to comment on the specific conditions of the proposed Federally Mandated Operating initial permits. If requested by the public, the District will hold a public hearing regarding issuance of this initial permit. For additional information, please contact Mr. Jim Swaney, Permit Services Manager, at (559) 230-5900. Written comments on the proposed initial permit must be submitted within 30 days of the publication date of this notice to DAVID WARNER, DIRECTOR OF PERMIT SERVICES, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT, 1990 E. GETTYSBURG AVE, FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93726-0244.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY UNIFIED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

Delicato Family Vineyards

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INITIAL TITLE V PERMIT APPLICATION REVIEW

Project #: N-1073623
Deemed Complete: September 25, 2007

Engineer: Jonah Aiyabei
Date: June 2, 2010

Facility Number: N-266
Facility Name: Delicato Family Vineyards
Mailing Address: 12001 South Highway 99
Manteca, CA 95336

Contact Name: John Yarborough, VP, Winery Operations
Phone: (209) 824-3459

Responsible Official: John Yarborough
Title: VP, Winery Operations

I. PROPOSAL

Delicato Family Vineyards is proposing that an initial Title V permit be issued for its existing wine production facility located in Manteca, CA. The purpose of this evaluation is to identify all applicable requirements, determine if the facility will comply with those applicable requirements, and to provide the legal and factual basis for proposed permit conditions.

II. FACILITY LOCATION

Delicato Family Vineyards is located at 12001 South Highway 99 in Manteca, CA.

III. EQUIPMENT LISTING

A detailed facility printout listing all permitted equipment at the facility is shown in Attachment A.

A summary of the exempt equipment categories, which describe the insignificant activities or equipment at the facility not requiring a permit, is shown in Attachment B. This equipment is not exempt from facility-wide requirements.

IV. GENERAL PERMIT TEMPLATE USAGE

The applicant has not requested to use any model general permit templates.

V. SCOPE OF EPA AND PUBLIC REVIEW

Segments of a proposed Operating Permit that are based on model general permit templates that have been previously subject to EPA and public review are not subject to further EPA and public review. For permit applications utilizing model general permit templates, public and agency comments on the District's proposed actions are limited to the applicant's eligibility for model general permit template, applicable requirements not covered by the model general permit template, and the applicable procedural requirements for issuance of Title V Operating Permits.

Since the applicant has not elected to use any model general permit templates, the proposed operating permit will be subject to EPA and public review in its entirety.

VI. APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

- District Rule 1081, Source Sampling, (Amended December 16, 1993)
- District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown (amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 1160, Emission Statements (adopted November 18, 1992)
- District Rule 2010, Permits Required, (Amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2020, Exemptions, (Amended March 21, 2002)
- District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits, (Adopted December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2040, Applications, (Amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications, (Adopted December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval, (Amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule, (Amended September 21, 2006)
- District Rule 2520, Federally Mandate Operating Permits, (Amended June 21, 2001)
- District Rule 4101, Visible Emissions, (Amended February 17, 2005)

- District Rule 4201, Particulate Matter Concentration, (Amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 4305, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase 2, (Amended August 21, 2003)
- District Rule 4306, Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters – Phase 3, (Amended October 16, 2003)
- District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings, (Amended December 17, 2009)
- District Rule 4621, Gasoline Transfer into Stationary Storage Containers, Delivery Vessels and Bulk Plants, (Amended December 20, 2007)
- District Rule 4622, Gasoline Transfer into Motor Vehicle Fuel Tanks, (Amended December 20, 2007)
- District Rule 4701, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1, (Amended August 21, 2003)
- District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 2, (Amended January 18, 2007)
- District Rule 4801, Sulfur Compounds, (Amended December 17, 1992)
- District Rule 8011, General Requirements, (Adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8021, Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8031, Bulk Materials, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8041, Carryout and Trackout, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8051, Open Areas, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8061, Paved and Unpaved Roads, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended August 19, 2004)
- District Rule 8071, Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Areas, (adopted November 15, 2001; amended September 16, 2004)
- 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, (amended September 18, 2003)

40 CFR Part 82, Subpart B, Stratospheric Ozone, (amended November 9, 2007)

40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)

VII. REQUIREMENTS NOT FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE

For each Title V source, the District issues a single permit that contains the Federally Enforceable requirements, as well as the District-only requirements. The District-only requirements are not a part of the Title V Operating Permits. The terms and conditions that are part of the facility's Title V permit are designated as Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit.

This facility is subject to the following rules that are not currently federally enforceable:

1. **District Rule 4102, Nuisance**

District Rule 4102 was last amended on December 17, 1992, and the current version has not been approved into the SIP. The purpose of this rule is to protect the health and safety of the public.

a. N-266-0-0: FACILITYWIDE REQUIREMENTS.

- Condition 1 of the facilitywide requirements is based on Rule 4102 and is therefore not federally enforceable.

b. N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

- Condition 4 of the requirements for this permit unit is based on Rule 4102 and is therefore not federally enforceable.

2. **CCR Title 17, Section 93115, Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression-Ignition (CI) Engines**

This ATCM was adopted by the Air Resources Board on February 26, 2004. The purpose of the ATCM is to reduce diesel particulate matter (PM) and criteria pollutant emissions from stationary diesel-fired compression-ignition engines. The ATCM requirements include operational limits, emission limits as well as monitoring and recordkeeping.

N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

- Condition 10 of the permit requirements for this unit is based solely on the ATCM and is therefore not federally enforceable.
- Conditions 2, 5, 8 and 9 are jointly based on the ATCM and other federally-enforceable requirements. These conditions are therefore federally enforceable, but not through the ATCM.

3. District Rule 4320, Advanced Emission Reduction Options for Boiler, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters Greater than 5.0 MMBtu/hr

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of sulfur (SO₂), and particulate matter 10 microns or less (PM₁₀) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters. The rule was adopted on October 16, 2008 and has not yet been approved into the State Implementation Plan (SIP).

N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION

The requirements of this rule are currently not applicable since the compliance deadline is in the future. The facility will be required to submit an Authority to Construct application by July 1, 2011 to implement the applicable requirements.

- Condition 22 of the permit requirements for this unit is based on rule 4320 and is therefore not federally enforceable.

4. District Rule 4694, Wine Fermentation and Storage Tanks

The purpose of this rule is to reduce emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) from the fermentation and bulk storage of wine, or achieve equivalent reductions from alternative emission sources. The rule was adopted on December 15, 2005 and has not yet been approved into the State Implementation Plan (SIP).

a. N-266-0-0: FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

- Conditions 43 through 48 of the facility-wide requirements are based on District Rule 4694 and are therefore not federally enforceable.

- b. N-266-8-1 through N-266-10-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- c. N-266-18-1 through N-266-50-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- d. N-266-52-1 through N-266-54-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- e. N-266-77-1 through N-266-100-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- f. N-266-107-1 through N-266-112-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- g. N-266-257-1 through N-266-282-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- h. N-266-378-1 through N-266-383-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
- i. N-266-388-1 through N-266-397-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS
 - Conditions 1 through 5 of the permit requirements for each of the listed emission units are based on District Rule 4694 and are therefore not federally enforceable.
- j. N-266-56-1 through N-266-76-1: RED WINE FERMENTATION TANKS
- k. N-266-101-1 through N-266-106-1: RED WINE FERMENTATION TANKS
- l. N-266-152-1 through N-266-159-1: RED WINE FERMENTATION TANKS
- m. N-266-336-1 and N-266-337-1: RED WINE FERMENTATION TANKS
 - Conditions 1 and 2 of the permit requirements for each of the listed emission units are based on District Rule 4694 and are therefore not federally enforceable.
- n. N-266-113-1 through N-266-151-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS
- o. N-266-160-1 through N-266-256-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS
- p. N-266-283-1 through N-266-335-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS

- q. N-266-338-1 through N-266-377-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS
- r. N-266-384-1 through N-266-387-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS
- s. N-266-401-1 through N-266-436-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS
- t. N-266-441-1 through N-266-502-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS
 - Conditions 1 through 6 of the permit requirements for each of the listed emission units are based on District Rule 4694 and are therefore not federally enforceable.
- u. N-266-4-1 through N-266-7-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS (< 5,000 GALLONS)
- v. N-266-11-1 through N-266-17-1: WINE STORAGE TANKS (< 5,000 GALLONS)
- w. N-266-51-1: WINE STORAGE TANK (< 5,000 GALLONS)
- x. N-266-55-1: WINE STORAGE TANK (< 5,000 GALLONS)
 - Conditions 1 and 2 of the permit requirements for each of the listed emission units are based on District Rule 4694 and are therefore not federally enforceable.
- y. N-266-398-1 through N-266-400-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS (< 5,000 GALLONS)
- z. N-266-437-1 through N-266-440-1: WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANKS (< 5,000 GALLONS)
 - Conditions 1 through 3 of the permit requirements for each of the listed emission units are based on District Rule 4694 and are therefore not federally enforceable.

VIII. COMPLIANCE

A. Facility-Wide Requirements

1. District Rule 1100, Equipment Breakdown

District Rule 1100 defines a breakdown condition and the procedures to follow if one occurs. The rule also specifies the corrective action, the issuance of an emergency variance, and the reporting requirements.

Section 6.1 requires that: (a) the owner or operator shall notify the APCO of any occurrence which constitutes a breakdown condition; (b) such notification shall identify the time, specific location, equipment involved, and (to the extent known) the cause(s) of the occurrence; and (c) such notification shall be given as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one (1) hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the APCO's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary.

Section 7.0 requires that within ten (10) days after a breakdown condition has been corrected, the owner or operator shall submit a written report to the APCO which includes: (a) a statement that the breakdown condition has been corrected, together with the date of correction and proof of compliance; (b) a specific statement of the reason(s) or cause(s) for the occurrence sufficient to enable the APCO to determine whether the occurrence was a breakdown condition; (c) a description of the corrective measures undertaken and/or to be undertaken to avoid such an occurrence in the future. (The APCO may, at the request of the owner or operator, for good cause, extend up to 30 days the deadline for submitting the description required by this section); (d) an estimate of the emissions caused by the breakdown condition ; and (e) pictures of the equipment or controls which failed, if available.

District Rule 1100 has been submitted to the EPA to replace each of the following county rules in the SIP: Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings). District Rule 1100 is at least as stringent as the county SIP rules addressing breakdowns, as demonstrated in the following table:

Comparison of District Rule 1100 to Corresponding County Rules					
REQUIREMENTS	District Rule 1100	Rule 109 (Merced) Rule 110 (S.J.)	Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)	Madera Rule 113	Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus)
A breakdown occurrence must be reported as soon as reasonably possible but no later than 1 hour after detection.	X	X	X (Kern allows 2 hrs)	X	X
A variance must be obtained if the occurrence will last longer than a production run or 24 hours, whichever is shorter (96 hours for CEM systems).	X	X	X	X	X
A report must be submitted to the APCO within 10 days of the correction of the breakdown occurrence which includes:	X	X	X	X	X
1) A statement that the breakdown condition has been corrected, together with the date of correction and proof of compliance.	X	X	X	X	X
2) A specific statement of the reason(s) or cause(s) for the occurrence sufficient to enable the APCO to determine whether the occurrence was a breakdown condition.	X	X	X	X	X
3) A description of the corrective measures undertaken and/or to be undertaken to avoid such an occurrence in the future.	X	X	X	X	
4) Pictures of the equipment or controls which failed if available.	X	X	X	X	

Compliance with District Rule 1100 shall be deemed compliance with the outdated SIP-approved county rules. A permit shield against the outdated requirements shall be granted.

- Conditions 2, 3 and 12 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

2. District Rule 1160, Emission Statements

The purpose of this rule is to provide the District with an accurate accounting of emissions from significant sources with which the District and ARB can compile an accurate inventory.

Section 5.0 requires the owner or operator of any stationary source to provide the District with a written emissions statement showing actual emissions of reactive organic gases (ROGs) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) from that source. The District waives this requirement for sources emitting less than 25 tons per year of these pollutants if the District provides the Air Resources Board (ARB) with an emissions inventory of sources emitting greater than 10 tons per year of NOx or ROGs based on the use of emission factors acceptable to the ARB.

- Condition 4 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

3. District Rule 2010, Permits required

District Rule 2010 was most recently amended on December 17, 1992 and the current version was approved into the SIP on July 23, 1999.

The purpose of this rule is to require any person constructing, altering, replacing or operating any source operation which emits, may emit, or may reduce emissions to obtain an Authority to Construct or a Permit to Operate. This rule also explains the posting requirements for a Permit to Operate and the illegality of a person willfully altering, defacing, forging, counterfeiting or falsifying any Permit to Operate.

Section 3.0 requires that any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate or reduce or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain authorization for such construction from the APCO. This section also states that an Authority to Construct shall remain in effect until the Permit to Operate the source operation for which the application was filed is granted or denied, or the application is canceled as described in Rule 2050 (Cancellation of Application).

Section 4.0 requires that before any new or modified source operation described in Section 3.0, or any existing source operation so described may be operated, a written permit shall be obtained from the APCO. This section also stipulates that no Permit to Operate shall be granted either by the APCO or the Hearing Board for any source operation described in Section 3.0 constructed or installed without authorization as required by Section 3.0 until the information required is presented to the APCO and such source operation is altered, if necessary, and made to conform to the standards set forth in Rule 2070 (Standards for Granting Applications) and elsewhere in these rules and regulations.

- Condition 5 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

4. District Rule 2020, Exemptions

District Rule 2020 was most recently amended on December 20, 2007. The current version of the rule has not yet been approved into the SIP. The existing SIP version of the rule was last amended on December 19, 2002).

The current version of the rule (12/20/07) is at least as equivalent to the existing SIP version (12/19/02). The changes in the current version consist almost entirely of clarifications, as summarized below:

- The definition for "location" has been added as section 3.6.
- Section 6.1.1 (exemption for steam generators, steam superheaters, water boilers, water heaters, steam cleaners, and closed indirect heat transfer systems rated 5 MMBtu/Hr or less) has been divided into subsections 6.1.1.1 through 6.1.1.6 with each subsection providing more details on each applicable proviso.
- Section 6.7.1.2.2 (exemption of loading racks used exclusively for the transfer of crude oil) has been slightly enhanced to include a requirement that crude oil transferred must have a TVP less than 1.5 psia.
- A new section 6.20 has been added, stating that agricultural sources are exempt only to the extent allowed by the California Health and Safety Code Section 42301.16.
- Sections 6.4.1, 6.6.3, 6.6.10, and 6.7.1.1 have been modified to include only minor alterations such as addition of rule titles or restatement of a requirement in a clearer manner.

Compliance with the current (12/20/07) version of the rule will therefore be deemed compliance with the existing SIP-approved version (12/19/02).

The rule specifies sources of emissions that are exempt from permit requirements. Sources not listed as exempt under District Rule 2020 are required to obtain permits pursuant to Rule 2010.

- Condition 5 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

5. District Rule 2031, Transfer of Permits

District Rule 2031 was most recently amended on December 17, 1992 and the current version was approved into the SIP on July 23, 1999.

The rule stipulates that a Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferable, whether by operation of law or otherwise, from one location to another, from one (1) piece of equipment to another, or from one (1) person to another, unless a new application is filed with and approved by the APCO.

- Condition 7 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

6. District Rule 2040, Applications

District Rule 2040 was most recently amended on December 17, 1992.

Section 3.0 requires that every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (Permits Required) and Rule 2031 (Transfer) shall be filed in the manner and form prescribed by the APCO and shall give all the information necessary to enable the APCO to make the determination required by Rule 2070 (Standards for Granting Applications).

Section 4.0 states that before acting on an application for a permit, the APCO may require the applicant to furnish further information or plans or specifications.

Section 5.0 states that in the event of denial of an Authority to Construct or a Permit to Operate, the APCO shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons therefore, and shall not accept a further application unless the applicant has complied with the objections specified by the APCO as to his reasons for denial of the Authority to Construct or Permit to Operate.

Section 6.0 states that the applicant may, at his option, deem the Permit to Operate denied if the APCO fails to act on the Permit to Operate within 60 calendar days after filing or within 60 calendar days after applicant furnishes the further information, plans and specifications requested by the APCO, whichever is later.

Section 7.0 states that within ten (10) days upon receipt of notice from the APCO of denial of a permit, the applicant may petition the Hearing Board in writing for a public hearing; and that the Hearing Board may sustain or

reverse the action of the APCO; such orders may be made subject to specified conditions

- Condition 8 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

7. District Rule 2070, Standards for Granting Applications

District Rule 2031 was most recently amended on December 17, 1992 and the current version was approved into the SIP on July 23, 1999.

Section 3.0 states that the APCO shall deny an Authority to Construct or a Permit to Operate except as provided by Rule 2040 (Applications), if the applicant does not show that the use of any source operation, which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate or reduce or control the issuance of air contaminants, is so designed, controlled, or equipped with such an air pollution control article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, that it may be expected to operate without emitting or without causing to be emitted air contaminants in violations of Section 41700 or 41701 or 42301 of the Health and Safety Code or of these rules and regulations.

Sections 4.0, 5.0 and 6.0 state that the APCO shall deny an Authority to Construct or a Permit to Operate for any new or modified stationary source which: (a) does not or will not comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule); (b) does not or will not comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 4001 (New Source Performance Standards) and Rule 4002 (National Emissions Standards For Hazardous Air Pollutants); or (c) has not been constructed in accordance with the Authority to Construct.

Section 7.0 states that a person shall not operate any source operation contrary to conditions specified on the Permit to Operate issued in accordance with the provisions of this rule.

- Condition 6 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

8. District Rule 2080, Conditional Approval

District Rule 2080 was most recently amended on December 17, 1992 and the current version was approved into the SIP on July 23, 1999.

Section 3.0 states that: (a) the APCO may issue an Authority to Construct or a Permit to Operate subject to conditions to insure the compliance of the operation of any source operation with the standards of Rule 2070 (Standards for Granting Applications), in which case the conditions shall be specified in writing; (b) commencing work under such an Authority to Construct or commencing operation under such a Permit to Operate shall be deemed acceptance of all the conditions so specified; (c) the APCO shall issue an Authority to Construct or a Permit to Operate with revised conditions upon receipt of a new application, if the applicant demonstrates that the source operation can operate within the standards of Rule 2070 (Standards for Granting Applications) under the revised condition.

- Condition 6 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

9. District Rule 2520, Federally Mandated Operating Permits

District Rule 2520 was most recently amended on June 21, 2001.

Section 5.2 requires permittees to submit applications for Title V permit renewal at least six months prior to permit expiration.

Section 9.0 of District Rule 2520 requires certain elements to be contained in each Title V permit, as outlined below:

Section 9.1.1 requires all conditions on Title V permits to specify a reference of the origin of an authority for each term or condition, and to identify any difference in form as compared to the applicable requirements upon which the term or condition is based.

Section 9.4 contains requirements to incorporate all applicable recordkeeping requirements into the Title V permit. This section also requires that records of any required monitoring and support data be kept for a period of five years.

Section 9.5 requires the submittal of monitoring reports at least every six months. Prompt reporting of deviations from permitting requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions is also required. The responsible official must certify all required reports.

Section 9.7 requires that the Title V permit must also contain a severability clause in case of a court challenge.

Section 9.8 contains the following requirements for provisions in the Title V permit: 1) the permittee must comply with all permit conditions; 2) the permitted activity should not be reduced in order to comply with the permit conditions; and this reasoning shall not be used as a defense in an enforcement action, 3) the permit may be revoked, modified, reissued, or reopened for cause, 4) the Title V permit does not reflect any property rights, and 5) the permittee will furnish the District with any requested information to determine compliance with the conditions of the Title V permit.

Section 9.9 requires that the permit specify that the permittee pay annual permit fees and applicable fees from District Rules 3010, 3030, 3050, 3080, 3090, 3110, and 3120..

Section 9.13.1 requires that any report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness.

Section 9.13.2 contains inspection and entry requirements that allows an authorized representative of the District to enter a permittee's premises to inspect equipment, operations, work practices, permits on file, and to sample substances or monitor parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit requirements.

Section 9.16 requires that the permittee submit certification of compliance with the terms and standards of Title V permits to the EPA and the District annually (or more frequently as required by the applicable requirement or the District).

Section 10.0 requires that any application form, report, or compliance certification submitted pursuant to these regulations shall contain certification of truth, accuracy and completeness by a responsible official.

- Conditions 6, 9 through 22, 27 and 37 through 42 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

10. District Rule 4101, Visible Emissions

District Rule 4101 was last amended on February 17, 2005 and approved by EPA on August 11, 2005 to replace SIP approved Rule 401 (all counties of the SJVUAPCD).

Section 5.0 prohibits the discharge of any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 1 on the Ringelmann Chart; or is of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree equal to or greater than the smoke described in Section 5.1 of Rule 4101.

- Condition 23 on the facility-wide permit unit ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

11. **District Rule 4601, Architectural Coatings**

The purpose of this rule is to limit VOC emissions from architectural coatings.

The provisions of this rule apply to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures, blends or repackages any architectural coating for use within the District.

The SIP version of the rule was last amended on October 31, 2001. The current version of the rule was amended on December 17, 2009 but has not yet been approved into the SIP.

The following analysis shows that the proposed requirements of the current non-SIP version of District Rule 4601 are as stringent as, or more stringent than the requirements of the existing SIP version. Streamlining procedures, as documented in the following steps are utilized to substitute the set of requirements in the current non-SIP version of the rule for the otherwise applicable requirements in the SIP version of the rule.

Stringency Comparison of District Rule 4601 Non-SIP Version (12/17/09) to Current SIP Version (10/31/01)

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
2.0 Applicability	This rule is applicable to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures any architectural coating for use within the District.	This rule is applicable to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, applies, or solicits the application of any architectural coating, or who manufactures, blends or repackages any architectural coating for use within the District.	No change in the applicability, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
4.0 Exemptions	The provisions of this rule shall not apply to: 4.1 Any architectural coating that is sold or manufactured for use outside of the District or for	4.1 The provisions of this rule shall not apply to: 4.1.1 Any architectural coating that is supplied, sold, offered for sale, or manufactured for use	The only change is to require reporting requirements as discussed in Section 6.2 of the non-SIP approved

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>shipment to other manufacturers for reformulation or repackaging.</p> <p>4.2 Any architectural coating that is sold in a container with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less.</p> <p>4.3 Any aerosol coating product.</p>	<p>outside of the District or for shipment to other manufacturers for reformulation or repackaging.</p> <p>4.1.2 Any aerosol coating product.</p> <p>4.2 With the exception of Section 6.2, the provisions of this rule shall not apply to any architectural coating that is sold in a container with a volume of one liter (1.057 quarts) or less.</p>	<p>version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>
<p>5.0 Requirements</p>	<p>Note: Section 5.0 requirements refer to Table of Standards, Table of Standards 1, and Table of Standards 2. These tables are included as Attachment D.</p>		
	<p>5.1 VOC Content Limits: Except as provided in Sections 5.2, 5.3, 5.8 and 8.0, no person shall;</p> <p>5.1.1 manufacture, blend, or repackage for sale within the District;</p> <p>5.1.2 supply, sell, or offer for sale within the district;</p> <p>5.1.3 Solicit for application or apply within the District any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards, after the specified effective date in the Table of Standards.</p>	<p>5.1 VOC Content Limits: Except as provided in Sections 5.2 and 5.3, no person shall: manufacture, blend, or repackage for use within the District; or supply, sell, or offer for sale within the District; or solicit for application or apply within the District any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, after the specified effective date in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2. Limits are expressed as VOC Regulatory, thinned to the manufacturer's maximum thinning recommendation, excluding any colorant added to tint bases.</p>	<p>Sections 5.8 and 8.0 of the SIP version are not included in the non-SIP version. As discussed in corresponding sections the non-SIP version is more stringent. The Table of Standards and Table of Standards 1 have the same VOC limits. Table of Standard 2 is more stringent as discussed below. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>
	<p>5.2 Most Restrictive VOC Limit: If anywhere on the container of any architectural coating, or any label or sticker affixed to the container, or in any sales, advertising, or technical literature supplied by a manufacturer or anyone acting on their behalf, any representation is made that indicates that the coating meets the definition of or is recommended for use for more than one of the coating categories listed in the Table of Standards, then the most restrictive VOC content limit shall apply. This provision does not apply to the following coating categories:</p> <p>5.2.1 Lacquer coatings (including lacquer sanding sealers)</p> <p>5.2.2 Metallic pigmented coatings</p> <p>5.2.3 Shellacs</p> <p>5.2.4 Fire-retardant coatings</p> <p>5.2.5 Pretreatment wash primers</p> <p>5.2.6 Industrial maintenance coatings</p> <p>5.2.7 Low-solids coatings</p> <p>5.2.8 Wood preservatives</p> <p>5.2.9 High temperature coatings</p> <p>5.2.10 Temperature-indicator safety coatings</p> <p>5.2.11 Antenna coatings</p> <p>5.2.12 Antifouling coatings</p> <p>5.2.13 Flow coatings</p> <p>5.2.14 Bituminous roof primers</p>	<p>5.2 Most Restrictive VOC Limit: If a coating meets the definition in Section 3.0 for one or more specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, then that coating is not required to meet the VOC limits for Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss coatings, but is required to meet the VOC limit for the applicable specialty coating listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2.</p> <p>5.2.1 Effective until December 31, 2010, with the exception of the specialty coating categories specified in Section 5.2.3.1 through 5.2.3.15, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 1, the most restrictive (or lowest) VOC content limit shall apply.</p> <p>5.2.2 Effective on and after January 1, 2011, with the exception of the specialty coating categories specified in Sections 5.2.3.2, 5.2.3.3, 5.2.3.5 through 5.2.3.9, and 5.2.3.14 through 5.2.3.18, if a coating is recommended for use in more than one of the specialty coating categories listed in the Table of Standards 2, the most</p>	<p>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>5.2.15 Specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters</p>	<p>restrictive (or lowest) VOC content limit shall apply.</p> <p>5.2.3 This requirement applies to: usage recommendations that appear anywhere on the coating container, anywhere on any label or sticker affixed to the container, or in any sales, advertising, or technical literature supplied by a manufacturer or anyone acting on their behalf.</p> <p>5.2.3.1 Lacquer coatings (including lacquer sanding sealers)</p> <p>5.2.3.2 Metallic pigmented coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.3 Shellacs</p> <p>5.2.3.4 Fire-retardant coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.5 Pretreatment wash primers</p> <p>5.2.3.6 Industrial maintenance coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.7 Low-solids coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.8 Wood preservatives</p> <p>5.2.3.9 High temperature coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.10 Temperature-indicator safety coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.11 Antenna coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.12 Antifouling coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.13 Flow coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.14 Bituminous roof primers</p> <p>5.2.3.15 Specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters</p> <p>5.2.3.16 Aluminum roof coatings</p> <p>5.2.3.17 Zinc-rich primers</p> <p>5.2.3.18 Wood Coatings</p>	
	<p>5.3 Sell-Through of Coatings:</p> <p>5.3.1 A coating manufactured prior to the January 1, 2003 or January 1, 2004 effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the specified effective date. In addition, a coating manufactured before the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards may be applied at any time, both before and after the specified effective date, so long as the coating complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured. This Section 5.3 does not apply to any coating that does not display the date or date-code required by Section 6.1.1.</p> <p>5.3.2 A coating included in an approved Averaging Program that does not comply with the specified limit in</p>	<p>5.3 Sell-Through of Coatings:</p> <p>A coating manufactured prior to the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, and that complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured, may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the specified effective date. In addition, a coating manufactured before the effective date specified for that coating in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 may be applied at any time, both before and after the specified effective date, so long as the coating complied with the standards in effect at the time the coating was manufactured. This Section 5.3 does not apply to any coating that does not display the date or date-code required by Section 6.1.1.</p>	<p>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Section 5.3.2 was removed it is no longer applicable in the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>the Table of Standards may be sold, supplied, or offered for sale for up to three years after the end of the compliance period specified in the approved Averaging Program. In addition, such a coating may be applied at any time, both during and after the compliance period. This Section 5.3.2 does not apply to any coating that does not display on the container either the statement: "This product is subject to architectural coatings averaging provisions in California" or a substitute symbol specified by the Executive Officer of the California Air Resources Board (ARB). This Section 5.3.2 shall remain in effect until January 1, 2008.</p>		
	<p>5.4 Painting Practices: All architectural coating containers used to apply the contents therein to a surface directly from the container by pouring, siphoning, brushing, rolling, padding, ragging or other means, shall be closed when not in use. These architectural coating containers include, but are not limited to, drums, buckets, cans, pails, trays or other application containers. Containers of any VOC containing materials used for thinning and cleanup shall also be closed when not in use.</p>	<p>5.4 Painting Practices: All architectural coating containers used to apply the contents therein to a surface directly from the container by pouring, siphoning, brushing, rolling, padding, ragging or other means, shall be closed when not in use. These architectural coating containers include, but are not limited to, drums, buckets, cans, pails, trays or other application containers. Containers of any VOC-containing materials used for thinning and cleanup shall also be closed when not in use.</p>	<p>No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</p>
	<p>5.5 Thinning: No person who applies or solicits the application of any architectural coating shall apply a coating that is thinned to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards.</p>	<p>5.5 Thinning: No person who applies or solicits the application of any architectural coating shall apply a coating that is thinned to exceed the applicable VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2.</p>	<p>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>
	<p>5.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective January 1, 2004, no person shall apply or solicit the application of any rust preventative coating for industrial use, unless such a rust preventative coating complies with the industrial maintenance coating VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards.</p>	<p>5.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective through December 31, 2010, no person shall apply or solicit the application of any rust preventative coating for industrial use, unless such a rust preventative coating complies with the industrial maintenance coating VOC limit specified in the Table of Standards 1.</p>	<p>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>
	<p>5.7 Coatings Not Listed in the Table of Standards: For any coating that does not meet any of the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in the Table of Standards, the VOC content limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as a flat coating or a nonflat coating, based on its gloss, as defined in Sections 3.21, 3.36 and 3.37 and the corresponding flat or nonflat VOC limit shall apply.</p>	<p>5.7 Coatings Not Listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2: For any coating that does not meet any of the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, the VOC content limit shall be determined by classifying the coating as a Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss coating, based on its gloss, and the corresponding Flat, Nonflat, or Nonflat – High Gloss VOC limit in the</p>	<p>The VOC limit of the non-SIP version is at least as stringent as the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
		Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 shall apply.	
	5.8 Lacquers: Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3.1, a person or facility may add up to 10 percent by volume of VOC to a lacquer to avoid blushing of the finish during days with relative humidity greater than 70 percent and temperature below 65°F, at the time of application, provided that the coating contains acetone and no more than 550 grams of VOC per liter of coating, less water and exempt compounds, prior to the addition of VOC.	---	This section has been removed. The operation is required to meet the lacquer VOC limit regardless of temperature and humidity. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version
	5.9 Averaging Compliance Option: On or after January 1, 2003, in lieu of compliance with the specified limits in The Table of Standards for floor coatings; industrial maintenance coatings; primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry enamels; roof coatings; bituminous roof coatings; rust preventative coatings; stains; waterproofing sealers, as well as flats and non-flats (excluding recycled coatings), manufacturers may average designated coatings such that their actual cumulative emissions from the averaged coatings are less than or equal to the cumulative emissions that would have been allowed under those limits over a compliance period not to exceed one year. Such manufacturers must also comply with the averaging provisions contained in Section 8.0, as well as maintain and make available for inspection records for at least three years after the end of the compliance period. This Section 5.9 and Section 8.0 shall cease to be effective on January 1, 2005, after which averaging will no longer be allowed.	---	This section is removed from the non-SIP version, it is no longer applicable. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
	---	5.8 Prior to January 1, 2011, any coating that meets a definition in Section 3.0 for a coating category listed in the Table of Standards 2 and complies with the applicable VOC limit in the Table of Standards 2 and with Sections 5.2 and 6.1 (including those provision of Section 6.1 otherwise effective on January 1, 2011) shall be considered in compliance with this rule.	Table of Standards 2 is more stringent than the VOC limits of Table of Standards in the SIP-Approved version. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
	Table of Standards (See Attachment D for Table)	Table of Standards 1 (Effective through 12/31/10) (See Attachment D for Table)	The non-SIP rule requirements are the same as the Table of Standards in the SIP approved rule, except Table of Standards 1 expires at which time

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
			<p>Table of Standards 2 is in effect. As discussed below these standards are more stringent. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</p>
<p>6.0 Administrative Requirements</p>	<p>6.1 Labeling Requirements: Each manufacturer of any architectural coating subject to this rule shall display the information listed in Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.9 on the coating container (or label) in which the coating is sold or distributed.</p> <p>6.1.1 Date Code: The date the coating was manufactured, or a date code representing the date, shall be indicated on the label, lid or bottom of the container. If the manufacturer uses a date code for any coating, the manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the Executive Officer of the ARB.</p> <p>6.1.2 Thinning Recommendations: A statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning of the coating shall be indicated on the label or lid of the container. This requirement does not apply to the thinning of architectural coatings with water. If thinning of the coating prior to use is not necessary, the recommendation must specify that the coating is to be applied without thinning.</p> <p>6.1.3 VOC Content: Each container of any coating subject to this rule shall display either the maximum or actual VOC content of the coating, as supplied, including the maximum thinning as recommended by the manufacturer. VOC content shall be displayed in grams of VOC per liter of coating. VOC content displayed shall be calculated using product formulation data, or shall be determined using the test methods in Section</p> <p>6.3.1. The equations in Sections 3.25 or 3.26, as appropriate, shall be used to calculate VOC content.</p> <p>6.1.4 Industrial Maintenance Coatings: In addition to the information specified in Sections 6.1.1, 6.1.2 and 6.1.3, each manufacturer of any industrial</p>	<p>6.1 Labeling Requirements: Each manufacturer of any architectural coating subject to this rule shall display the information listed in Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.14 on the coating container (or label) in which the coating is sold or distributed.</p> <p>6.1.1 Date Code: The date the coating was manufactured, or a date code representing the date, shall be indicated on the label, lid or bottom of the container. If the manufacturer uses a date code for any coating, the manufacturer shall file an explanation of each code with the Executive Officer of the ARB.</p> <p>6.1.2 Thinning Recommendations: A statement of the manufacturer's recommendation regarding thinning of the coating shall be indicated on the label or lid of the container. This requirement does not apply to the thinning of architectural coatings with water. If thinning of the coating prior to use is not necessary, the recommendation must specify that the coating is to be applied without thinning.</p> <p>6.1.3 VOC Content: Each container of any coating subject to this rule shall display one of the following values, in grams of VOC per liter of coating:</p> <p>6.1.3.1 Maximum VOC Content, as determined from all potential product formulations; or</p> <p>6.1.3.2 VOC Content, as determined from actual formulation data; or</p> <p>6.1.3.3 VOC Content, as determined using the test methods in Section 6.3.2.</p> <p>If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the container must display the VOC Content, including the maximum amount of</p>	<p>Table of Standards 2 (Effective on and after 1/1/11) (See Attachment D for Table)</p> <p>The non-SIP approved rule contains sections listed in the SIP rule plus additional requirements not found in the SIP version. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>maintenance coating subject to this rule shall display on the label or lid of the container in which the coating is sold or distributed one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.4.1 through 6.1.4.3.</p> <p>6.1.4.1 "For industrial use only"</p> <p>6.1.4.2 "For professional use only"</p> <p>6.1.4.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use"</p> <p>6.1.5 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all clear brushing lacquers shall prominently display the statements "For brush application only," and "This product must not be thinned or sprayed."</p> <p>6.1.6 Rust Preventative Coatings: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all rust preventative coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Metal Substrates Only"</p> <p>6.1.7 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Section</p> <p>6.1.7.1 through 6.1.7.5.</p> <p>6.1.7.1 For blocking stains.</p> <p>6.1.7.2 For fire-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.7.3 For smoke-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.7.4 For water-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.7.5 For excessively chalky substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8 Quick Dry Enamels: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all quick dry enamels shall prominently display the words "Quick Dry" and the dry hard time.</p> <p>6.1.9 Non-flat – High Gloss Coatings: Effective January 1, 2003, the labels of all non-flat – high gloss coatings shall prominently display the words "High Gloss".</p>	<p>thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multicomponent product, the container must display the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOCs during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.</p> <p>6.1.4 Faux Finishing Coatings: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all clear topcoat Faux Finishing coatings shall prominently display the statement "This product can only be sold or used as part of a Faux Finishing coating system".</p> <p>6.1.5 Industrial Maintenance Coatings: Each manufacturer of any industrial maintenance coating subject to this rule shall display on the label or lid of the container in which the coating is sold or distributed one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.5.1 through 6.1.5.3.</p> <p>6.1.5.1 "For industrial use only"</p> <p>6.1.5.2 "For professional use only"</p> <p>6.1.5.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use"</p> <p>6.1.6 Clear Brushing Lacquers: The labels of all clear brushing lacquers shall prominently display the statements "For brush application only," and "This product must not be thinned or sprayed." (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.1.7 Rust Preventative Coatings: The labels of all rust preventative coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Metal Substrates Only".</p> <p>6.1.8 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Effective until December 31, 2010, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Section 6.1.8.1 through 6.1.8.5. Effective on and after January 1, 2011, the labels of all specialty primers, sealers, and undercoaters shall prominently display one or more of the descriptions listed in Sections 6.1.8.1 through 6.1.8.3. On and after January 1, 2011, Sections 6.1.8.4 and 6.1.8.5 will be no longer effective.</p> <p>6.1.8.1 For fire-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.2 For smoke-damaged</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
		<p>substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.3 For water-damaged substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.4 For excessively chalky substrates.</p> <p>6.1.8.5 For blocking stains.</p> <p>6.1.9 Quick Dry Enamels: The labels of all quick dry enamels shall prominently display the words "Quick Dry" and the dry hard time. (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.1.10 Reactive Penetrating Sealers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Reactive Penetrating Sealers shall prominently display the statement "Reactive Penetrating Sealer."</p> <p>6.1.11 Stone Consolidants: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Stone Consolidants shall prominently display the statement "Stone Consolidant - For Professional Use Only."</p> <p>6.1.12 Nonflat- High Gloss Coatings: The labels of all Nonflat - high gloss coatings shall prominently display the words "High Gloss."</p> <p>6.1.13 Wood Coatings: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Wood Coatings shall prominently display the statement "For Wood Substrates Only."</p> <p>6.1.14 Zinc Rich Primers: Effective January 1, 2011, the labels of all Zinc Rich Primers shall prominently display one or more of the following descriptions listed in Section 6.1.14.1 through 6.1.14.3.</p> <p>6.1.14.1 "For industrial use only"</p> <p>6.1.14.2 "For professional use only"</p> <p>6.1.14.3 "Not for residential use" or "Not intended for residential use"</p>	
	<p>6.2 Reporting Requirements</p> <p>6.2.1 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Each manufacturer of clear brushing lacquers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of clear brushing lacquers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.2 Rust Preventative Coatings: Each manufacturer of rust preventative coatings shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in</p>	<p>6.2 Reporting Requirements</p> <p>The reporting requirements specified in Sections 6.2.1 through 6.2.6 shall apply until December 31, 2010.</p> <p>6.2.1 Clear Brushing Lacquers: Each manufacturer of clear brushing lacquers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of clear brushing lacquers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p>	<p>Until December 31, 2010 both versions of the rule have the same reporting requirements. After that date the non-SIP approved rule includes very specific information to be kept and is required for all architectural coatings. Therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of rust preventative coatings sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.3 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Each manufacturer of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.4 Toxic Exempt Compounds: For each architectural coating that contains perchloroethylene or methylene chloride, the manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB the following information for products sold in the State during the preceding year:</p> <p>6.2.4.1 the product brand name and a copy of the product label with legible usage instructions;</p> <p>6.2.4.2 the product category listed in the Table of Standards to which the coating belongs;</p> <p>6.2.4.3 the total sales in California during the calendar year to the nearest gallon;</p> <p>6.2.4.4 the volume percent, to the nearest 0.10 percent, of perchloroethylene and methylene chloride in the coating.</p> <p>6.2.5 Recycled Coatings: Manufacturers of recycled coatings must submit a letter to the Executive Officer of the ARB certifying their status as a Recycled Paint Manufacturer. The manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning with the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall include, for all recycled coatings, the total number of gallons distributed in the State during the preceding year, and shall describe</p>	<p>6.2.2 Rust Preventative Coatings: Each manufacturer of rust preventative coatings shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of rust preventative coatings sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.3 Specialty Primers, Sealers and Undercoaters: Each manufacturer of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of specialty primers, sealers and undercoaters sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p> <p>6.2.4 Toxic Exempt Compounds: For each architectural coating that contains perchloroethylene or methylene chloride, the manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning in the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB the following information for products sold in the State during the preceding year:</p> <p>6.2.4.1 the product brand name and a copy of the product label with legible usage instructions;</p> <p>6.2.4.2 the product category listed in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2 to which the coating belongs;</p> <p>6.2.4.3 the total sales in California during the calendar year to the nearest gallon;</p> <p>6.2.4.4 the volume percent, to the nearest 0.10 percent, of perchloroethylene and methylene chloride in the coating.</p> <p>6.2.5 Recycled Coatings: Manufacturers of recycled coatings must submit a letter to the Executive Officer of the ARB certifying their status as a Recycled Paint Manufacturer. The manufacturer shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State distribution.</p> <p>6.2.6 Bituminous Coatings: Each manufacturer of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning with the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State sales.</p>	<p>beginning with the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of the ARB. The report shall include, for all recycled coatings, the total number of gallons distributed in the State during the preceding year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate State distribution.</p> <p>6.2.6 Bituminous Coatings: Each manufacturer of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers shall, on or before April 1 of each calendar year beginning with the year 2004, submit an annual report to the Executive Officer of ARB. The report shall specify the number of gallons of bituminous roof coatings or bituminous roof primers sold in the State during the preceding calendar year, and shall describe the method used by the manufacturer to calculate state sales.</p> <p>6.2.7 Effective on and after January 1, 2011, Sales Data: All sales data listed in Sections 6.2.7.1 to 6.2.7.14 shall be maintained on-site by the responsible official for a minimum of three years. A responsible official from each manufacturer shall upon request of the Executive Officer of the ARB, or his or her delegate, provide data concerning the distribution and sales of architectural coatings. Sales data submitted by the responsible official to the Executive Officer of the ARB may be claimed as confidential, and such information shall be handled in accordance with the procedures specified in Title 17, California Code of Regulations Sections 91000-91022. The responsible official shall within 180 days provide information, including, but not limited to the data listed in Sections 6.2.7.1 through 6.2.7.14:</p> <p>6.2.7.1 the name and mailing address of the manufacturer;</p> <p>6.2.7.2 the name, address and telephone number of a contact person;</p> <p>6.2.7.3 the name of the coating product as it appears on the label and the applicable coating category;</p> <p>6.2.7.4 whether the product is marketed for interior or exterior use or both;</p> <p>6.2.7.5 the number of gallons sold in California in containers greater than one</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
		<p>liter (1.057 quart) and equal to or less than one liter (1.057 quart);</p> <p>6.2.7.6 the VOC Actual content and VOC Regulatory content in grams per liter. If thinning is recommended, list the VOC Actual content and VOC Regulatory content after maximum recommended thinning. If containers less than one liter have a different VOC content than containers greater than one liter, list separately. If the coating is a multi-component product, provide the VOC content as mixed or catalyzed;</p> <p>6.2.7.7 the names and CAS numbers of the VOC constituents in the product;</p> <p>6.2.7.8 the names and CAS numbers of any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition;</p> <p>6.2.7.9 whether the product is marketed as solvent-borne, waterborne, or 100% solids;</p> <p>6.2.7.10 description of resin or binder in the product;</p> <p>6.2.7.11 whether the coating is a single-component or multi-component product;</p> <p>6.2.7.12 the density of the product in pounds per gallon;</p> <p>6.2.7.13 the percent by weight of: solids, all volatile materials, water, and any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition; and</p> <p>6.2.7.14 the percent by volume of: solids, water, and any compounds in the product specifically exempted from the VOC definition.</p>	
	<p>6.3 Test Methods</p> <p>6.3.1 VOC Content of Coatings: To determine the physical properties of a coating in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.26 and 3.27, the reference method for VOC content is U.S. EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.2 and 6.3.15. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised February 1996), incorporated by reference in</p>	<p>6.3 Test Methods</p> <p>The test methods listed below shall be used to demonstrate compliance with this rule. Alternate equivalent test methods may be used provided the test methods have been approved by the APCO and EPA.</p> <p>6.3.1 Calculation of VOC Content: For the purpose of determining compliance with the VOC content limits in the Table of Standards 1 or the Table of Standards 2, the VOC content of a coating shall be</p>	<p>The non-SIP version includes all the requirements of the SIP version. Therefore, the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.</p>

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>Section 6.3.14. The exempt compounds content shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised August 1996), incorporated by reference in Section 6.3.12. To determine the VOC content of a coating, the manufacturer may use U.S. EPA Method 24, or an alternative method as provided in Section 6.3.2, formulation data, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, recordkeeping). However, if there are any inconsistencies between the results of a Method 24 test and any other means for determining VOC content, the Method 24 test results will govern, except when an alternative method is approved as specified in Section 6.3.2. The District Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO) may require the manufacturer to conduct a Method 24 analysis.</p> <p>6.3.2 Alternative Test Methods: Other test methods demonstrated to provide results that are acceptable for purposes of determining compliance with Section 6.3.1, after review and approved in writing by the staffs of the District, the ARB and the U.S. EPA, may also be used.</p> <p>6.3.3 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: Analysis of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be conducted according to a modification of U.S. EPA Method 24 (40 CFR 59, subpart D, Appendix A), incorporated by reference in Section 6.3.15. This method has not been approved for methacrylate multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than as traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings.</p> <p>6.3.4 Flame Spread Index: The flame spread index of a fire-retardant coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation E 84-99, "Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials"(see Section 3, Fire-Retardant Coating).</p> <p>6.3.5 Fire Resistance Rating: The fire resistance rating of a fire-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation E 119-98,</p>	<p>determined as defined in Section 3.77, 3.78, or 3.79 as appropriate. The VOC content of a tint base shall be determined without colorant that is added after the tint base is manufactured. If the manufacturer does not recommend thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated for the product as supplied. If the manufacturer recommends thinning, the VOC Content must be calculated including the maximum amount of thinning solvent recommended by the manufacturer. If the coating is a multi-component product, the VOC content must be calculated as mixed or catalyzed. If the coating contains silanes, siloxanes, or other ingredients that generate ethanol or other VOC during the curing process, the VOC content must include the VOCs emitted during curing.</p> <p>6.3.2 VOC Content of Coatings: To determine the physical properties of a coating in order to perform the calculations in Section 3.77 and 3.79, the reference method for VOC content is EPA Method 24, except as provided in Sections 6.3.3 and 6.3.16. An alternative method to determine the VOC content of coatings is SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised February 1996). The exempt compounds content shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1993), BAAQMD Method 43 (Revised 1996), or BAAQMD Method 41 (Revised 1995), as applicable. To determine the VOC content of a coating, the manufacturer may use EPA Method 24, or an alternative method as provided in Section 6.3.3, formulation data, or any other reasonable means for predicting that the coating has been formulated as intended (e.g., quality assurance checks, recordkeeping). However, if there are any inconsistencies between the results of EPA Method 24 test and any other means for determining VOC content, the EPA Method 24 test results will govern, except when an alternative method is approved as specified in Section 6.3.3. The District Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO) may require the manufacturer to conduct an EPA Method 24 analysis.</p> <p>6.3.3 Alternative Test Methods: Other test methods demonstrated to provide results that are acceptable</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>"Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials"(see Section 3, Fire-Resistive Coating).</p> <p>6.3.6 Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 523-89 (1999), "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss"(see Section 3, Flat Coating, Nonflat Coating, Nonflat-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dry Enamel).</p> <p>6.3.7 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3, Metallic Pigmented Coating).</p> <p>6.3.8 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1613-96, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products"(see Section 3, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).</p> <p>6.3.9 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM Designation D 1640-95, "Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quickdry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM Designation D 1640-95.</p> <p>6.3.10 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM Designation D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films"(see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater).</p> <p>6.3.11 Exempt Compounds— Siloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile</p>	<p>for purposes of determining compliance with Section 6.3.2 4, after review and approved in writing by the staffs of the District, ARB and EPA, may also be used.</p> <p>6.3.4 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: Analysis of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be conducted according to a modification of EPA Method 24 (40 CFR 59, subpart D, Appendix A). This method has not been approved for methacrylate multicomponent coatings used for other purposes than as traffic marking coatings or for other classes of multicomponent coatings.</p> <p>6.3.5 Flame Spread Index: The flame spread index of a fire-retardant coating shall be determined by ASTM E84-07, "Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials" (see Section 3.0, Fire-Retardant Coating).</p> <p>6.3.6 Fire Resistance Rating: The fire resistance rating of a fire-resistive coating shall be determined by ASTM E119-07, "Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction Materials" (see Section 3.0, Fire-Resistive Coating).</p> <p>6.3.7 Gloss Determination: The gloss of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D523-89 (1999), "Standard Test Method for Specular Gloss" (see Section 3.0, Flat Coating, Nonflat Coating, Nonflat-High Gloss Coating and Quick-Dry Enamel).</p> <p>6.3.8 Metal Content of Coatings: The metallic content of a coating shall be determined by SCAQMD Method 318-95, Determination of Weight Percent Elemental Metal in Coatings by X-Ray Diffraction, <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3.0, Metallic Pigmented Coating, Aluminum Roof Coating and Faux Finish).</p> <p>6.3.9 Acid Content of Coatings: The acid content of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D1613-06, "Standard Test Method for Acidity in Volatile Solvents and Chemical Intermediates Used in Paint, Varnish, Lacquer and related products" (see Section 3.0, Pre-Treatment Wash Primer).</p> <p>6.3.10 Drying Times: The set-to-touch, dry-hard, dry-to-touch and dry-to-recoat times of a coating shall be determined by ASTM D1640-95,</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1).</p> <p>6.3.12 Exempt Compounds— Parachlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF): The exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 41, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Solvent Based Coatings and Related Materials Containing Parachlorobenzotrifluoride," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, adopted 12/20/95 (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1).</p> <p>6.3.13 Exempt Compounds: The content of compounds under U.S. EPA Method 24 shall be analyzed by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Exempt Compounds," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.1).</p> <p>6.3.14 VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of a coating shall be determined by U.S. EPA Method 24 as it exists in appendix A of 40 <i>Code of Federal Regulations</i> (CFR) part 60, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings"(see Section 6.3.1).</p> <p>6.3.15 Alternative VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of coatings may be analyzed either by U.S. EPA Method 24 or SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 6.3.1).</p> <p>6.3.16 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: The VOC content of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be analyzed by the procedures in 40 CFR part 59, subpart D, appendix A, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content of Methacrylate</p>	<p>"Standard Test Methods for Drying, Curing, or Film Formation of Organic Coatings at Room Temperature" (see Section 3.0, Quick-Dry Enamel and Quick-Dry Primer, Sealer and Undercoater) The tack-free time of a quick-dry enamel coating shall be determined by the Mechanical Test Method of ASTM D1640-95. (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.3.11 Surface Chalkiness: The chalkiness of a surface shall be determined using ASTM D4214-98, "Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films"(see Section 3, Specialty Primer, Sealer and Undercoater). (Category deleted effective January 1, 2011.)</p> <p>6.3.12 Exempt Compounds—Siloxanes: Exempt compounds that are cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes, shall be analyzed as exempt compounds for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 43, "Determination of Volatile Methylsiloxanes in Solvent-Based Coatings, Inks, and Related Materials," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, adopted 11/6/96 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.13 Exempt Compounds— Parachlorobenzotrifluoride (PCBTF): The exempt compound parachlorobenzotrifluoride, shall be analyzed as an exempt compound for compliance with Section 6 by BAAQMD Method 41, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Solvent Based Coatings and Related Materials Containing Parachlorobenzotrifluoride," <i>BAAQMD Manual of Procedures</i>, Volume III, adopted 12/20/95 (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.14 Exempt Compounds: The content of compounds under U.S. EPA Method 24 shall be analyzed by SCAQMD Method 303-91 (Revised 1993), "Determination of Exempt Compounds," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i> (see Section 3.0, Volatile Organic Compound, and Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.15 VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of a coating shall be determined by EPA Method 24 as it</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
	<p>Multicomponent Coatings Used as Traffic Marking Coatings" (September 11, 1998) (see Section 6.3.3).</p>	<p>exists in appendix A of 40 <i>Code of Federal Regulations</i> (CFR) part 60, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content, Water Content, Density, Volume Solids and Weight Solids of Surface Coatings" (see Section 6.3.2).</p> <p>6.3.16 Alternative VOC Content of Coatings: The VOC content of coatings may be analyzed either by U.S. EPA Method 24 or SCAQMD Method 304-91 (Revised 1996), "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Various Materials," <i>SCAQMD Laboratory Methods of Analysis for Enforcement Samples</i>.</p> <p>6.3.17 Methacrylate Traffic Marking Coatings: The VOC content of methacrylate multicomponent coatings used as traffic marking coatings shall be analyzed by the procedures in 40 CFR part 59, subpart D, appendix A, "Determination of Volatile Matter Content of Methacrylate Multicomponent Coatings Used as Traffic Marking Coatings" (September 11, 1998).</p> <p>6.3.18 Hydrostatic Pressure for Basement Specialty Coatings: The hydrostatic pressure resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be analyzed using ASTM D7088-04, "Standard Practice for Resistance to Hydrostatic Pressure for Coatings Used in Below Grade Applications Applied to Masonry".</p> <p>6.3.19 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Adhesion: The adhesion of tub and tile coating shall be determined by ASTM D4585-99, "Standard Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM D3359-02, "Standard Test Methods for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test".</p> <p>6.3.20 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Hardness: The hardness of tub and tile refinish coating shall be determined by ASTM D3363-05, "Standard Test Method for Film Hardness by Pencil Test".</p> <p>6.3.21 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Abrasion Resistance: Abrasion resistance of tub and tile refinish coating shall be analyzed by ASTM D4060-07, "Standard Test Methods for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser".</p> <p>6.3.22 Tub and Tile Refinish Coating Water Resistance: Water resistance of tub and tile refinish coatings shall</p>	

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
		<p>be determined by ASTM D4585-99, "Standard Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Controlled Condensation" and ASTM D714-02e1, "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints".</p> <p>6.3.23 Waterproofing Membrane: Waterproofing membrane shall be tested by ASTM C836-06, "Standard Specification for High Solids Content, Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane for Use with Separate Wearing Course".</p> <p>6.3.24 Mold and Mildew Growth for Basement Specialty Coatings: Mold and mildew growth resistance for basement specialty coatings shall be determined by ASTM D3273-00, "Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber" and ASTM D3274-95, "Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Surface Disfigurement of Paint Films by Microbial (Fungal or Algal) Growth or Soil and Dirt Accumulation".</p> <p>6.3.25 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Repellency: Reactive penetrating sealer water repellency shall be analyzed by ASTM C67-07, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile"; or ASTM C97-02, "Standard Test Methods for Absorption and Bulk Specific Gravity of Dimension Stone"; or ASTM C140-06, "Standard Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units".</p> <p>6.3.26 Reactive Penetrating Sealer Water Vapor Transmission: Reactive penetrating sealer water vapor transmission shall be analyzed ASTM E96/E96M-05, "Standard Test Method for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials".</p> <p>6.3.27 Reactive Penetrating Sealer - Chloride Screening Applications: Reactive penetrating sealers shall be analyzed by National Cooperative Highway Research Report 244 (1981), "Concrete Sealers for the Protection of Bridge Structures".</p> <p>6.3.28 Stone Consolidants: Stone consolidants shall be tested using ASTM E2167-01, "Standard Guide for Selection and Use of Stone Consolidants".</p>	
7.0 Compliance	Persons subject to this rule shall be in	Persons subject to this rule shall be in	No change in the

Requirement Category	SIP Version of Rule 4601 (10/31/01)	Non-SIP Version of Rule 4601 (12/17/09)	Conclusion
Schedule	compliance with this rule by October 31, 2001.	compliance with this rule by the dates specified within the rule.	requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.
8.0 Averaging Compliance Option	<p>8.1 On or after January 1, 2003, in lieu of compliance with the specified limits in the Table of Standards for floor coatings; industrial maintenance coatings; primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry primers, sealers, and undercoaters; quick-dry enamels; roof coatings; rust preventative coatings; stains; waterproofing sealers, as well as flats and non-flats (excluding recycled coatings), manufacturers may average designated coatings such that their actual cumulative emissions from the averaged coatings are less than or equal to the cumulative emissions that would have been allowed under those limits over a compliance period not to exceed one year. Such manufacturers must also comply with the averaging provisions contained in this Section, as well as maintain and make available for inspection records for at least three years after the end of the compliance period. This Section shall cease to be effective on January 1, 2005, after which averaging will no longer be allowed.</p> <p>Per Section 8.1, averaging is no longer applicable. Therefore, Sections 8.2 through 8.14 are not listed.</p>		No change in the requirements, therefore, non-SIP version of rule is as stringent as SIP version.

As analyzed, each amended section of the non-SIP version of the rule is at least as stringent as, or more stringent than the corresponding section of the SIP version of the rule. Therefore, it is concluded that overall the non-SIP version of the rule is more stringent than the SIP version of the rule.

- Conditions 24 through 26 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

12. District Rule 8011 – General Requirements

District Rule 8011 was last amended on August 19, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

This rule outlines the general requirements for Regulation VIII. The purpose of Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) is to reduce

ambient concentrations of fine particulate matter (PM10) by requiring actions to prevent, reduce or mitigate anthropogenic fugitive dust emissions. The rules contained in this regulation have been developed pursuant to United States Environmental Protection Agency guidance for Serious PM10 Nonattainment Areas. The rules are applicable to specified anthropogenic fugitive dust sources. Fugitive dust contains PM10 and particles larger than PM10. Controlling fugitive dust emissions when visible emissions are detected will not prevent all PM10 emissions, but will substantially reduce PM10 emissions.

The provisions of this rule are applicable to specified outdoor fugitive dust sources. The definitions, exemptions, requirements, administrative requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and test methods set forth in this rule are applicable to all rules under Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) of the Rules and Regulations of the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District.

- Conditions 30 through 35 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

13. District Rule 8021 – Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and Other Earthmoving Activities

District Rule 8021 was last amended on August 19, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities.

This rule applies to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, and other earthmoving activities, including, but not limited to, land clearing, grubbing, scraping, travel on site, and travel on access roads to and from the site. This rule also applies to the construction of new landfill disposal sites or modification to existing landfill disposal sites prior to commencement of landfilling activities.

Section 5.0 requires that no person shall perform any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities unless the appropriate requirements in sections 5.1 and 5.2 are sufficiently implemented to limit visible dust emissions (VDE) to 20% opacity. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

- Condition 30 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

14. District Rule 8031 – Bulk Materials

District Rule 8031 was last amended on August 19, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from the outdoor handling, storage, and transport of bulk materials.

This rule applies to the outdoor handling, storage, and transport of any bulk material.

Section 5.0 requires that no person shall perform any outdoor handling, storage, and transport of bulk materials unless the appropriate requirements in Table 8031-1 of this rule are sufficiently implemented to limit VDE to 20% opacity or to comply with the conditions for a stabilized surface as defined in Rule 8011. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

- Condition 31 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

15. District Rule 8041 – Carryout and Trackout

District Rule 8041 was last amended on August 19, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from carryout and trackout.

This rule applies to all sites that are subject to Rules 8021 (Construction, Demolition, Excavation, Extraction, and other Earthmoving Activities), 8031 (Bulk Materials), and 8071 (Unpaved Vehicle and Equipment Traffic Areas) where carryout or trackout has occurred or may occur.

Section 5.0 requires that an owner/operator shall sufficiently prevent or cleanup carryout and trackout as specified in sections 5.1 through 5.8. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII. The use of blower devices, or dry rotary brushes or brooms, for removal of carryout and trackout on public roads is expressly prohibited. The removal of carryout and trackout from paved public roads does not exempt an owner/operator

from obtaining state or local agency permits which may be required for the cleanup of mud and dirt on paved public roads.

- Condition 32 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

16. District Rule 8051 – Open Areas

District Rule 8051 was last amended on August 19, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from open areas. This rule applies to any open area having 3.0 acres or more of disturbed surface area that has remained undeveloped, unoccupied, unused, or vacant for more than seven days.

Section 5.0 requires that whenever open areas are disturbed or vehicles are used in open areas, the owner/operator shall implement one or a combination of control measures indicated in Table 8051-1 to comply with the conditions of a stabilized surface at all times and to limit VDE to 20% opacity. In addition to the requirements of this rule, a person shall comply with all other applicable requirements of Regulation VIII.

- Condition 33 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

17. District Rule 8061 – Paved and Unpaved Roads

District Rule 8061 was last amended on August 19, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from paved and unpaved roads by implementing control measures and design criteria. This rule applies to any new or existing public or private paved or unpaved road, road construction project, or road modification project.

- Condition 34 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

18. District Rule 8071 – Unpaved Vehicle/Equipment Traffic Area

District Rule 8071 was last amended on September 16, 2004, and was approved into the SIP on February 17, 2006.

The purpose of this rule is to limit fugitive dust emissions from unpaved vehicle and equipment traffic areas by implementing control measures and design criteria.

This rule applies to any unpaved vehicle/equipment traffic area of 1.0 acre or larger.

- Condition 35 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

19. 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M – National Emission Standard for Asbestos

These regulations apply to demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141. 40 CFR Section 61.150 of this Subpart was last amended on September 18, 2003.

- Condition 36 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensures compliance with the requirements of this rule.

20. 40 CFR Part 82, Subparts B and F – Stratospheric Ozone

These regulations apply to servicing motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC). Sections of this regulation were last amended in 2007 and 2008.

- Conditions 28 and 29 on the facility-wide permit unit (N-266-0-0) ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

B. Source-Specific Requirements

1. District Rule 1081, Source Sampling

District Rule 1081 was last amended on December 16, 1993, and was approved into the SIP on April 26, 2004.

The purpose of this rule is to ensure that any source operation which emits or may emit air contaminants provides adequate and safe facilities for use in sampling to determine compliance. This rule also specifies methods and procedures for source testing, sample collection, and compliance determination.

Section 3.0 stipulates that upon request and direction of the APCO, the owner of any source operation which emits or may emit air contaminants for which emission limits have been established shall provide sampling ports, sampling platforms, and access to sampling platforms, constructed in accordance with the general industry safety orders of the State of California.

Section 4.0 stipulates that the owner of such a source operation, when requested by the APCO, shall provide records or other information which will enable the APCO to determine when a representative sample can be taken. In addition, upon the request of the APCO and as directed by him, the owner of such a source operation shall collect, have collected, or allow the APCO to collect, a source sample.

Sections 5.0 stipulates that if a test method is not specified in the applicable rule, the test shall be conducted in accordance with Title 40 CFR Subpart 60 Appendix A - Reference Methods, except source tests for PM10 for compliance with Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review) requirements, which shall be conducted in accordance with Title 40 CFR Subpart 51, Appendix M, Method 201 or 201A. This section further specifies that if no test method exists in the preceding references for a source type, source sampling shall be conducted in accordance with CARB approved methods.

Section 6.0 stipulates that: (a) for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation, the arithmetic mean of three (3) test runs shall apply, unless two (2) of the three (3) results are above the applicable limit; (b) a scheduled source test may not be discontinued solely due to the failure of one or more runs to meet applicable standards; (c) in the event that a sample is accidentally lost or conditions occur in which one (1) of the three (3) runs must be discontinued because circumstances beyond the owner or operators control, upon the APCO's approval, compliance may be determined using the arithmetic mean of the other two (2) runs.

Section 7.0 specifies administrative requirements, including the following: (a) the District must be notified 30 days prior to any compliance source testing and the owner shall submit a source test plan for District approval 15 days prior to source sampling; (b) source sampling to determine the compliance status of an emissions source shall be witnessed or authorized by District personnel; and (c) source test reports must be submitted to the District within 60 days of completion of field testing, regardless of pass or fail status.

- a. N-266-1-2: GASOLINE DISPENSING OPERATION WITH ONE 2,000 GALLON CONVAULT ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK SERVED BY TWO-POINT PHASE I VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM, AND 1 FUELING POINT WITH 1 GASOLINE DISPENSING NOZZLE SERVED BY BALANCE PHASE II VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (G-70-116F).
 - Conditions 16 and 18 on the proposed permit to operate ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.
- b. N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION
 - Conditions 11, 15 and 16 on the proposed permit to operate ensure compliance with the requirements of this rule.

2. District Rule 2201, New and Modified Stationary Source Review Rule (District NSR Rule)

For this facility, only the following emission units have become subject to the District NSR Rule due to application for Authority to Construct (ATC). In accordance with the White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, dated July 10, 1995, conditions from the resulting PTO were addressed to define how NSR permit terms should be incorporated into the Title V permit.

- a. N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.
 - Conditions 3, 4 and 6 through 9 from the PTO have been included as federally enforceable conditions 2, 3 and 5 through 8 of the requirements for permit unit 3-1.
- b. N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION
 - Conditions 1 and 5 through 9 from the PTO have been included as federally enforceable conditions 1 and 3 through 7 of the requirements for permit unit 503-1.

3. District Rule 4201, Particulate Matter Concentration

District Rule 4201 was last amended on December 17, 1992, and was approved into the SIP on April 4, 2002.

The purpose of this rule is to protect the ambient air quality by establishing a particulate matter emission standard.

Section 3.0 stipulates that a person shall not release or discharge into the atmosphere from any single source operation, dust, fumes, or total suspended particulate matter emissions in excess of 0.1 grain per cubic foot of gas at dry standard conditions, as determined by the test methods in section 4.0. Section 4.0 specifies the test methods for demonstration of compliance with section 3.0.

Diesel combustion:

Results from source tests of diesel-fired internal combustion (IC) engines generally indicate emission rates from these units are less than the allowable limit of 0.1 grain/dscf. Per the CAPCOA/CARB/EPA IX Title V Periodic Monitoring Recommendations memo, dated July 2001, the District's grain loading limit of 0.1 grain/dscf does not need to be source tested as long as the following conditions are required in the Permit to Operate:

- 1) Engine usage is limited to maintenance, testing, and time of actual unforeseen emergencies.
- 2) Usage for maintenance and testing is not to exceed 100 hours per year.
- 3) Records are maintained for all engine usage and maintenance.

N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 1, 2 and 8 on the proposed permit to operate.

Natural Gas Combustion:

The following calculation shows the expected concentration of particulate matter in natural gas combustion exhaust:

$$\left(\frac{7.6 \text{ lb PM}}{10^6 \text{ ft}^3}\right)\left(\frac{1 \text{ MMBtu}}{8710 \text{ dscf}}\right)\left(\frac{1 \text{ scf}}{950 \text{ Btu}}\right)\left(\frac{7000 \text{ gr}}{1 \text{ lb}}\right) = 0.006 \frac{\text{grains}}{\text{dscf}}$$

where:

$\frac{7.6 \text{ lb} \cdot \text{PM}}{10^6 \cdot \text{ft}^3}$ = uncontrolled emission factor for natural gas fired boilers (AP42, 1.4-2)

$\frac{950 \text{ Btu}}{\text{scf}}$ = the minimum expected higher heating value of natural gas (AP42, 1.4.1)

$\frac{8710 \text{ dscf}}{\text{MMBtu}}$ = F factor, F_d , for natural gas (40CFR60, App. A, Meth. 19, Table 19-1)

$\frac{7000 \text{ gr}}{1 \text{ lb}}$ = conversion factor (AP42, Appendix A)

As shown in the calculation above, the expected particulate matter concentration is less than the rule limit of 0.1 gr/dscf.

N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 2 and 3 on the proposed permit to operate.

4. **District Rule 4305, Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 2**

District Rule 4305 was last amended on August 21, 2003, and the current version was approved into the SIP on May 18, 2004.

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) and carbon monoxide (CO) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.

Section 5.1.1 limits the NO_x emission rate for units operated on gaseous fuel to 30 ppmv (0.036 lb/MMBtu). Section 5.3 limits the CO emission rate to 400 ppmv. All ppmv emission limits specified in this section are referenced at dry stack gas conditions and 3.00 percent by volume stack gas oxygen.

Section 5.4.2 requires that permit units subject section 5.1 emissions limits shall either install and maintain Continuous Emission Monitoring (CEM) equipment for NO_x, CO and O₂, or install and maintain APCO-

approved alternate monitoring. An APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System shall monitor one or more of the following: (a) periodic NO_x and CO exhaust emission concentrations; (b) periodic exhaust oxygen concentration; (c) flow rate of reducing agent added to exhaust; (d) catalyst inlet and exhaust temperature; (e) catalyst inlet and exhaust oxygen concentration; (f) periodic flue gas recirculation rate; or (g) other operational characteristics.

Section 5.5.1 requires that the operator of any unit shall have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu) emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.1. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling).

Section 5.5.2 requires that all emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate, and that no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.

Section 5.5.4 requires that for emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.4.2, 5.4.2.1, and 6.3.1 using a portable NO_x analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period.

Section 5.5.5 requires that for emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit.

Section 6.1 requires that the records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.3 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.

Section 6.2 identifies the following test methods as District-approved source testing methods for the pollutants listed: (a) NO_x in ppmv - EPA

Method 7E or ARB Method 100; (b) NO_x in lb/MMBtu - EPA Method 19; (c) CO in ppmv - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; (d) Stack gas O₂ in % - EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100; (e) stack gas velocity in ft/min - EPA Method 2; and (f) stack gas moisture content in % - EPA Method 4.

Section 6.3.1 requires that this unit be tested to determine compliance with the applicable requirements of section 5.1 and 5.2.3 not less than once every 12 months. Upon demonstrating compliance on two consecutive compliance source tests, the following source test may be deferred for up to thirty-six months.

N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 4, 8 through 10, 12 through 15, and 17 through 21 on the proposed permit to operate.

5. District Rule 4306, Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters – Phase 3

District Rule 4306 was last amended on October 16, 2008, and the current version was approved into the SIP on January 13, 2010.

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) and carbon monoxide (CO) from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters.

Section 5.1.1 limits the NO_x and CO emission rates for units rated less than 20 MMBtu/hr to 15 ppmv (0.018 lb/MMBtu) and 400 ppmv, respectively. All ppmv emission limits specified in this section are referenced at dry stack gas conditions and 3.00 percent by volume stack gas oxygen.

Section 5.4.2 requires that permit units subject to section 5.1 emissions limits shall either install and maintain Continuous Emission Monitoring (CEM) equipment for NO_x, CO and O₂, or install and maintain APCO-approved alternate monitoring. An APCO approved Alternate Monitoring System shall monitor one or more of the following: (a) periodic NO_x and CO exhaust emission concentrations; (b) periodic exhaust oxygen concentration; (c) flow rate of reducing agent added to exhaust; (d) catalyst inlet and exhaust temperature; (e) catalyst inlet and exhaust

oxygen concentration; (f) periodic flue gas recirculation rate; or (g) other operational characteristics.

Section 5.5.1 requires that the operator of any unit shall have the option of complying with either the applicable heat input (lb/MMBtu) emission limits or the concentration (ppmv) emission limits specified in Section 5.1. The emission limits selected to demonstrate compliance shall be specified in the source test proposal pursuant to Rule 1081 (Source Sampling).

Section 5.5.2 requires that all emissions measurements shall be made with the unit operating either at conditions representative of normal operations or conditions specified in the Permit to Operate, and that no determination of compliance shall be established within two hours after a continuous period in which fuel flow to the unit is shut off for 30 minutes or longer, or within 30 minutes after a re-ignition as defined in Section 3.0.

Section 5.5.4 requires that for emissions monitoring pursuant to Sections 5.4.2, 5.4.2.1, and 6.3.1 using a portable NOX analyzer as part of an APCO approved Alternate Emissions Monitoring System, emission readings shall be averaged over a 15 consecutive-minute period by either taking a cumulative 15-consecutive-minute sample reading or by taking at least five (5) readings evenly spaced out over the 15-consecutive-minute period.

Section 5.5.5 requires that for emissions source testing performed pursuant to Section 6.3.1 for the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard or numerical limitation of this rule, the arithmetic average of three (3) 30-consecutive-minute test runs shall apply. If two (2) of three (3) runs are above an applicable limit the test cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with an applicable limit.

Section 6.1 requires that the records required by Sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.3 shall be maintained for five calendar years and shall be made available to the APCO upon request. Failure to maintain records or information contained in the records that demonstrate noncompliance with the applicable requirements of this rule shall constitute a violation of this rule.

Section 6.2 identifies the following test methods as District-approved source testing methods for the pollutants listed: (a) NO_x in ppmv - EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100; (b) NO_x in lb/MMBtu - EPA Method 19; (c) CO in ppmv - EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100; (d) Stack gas O₂ in % - EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100; (e) stack gas velocity in ft/min - EPA Method 2; and (f) stack gas moisture content in % - EPA Method 4.

Section 6.3.1 requires that this unit be tested to determine compliance with the applicable requirements of section 5.1 and 5.2.3 not less than once every 12 months. Upon demonstrating compliance on two consecutive compliance source tests, the following source test may be deferred for up to thirty-six months.

N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 4, 8 through 10, 12 through 15, and 17 through 21 on the proposed permit to operate.

6. **District Rule 4621, Gasoline Transfer into Stationary Storage Containers, Delivery Vessels and Bulk Plants**

District Rule 4621 was last amended on December 20, 2007, and the current version was approved into the SIP on October 30, 2009.

The purpose of this rule is to limit VOC emissions from stationary storage containers, delivery vessels, and bulk plants and to provide the administrative requirements for determining compliance with this rule.

Section 5.1 requires that loading equipment and vapor collection equipment shall be installed, maintained, and operated such that it is leak-free, with no excess organic liquid drainage at disconnect.

Section 5.2.1 requires that no person shall transfer, or permit the transfer, of gasoline from any delivery vessel into any stationary storage container subject to the requirements of this rule unless such container is equipped with an ARB certified permanent submerged fill pipe and utilizes an ARB certified Phase I vapor recovery system that is maintained and operated according to manufacturer specifications and the applicable ARB Executive Order. Since the facility is proposing to install ARB certified Phase I vapor recovery system, requirements of this section are satisfied and compliance is expected. In addition, ARB has the additional certification requirements, including applicable rules and regulations of the Division of Measurement Standards, the Department of Food and Agriculture, the Office of the State Fire Marshal, the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, the Department of Industrial Relations, and the Division of Water Quality of the State Water Resources Control Board that have been made conditions of the certification.

Section 5.4.1 requires that all aboveground storage containers shall be constructed and maintained in a leak-free condition.

Section 5.4.5 requires that operators of an aboveground storage container not located at a bulk plant shall conduct and pass the performance test specified in Sections 6.4.9 to determine compliance at least once every 36 months, (no more than 30 days before or after the required performance test date) unless otherwise required under ARB Executive Order.

Section 5.5 requires that all Phase I vapor recovery systems shall be inspected according to the frequency specified in Table 1. The person conducting the inspections shall, at a minimum, verify that the fill caps and vapor caps are not missing, damaged, or loose, that the fill cap gasket and vapor cap gaskets are not missing or damaged, that the fill adapter and vapor adapter are securely attached to the risers, that, where applicable, the spring-loaded submerged fill tube seals properly against the coaxial tubing, and the dry break (poppet-valve) is not missing or damaged and that the submerged fill tube is not missing or damaged.

Section 5.7.2 requires that no person shall operate, or allow the operation of a delivery vessel unless valid State of California decals which attest to the vapor integrity of the container are displayed.

Section 6.1.4 requires that all records required to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of this rule shall be retained on the premises for a minimum of five years and made available on site during normal business hours to the APCO, ARB, or EPA, and submitted to the APCO, ARB, or EPA upon request.

Section 6.2.3 requires that operators shall notify the District at least seven days prior to any performance testing.

Section 6.2.4 requires that operators shall submit all performance test results to the District within 30 days of test completion.

Section 6.3.1 requires that on and after June 20, 2008, installation and maintenance contractors shall be certified by the ICC for Vapor Recovery System Installation and Repair (VI) and make available onsite proof of ICC certification for VI, and have and make available on site proof of any and all certifications required by the Executive Order and installation and operation manual in order to install or maintain specific systems, or work under the direct and personal supervision of an individual physically present at the work site who possesses and makes available onsite a current certificate from the ICC, indicating he or she has passed the VI exam and all certifications required by the applicable Executive Order.

Section 6.3.2 requires that all ICC certifications shall be renewed every 24 months by passing the appropriate exam specific to the certification being sought.

Section 6.3.3 requires that effective on and after March 21, 2008, Gasoline Dispensing Facility Testers wishing to conduct vapor recovery system testing and repair at facilities located within the District, shall be in full compliance with District Rule 1177 (Gasoline Dispensing Facility Tester Certification).

Section 6.3.3 requires that effective on and after March 21, 2008, Gasoline Dispensing Facility Testers wishing to conduct vapor recovery system testing and repair at facilities located within the District, shall be in full compliance with District Rule 1177 (Gasoline Dispensing Facility Tester Certification).

N-266-1-2: GASOLINE DISPENSING OPERATION WITH ONE 2,000 GALLON CONVAULT ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK SERVED BY TWO-POINT PHASE I VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM, AND 1 FUELING POINT WITH 1 GASOLINE DISPENSING NOZZLE SERVED BY BALANCE PHASE II VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (G-70-116F)

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 2 through 11, 17, 18, 24 and 26 on the proposed permit to operate.

7. District Rule 4622, Gasoline Transfer into Motor Vehicle Fuel Tanks

District Rule 4622 was last amended on December 20, 2007, and the current version was approved into the SIP on October 30, 2009.

The purpose of this rule is to limit emissions of gasoline vapors from the transfer of gasoline into motor vehicle fuel tanks.

Section 5.1 requires that a person shall not transfer or permit the transfer of gasoline from any stationary storage container, or from any mobile fueler with a capacity greater than 120 gallons, into a motor vehicle fuel tank with a capacity greater than 5 gallons, unless the gasoline dispensing unit used to transfer the gasoline is equipped with and has in operation an ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system.

Section 5.1.1 requires that all ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery systems shall be maintained according to ARB certifications and the manufacturer specifications applicable to the system.

Section 5.1.2 requires that all ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery systems and gasoline dispensing equipment shall be maintained without leaks as determined in accordance with the test method in Section 6.5.4.

Section 5.2.3 requires that installation and maintenance contractors shall, be certified by the ICC for Vapor Recovery System Installation and Repair by June 20, 2008, renew the ICC certification for Vapor Recovery System Installation and Repair every 24 months, make available onsite proof of ICC certification, and have and make available on site proof of any and all certifications required by the Executive Order and installation and operation manual in order to install or maintain specific systems.

Section 5.3.1 requires that the owner or operator of an ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system shall conduct periodic maintenance inspections to ensure that components of the vapor recovery system are in proper operating condition.

Section 5.3.2 requires that the frequency of inspections shall be based on the operation's largest monthly gasoline throughput from the previous calendar year.

Section 5.3.4 requires that the frequency of vapor path inspections shall be based on the amount of gasoline dispensed by the operation in a calendar month.

Section 5.3.5 requires that the person conducting the inspections shall at a minimum, verify that the fueling instructions required by Section 5.5 are clearly displayed with the appropriate toll-free complaint phone number and toxic warning signs, that the following nozzle components are in place and in good condition as specified in ARB Executive Orders: faceplate/facecone, bellows, latching device spring, vapor check valve, spout (proper diameter/vapor collection holes), insertion interlock mechanism, automatic shut-off mechanism, hold open latch, that the hoses are not torn, flattened or crimped, that the vapor path of coaxial hoses associated with bellows equipped nozzles does not contain more than 100 ml of liquid and that the vapor processing unit is functioning properly, for operations that are required to have or possess such a unit.

Section 5.4.1 requires that no person shall operate any ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system or any portion thereof that has a major defect or an equipment defect that is identified in any applicable ARB Executive Order, until: the defect has been repaired, replaced, or adjusted as necessary to correct the defect; the District has been notified, and the District has reinspected the system or authorized the system for use. Such authorization shall not include the authority to operate the

equipment prior to the correction of the defective components; and all major defects, after repair, are duly entered into the Operations and Maintenance (O&M) manual.

Section 5.4.2 requires that upon identification of any major defects, the owner or operator shall tag "Out-of-Order" all dispensing equipment for which vapor recovery has been impaired.

Section 5.4.2.1 requires that tagged equipment shall be rendered inoperable and the tag(s) shall not be removed until the defective equipment has been repaired, replaced, or adjusted, as necessary.

Section 5.4.2.2 requires that in the case of defects identified by the District, tagged equipment shall be rendered inoperable, and the tag shall not be removed until the District has been notified of the repairs, and the District has either reinspected the system or authorized the tagged equipment for use.

Section 5.4.4 requires that in the event of a separation due to a drive off, the owner or operator shall complete one of the following, unless otherwise specified in the applicable ARB Executive Order, and document the activities in accordance with Section 6.2, before placing the affected equipment back in service:

- 1) Conduct a visual inspection of the affected equipment, perform qualified repairs on any damaged components, and conduct applicable re-verification tests pursuant to Sections 6.5.1.1 and 6.5.1.4, or
- 2) Conduct a visual inspection of the affected equipment and replace the affected nozzles, coaxial hoses, breakaway couplings, and any other damaged components with new or certified rebuilt components that are ARB certified, before placing affected equipment back in service.

Section 6.2.1 requires that operators shall retain the test result verification that each ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system meets or exceeds the requirements of the tests specified in Section 6.5. These verifications shall be maintained for at least five years. These test results shall be dated and shall contain the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the companies responsible for system installation and testing.

Section 6.2.2 requires that a person who performs repairs on any ARB certified Phase I or Phase II vapor recovery system shall provide to the owner or operator a repair log, which the owner or operator shall maintain on the premises for at least five years and which shall include all of the following:

- 1) date and time of each repair
- 2) the name and applicable certification numbers of the person(s) who performed the repair, and, if applicable, the name, address and phone number of the person's employer
- 3) description of service performed
- 4) each component that was repaired, serviced, or removed
- 5) each component that was installed as replacement, if applicable
- 6) receipts or other documents for parts used in the repair and, if applicable, work orders which shall include the name and signature of the person responsible for performing the repairs

Section 6.2.3 requires that each operator who is required to perform periodic maintenance inspections under Section 5.3 shall maintain monthly gasoline throughput records on the premises for a minimum of five years, make them available on site during normal business hours to the APCO, ARB, or EPA, and submit them to the APCO, ARB, or EPA upon request.

Section 6.3.1 requires that the owner or operator of a gasoline dispensing operation shall maintain an O&M Manual in accordance with Section 6.3.

Section 6.3.2 requires that the O&M manual shall be kept at the dispensing operation and made available to any person who operates, inspects, maintains, repairs, or tests the equipment at the operation as well as to District personnel upon request.

Section 6.3.3 requires that the O&M manual shall, at a minimum, include the following current information:

- 1) copies of all vapor recovery performance tests
- 2) all applicable ARB Executive Orders, Approval Letters, and District Permits
- 3) manufacturer's specifications and instructions for installation, operation, repair, and maintenance required pursuant to ARB Certification Procedure CP-201, and any additional instruction provided by the manufacturer,

- 4) system and/or component testing requirements, including test schedules and passing criteria for each of the standard tests listed in Section 6.0; (The owner/operator may include any non-ARB required diagnostic and other tests as part of the testing requirements), and
- 5) additional O&M instructions, if any, that are designed to ensure compliance with the applicable rules, regulations, ARB Executive Orders, and District permit conditions, including replacement schedules for failure or wear prone components

Section 6.3.4 requires that owners or operators of gasoline dispensing operations shall document the periodic maintenance inspection program in the O&M manual.

Section 6.4.1 requires that operators shall comply with the ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system performance tests specified in Sections 6.4.1.1 through 6.4.1.4 and shall conduct all applicable performance tests at start-up and thereafter (no more than 30 days before or after the required compliance testing date) as required by ARB Executive Order and installation and operation manuals.

Section 6.4.1.1 requires the operator to conduct and pass a Static Leak Test of the ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system at least once every twelve months.

Section 6.4.1.4 requires that for ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery systems with a liquid removal device required by ARB Executive Orders, the operator shall conduct and pass a Liquid Removal Test whenever the liquid in the vapor path exceeds 100 ml of liquid. The amount of liquid in the vapor path shall be determined in accordance with the procedure specified in Section 5.3.5.4.

Section 6.4.4 requires that effective on and after March 20, 2008, persons responsible for conducting the tests specified in Section 6.5 shall be in full compliance with all provisions of Rule 1177 (Gasoline Dispensing Facility Tester Certification).

Section 6.4.5 requires that each gasoline dispensing operation shall notify the District at least seven days prior to any performance testing.

Section 6.4.6 requires that each ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system shall be tested within 60 days of completion of installation or modification.

Section 6.5.1 requires that tests shall be conducted in accordance with the latest version of the following ARB and EPA approved test methods, or their equivalents as approved by the EPA, and the APCO: (6.5.1.4) Liquid Removal Test: ARB TP-201.6C; (6.5.1.5) Static Leak Test for Aboveground Tanks: ARB TP-206.3 or TP-201.3B as applicable.

N-266-1-2: GASOLINE DISPENSING OPERATION WITH ONE 2,000 GALLON CONVAULT ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK SERVED BY TWO-POINT PHASE I VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM, AND 1 FUELING POINT WITH 1 GASOLINE DISPENSING NOZZLE SERVED BY BALANCE PHASE II VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (G-70-116F)

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 1, 2, 5 through 10, 12 through 15, and 17 through 26 on the proposed permit to operate.

8. District Rule 4701, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 1

District rule 4701 was last amended on August 21, 2003 and the current version was approved into the SIP on May 18, 2004.

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines. Except as provided in Section 4.0, the provisions of this rule apply to any internal combustion engine, rated greater than 50 bhp, that requires a Permit to Operate (PTO).

Section 4.2 of the rule provides that, except for the administrative requirements of sections 6.1, 6.2.2, and 6.2.3, the provisions of this rule shall not apply to engines used exclusively for fire fighting services.

Section 6.2.2 requires that an owner claiming an exemption under sections 4.2 shall maintain annual operating records, which shall include: total hours of operation, the type and quantity (cubic feet of gas or gallons of liquid) of fuel used, the purpose for operating the engine, all hours of non-emergency and emergency operation, and other support documentation necessary to demonstrate a claim to the exemption. This section also requires that this information shall be submitted to the APCO upon request and at the end of each calendar year in a manner and form approved by the APCO.

Section 6.2.3 requires that the information kept pursuant to section 6.2.2 shall be retained for a period of at least five years, shall be readily available, and be made available to the APCO upon request.

N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 2 and 8 on the proposed permit to operate.

9. District Rule 4702, Internal Combustion Engines – Phase 2

District rule 4701 was last amended on January 18, 2007 and the current version was approved into the SIP on January 10, 2008.

The purpose of this rule is to limit the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOC) from internal combustion engines. This rule applies to any internal combustion engine with a rated brake horsepower greater than 50 horsepower.

Section 4.3 provides that except for the administrative requirements of section 6.2.3, the requirements of this rule shall not apply to an engine that is: (a) operated exclusively to preserve or protect property, human life, or public health during a disaster or state of emergency, such as a fire or flood; (b) except for operations associated with (a), limited to operate no more than 100 hours per calendar year as determined by an operational nonresettable elapsed operating time meter, for periodic maintenance, periodic readiness testing, and readiness testing during and after repair work of the engine, and (c) operated with a nonresettable elapsed operating time meter. In lieu of installing a nonresettable time meter, the owner of an engine may use an alternative device, method, or technique, in determining operating time provided that the alternative is approved by the APCO. The owner of the engine shall properly maintain and operate the time meter or alternative device in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Section 6.2.3 requires that an owner claiming an exemption under section 4.3 shall maintain annual operating records. This information shall be retained for at least five years, shall be readily available, and provided to the APCO upon request. The records shall include, but are not limited to, the following: total hours of operation, the type of fuel used, the purpose for operating the engine, for emergency standby engines, all hours of non-emergency and emergency operation shall be reported, and other support documentation necessary to demonstrate claim to the exemption.

N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by conditions 2, 8 and 11 on the proposed permit to operate.

10. District Rule 4801 and County Rule 407 - Sulfur Compounds

District Rule 4801 was last amended on December 17, 1992, and has been submitted to the EPA to replace San Joaquin County Rule 407 in the SIP. This District Rule is at least as stringent as the county rule, as demonstrated by the comparison below:

Comparison of District Rule 4801 and San Joaquin County Rule 407		
REQUIREMENT	Rule 4801	Rule 407
A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere sulfur compounds exceeding in concentration at the point of discharge 0.2 percent by volume calculated as sulfur dioxide on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes.	✓	✓
EPA Method 8 and ARB Method 1-100 shall be used to determine such emissions.	✓	

Both District Rule 4801 and County Rule 407 stipulate a limit on sulfur compounds. The limit at the point of discharge is 0.2 percent by volume, which is 2,000 ppmv, calculated as sulfur dioxide (SO₂), on a dry basis averaged over 15 consecutive minutes. Since this limit is the same for both rules, District Rule 4801 is at least as stringent as the county rule.

The following analysis shows that the proposed requirement to use CARB certified diesel fuel with sulfur content not to exceed 0.0015% (weight) in the IC engines is more stringent than the sulfur compounds emission limit of District Rule 4801 and County Rule 407:

Diesel Combustion:

Using the ideal gas equation, the sulfur compound emissions are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Volume SO}_2 = nRT/P$$

Where:

n = moles SO₂

T (standard temperature) = 60 °F or 520 °R

$$R \text{ (universal gas constant)} = \frac{10.73 \text{ psi} \cdot \text{ft}^3}{\text{lb} \cdot \text{mol} \cdot \text{°R}}$$

P (standard pressure) = 14.7 psi

And:

Density of diesel fuel = 7.1 lb/gallon

Heating value of diesel fuel = 0.137 MMBtu/gal

F factor for diesel fuel = 9051 scf/MMBtu
Molecular weight of SO₂ = 64 lb/lb.mol
Molecular weight of S = 32 lb/lb.mol

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol. SO}_2 &= (0.0015\% \text{ S}) \times (7.1 \text{ lb/gal}) \times (2.0 \text{ lb SO}_2/\text{lb S}) \times (1 \\ &\quad \text{MMBtu}/9051 \text{ scf}) \times (1 \text{ gal}/0.137 \text{ MMBtu}) \times (1 \text{ lb.mol}/64 \\ &\quad \text{lb.SO}_2) \times (10.73 \text{ psi.ft}^3/\text{lb.mol.}^\circ\text{R}) \times (520^\circ\text{R} / 14.7 \text{ psi}) \\ &= 1.0 \text{ ppmv} \end{aligned}$$

Internal combustion of diesel fuel with a sulfur content not exceeding 0.0015% by weight results in exhaust SO₂ concentrations of 1.0 ppmv, which is much lower than the District Rule 4801 sulfur compounds emission limit of 2,000 ppmv. Compliance is therefore expected.

N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

- Compliance with the requirements of this rule is assured by condition 5 on the proposed permit to operate.

11. 40 CFR Part 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)

To be subject to CAM for a particular pollutant, an emissions unit must meet all of the following criteria:

- i. The unit must have an emission limit for the pollutant,
 - ii. The unit must have add-on controls for the pollutant, and
 - iii. The pre-control potential to emit for the unit must exceed major source thresholds.
- a. N-266-1-2: GASOLINE DISPENSING OPERATION WITH ONE 2,000 GALLON CONVAULT ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK SERVED BY TWO-POINT PHASE I VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM, AND 1 FUELING POINT WITH 1 GASOLINE DISPENSING NOZZLE SERVED BY BALANCE PHASE II VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (G-70-116F)

This unit emits VOC and is equipped with an add-on control. However, the unit does not have an emission limit for VOC, and is therefore not subject to CAM.

- b. N-266-3-1: 106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.
- c. N-266-4-1 through 502-1: WINE STORAGE AND/OR FERMENTATION TANKS.
 - These emissions units are not equipped with any add-on controls for any criteria pollutants, and are therefore not subject to CAM.
- d. N-266-503-1: 150 HP FULTON BOILER WITH A FULTON 5.978 MMBTU/HR NATURAL GAS-FIRED BURNER AND FLUE GAS RECIRCULATION

This unit is equipped with Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR), which is an add-on control for NO_x, and also has an emission limit for NO_x. The NO_x emission limit is 15 ppmv @ 3% O₂ (0.018 lb/MMBtu). The unit is limited by permit conditions to maximum fuel usage of 39.3 MMscf per year (39,300 MMBtu/yr).

Assuming conservatively that the FGR control efficiency is 50%, the precontrol NO_x emission rate is 0.036 lb/MMBtu (0.018 lb/MMBtu/0.5).

The pre-control NO_x emissions = 0.036 lb/MMBtu x 39,300 MMBtu/yr
= 1,415 lb/yr.

Since the estimated pre-control NO_x emissions are far below the NO_x major source threshold of 50,000 lb/year, CAM is not triggered for this emissions unit.

IX. PERMIT SHIELD

A permit shield legally protects a facility from enforcement of the shielded regulations when a source is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit. Compliance with the terms and conditions of the Operating Permit is considered compliance with all applicable requirements upon which those conditions are based, including those that have been subsumed.

A permit shield is being granted for facility-wide requirements in conditions 40 and 41 of the proposed facility-wide permit to operate.

X. PERMIT CONDITIONS

See proposed permit to operate beginning on the following page.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

FACILITY: N-266-0-0

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

1. {118} No air contaminant shall be released into the atmosphere which causes a public nuisance. [District Rule 4102]
2. {2285} The owner or operator shall notify the District of any breakdown condition as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than one hour after its detection, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the District's satisfaction that the longer reporting period was necessary. [District Rule 1100, 6.1; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. {2286} The District shall be notified in writing within ten days following the correction of any breakdown condition. The breakdown notification shall include a description of the equipment malfunction or failure, the date and cause of the initial failure, the estimated emissions in excess of those allowed, and the methods utilized to restore normal operations. [District Rule 1100, 7.0; County Rules 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin); 109 (Merced); 113 (Madera); and 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {2287} The owner or operator of any stationary source operation that emits more than 25 tons per year of nitrogen oxides or reactive organic compounds, shall provide the District annually with a written statement in such form and at such time as the District prescribes, showing actual emissions of nitrogen oxides and reactive organic compounds from that source. [District Rule 1160, 5.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. Any person building, altering or replacing any operation, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate, reduce, or control the issuance of air contaminants, shall first obtain an Authority to Construct (ATC) from the District unless exempted by District Rule 2020 (12/20/07). [District Rule 2010, 3.0 and 4.0; and 2020] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. {2289} The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit including permit revisions originated by the District. All terms and conditions of a permit that are required pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA), including provisions to limit potential to emit, are enforceable by the EPA and Citizens under the CAA. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CAA and the District Rules and Regulations, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation, reopening and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. [District Rules 2070, 7.0; 2080; and 2520, 9.8.1 and 9.12.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. {2290} A Permit to Operate or an Authority to Construct shall not be transferred unless a new application is filed with and approved by the District. [District Rule 2031] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. {2291} Every application for a permit required under Rule 2010 (12/17/92) shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the District. [District Rule 2040] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. {2292} The operator shall maintain records of required monitoring that include: 1) the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement; 2) the date(s) analyses were performed; 3) the company or entity that performed the analysis; 4) the analytical techniques or methods used; 5) the results of such analysis; and 6) the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate. Any amendments to these Facility-wide Requirements that affect specific Permit Units may constitute modification of those Permit Units.

Facility Name: DELICATO VINEYARDS
Location: 12001 S HIGHWAY 99, MANTECA, CA 95336
N-266-0-0: Jun 9 2010 4:42PM - AYABEU

10. {2293} The operator shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes copies of all reports required by the permit and, for continuous monitoring instrumentation, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings. [District Rule 2520, 9.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. {2294} The operator shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six months unless a different frequency is required by an applicable requirement. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [District Rule 2520, 9.5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. {2295} Deviations from permit conditions must be promptly reported, including deviations attributable to upset conditions, as defined in the permit. For the purpose of this condition, promptly means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection. The report shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with section 10.0 of District Rule 2520 (6/21/01). [District Rules 2520, 9.5.2 and 1100, 7.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. {2296} If for any reason a permit requirement or condition is being challenged for its constitutionality or validity by a court of competent jurisdiction, the outcome of such challenge shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of the conditions or requirements in that permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.7] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. {2297} It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. {2298} The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. {2299} The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. {2300} The Permittee shall furnish to the District, within a reasonable time, any information that the District may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the District copies of records required to be kept by the permit or, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. [District Rule 2520, 9.8.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. {2301} The permittee shall pay annual permit fees and other applicable fees as prescribed in Regulation III of the District Rules and Regulations. [District Rule 2520, 9.9] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
19. {2302} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to enter the permittee's premises where a permitted source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under condition of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. {2303} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. {2304} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. {2305} Upon presentation of appropriate credentials, a permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the District to sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.2.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

23. No air contaminants shall be discharged into the atmosphere for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any one hour which is as dark or darker than Ringelmann #1 or equivalent to 20% opacity and greater, unless specifically exempted by District Rule 4101 (02/17/05). If the equipment or operation is subject to a more stringent visible emission standard as prescribed in a permit condition, the more stringent visible emission limit shall supersede this condition. [District Rule 4101] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. No person shall manufacture, blend, repackage, supply, sell, solicit or apply any architectural coating with a VOC content in excess of the corresponding limit specified in the Table of Standards of District Rule 4601 (12/17/09) for use or sale within the District. [District Rule 4601, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. All VOC-containing materials for architectural coatings subject to Rule 4601 (12/17/09) shall be stored in closed containers when not in use. [District Rule 4601, 5.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. The permittee shall comply with all the Labeling and Test Methods requirements outlined in Rule 4601 sections 6.1 and 6.3 (12/17/09). [District Rule 4601, 6.1 and 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
27. {2310} With each report or document submitted under a permit requirement or a request for information by the District or EPA, the permittee shall include a certification of truth, accuracy, and completeness by a responsible official. [District Rule 2520, 9.13.1 and 10.0] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
28. {2311} If the permittee performs maintenance on, or services, repairs, or disposes of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for Recycling and Emissions Reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F. [40 CFR 82 Subpart F] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
29. {2312} If the permittee performs service on motor vehicles when this service involves the ozone-depleting refrigerant in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee shall comply with the standards for Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners pursuant to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B. [40 CFR 82, Subpart B] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
30. Disturbances of soil related to any construction, demolition, excavation, extraction, or other earthmoving activities shall comply with the requirements for fugitive dust control in District Rule 8021 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8021 (8/19/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8021 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
31. Outdoor handling, storage and transport of any bulk material which emits dust shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8031, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8031 (8/19/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8031 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
32. An owner/operator shall prevent or cleanup any carryout or trackout in accordance with the requirements of District Rule 8041 Section 5.0, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8041 (8/19/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8041 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
33. Whenever open areas are disturbed or vehicles are used in open areas, the facility shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8051, unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8051 (8/19/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8051 and 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
34. Any paved road or unpaved road shall comply with the requirements of District Rule 8061 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8061 (8/19/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8061 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
35. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 75 vehicle trips per day shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.1 of District Rule 8071. Any unpaved vehicle/equipment area that anticipates more than 100 vehicle trips per day shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.1.2 of District Rule 8071. All sources shall comply with the requirements of Section 5.0 of District Rule 8071 unless specifically exempted under Section 4.0 of Rule 8071 (9/16/04) or Rule 8011 (8/19/04). [District Rule 8071 and Rule 8011] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

36. {2319} Any owner or operator of a demolition or renovation activity, as defined in 40 CFR 61.141, shall comply with the applicable inspection, notification, removal, and disposal procedures for asbestos containing materials as specified in 40 CFR 61.145 (Standard for Demolition and Renovation). [40 CFR 61 Subpart M] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
37. {2320} The permittee shall submit certifications of compliance with the terms and standards contained in Title V permits, including emission limits, standards and work practices, to the District and the EPA annually (or more frequently as specified in an applicable requirement or as specified by the District). The certification shall include the identification of each permit term or condition, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the methods used for determining the compliance status, and any other facts required by the District to determine the compliance status of the source. [District Rule 2520, 9.16] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
38. {2321} The permittee shall submit an application for Title V permit renewal to the District at least six months, but not greater than 18 months, prior to the permit expiration date. [District Rule 2520, 5.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
39. {2322} When a term is not defined in a Title V permit condition, the definition in the rule cited as the origin and authority for the condition in a Title V permits shall apply. [District Rule 2520, 9.1.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
40. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with the following outdated SIP requirements: Rule 110 (Fresno, Stanislaus, San Joaquin), Rule 109 (Merced), Rule 113 (Madera), and Rule 111 (Kern, Tulare, Kings). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
41. Compliance with permit conditions in the Title V permit shall be deemed compliance with the following applicable requirements: SJVUAPCD Rules 1100, sections 6.1 and 7.0 (12/17/92); 2010, sections 3.0 and 4.0 (12/17/92); 2031 (12/17/92); 2040 (12/17/92); 2070, section 7.0 (12/17/92); 2080 (12/17/92); 4101 (02/17/05); 4601, sections 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.8 and 8.0 (12/17/09); 8021 (8/19/04); 8031 (8/19/04); 8041 (8/19/04); 8051 (8/19/04); 8061 (8/19/04); and 8071 (9/16/04). A permit shield is granted from these requirements. [District Rule 2520, 13.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
42. On {MONTH DAY, YEAR}, the initial Title V permit was issued. The reporting periods for the Report of Required Monitoring and the Compliance Certification Report are based upon this initial permit issuance date, unless alternative dates are approved by the District Compliance Division. These reports are due within 30 days after the end of the reporting period. [District Rule 2520] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
43. The winery operator shall achieve required annual emissions reductions (RAER) equal to at least 35% of the winery's baseline fermentation emissions (BFE) [District Rule 4694]
44. By December 1, 2006, and every three years thereafter, the winery operator subject to the requirements of Section 5.1 shall submit to the District a three-year compliance plan that demonstrates compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4694 for each year of the applicable compliance period. The three-year compliance plan shall include all the information specified in sections 6.1.1 through 6.1.8 of the rule. [District Rule 4694, 6.1]
45. By July 1, 2007, and every three years thereafter, the winery operator shall submit to the District a three-year compliance plan verification that demonstrates that the three-year compliance plan elements are in effect. The compliance plan verification shall include all the information specified in sections 6.2.1 through 6.2.5 of District Rule 4694. [District Rule 4694, 6.2]
46. By February 1, 2008, and every year thereafter, the winery operator shall submit to the District an annual compliance plan demonstration that shows compliance with the applicable requirements of District Rule 4694. The compliance plan demonstration shall include all the information specified in sections 6.3.1 through 6.3.7 of the rule. All additional Required Annual Emissions Reductions (RAER) shall be obtained by April 1 of the year of the Annual Compliance Demonstration, per section 6.3.7.2 of the rule. [District Rule 4694, 6.3]

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

47. Operators using certified emission reductions (CER) to mitigate fermentation emissions shall perform all monitoring and recordkeeping, as established in their approved three-year compliance plan, and shall maintain all records necessary to demonstrate compliance. [District Rule 4694]
48. Payment of District Obtained Emissions Reductions (DOER) and administrative fees shall be made to the District no later than March 1, of the first year in the applicable compliance period. [District Rule 4694, 6.1.5.3.5]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-1-2

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

GASOLINE DISPENSING OPERATION WITH ONE 2,000 GALLON CONVAULT ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK SERVED BY TWO-POINT PHASE I VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM, AND 1 FUELING POINT WITH 1 GASOLINE DISPENSING NOZZLE SERVED BY BALANCE PHASE II VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM (G-70-116F)

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. This gasoline storage and dispensing equipment shall not be used in retail sales, where gasoline dispensed by the unit is subject to payment of California sales tax on gasoline sales. [District Rule 4622] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. The Phase I and Phase II vapor recovery systems shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer specifications and the ARB Executive Orders specified in this permit, including applicable rules and regulations of the Division of Measurement Standards of the Department of Food and Agriculture, the Office of the State Fire Marshal of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the Division of Occupational Safety and Health of the Department of Industrial Relations, and the Division of Water Quality of the State Water Resources Control Board that have been made conditions of the certification. [District Rules 4621, 5.2.1 and 4622, 5.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. The storage container(s) shall be installed, maintained, and operated such that they are leak-free. [District Rule 4621, 5.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. No gasoline delivery vessel shall be operated or be allowed to operate unless valid State of California decals are displayed on the cargo container, which attest to the vapor integrity of the container. [District Rule 4621, 5.7.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
5. The Phase I and Phase II vapor recovery systems and gasoline dispensing equipment shall be maintained without leaks as determined in accordance with the test method specified in this permit. [District Rules 4621, 5.1 and 4622] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. A leak is defined as the dripping of VOC-containing liquid at a rate of more than three (3) drops per minute, or the detection of any gaseous or vapor emissions with a concentration of total organic compound greater than 10,000 ppmv, as methane, above background when measured in accordance with EPA Test Method 21. [District Rules 4621 and 4622] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. A person conducting testing of, or repairs to, a certified vapor recovery system shall be in compliance with District Rule 1177 (Gasoline Dispensing Facility Tester Certification). [District Rules 4621, 6.3 and 4622, 5.2.3 & 6.4.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. A person performing installation of, or maintenance on, a certified Phase I or Phase II vapor recovery system shall be certified by the ICC for Vapor Recovery System Installation and Repair, or work under the direct and personal supervision of an individual physically present at the work site who is certified. The ICC certification shall be renewed every 24 months. [District Rules 4621, 6.3 and 4622, 5.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. Proof of the ICC certification and all other certifications required by the Executive Order and installation and operation manual shall be made available onsite. [District Rules 4621, 6.3 and 4622, 5.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE
These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

10. The permittee shall conduct periodic maintenance inspections based on the greatest monthly throughput of gasoline dispensed by the facility in the previous year as follows: A) less than 2,500 gallons - one day per month; B) 2,500 to less than 25,000 gallons - one day per week; or C) 25,000 gallons or greater - five days per week. All inspections shall be documented within the O & M Manual. [District Rules 4621, 5.5 and 4622, 5.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
11. Periodic maintenance inspections of the Phase I vapor recovery system shall include, at a minimum, verification that 1) the fill caps and vapor caps are not missing, damaged, or loose; 2) the fill cap gasket and vapor cap gaskets are not missing or damaged; 3) the fill adapter and vapor adapter are securely attached to the risers; 4) where applicable, the spring-loaded submerged fill tube seals properly against the coaxial tubing; 5) the dry break (poppet-valve) is not missing or damaged; and 6) the submerged fill tube is not missing or damaged. [District Rule 4621, 5.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
12. Periodic maintenance inspections of the Phase II vapor recovery system shall include, at a minimum, verification that 1) the fueling instructions required by this permit are clearly displayed with the appropriate toll-free complaint phone number and toxic warning signs; 2) the following nozzle components are in place and in good condition as specified in ARB Executive Order as applicable: faceplate/facecone, bellows, latching device spring, vapor check valve, spout (proper diameter/vapor collection holes), insertion interlock mechanism, automatic shut-off mechanism, and hold open latch (unless prohibited by law or the local fire control authority); 3) the hoses are not torn, flattened or crimped; 4) the vapor path of the coaxial hoses associated with bellows equipped nozzles does not contain more than 100 ml of liquid if applicable; and 5) the vapor processing unit is functioning properly, for operations that are required to have or possess such a unit. [District Rule 4622, 5.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
13. No person shall operate any ARB certified Phase II vapor recovery system or any portion thereof that has a major defect or an equipment defect that is identified in any applicable ARB Executive Order until the following conditions have been met: 1) the defect has been repaired, replaced, or adjusted as necessary to correct the defect; 2) the District has been notified, and the District has reinspected the system or authorized the system for use (such authorization shall not include the authority to operate the equipment prior to the correction of the defective components); and 3) all major defects, after repair, are duly entered into the Operations and Maintenance (O&M) manual. [District Rule 4622, 5.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
14. Upon identification of any major defects, the permittee shall tag "Out-of-Order" all dispensing equipment for which vapor recovery has been impaired. Tagged equipment shall be rendered inoperable and the tag(s) shall not be removed until the defective equipment has been repaired, replaced, or adjusted, as necessary. In the case of defects identified by the District, tagged equipment shall be rendered inoperable, and the tag shall not be removed until the District has been notified of the repairs, and the District has either reinspected the system or authorized the tagged equipment for use. [District Rule 4622, 5.4.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
15. In the event of a separation due to a drive off, the permittee shall, unless otherwise specified in the applicable ARB Executive Order, conduct a visual inspection of the affected equipment and either 1) perform qualified repairs on any damaged components and conduct applicable re-verification tests pursuant to the requirements of this permit, or 2) replace the affected nozzles, coaxial hoses, breakaway couplings, and any other damaged components with new or certified rebuilt components that are ARB certified. The activities shall be documented in accordance with the requirements of this permit before placing the affected equipment back in service. [District Rule 4622, 5.4.4] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
16. The District shall be notified within 24 hours of the facility's pass/fail status after the performance of each test. [District Rule 1081] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
17. All records required by this permit shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and shall be made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 4621, 6.1.4 and 4622] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
18. The permittee shall notify the District at least 7 days prior to each performance test. The test results shall be submitted to the District no later than 30 days after the completion of each test. [District Rules 1081, 4621, 6.2.3 & 6.2.4 and 4622, 6.4.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

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PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

19. The permittee shall maintain a copy of all test results. The test results shall be dated and shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the company responsible for system installation and testing. [District Rule 4622, 6.2.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
20. The permittee shall maintain on the premises a log of any repairs made to the certified Phase I or Phase II vapor recovery system. The repair log shall include the following: 1) date and time of each repair; 2) the name and applicable certification numbers of the person(s) who performed the repair, and if applicable, the name, address and phone number of the person's employer; 3) description of service performed; 4) each component that was repaired, serviced, or removed; 5) each component that was installed as replacement, if applicable; and 6) receipts or other documents for parts used in the repair and, if applicable, work orders which shall include the name and signature of the person responsible for performing the repairs. [District Rule 4622, 6.2.2] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
21. The operator shall maintain monthly gasoline throughput records. [District Rule 4622, 6.2.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
22. The permittee shall implement a periodic maintenance inspection program for the certified Phase II vapor recovery system consistent with the requirements of this permit. The program shall be documented in an operation and maintenance (O&M) manual and shall at a minimum contain the following information: 1) copies of all vapor recovery performance tests; 2) all applicable ARB Executive Orders, Approval Letters, and District Permits; 3) the manufacturer's specifications and instructions for installation, operation, repair, and maintenance required pursuant to ARB Certification Procedure CP-201, and any additional instruction provided by the manufacturer; 4) system and/or component testing requirements, including test schedules and passing criteria for each of the standard tests required by this permit (the owner/operator may include any non-ARB required diagnostic and other tests as part of the testing requirements), and 5) additional O&M instructions, if any, that are designed to ensure compliance with the applicable rules, regulations, ARB Executive Orders, and District permit conditions, including replacement schedules for failure or wear prone components. [District Rule 4622, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
23. The O&M manual shall be kept at the dispensing operation and made available to any person who operates, inspects, maintains, repairs, or tests the equipment at the operation as well as to District personnel upon request. [District Rule 4622, 6.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
24. The permittee shall conduct all periodic vapor recovery system performance tests specified in this permit, no more than 30 days before or after the required compliance testing date, unless otherwise required under the applicable ARB Executive Order. [District Rules 4621 and 4622, 6.4.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
25. For certified Phase II vapor recovery systems with liquid removal devices, the permittee shall perform and pass an ARB TP-201.6 Liquid Removal Test whenever the liquid in the vapor path exceeds 100 ml of liquid. The amount of liquid in the vapor path shall be measured by lowering the gasoline dispensing nozzle into a container until such time that no more liquid drains from the nozzle. The amount of liquid drained into the container shall be measured using a graduated cylinder or graduated beaker. The vapor path shall be inspected once per month if monthly throughput is below 2,500 gallons or once per week otherwise. [District Rule 4622, 6.4.1 & 6.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
26. The permittee shall perform and pass a Static Leak Test for Aboveground Tanks using ARB TP-201.3B or TP-206.3 at least once every 12 months. [District Rules 4621, 5.4.5 and 4622, 6.4.1 & 6.5] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-3-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

106 HP DEUTZ MODEL NDC-BF4 M1013ES DIESEL-FIRED EMERGENCY IC ENGINE POWERING A FIRE PUMP.

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 grains/dscf in concentration. [District Rule 4201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
2. This engine shall be operated only for maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes, and during emergency situations. For testing purposes, the engine shall only be operated the number of hours necessary to comply with the testing requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 25 - "Standard for the Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems", 1998 edition. Total hours of operation for all maintenance, testing, and required regulatory purposes shall not exceed 50 hours per calendar year. [District Rules 2201, 4701, 4.2; 4702, 4.3.1 and 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
3. This engine shall be equipped with either a positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system that recirculates crankcase emissions into the air intake system for combustion, or a crankcase emissions control device of at least 90% control efficiency. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
4. {1898} The exhaust stack shall vent vertically upward. The vertical exhaust flow shall not be impeded by a rain cap (flapper ok), roof overhang, or any other obstruction. [District Rule 4102]
5. This engine shall be operated using only CARB certified diesel fuel. [17 CCR 93115 and District Rules 2201 and 4801; and County Rule 407 (San Joaquin)] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
6. NOx emissions shall not exceed 5.9 g/hp-hr. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
7. The PM10 emissions rate shall not exceed 0.1 g/hp-hr based on US EPA certification using ISO 8178 test procedure. [District Rule 2201] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
8. The permittee shall maintain records of total hours of operation and hours of emergency and non-emergency operation. Records shall include the date, the number of hours of operation, the purpose of the operation (e.g., load testing, post-service testing, etc.), and type of fuel used. Such records shall be retained on-site for a period of at least five years and made available for District inspection upon request. [District Rules 4701, 6.2, and 4702, 6.2.3; 17 CCR 93115] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
9. This engine shall be equipped with an operational non-resettable elapsed operating time meter or other APCO approved alternative. [17 CCR 93115 and District Rule 4702, 4.3] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit
10. {3415} The permittee shall maintain monthly records of the type of fuel purchased, the amount of fuel purchased, date when the fuel was purchased, signature of the permittee who received the fuel, and signature of the fuel supplier indicating that the fuel was delivered. [17 CCR 93115]
11. This engine shall be used exclusively for fire fighting purposes. [District Rule 4702, 4.3.1] Federally Enforceable Through Title V Permit

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-4-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

307 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 29

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PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-5-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

307 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 30

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-6-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

307 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 31

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-7-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

1,050 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 32

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-8-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,690 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 33 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

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PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-9-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

14,579 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 34 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-10-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

14,707 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 35 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-11-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

939 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 36 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-12-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

1,500 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 37 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-13-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

1,990 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 38 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-14-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

3,100 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 39 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-15-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

3,094 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 40 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-16-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

3,126 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 41 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-17-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

3,135 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 42 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-18-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,192 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 43 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-19-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,190 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 44 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-20-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,184 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 45 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-21-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,192 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 46 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-22-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,180 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 47 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-23-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,168 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 48 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-24-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,151 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 49 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-25-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,188 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 50 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-26-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,192 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 51 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-27-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,201 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 52 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-28-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,188 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 53 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-29-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,180 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 54 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-30-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,663 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 55 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-31-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,728 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 56 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-32-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,663 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 57 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-33-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,696 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 58 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-34-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,559 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 59 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-35-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,579 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 60 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-36-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,627 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 61 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-37-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,658 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 62 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-38-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,590 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 63 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-39-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,563 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 64 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-40-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,575 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 65 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-41-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,563 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 66 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-42-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

6,275 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 67 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-43-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

6,275 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 68 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-44-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

6,322 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 69 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-45-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

6,316 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 70 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-46-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,744 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 71 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-47-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,731 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 72 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-48-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,720 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 73 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-49-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,735 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 74 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-50-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

8,766 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 76 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-51-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

4,906 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 80 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-52-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

7,823 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 81 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-53-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,364 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 82 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-54-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

12,364 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 83 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-55-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

2,192 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 86 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-56-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,486 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 108

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-57-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,460 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 109

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-58-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,446 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 110

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-59-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,406 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 111

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-60-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,446 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 112

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-61-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,460 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 113

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-62-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,433 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 114

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-63-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,420 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 115

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-64-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,446 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 116

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-65-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,433 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 117

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-66-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,460 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 118

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-67-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,500 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 119

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-68-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,700 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 120

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-69-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,500 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 121

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-70-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,500 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 122

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-71-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,687 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 123

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-72-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,741 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 124

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-73-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,674 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 125

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-74-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,741 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 126

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-75-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,687 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 127

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-76-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

51,714 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 128

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-77-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,309 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 151 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-78-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,327 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 152 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-79-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,327 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 153 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-80-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,370 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 154 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-81-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,361 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 155 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-82-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,309 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 156 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-83-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,309 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 157 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-84-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,327 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 158 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-85-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,378 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 161 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-86-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,356 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 162 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-87-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,206 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 163 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-88-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,361 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 164 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-89-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,155 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 165 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-90-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,206 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 166 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-91-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,327 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 167 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-92-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,344 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 168 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-93-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,176 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 171 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-94-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,335 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 172 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-95-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,172 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 173 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-96-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,361 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 174 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-97-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,206 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 175 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-98-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,155 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 176 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-99-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,172 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 177 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-100-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

44,206 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 178 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-101-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

73,375 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 187

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-102-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

73,373 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 188

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-103-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

72,048 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 189

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-104-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

73,336 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 197

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-105-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

73,355 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 198

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-106-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

72,031 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP RED WINE FERMENTATION TANK 199

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
2. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-107-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

38,456 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 201 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-108-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

38,456 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 202 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-109-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

38,456 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 203 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-110-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

38,456 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 204 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

DRAFT

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

DRAFT

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-111-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

38,456 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 205 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-112-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

38,456 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WINE STORAGE TANK 206 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
5. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-113-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,339 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 207 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-114-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,158 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 208 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-115-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,094 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 209 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-116-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,090 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 210 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-117-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,109 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 211 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-118-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,076 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 212 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-119-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,076 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 219 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-120-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,010 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 220 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-121-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,066 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 221 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-122-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,109 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 222 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

These terms and conditions are part of the Facility-wide Permit to Operate.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-123-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

60,058 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 229 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-124-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

127,903 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 250 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-125-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

127,709 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 251 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-126-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

128,223 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 252 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-127-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

128,327 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 253 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-128-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

127,566 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 254 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-129-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

128,256 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 255 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-130-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

128,493 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 256 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-131-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

127,579 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 260 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-132-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

128,016 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 261 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-133-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

127,129 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 262 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District

PERMIT UNIT: N-266-134-1

EXPIRATION DATE: 10/31/2010

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:

128,290 GALLON STEEL ENCLOSED TOP WHITE WINE FERMENTATION AND WINE STORAGE TANK 263 WITH PRESSURE/VACUUM VALVE

PERMIT UNIT REQUIREMENTS

1. When storing wine, this tank shall be equipped with and operated with a pressure-vacuum relief valve, which shall operate within 10% of the maximum allowable working pressure of the tank, operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, and be permanently labeled with the operating pressure settings. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
2. When storing wine, the pressure-vacuum relief valve and storage tank shall remain in a gas-tight condition, except when the operating pressure of the tank exceeds the valve set pressure. A gas-tight condition shall be determined by measuring the gas leak in accordance with the procedures in EPA Method 21. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.1]
3. The temperature of the wine stored in this tank shall be maintained at or below 75 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature of the stored wine shall be determined and recorded at least once per week. For each batch of wine, the operator shall achieve the storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less within 60 days after completing fermentation, and shall maintain records to show when the required storage temperature of 75 degrees Fahrenheit or less was achieved. [District Rule 4694, 5.2.2]
4. For each batch of must fermented in this tank, the operator shall record the fermentation completion date, the total gallons of must fermented, uncontrolled fermentation emissions, and fermentation emission reductions. The information shall be recorded by the tank Permit To Operate number and by wine type, stated as either red wine or white wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.1]
5. When storing wine, the operator shall record, on a weekly basis, the total gallons of wine contained in the tank and the maximum temperature of the stored wine. [District Rule 4694, 6.4.2]
6. Records shall be maintained, retained on-site for a minimum of five years, and made available to the APCO upon request. [District Rule 4694, 6.4]

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