UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 4

In the Matter of:) Docket No. CAA-04-2015-1579
Recycling Partners LLC) Proceeding to Assess a Civil Penalty
La Vergne, Tennessee,) Under Section 113(d) of the Clean Air Act,
) 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)
Respondent.) 42 0.5.6. 8 /415(d)

Consent Agreement and Final Order

Preliminary Statement

- 1. This is an administrative action commenced and concluded under Section 113(d) of the Clean Air Act (the CAA), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d), and Sections 22.1(a)(2), 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) and (3) of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits (Consolidated Rules), as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22.
- 2. Complainant is the Director of the Air, Pesticides, and Toxics Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region 4.
- 3. Respondent is Recycling Partners LLC (Recycling Partners), a limited liability company doing business in Tennessee.
- 4. Where the Respondent and EPA agree to settle one or more causes of action before the filing of a complaint, the administrative action may be commenced and concluded simultaneously by the issuance of a consent agreement and final order (CAFO). 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b).
- 5. Respondent and EPA agree that settling this action without the filing of a complaint or the adjudication of any issue of fact or law is in their interest and in the public interest.

6. Respondent consents to the assessment of the civil penalty specified in this CAFO and to the terms of this CAFO.

Jurisdiction and Waiver of Right to Hearing

- 7. For purposes of this proceeding, Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations in this CAFO and neither admits nor denies the factual allegations in this CAFO.
- 8. Respondent waives its right to request a hearing as provided at 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c), any right to contest the allegations in this CAFO and its right to appeal this CAFO.

Statutory and Regulatory Background

- 9. Subchapter VI of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7671 et seq., provides for the protection of stratospheric ozone. Section 608(b) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7671g(b) provides EPA with the authority to regulate the safe disposal of Class I and II substances. Class I and II substances include refrigerants containing chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) and hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs). EPA promulgated such regulations covering the safe disposal of CFCs and HCFCs from small appliances and motor vehicle air conditioners at 58 Fed. Reg. 28660 (May 14, 1993). These regulations for protection of the stratospheric ozone, recycling and emissions reduction are found in 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart F.
- 10. Effective July 13, 1993, persons who take the final step in the disposal process (including but not limited to scrap recyclers) of small appliances, motor vehicle air conditioners (MVACs), and MVAC-like appliances must either recover any remaining refrigerant in accordance with specific procedures or verify, including by the use of signed statements or contracts, that the refrigerant was properly recovered prior to receipt of the small appliance or MVAC. See 40 C.F.R. § 82.156(f). If verification statements or contracts are used, the scrap recycler must notify the suppliers of the small appliance, MVAC, or MVAC-like appliance of the

need to properly recover the refrigerant. See 40 C.F.R. § 82.156(f)(3). Once received, the scrap recycler must keep verification statements and contracts on-site for a minimum of three years.

See 40 C.F.R. § 82.166(i) and (m).

- 11. EPA's regulations for the protection of the stratospheric ozone, recycling and emissions reduction define "person" to include any individual or legal entity, including an individual or corporation. See 40 C.F.R. § 82.152.
- 12. EPA's regulations for the protection of stratospheric ozone, recycling and emissions reduction define "disposal" as "the process leading to and including: (1) the discharge, deposit, dumping or placing of any discarded appliance into or on any land or water; (2) the disassembly of any appliance for discharge, deposit, dumping or placing of its discarded component parts into or on any land or water; or (3) the disassembly of any appliance for reuse of its component parts." See 40 C.F.R. § 82.152.
- EPA's regulations for the protection of the stratospheric ozone, recycling and emissions reduction define a "small appliance" as any appliance that is fully manufactured, charged, and hermetically sealed in a factory with five pounds or less of a Class I or Class II substance used as a refrigerant, including, but not limited to, refrigerators and freezers (designed for home, commercial, or consumer use), medical or industrial research refrigeration equipment, room air conditioners (including window air conditioners and packaged terminal air heat pumps), dehumidifiers, under the counter ice makers, vending machines, and drinking water coolers. See 40 C.F.R. § 82.152.
- 14. EPA's regulations for the protection of stratospheric ozone, recycling and emissions reduction define "MVACs" as mechanical vapor compression refrigeration equipment

used to cool the driver's or passenger's compartment of any motor vehicle. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 82.32 and 82.152.

15. The Administrator of EPA (the Administrator) may assess a civil penalty of up to \$37,500 per day of violation up to a total of \$295,000 for violations that occurred between January 12, 2009, and December 6, 2013, and up to a total of \$320,000 for violations that occurred after December 6, 2013, under Section 113(d)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1), and 40 C.F.R. Part 19.

Factual Allegations and Alleged Violations

- 16. Recycling Partners owns and operates a scrap metal recycling facility at 151
 Jefferson Pike, La Vergne, Tennessee (the Facility).
- 17. The Facility encompasses 17 acres of scrap recycling operations and used auto parts and used auto sales. Recycling Partners acquired the LaVergne, Tennessee, operations (facility and equipment) through an asset purchase agreement entered with Gray's Scrap Iron & Metal, Inc. and Gray's Auto Parts, Inc. (the Former Owners). The asset purchase transaction closed on April 27, 2014, based in part upon representations and warranties from the Former Owners that it had conducted all Facility operations in accordance with applicable law.
- 18. Recycling Partners is a limited liability company organized and doing business in Tennessee.
 - 19. Recycling Partners is a "person," as defined by 40 C.F.R. § 82.152.
- 20. Recycling Partners is a person who takes the final step in the disposal process of small appliances, MVACs, or MVAC-like appliances and is subject to the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart F.

- 21. On May 7, 2014, ten days after Recycling Partners purchased the assets of the Former Owners, EPA inspected the Facility to assess compliance with the CAA. During the inspection, EPA observed small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances at the Facility.
- 22. During this inspection, an employee of Recycling Partners (who had also been an employee of the Former Owner) stated that small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances were accepted without verifying or obtaining statements that the refrigerant was properly recovered prior to delivery to the Facility. The employee also stated that no contracts or agreements were in place with suppliers stating that refrigerant would be properly recovered prior to the delivery of small appliances, MVACs and MVAC-like appliances to the Facility. The employee further stated that any refrigerant remaining in MVACs purchased by the Former Owners was vented to the atmosphere.
- 23. On September 15, 2014, EPA issued the Former Owners a Finding of Violation alleging that it had violated 40 C.F.R. § 82.156(f) because it did not recover refrigerant from small appliances, MVACs, or MVAC-like appliances, and did not obtain proper verification statements.
- 24. On October 7, 2014, representatives from Recycling Partners and EPA discussed the alleged violations in the Finding of Violation.
- 25. Following the inspection and subsequent discussions with EPA, Recycling Partners developed and implemented procedures across the Facility, which have brought Recycling Partners into compliance with applicable EPA regulations set forth at 40 C.F.R. §§ 82.156 and 82.166.

Civil Penalty

- 26. Based on analysis of the factors specified in Section 113(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(e) and the facts of this case, Complainant has determined that an appropriate civil penalty to settle this action is \$20,000.
- 27. Within 30 days after the effective date of this CAFO, Respondent must pay a \$20,000 civil penalty by sending a cashier's or certified check, payable to "Treasurer, United States of America," to:

U.S. EPA
Fines and Penalties
Cincinnati Finance Center
P.O. Box 979077
St. Louis, Missouri 63197-9000

Or, for checks sent by express mail (non-U.S. Postal Service will not deliver mail to P.O. Boxes), sending a cashier's or certified check, payable to "Treasurer, United States of America," to:

U.S. Bank Government Lockbox 979077 U.S. EPA Fines and Penalties 1005 Convention Plaza Mail Station SL-MO-C2-GL St. Louis, Missouri 63101

The check must note the Respondent's name and the docket number of this CAFO.

28. Respondent must send a notice of payment that states Respondent's name and the docket number of this CAFO to EPA at the following addresses when it pays the penalty:

Attn: Compliance Tracker (AE-17J)
Air Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Branch
Air and Radiation Division
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5
77 W. Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Nicole Wood-Chi (C-14J)
Office of Regional Counsel
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5
77 W. Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Patricia Bullock Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 61 Forsyth Street SW Atlanta, Georgia 30303

- 29. This civil penalty is not deductible for federal tax purposes.
- 30. If Respondent does not pay timely the civil penalty, EPA may request the Attorney General of the United States to bring an action to collect any unpaid portion of the penalty with interest, nonpayment penalties and the United States enforcement expenses for the collection action under Section 113(d)(5) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(5). The validity, amount and appropriateness of the civil penalty are not reviewable in a collection action.
- 31. Respondent must pay the following on any amount overdue under this CAFO. Interest will accrue on any overdue amount from the date payment was due at a rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 6621(a)(2). Respondent must pay the United States enforcement expenses, including but not limited to attorney's fees and costs incurred by the United States for collection proceedings. In addition, Respondent must pay a quarterly nonpayment penalty each quarter during which the assessed penalty is overdue. This nonpayment penalty will be 10 percent of the aggregate amount of the outstanding penalties and nonpayment penalties accrued from the beginning of the quarter. 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(5).

General Provisions

32. This CAFO resolves liability for federal civil penalties for the violations and facts alleged in this CAFO through the effective date of this CAFO.

- 33. The CAFO does not affect the rights of EPA or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violation of law.
- 34. This CAFO does not affect Respondent's responsibility to comply with the CAA and other applicable federal, state and local laws. Except as provided in paragraph 32, above, compliance with this CAFO will not be a defense to any actions subsequently commenced pursuant to federal laws administered by EPA.
- 35. Respondent certifies that it is complying fully with 40 C.F.R. §§ 82.156(f) and 82.166(i).
- 36. This CAFO constitutes an "enforcement response" as that term is used in EPA's Clean Air Act Stationary Civil Penalty Policy to determine Respondent's "full compliance history" under Section 113(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(e).
 - 37. The terms of this CAFO bind Respondent, its successors and assigns.
- 38. Each person signing this consent agreement certifies that he or she has the authority to sign for the party whom he or she represents and to bind that party to its terms.
 - 39. Respondent agrees to bear its own costs and attorney's fees in this action.
 - 40. This CAFO constitutes the entire agreement between Respondent and the EPA.

Recycling Partners LLC, Respondent

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President and COO Recycling Partners LLC Date

| Date | Director | Directo

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Complainant

Air, Pesticides, and Toxics Management Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4

Consent Agreement and Final Order In the Matter of: Recycling Partners LLC Docket No. CAA - 04-2015-1579

Final Order

This Consent Agreement and Final Order, as agreed to by Respondent and EPA, shall become effective immediately upon filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk. This Final Order concludes this proceeding pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18 and 22.31. IT IS SO ORDERED.

July 20, 2015

Carol F. Baschon

Acting Regional Judicial Officer

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Region 4

In the Matter of:

Recycling Partners LLC CAA-04-2015-1579

Docket Number:

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served a true and correct co	py of the foregoing Consent Agreement and Final
Order, which was filed on	2 1 2015, this day in the following
manner to the addressees:	
Copy by Certified Mail Return Receipt Requested:	Don Hubert, President and COO Recycling Partners LLC 151 Jefferson Pike La Vergne, Tennessee 37086
Copy by E-mail to Complainant:	Jose de Leon deleon.jose@epa.gov
Copy by E-mail to Regional Judicial Officer:	Tanya Floyd floyd.tanya@epa.gov
Dated: 7-21-15	Patricia A. Bullock, Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4 Atlanta Federal Center 61 Forsyth Street, S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30303 (404) 562-9511
CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT NUMBER	<u> </u>