

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8

1595 Wynkoop Street
DENVER, CO 80202-1129
Phone 800-227-8917
http://www.epa.gov/region08

IAN 3 0 2007

Ref: 8ENF-W

CERTIFIED MAIL LETTER
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Platte County Commissioners c/o Alden H. Prosser, Chair P.O. Box 728 Platte County Courthouse Wheatland, WY 82201

Re:

Notice of Safe Drinking Water Act Enforcement Action against Fort Lone Tree PWS ID#5601223

Dear County Commissioners:

Pursuant to Section 1414(a)(2)(B) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (the Act), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is required to notify an appropriate locally elected official of any action taken in a State that does not have primary enforcement authority for public water systems. The State of Wyoming does not have primary enforcement authority for public water systems under the Act.

An Administrative Order (the Order) is being issued under Section 1414 of the Act to Lone Tree Bible Ranch, Inc., and Westley Walton, individually, owner and / or operator of the Fort Lone Tree Water System (the System) located in Glendo, Wyoming. This Order requires that the public water system take measures to return to compliance with the Act and the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWRs). The System is in violation of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) §§ 141.21(a), 141.21(b), 141.201, and 141.21(g)(2) for: failure to monitor for total coliform bacteria, failure to take four repeat samples following a total coliform positive result, failure to provide public notice of above mentioned violations, and failure to notify EPA of above mentioned violations.

A copy of the Order is enclosed for your information. The Order does not require any response or action by the County Commission. If you have any questions regarding this Order, please contact Kimberly Pardue Welch at (303) 312-6983.

Sincerely,

Diane L. Sipe, Director

Technical Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice

Enclosure

Administrative Order



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Ref: 8ENF-W

JAN 3 0 2007

CERTIFIED MAIL LETTER RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. Wesley Walton, Registered Agent Lone Tree Bible Ranch, Inc. P.O. Box 378 Glendo, WY 82213

Re:

Administrative Order

Docket No. SDWA-08-2007-0023

Fort Lone Tree

PWS ID #WY5601223

Dear Mr. Walton:

Enclosed you will find an Administrative Order (Order), which the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued under the authority of the Safe Drinking Water Act (the Act), 42 U.S.C. Section 300f, et seq., and its implementing regulations. Among other things, the Order finds that as the owner and/or operator of the Fort Lone Tree Water System (the System), Lone Tree Bible Ranch, Inc., and Wesley Walton, individually, (Respondents), are suppliers of water as defined by the Act and have violated the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWRs) at 40 Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) §§ 141.21(a), 141.21(b), 141.201 and 141.21(g)(2) for: failure to monitor for total coliform bacteria, failure to take four repeat samples following a total coliform positive result, failure to provide public notice of above mentioned violations, and failure to notify EPA of above mentioned violations.

If Fort Lone Tree complies with the enclosed Order for a period of at least twelve months, EPA may choose to close the Order. Violating the enclosed Order may lead to (1) a penalty of up to \$32,500 per day of violation of the Order, (2) a separate such penalty for violating the regulations themselves, and/or (3) a court injunction ordering you to comply.

Among other things, the Order requires that Fort Loan Tree provides a public notification of violations of the Act. For your convenience, we have enclosed some template forms to assist you in providing the required public notice. If you have any questions or comments concerning the form of public notice, please do not hesitate to contact Kimberly Pardue Welch of EPA, whose telephone number is provided below.

Please note that the effective date of the enclosed Order is the date of issuance. Within the next 10 days, please provide EPA with any new information that you believe the Agency is not aware of relating to the alleged violations in the Order. The information may be sent to Kimberly Pardue Welch at the address on the letterhead, include the mailcode 8ENF-W, or you may call Ms. Pardue Welch at (800) 227-8917, extension 6983, or (303) 312-6983. If you wish to have an informal conference with EPA, you may also call or write Ms. Pardue Welch. If you are represented by an attorney or have legal questions, please call Amy Swanson at the above 800 number, extension 6906, or at (303) 312-6906.

We urge your prompt attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Diane L. Sipe, Director

Technical Enforcement Program Office of Enforcement, Compliance and Environmental Justice

Enclosures

Administrative Order Public Notice template SBREFA fact sheet

cc: Wyoming DEQ (via email) Wyoming DOH (via email)

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8 2007 JAN 30 PM 1: 53

IN FEE WALLER UP	PA REGION VILL BARING OLEGIC
Lone Tree Bible Ranch, Inc)	ICMETERS OF CITY
and Wesley Walton, individually,	
Fort Lone Tree Water System)	
Glendo, WY)	
Respondents)	
) ADMINISTRA	ATIVE ORDER
Proceedings under Section 1414(g)	
of the Safe Drinking Water Act,	
42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)) Docket No. s	DWA-08-2007-0023

The following Findings are made and Order issued under the authority vested in the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by Section 1414(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (the Act), 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g), and its implementing regulations, as properly delegated to the Supervisors of the Technical and Legal Enforcement Programs of the Office of Enforcement, Compliance and Environmental Justice, EPA Region 8.

<u>FINDINGS</u>

1. Respondents Lone Tree Bible Ranch, Inc., corporation, and Wesley Walton, individually, are "persons" within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 141.2.

- 2. Respondents own and/or operate a system, the Fort Lone Tree Water System ("the System"), located in Platte County, Wyoming, for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption.
- 3. The System has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year and is therefore a "public water system" within the meaning of Section 1401(4) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f (4), and a "transient, non-community water system" within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 141.2.
- 4. Respondents own and/or operate the System and therefore is a "supplier of water" within the meaning of Section 1401(5) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f(5), and 40 C.F.R. §141.2. Respondents are therefore subject to the requirements of Part B of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g, and its implementing regulations, 40 C.F.R. Part 141.
- 5. According to a July 2002 sanitary survey, Respondents operate a system that is supplied solely by a ground water source consisting of one well operating since 1990, which serves approximately 100 persons per day through 5 service connections and is in operation annually from June September.

FINDINGS OF VIOLATION

Ι

1. 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a) requires non-community public water systems to monitor the water at least once per quarter that the system serves water to the public to

- determine compliance with the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for total coliform bacteria as stated in 40 C.F.R. § 141.63(a)(2).
- 2. Respondents failed to monitor the water for contamination by total coliform bacteria during the 3rd (July September) quarter 2002 and 2005, and the 2nd (April June) quarter 2006, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a).

II

- 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(b) requires public water systems to collect a set of repeat samples within 24 hours of being notified of a total coliform positive routine sample.
- Respondents failed to collect a set of repeat samples for the August 2006 total coliform positive routine sample, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(b).

III

- 40 C.F.R. § 141.201 requires owners and/or operators of public water systems to notify the public of any violations of the national primary drinking water regulations (NPDWR), including violations of the maximum contaminant level (MCL), maximum residual disinfection level (MRDL), treatment technique (TT), monitoring requirements, and testing procedures in 40 C.F.R. Part 141.
- Respondents have not provided public notice of the violations outlined in Sections
 I and II, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 141.201.

IV

40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2) requires public water systems that have failed to comply
with a coliform monitoring requirement under 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a) to report the
violation to EPA within ten days after the system discovers the violation.

 Respondents failed to report to EPA the noncompliance detailed in Sections I and II, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(g)(2).

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings, and pursuant to Section 1414(g) of the Act, IT IS ORDERED:

- Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondents shall comply with the requirement of 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(a) to perform quarterly bacteriological monitoring to determine compliance with the MCLs as stated in 40 C.F.R. § 141.63(a)(2).
 Respondents shall report analytical results to EPA within the first 10 days of the end of the monitoring period, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a).
- 2. Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondents shall comply with all repeat sampling requirements specified in 40 C.F.R. § 141.21(b). This requires that Respondents takes no fewer than 4 repeat samples within 24 hours of being notified of a total coliform positive routine sample. Each repeat sample is to be analyzed for total coliform bacteria. At least one repeat sample must be taken from each of the following: a) the tap where the original total coliform positive sample was taken, b) from within 5 service connections upstream of the original total coliform positive tap, and c) from within 5 service connections downstream from the original total coliform positive tap. The fourth repeat sample is to be taken anywhere within 5 service connections upstream or downstream of the original total coliform positive tap. Respondents shall report analytical results to

- EPA within the first 10 days following the end of the monitoring period, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a).
- Within 30 days from the effective date of this Order, Respondents must provide 3. public notice of the violation(s) specified under the Findings of Violation items I and II in this Order, to return to compliance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.201, 141.204 and 141.205. Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondents shall comply with the public notification requirements at 40 C.F.R. § 141.201, et seg., following any future NPDWR violation. Respondents shall submit a copy of the public notice to EPA within 10 days of completion of the public notice, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(d). This notice shall be given by (1) posting the notice in conspicuous location throughout the distribution system frequented by persons served by the System OR (2) by mail or direct delivery to each customer and service connection; AND (3) any other method reasonably calculated to reach other persons served by the System if they would not normally be reached by the notice required above, such as publication in a local newspaper or newsletter distributed to customers; use of E-mail to notify employees or students; or delivery of multiple copies in central locations. If the public notice is posted, the notice must remain in place for as long as the violation or situation persists, but for no less than seven days. The public water system must repeat the notice every three months as long as the violation or situation persists.
- Upon the effective date of this Order, Respondents shall comply with 40 C.F.R.
 § 141.21(g)(2) by reporting any failure to comply with coliform monitoring

- requirements under 40 C.F.R. § 141.21 to EPA within ten days after the system discovers the violation.
- Reporting requirements specified in this Order shall be provided by certified mail
 to:

US EPA Region 8 (8P-W-DW) 1595 Wynkoop Street Denver, CO 80202-1129

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 1. This Order does not constitute a waiver, suspension, or modification of the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 141.1, et seq., or the Safe Drinking Water Act, which remain in full force and effect. Issuance of this Order is not an election by EPA to forgo any civil or criminal action otherwise authorized under the Act.
- Violation of any term of this Order may subject the Respondents to an administrative civil penalty of up to \$27,500 under Section 1414(g)(3)(B) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)(3)(B), or a civil penalty of not more than \$32,500 per day of violation assessed by an appropriate U.S. District Court under Section 1414(g)(3)(C) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)(3)(C).
- 3. Violation of any requirement of the Act or its implementing regulations may subject
 Respondents to a civil penalty of not more than \$32,500 per day of violation assessed by
 an appropriate U.S. District Court under Section 1414(b) of the Act, 42 U.S.C.

 § 300g-3(b).

Fort Lone	Tree
Page 7 of	7

4.

Issued this 30th day of January, 2007.

The effective date of this Order shall be the date of issuance of this Order.

David J. Janik, Acting Director Legal Enforcement Program Office of Enforcement, Compliance and Environmental Justice

Diane L. Sipe, Director
Technical Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice



Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance INFORMATION SHEET

U. S. EPA Small Business Resources

If you own a small business, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) offers a variety of compliance assistance and tools to assist you in complying with federal and state environmental laws. These resources can help you understand your environmental obligations, improve compliance and find cost-effective ways to comply through the use of pollution prevention and other innovative technologies.

Hotlines, Helplines and Clearinghouses

EPA sponsors approximately 89 free hotlines and clearinghouses that provide convenient assistance regarding environmental requirements.

The National Environmental Compliance Assistance Clearinghouse provides quick access to compliance assistance tools, contacts, and planned activities from the U.S. EPA, states, and other compliance assistance providers: www.epa.gov/clearinghouse

Pollution Prevention Clearinghouse www.epa.gov/opptintr/library/ppicindex.htm

EPA's Small Business Ombudsman Hotline provides regulatory and technical assistance information. (800) 368-5888

Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (800) 424-9346

National Response Center (to report oil and hazardous substance spills) (800) 424-8802

Toxics Substances and Asbestos Information (202) 554-1404

Safe Drinking Water (800) 426-4791

Stratospheric Ozone Refrigerants Information (800) 296-1996

Clean Air Technology Center (919) 541-0800

Wetlands Helpline (800) 832-7828

EPA Websites

EPA has several Internet sites that provide useful compliance assistance information and materials for small businesses. If you don't have access to the Internet at your business, many public libraries provide access to the Internet at minimal or no cost...

EPA's Home Page www.epa.gov

Small Business Assistance Program www.epa.gov/ttn/sbap

Compliance Assistance Home Page www.epa.gov/compliance/assistance

Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance www.epa.gov/compliance

Small Business Ombudsman www.epa.gov/sbo

Innovative Programs for Environmental Performance www.epa.gov/partners

TIER 3 TEMPLATES

The pages that follow contain templates for Tier 3 violations and situations. Along with the templates are instructions, including the required method of delivery and instructions for completing individual sections of the notices. These instructions are designed to supplement Chapter 7, so you may see much of the information repeated here.

Mandatory language on unknown risk for monitoring violations, which must be included exactly as written, is presented in *italics* (141.205(d)).

You must also include the following italicized language in all notices, where applicable (141.205(d)). Use of this language does *not* relieve you of your obligation to take steps reasonably calculated to notify all persons served:

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Templates

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice-Template 3-1

Instructions for Monitoring Violations Annual Notice--Template 3-1

Template on Reverse

Since most monitoring violations are included in Tier 3, you must provide public notice to persons served within one year after you learn of the violation (141.204(b)). Multiple monitoring violations can be serious, and your primacy agency may have more stringent requirements. Check with your primacy agency to make sure you meet its requirements.

Community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- Hand or direct delivery
- Mail, as a separate notice or included with the bill

Non-community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- Posting in conspicuous locations
- Hand delivery
- Mail

In addition, both community and non-community systems must use *another* method reasonably calculated to reach others if they would not be reached by the first method (141.204(c)). Such methods could include newspapers, e-mail, or delivery to community organizations. If you post the notice, it must remain posted until the violation is resolved. If the violation has been resolved, you must post the notice for at least one week (141.204(b)). If you mail, post, or hand deliver, print your notice on letterhead, if available.

The notice on the reverse is appropriate for insertion in an annual notice or the CCR, as long as public notification timing and delivery requirements are met (141.204(d)). You may need to modify the template for a notice for individual monitoring violations. This example presents violations in a table; however, you may write out an explanation for each violation if you wish. For any monitoring violation for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or other groups, you may list the group name in the table, but you must provide the name of every chemical in the group on the notice, e.g., in a footnote.

You may need to modify the notice if you had any monitoring violations for which monitoring later showed a maximum contaminant level or other violation. In such cases, you should refer to the public notice you issued at that time.

Include in your notice the standard language for monitoring and testing procedure violations in *italics* (141.205(d)(2)). If you modify the notice, you may not alter this mandatory language.

Corrective Actions

In your notice, describe corrective actions you took or are taking. Listed below are some steps commonly taken by water systems with monitoring violations. Choose the appropriate language, or develop your own:

- We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The samples showed we are meeting drinking water standards.
- We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The sample for [contaminant] exceeded the limit. [Describe corrective action; use information from public notice prepared for violating the limit.]
- We plan to take the required samples soon, as described in the last column of the table above.

After Issuing the Notice

Make sure to send your primacy agency a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met all the public notice requirements within ten days after issuing the notice (141.31(d)).

Please send a copy of your notice and dates posted to:

Kimberly Pardue Welch US EPA Region 8 8ENF-W 1595 Wynkoop Street Denver, CO 80202-1129

Or, you may fax a copy to: Attn: Ki	imberly Pardue Welch at 303-312-6409.	
Certification of Public Notification		
(PWS Operator / Responsible Party)	_certify that the attached public notification was issued	from
и	_ to	
(Date)	(Date)	
The attached notice was issued by	,	
,,,,	(Method of delivery)	

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements not met for [system name]
Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past five years. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.
We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We failed to monitor for [list contaminants for all violations of the Order]
and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the previous years, how often we are supposed to sample for these contaminants and how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	When all samples should have been taken	When samples were or will be taken
(H			

What happened? What is being done?

For more information, please contact [owner / operator name]at [phone] or [address]	, Owner / Operator,
Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing co	schools, and
This notice is being sent to you by [system name]State Water System ID#: MT	
Date distributed or dates posted:	