



**UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 8**

1595 Wynkoop Street
DENVER, CO 80202-1129
Phone 800-227-8917
<http://www.epa.gov/region08>

SEP - 9 2009

Ref: 8ENF-W

CERTIFIED MAIL LETTER
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

The Honorable Orlando La Fontaine
Mayor, East Carbon City
105 West Geneva Dr.
P.O. Box 70
East Carbon City, UT 84520

Re: Administrative Order
East Carbon City
Public Water System
Docket No. SDWA-08-2009-0063
PWS ID #UTAH04012

Dear Mayor La Fontaine:

Enclosed is an Administrative Order (Order) issued by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under the authority of the Safe Drinking Water Act (the Act), 42 U.S.C. § 300f *et seq.* Among other things, the Order describes how East Carbon City, as owner/operator of the East Carbon City public water system, has violated the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations.

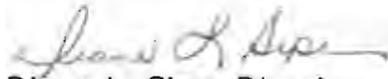
The Order is effective upon the date received. Please review the Order and within 10 days provide EPA with any information you believe EPA may not have. If East Carbon City complies with the Order for at least twelve months, EPA may close the Order without further action. Failure to comply with the Order may lead to substantial civil penalties and/or a Federal court injunction ordering compliance.

To submit information or request an informal conference with EPA, contact Kimberly Pardue Welch at the above address (with the mailcode 8ENF-W) or by phone at (800) 227-8917, extension 6983 or (303) 312-6983. For legal questions, the attorney assigned to this matter is

Peggy Livingston, who may be reached at the above address (with the mailcode 8ENF-L) or by phone at (800) 227-8917, extension 6858 or (303) 312-6858.

We urge your prompt attention to this matter.

Sincerely,



Diane L. Sipe, Director
Water Technical Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice

Enclosures

Order
Public notice samples/templates

cc:

Patti Fauver, Utah Division of Drinking Water

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 8

2009 SEP -9 PM 12:40

IN THE MATTER OF)
)
East Carbon City, UT)
)
Respondent.)

Docket No. SDWA-08-2009-0063

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER

EPA REGION VIII
HEARING CLERK

1. This Order is issued under the authority vested in the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by section 1414(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (the Act), 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g), as properly delegated to the undersigned officials.

2. East Carbon City (Respondent) is a municipality that owns and/or operates the East Carbon City Water System (the system) in Carbon County, Utah, which provides piped water to the public for human consumption. The system is supplied by a surface water source and serves approximately 1,200 people per day through approximately 816 service connections year round. The system is a "community" water system as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 141.2. Respondent is subject to the requirements of the Act and the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (drinking water regulations) at 40 C.F.R. part 141. The Respondent has received annual notifications from the Utah Department of Environmental Quality (UDEQ or the State) regarding the system's monitoring requirements.

3. The UDEQ has primary enforcement authority for the public water supply protection provisions of the Act in the State of Utah. On July 21, 2009, EPA issued a Notice of Violation to UDEQ regarding the violations at the system. The State elected not to commence an enforcement action against the Respondent for the violations within the thirty-day time frame set forth in § 1414(a) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g- 3(a). EPA has provided a copy of this Order to UDEQ and has provided the State, through UDEQ, with an opportunity to confer with EPA regarding this Order pursuant to § 1414(g)(2) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)(2).

VIOLATIONS

4. Respondent was required to submit a Long Term 2 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule (LT2ESWTR) source water sampling schedule to the State by July 1, 2008. 40 C.F.R. § 141.702. Respondent failed to submit its sampling schedule to the State by the July 1, 2008, deadline and, therefore, violated this requirement. On August 4, 2009, EPA was notified

that East Carbon City had submitted an LT2ESWTR source water sampling schedule to the State.

5. Respondent was required to begin the first round of source water monitoring for *E. coli* no later than October 1, 2008. 40 C.F.R. § 141.701(c). Respondent failed to begin the first round of source water monitoring by the October 1, 2008, deadline and, therefore, violated this requirement. According to information provided to EPA by UDEQ on August 4, 2009, Respondent began source water monitoring for *E. coli* on July 8, 2009 and July 20, 2009. Respondent's source water monitoring schedule indicates that future source water monitoring for *E. coli* will be conducted on the 1st and 15th of each month.

6. Respondent is required to monitor the system's water annually for nitrate to determine compliance with the nitrate maximum contaminant level (MCL). 40 C.F.R. § 141.23(d). Respondent last monitored for nitrate on August 18, 2009, however, failed to monitor the water for nitrate contamination in 2008 and, therefore, violated the requirement.

7. Respondent is required to monitor the system's water annually for inorganic chemicals to determine compliance with the MCL for inorganic contaminants. 40 C.F.R. § 141.23. Respondent failed to monitor the water for inorganic chemicals in 2008 and, therefore, violated this requirement.

8. Respondent is required to monitor the system's water once every year to determine compliance with the MCL for volatile organic contaminants (VOCs). Based on initial and annual monitoring results, the State issued a waiver allowing the system to sample once every two compliance periods (i.e., once every six years). 40 C.F.R. § 141.24(f)(10). Respondent failed to sample for VOCs during the period January 1, 2002 - December 30, 2007 and, therefore, violated this requirement.

9. Respondent is required to monitor the system's water annually for disinfection byproducts to determine compliance with the MCL for total trihalomethanes (TTHM) and five haloacetic acids (HAA5). 40 C.F.R. § 141.132. Respondent failed to monitor the water for disinfection byproducts in 2008 and, therefore, violated this requirement.

10. The law requires Respondent to notify the public of certain violations of the drinking water regulations, in the manner specified by the regulations. 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.201 *et seq.* Respondent failed to notify the public of the violations listed in paragraphs 5 and 8 above and, therefore, violated this requirement. Public notice for the failure to submit a sampling

plan by July 1, 2008, failure to monitor nitrate in 2008, failure to monitor for inorganic contaminants in 2008 and failure to monitor for disinfection byproducts in 2008 is not yet overdue.

11. Respondent is required to report any failure to comply with any of the drinking water regulations (except where a different reporting period is specified in the drinking water regulations) to the State within 48 hours. 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(b). Respondent failed to report the violations listed in paragraphs 4 through 10 above to the State and, therefore, violated this requirement.

ORDER

Based on the above violations, Respondent is ordered to perform the following actions:

12. Within 10 days of receipt of this Order, Respondent shall submit to EPA a copy of its source water sampling schedule. Source water monitoring for *E. coli* shall be conducted on the 1st and 15th of each month, in accordance with the regulations, and as specified in Respondent's source water sampling schedule. 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.701, 141.702, 141.703, and 141.704. Respondent shall report all source water analytical results to EPA and the State no later than the first 10 days after the end of the first month following the month when the sample is collected. 40 C.F.R. § 141.706.

13. Respondent shall monitor the system's water annually for nitrate. 40 C.F.R. § 141.23(d). Respondent shall report analytical results to EPA and the State within the first 10 days following the month in which sample results are received, as required by the drinking water regulations. 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a). Any violation of nitrate monitoring requirements shall be reported to EPA within 48 hours. 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(b).

14. Within 30 days of the effective date of this Order and per the regulations thereafter, Respondent shall monitor for inorganic contaminants. 40 C.F.R. § 141.23(c)(1). Respondent shall report analytical results to EPA and the State within the first 10 days following the month in which sample results are received, as required by the drinking water regulations. 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a).

15. Within 30 days of the effective date of this Order and per the regulations thereafter, Respondent shall monitor for volatile organic contaminants. 40 C.F.R. § 141.24(f). Respondent shall report analytical results to EPA and the State within the first 10 days following the month in

which sample results are received, as required by the drinking water regulations. 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(a).

16. Prior to September 30, 2009, and per the regulations thereafter, Respondent shall monitor for disinfection byproducts. 40 C.F.R. § 141.132(b). Respondent shall report analytical results to EPA and the State within the first 10 days following the month in which sample results are received, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.134(a) and (b).

17. Within 30 days of receipt of this Order, Respondent shall provide public notice of the violations specified in paragraphs 4 through 9 of this Order. 40 C.F.R. §§ 141.201 *et seq.* This notice shall be given by (1) mail or other direct delivery to each customer receiving a bill and to other service connections to which water is delivered by the system; AND (2) any other method reasonably calculated to reach other persons served by the system, if they would not normally be reached by the notice, such as publication in a local newspaper; delivery of multiple copies for distribution by customers that provide their drinking water to others; posting in public places or on the Internet; or delivery to community organizations. Respondent shall comply with the public notification requirements following any future drinking water regulations violation. Respondent shall repeat the notice every three months for as long as the violation or situation persists. 40 C.F.R. § 141.201 *et seq.* Respondent shall submit a copy of the public notice to EPA and the State within ten days of completion of the public notice. 40 C.F.R. § 141.31(d).

18. Reporting requirements specified in this Order shall be provided by certified mail to:

Kimberly Pardue Welch
U.S. EPA Region 8 (8ENF-W)
1595 Wynkoop Street
Denver, CO 80202-1129

AND

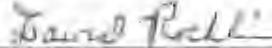
Patti Fauver
UT Dept. of Environmental Quality
P.O. Box 144830
Division of Drinking Water
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4830

GENERAL PROVISIONS

19. This Order does not constitute a waiver, suspension, or modification of any requirement of the Act or drinking water regulations. Issuance of this Order is not an election by EPA to forgo any civil or criminal action.

20. Violation of any part of this Order, the Act, or the drinking water regulations may subject Respondent to a civil penalty of up to \$37,500 (as adjusted for inflation) per day of violation, 42 U.S.C. § 300g-3(g)(3); 40 C.F.R. part 19.

Issued this 9th day of September, 2009.



David Rochlin, Supervisory Attorney
Legal Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice



Diane L. Sipe, Director
Technical Water Enforcement Program
Office of Enforcement, Compliance
and Environmental Justice

Instructions for LT2ESWTR Failure to Conduct Source Water Monitoring (Initial or Second Round) Notice –Template 2-9d

Template on Reverse

A system's failure to conduct an initial or second round of *Cryptosporidium* monitoring by the required date is a monitoring violation that requires Tier 2 notification. You must provide public notice to persons served as soon as practical but within 30 days after you learn of the violation (141.203(b)). You must issue a repeat notice every three months for as long as the violation persists. Your primacy agency may have more stringent requirements for this monitoring violation; e.g., it may require you to provide water from an alternate source. Check with your agency to make sure you meet all requirements.

Community systems must use one of the following methods (141.203(c)):

- Hand or direct delivery
- Mail, as a separate notice or included with the bill

Non-community systems must use one of the following methods (141.203(c)):

- Posting in conspicuous locations
- Hand delivery
- Mail

In addition, both community and non-community systems must use *another* method reasonably calculated to reach others if they would not be reached by the first method (141.203(c)). Such methods could include newspapers, e-mail, or delivery to community organizations. If you mail, post, or hand deliver, print your notice on letterhead, if available.

The notice on the reverse is appropriate for hand delivery or mail. However, you may wish to modify it before using it for posting. If you do, you must still include all the required elements and leave the health effects language in italics unchanged. This language is mandatory (141.205(d)).

Corrective Action

In your notice, describe corrective actions you are taking. Listed below are some steps commonly taken by water systems with LT2ESWTR monitoring violations. You can use one or more of the following actions, if appropriate, or develop your own:

- We will begin collecting the required source water monitoring samples on [give date].
- We have since taken the required samples for initial monitoring and will begin collecting our second round of sampling on [give date].

Repeat Notices

For repeat notices, you should state how long the violation has been ongoing and remind consumers of when you sent out the previous notice. If you are making progress in installing treatment, describe it. Alternatively, if funding or other issues are delaying installation of treatment, let consumers know.

After Issuing the Violation

Make sure to send your primacy agency a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met the public notice requirements within ten days after you issued the notice (141.31(d)).

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Not Met for East Carbon City, Utah

We are required to monitor the source of your drinking water for *E. coli*. Results of the monitoring are to be used to determine whether the East carbon City treatment plant is sufficient to adequately treat the water for *Cryptosporidium*. We were required to start this monitoring and make this determination by October 1, 2008. We did not monitor or test on schedule and, therefore, we may not be able to determine by the required date what treatment modifications, if any, must be made. Missing this deadline may, in turn, jeopardize our ability to have the required treatment modifications, if any, completed by the deadline required.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do. You do not need to boil your water or take other corrective actions. You may continue to drink the water. If a situation arises where the water is no longer safe to drink, you will be notified within 24 hours. We will announce any emergencies on [give TV and/or radio stations where they can get additional information].

What does this mean?

This is not an emergency. If it had been, you would have been notified within 24 hours. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

What is being done?

[Describe corrective action.]

For more information, please contact [provide contact name] at [provide contact phone number] or write to [provide address].

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by East Carbon City.

State Water System ID# UTAH04012.

Date distributed: _____

After Issuing the Notice

Make sure to send your primacy agency a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met all the public notice requirements within ten days after issuing the notice (141.31(d)).

Please send a copy of your notice and dates posted to:

Kimberly Pardue Welch
U.S. EPA Region 8 (8ENF-W)
1595 Wynkoop Street
Denver, CO 80202-1129

AND

Patti Fauver
UT Dept. of Environmental Quality
P.O. Box 144830
Division of Drinking Water
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4830

Or, you may fax a copy to: Attn: Kimberly Pardue Welch at 303-312-7518.

Certification of Public Notification

I _____ certify that the attached public notification was issued from
(PWS Operator / Responsible Party)

_____ to _____
(Date) (Date)

The attached notice was issued by _____
(Method of delivery)

Signature _____ Date _____

TIER 3 TEMPLATES

The pages that follow contain templates for Tier 3 violations and situations. Along with the templates are instructions, including the required method of delivery and instructions for completing individual sections of the notices. These instructions are designed to supplement Chapter 7, so you may see much of the information repeated here.

Mandatory language on unknown risk for monitoring violations, which must be included exactly as written, is presented in *italics* (141.205(d)).

You must also include the following italicized language in all notices, where applicable (141.205(d)). Use of this language does *not* relieve you of your obligation to take steps reasonably calculated to notify all persons served:

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Templates

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice Template 3-1

Instructions for Monitoring Violations Annual Notice--Template 3-1

Template on Reverse

Since most monitoring violations are included in Tier 3, you must provide public notice to persons served within one year after you learn of the violation (141.204(b)). Multiple monitoring violations can be serious, and your primacy agency may have more stringent requirements. Check with your primacy agency to make sure you meet its requirements.

Community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- X Hand or direct delivery
- X Mail, as a separate notice or included with the bill

Non-community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- X Posting in conspicuous locations
- X Hand delivery
- X Mail

In addition, both community and non-community systems must use *another* method reasonably calculated to reach others if they would not be reached by the first method (141.204(c)). Such methods could include newspapers, e-mail, or delivery to community organizations. If you post the notice, it must remain posted until the violation is resolved. If the violation has been resolved, you must post the notice for at least one week (141.204(b)). If you mail, post, or hand deliver, print your notice on letterhead, if available.

The notice on the reverse is appropriate for insertion in an annual notice or the CCR, as long as public notification timing and delivery requirements are met (141.204(d)). You may need to modify the template for a notice for individual monitoring violations. This example presents violations in a table; however, you may write out an explanation for each violation if you wish. For any monitoring violation for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or other groups, you may list the group name in the table, but you must provide the name of every chemical in the group on the notice, e.g., in a footnote.

You may need to modify the notice if you had any monitoring violations for which monitoring later showed a maximum contaminant level or other violation. In such cases, you should refer to the public notice you issued at that time.

Include in your notice the standard language for monitoring and testing procedure violations in *italics* (141.205(d)(2)). If you modify the notice, you may not alter this mandatory language.

Corrective Actions

In your notice, describe corrective actions you took or are taking. Listed below are some steps commonly taken by water systems with monitoring violations. Choose the appropriate language, or develop your own:

- X We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The samples showed we are meeting drinking water standards.
- X We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The sample for [contaminant] exceeded the limit. [Describe corrective action; use information from public notice prepared for violating the limit.]
- X We plan to take the required samples soon, as described in the last column of the table above.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring and Reporting Requirements Not Met for East Carbon City, Utah

Our water system recently failed to submit a source water monitoring schedule 3 months before the date we were required to begin the monitoring. Although this incident was not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct the situation.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do. You do not need to boil your water or take other corrective actions. You may continue to drink the water. If a situation arises where the water is no longer safe to drink, you will be notified within 24 hours. We will announce any emergencies on [include name of channel or radio station].

What was done?

[Describe corrective action.]

For more information, please contact [provide contact name] at [provide contact phone number] or write to [provide address].

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by **East Carbon City**.

State Water System ID# **UTAH04012**.

Date distributed: _____

After Issuing the Notice

Make sure to send your primacy agency a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met all the public notice requirements within ten days after issuing the notice (141.31(d)).

Please send a copy of your notice and dates posted to:

Kimberly Pardue Welch
U.S. EPA Region 8 (8ENF-W)
1595 Wynkoop Street
Denver, CO 80202-1129

AND

Patti Fauver
UT Dept. of Environmental Quality
P.O. Box 144830
Division of Drinking Water
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4830

Or, you may fax a copy to: Attn: Kimberly Pardue Welch at 303-312-7518.

Certification of Public Notification

I _____ certify that the attached public notification was issued from
(PWS Operator / Responsible Party)

_____ to _____
(Date) (Date)

The attached notice was issued by _____
(Method of delivery)

Signature _____ Date _____

TIER 3 TEMPLATES

The pages that follow contain templates for Tier 3 violations and situations. Along with the templates are instructions, including the required method of delivery and instructions for completing individual sections of the notices. These instructions are designed to supplement Chapter 7, so you may see much of the information repeated here.

Mandatory language on unknown risk for monitoring violations, which must be included exactly as written, is presented in *italics* (141.205(d)).

You must also include the following italicized language in all notices, where applicable (141.205(d)). Use of this language does *not* relieve you of your obligation to take steps reasonably calculated to notify all persons served:

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Templates

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice Template 3-1

Instructions for Monitoring Violations Annual Notice--Template 3-1

Template on Reverse

Since most monitoring violations are included in Tier 3, you must provide public notice to persons served within one year after you learn of the violation (141.204(b)). Multiple monitoring violations can be serious, and your primacy agency may have more stringent requirements. Check with your primacy agency to make sure you meet its requirements.

Community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- X Hand or direct delivery
- X Mail, as a separate notice or included with the bill

Non-community systems must use one of the following (141.204(c)):

- X Posting in conspicuous locations
- X Hand delivery
- X Mail

In addition, both community and non-community systems must use *another* method reasonably calculated to reach others if they would not be reached by the first method (141.204(c)). Such methods could include newspapers, e-mail, or delivery to community organizations. If you post the notice, it must remain posted until the violation is resolved. If the violation has been resolved, you must post the notice for at least one week (141.204(b)). If you mail, post, or hand deliver, print your notice on letterhead, if available.

The notice on the reverse is appropriate for insertion in an annual notice or the CCR, as long as public notification timing and delivery requirements are met (141.204(d)). You may need to modify the template for a notice for individual monitoring violations. This example presents violations in a table; however, you may write out an explanation for each violation if you wish. For any monitoring violation for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or other groups, you may list the group name in the table, but you must provide the name of every chemical in the group on the notice, e.g., in a footnote.

You may need to modify the notice if you had any monitoring violations for which monitoring later showed a maximum contaminant level or other violation. In such cases, you should refer to the public notice you issued at that time.

Include in your notice the standard language for monitoring and testing procedure violations in *italics* (141.205(d)(2)). If you modify the notice, you may not alter this mandatory language.

Corrective Actions

In your notice, describe corrective actions you took or are taking. Listed below are some steps commonly taken by water systems with monitoring violations. Choose the appropriate language, or develop your own:

- X We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The samples showed we are meeting drinking water standards.
- X We have since taken the required samples, as described in the last column of the table above. The sample for [contaminant] exceeded the limit. [Describe corrective action; use information from public notice prepared for violating the limit.]
- X We plan to take the required samples soon, as described in the last column of the table above.

After Issuing the Notice

Make sure to send your primacy agency a copy of each type of notice and a certification that you have met all the public notice requirements within ten days after issuing the notice (141.31(d)).

Please send a copy of your notice and dates posted to:

Kimberly Pardue Welch
U.S. EPA Region 8 (8ENF-W)
1595 Wynkoop Street
Denver, CO 80202-1129

AND

Patti Fauver
UT Dept. of Environmental Quality
P.O. Box 144830
Division of Drinking Water
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4830

Or, you may fax a copy to: Attn: Kimberly Pardue Welch at 303-312-7518.

Certification of Public Notification

I _____ certify that the attached public notification was issued from
(PWS Operator / Responsible Party)

_____ to _____
(Date) (Date)

The attached notice was issued by _____
(Method of delivery)

Signature _____ Date _____

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements not met for East Carbon City, Utah

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past five years. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. Over the past five years, we failed to monitor for a number of contaminants (see table below) and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the previous years, how often we are supposed to sample for these contaminants and how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

| Contaminant | Required sampling frequency | When all samples should have been taken | When samples were or will be taken |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Failure to monitor for Disinfection Byproducts | Annually | 2008 | |
| Failure to monitor nitrate | Annually | 2008 | |
| Failure to monitor volatile organic contaminants | Once every two compliance periods (or every 6 years) | 2002 – 2007 | |
| Failure to monitor inorganic contaminants | Annually | 2008 | |

What happened? What is being done?

For more information, please contact [owner / operator name] _____, Owner / Operator, at [phone] ____ - ____ - ____ or [address] _____

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by **East Carbon City**

State Water System ID#: UTAH04012

Date distributed or dates posted: _____