



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 5
77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD
CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

December 7, 2021

VIA EMAIL ONLY

Mr. Naser Hussaini
Director, Product Stewardship & Regulatory Affairs
Rockline Industries, Inc
1113 Maryland Avenue
Sheboygan, Wisconsin 53081
nshussaini@rocklineind.com

Consent Agreement and Final Order
In the Matter of Rockline Industries, Inc.
Docket Number FIFRA-05-2022-0004

Mr. Hussaini:

Enclosed please find a copy of a fully executed Consent Agreement and Final Order in resolution of the above case. This document was filed on December 7, 2021 with the Regional Hearing Clerk.

The civil penalty in the amount of \$35,600 is to be paid in the manner described in paragraphs 71-76. Please be certain that the docket number is written on both the transmittal letter and on the check. Payment is due by within 30 calendar days of the filing date.

Thank you for your cooperation in resolving this matter.

Sincerely,

ANGELA
BOUCHE

Digitally signed by
ANGELA BOUCHE
Date: 2021.11.24
16:59:59 -06'00'

Angela Bouche
Pesticides and Toxics Compliance Section

**UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
REGION 5**

In the Matter of:)	Docket No. FIFRA-05-2022-0004
)	
Rockline Industries, Inc. Sheboygan, Wisconsin)	Proceeding to Assess a Civil Penalty Under Section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a)
)	
Respondent.)	
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**Consent Agreement and Final Order
Preliminary Statement**

1. This is an administrative action commenced and concluded under Section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a), and Sections 22.13(b) and 22.18(b)(2) and (3) of the *Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits* (Consolidated Rules) as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22.
2. The Complainant is the Director of the Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region 5.
3. Respondent is Rockline Industries, Inc., a corporation doing business in the State of Wisconsin, with a place of business located at 1113 Maryland Avenue, Sheboygan, Wisconsin 53081.
4. Where the parties agree to settle one or more causes of action before the filing of a complaint, the administrative action may be commenced and concluded simultaneously by the issuance of a consent agreement and final order (CAFO). 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b).
5. The parties agree that settling this action without the filing of a complaint or the adjudication of any issue of fact or law is in their interest and in the public interest.

6. Respondent consents to the assessment of the civil penalty specified in this CAFO, and to the terms of this CAFO.

Jurisdiction and Waiver of Right to Hearing

7. Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations in this CAFO and neither admits nor denies the factual allegations in this CAFO.

8. Respondent waives its right to request a hearing as provided at 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c), any right to contest the allegations in this CAFO, and its right to appeal this CAFO.

9. Respondent certifies that it is complying with FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136 to 136y.

Statutory and Regulatory Background

10. The importation of pesticides into the United States is governed by Sections 17(c) and (e) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136o(c) and 136o(e), and the regulations promulgated thereunder by the Secretary of the Treasury in consultation with the Administrator of EPA. These regulations are found at 19 C.F.R. Part 12.110 *et seq.* See also 19 C.F.R. § 12.1(b).

11. The regulation at 19 C.F.R. § 12.112(a) states, in pertinent part, that an importer desiring to import pesticides into the United States shall submit to the EPA, prior to the arrival of the shipment in the United States, a Notice of Arrival of Pesticides or Devices (NOA) on EPA Form 3540-1.

12. The term “importer” is defined at 19 C.F.R. § 101.1 as the person primarily liable for the payment of any duties on the merchandise, or an authorized agent acting on his behalf. The importer may be the importer of record.

13. Section 12(a)(2)(N) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(N), states that it shall be unlawful for any person who is a registrant, wholesaler, dealer, retailer, or other distributor to fail to file reports required by FIFRA.

14. Section 3(c)(1)(C) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136a(c)(1)(C), states, in pertinent part, that “each applicant for registration of a pesticide shall file with the Administrator a statement which includes, *inter alia*,... a complete copy of the labeling of the pesticide, a statement of all claims to be made for it, and any directions for its use.

15. In order for a product to be registered as a pesticide with EPA, the person applying for such registration must submit a statement in connection with the registration of the product as a pesticide under FIFRA that includes, among other things, (A) the name and address of the applicant and of any other person whose name will appear on the labeling; (B) the name of the pesticide; (C) a complete copy of the labeling of the pesticide, a statement of all claims to be made for it, and any directions for its use; and (D) the complete formula of the pesticide. 7 U.S.C. § 136a(c)(1).

16. Under 40 C.F.R. § 152.132 (Supplemental distribution), a registrant may distribute or sell his registered pesticide product under another person’s name and address instead of (or in addition to) his own. Such distribution or sale is termed “supplemental distribution” and the product is referred to as a “distributor product.” The distributor is considered an agent of the registrant for all intents and purposes under FIFRA, and both the registrant and the distributor may be held liable for violations pertaining to the distributor product.

17. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 152.132 states that supplemental distribution is permitted upon notification to the Agency if all of the following conditions are met: (a) The registrant has submitted to the Agency for each distributor product a statement signed by both the registrant and the distributor listing the names and addresses of the registrant and the distributor, the distributor’s company number, the additional brand name(s) to be used, and the registration number of the registered product, (b) The distributor product is produced, packaged

and labeled in a registered establishment operated by the same producer (or under contract in accordance with §152.30) who produces, packages, and labels the registered product, (c) The distributor product is not repackaged (remains in the producer's unopened containers), (d) The label of the distributor product is the same as that of the registered product, except that (1) the product name of the distributor product may be different (but may not be misleading); (2) the name and address of the distributor may appear instead of that of the registrant; (3) the registration number of the registered product must be followed by a dash, followed by the distributor's company number; (4) the establishment number must be that of the final establishment at which the product was produced; and (5) specific claims may be deleted, provided that no other changes are necessary, and (e) Voluntary cancellation of a product applies to the registered product and all distributor products distributed or sold under that registration number.

18. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(1) states that every pesticide product shall bear a label containing the information specified by FIFRA and the regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 156.

19. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(4)(i) states, in pertinent part, that the label shall appear on or be securely attached to the immediate container of the pesticide product. If the immediate container is enclosed within a wrapper or outside container through which the label cannot be clearly read, the label also must be securely attached to such outside wrapper or container, if it is part of the package as customarily distributed or sold.

20. The term "label" is defined at Section 2(p)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(1), as written, printed, or graphic matter on, or attached to, the pesticide or device or any of its containers or wrappers.

21. The term “labeling” is defined at Section 2(p)(2)(B) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(2)(B), as all labels and all other written, printed, or graphic matter accompanying the pesticide at any time, or to which reference is made on the label or in literature accompanying the pesticide.

22. Section 2(q)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(E), provides that a pesticide is “misbranded” if any word, statement, or other information required by or under the authority of FIFRA to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or graphic matter in the labeling) and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.

23. Section 2(q)(1)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(A), defines a pesticide as “misbranded” if its labeling bears any statement, design, or graphic representation relative thereto or to its ingredients which is false or misleading in any particular.

24. The regulation at 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(5) states in pertinent part that, pursuant to Section 2(q)(1)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(A), a pesticide is misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular. Statements on a pesticide’s labeling that are considered false or misleading include claims about the safety of the pesticide, including statements such as “safe,” “nonpoisonous,” “non-injurious,” “harmless” or “nontoxic to humans and pets” with or without such a qualifying phrase as “when used as directed,” and including non-numerical and/or comparative statements on the safety of the product. 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(5)(ix) and (x).

25. Section 12(a)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(E), states that it shall be unlawful for any person in any State to distribute or sell to any person any pesticide which is misbranded.

26. Section 12(a)(1)(B) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(B), states that it shall be unlawful for any person in any State to distribute or sell to any person any registered pesticide if any claims made for it as a part of its distribution or sale substantially differ from any claims made for it as a part of the statement required in connection with its registration under Section 3 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136.

27. The term “pest” is defined at Section 2(t) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(t), in pertinent part, as any form of virus, bacteria, or other micro-organism. See also 40 C.F.R. § 152.5(d).

28. The term “pesticide” is defined at Section 2(u) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(u), as any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest.

29. The term “person” is defined in Section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), as any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.

30. The term “to distribute or sell” is defined in Section 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg), as “to distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold for distribution, hold for shipment, or receive and (having so received) deliver or offer to deliver.”

31. Section 14(a)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a)(1), states that any registrant, commercial applicator, wholesaler, dealer, retailer or other distributor who violates any provision of FIFRA may be assessed a civil penalty by EPA of not more than \$7,500 for each offense that occurred after January 12, 2009 through November 2, 2015. The Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, as amended through 2015, 28 U.S.C. § 2461, and its implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, increased the amount that can be assessed to \$20,528 for each

offense occurring after November 2, 2015 and assessed after December 23, 2020. See 85 Fed. Reg. 247 (December 23, 2020).

Factual Allegations and Alleged Violations

32. Respondent is, and was at all times relevant to this CAFO, a corporation and, therefore, is a “person” as that term is defined in Section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(s).

33. Respondent is, and was at all times relevant to this CAFO, an “importer” as that term is defined in 19 C.F.R. § 101.1.

34. At all times relevant to this CAFO, Respondent was importing one or more pesticides into the United States.

Failure to File Notice of Arrival Prior to Arrival of Pesticide in U.S.

35. On or about July 11, 2021, Respondent imported a pesticide, **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Registration Number (EPA Reg. No.) 6836-336-82144 (Entry Number CWL-11770352), from China into the United States through the Port of Chicago, Illinois.

36. The pesticide imported by Respondent, **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, was registered under Section 3 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136a, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144.

37. On or about August 4, 2021, Respondent submitted an electronic Notice of Arrival (NOA) to the EPA for the import shipment of the pesticide **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, under Entry Number CWL-11770352.

38. Respondent did not submit a NOA to the EPA for **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 (Entry Number CWL-11770352) prior to the arrival of the import-shipment into the U.S. on or about July 11, 2021.

39. On or about July 12, 2021, Respondent imported the pesticide, **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 (Entry Number CWL-11770725), from China into the United States through the Port of Chicago, Illinois.

40. On or about August 5, 2021, Respondent submitted an electronic NOA to the EPA for the import-shipment of the pesticide **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, under Entry Number CWL-11770725.

41. Respondent did not submit a NOA to the EPA for **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 (Entry Number CWL-11770725) prior to the arrival of the import-shipment into the U.S. on or about July 12, 2021.

Distribution or Sale of Misbranded Pesticide with Differing Claims

42. On or about June 11, 2010, EPA registered the pesticide product **Lonza Disinfectant Wipes Plus**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336. The registrant was Lonza, LLC.

43. On or about December 11, 2015 and February 15, 2019, Lonza, LLC submitted to EPA a Notice of Supplemental Distribution of a Registered Pesticide Product to allow for the “supplemental distribution” of Lonza’s registered pesticide, **Lonza Disinfectant Wipes Plus** (EPA Registration No. 6836-336), by 2XL Corporation, under the brand names **Gymwipes Antibacterial Fast 4** and **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes** respectively (EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144). 2XL Corporation utilizes Rockline Industries, Inc. as a contract manufacturer to produce **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**.

44. **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes** is a “distributor product,” and Respondent’s distribution or sale of this product was a “supplemental distribution” of Lonza’s registered pesticide **Lonza Disinfectant Wipes Plus** (EPA Reg. No. 6836-336), all within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 152.132.

45. 2XL Corporation is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, with a place of business at 7550 Industrial Drive, Forest Park, Illinois.

46. Under a business arrangement with 2XL Corporation, Rockline caused the production of the pesticide **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, in China, imported the pesticides following their production, and distributed, held for distribution, delivered or offered to deliver the pesticides to 2XL Corporation's place of business in Forest Park, Illinois, from where the units of this pesticide were distributed or sold to customers of 2XL Corporation.

47. On or about July 11, 2021, Respondent distributed or sold the pesticide, **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, as those terms are defined in 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg).

48. On or about July 12, 2021, Respondent distributed or sold the pesticide, **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, as those terms are defined in 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg).

49. Respondent, as an importer of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, and by doing business in the United States, is subject to the requirements of FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

50. The pesticide, **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 is a registered pesticide, as defined in Section 2(u) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(u).

51. Each unit of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 imported on July 11, 2021, and on July 12, 2021, consisted of a carton holding two individually wrapped packages of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144.

52. Each carton holding the two individually-wrapped packages of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, was an “outside container” within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(4).

53. The label on the two individually-wrapped packages of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, inside each carton holding the product could not be clearly read through the carton.

54. Each carton holding the two individually-wrapped packages of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, did not have a label attached to it that satisfied the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a), in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(4).

55. The markings on each carton holding the two individually-wrapped packages of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, contained within the import shipments identified above, displayed the website of 2XLCorporation, www.2xllcorp.com.

56. On or about August 20, 2021 an EPA representative reviewed 2XLCorporation’s website at www.2xllcorp.com.

57. The product webpage for **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes** found on the website at www.2xllcorp.com included the claims “non-hazardous non-toxic QUAT based formula” and “no alcohol, bleach, ammonia, phenols, or hydrogen peroxide.”

58. Each unit of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 that was distributed or sold on July 11 and 12, 2021, was misbranded, because the outside container of each unit did not have a label attached to it that satisfied the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a), and because the labeling on the outside container of each unit identified a website that contained false or misleading statements concerning the product’s safety, which constitutes an unlawful act in violation of Section 12(a)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(E).

59. Section 12(a)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(E), states that it is unlawful for any person in any State to distribute or sell to any person a pesticide which is misbranded.

60. The product webpage for **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes** at www.2xllcorp.com included the claims “lower the risk of infection in any facility including gyms, offices, hotels, and recreation centers” and listed use sites that are not identified on the label accepted by EPA in connection with the registration for **Lonza Disinfectant Wipes Plus**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336. Therefore, the claims made for the distributor product **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes** on the 2XL Corporation website as part of its distribution or sale differed substantially from the claims made for it as part of the statement required in connection with its registration under Section 3 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136a.

61. The units of **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144 that were distributed or sold on or about July 11 and 12, 2021, were distributed or sold with claims made for the product as part of its distribution or sale that differed substantially from the claims made for the product as part of the statement required in connection with its EPA-registration under Section 3 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136a.

62. Section 12(a)(1)(B) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(B), states that it is unlawful for any person in any State to distribute or sell to any person a pesticide when the claims made for it as part of its distribution or sale substantially differ from any claims made for it as a part of the statement required in connection with its registration under Section 3 of FIFRA.

Counts 1-2

63. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference.

64. Respondent failed to submit to EPA NOAs prior to the arrival of the two shipments (Entry Numbers CWL-11770725, CWL-11770352) containing **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, on or about July 11 and 12, 2021.

65. Respondent's failure to submit an NOA to the EPA for **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, (Entry Numbers CWL-11770725, CWL-11770352), prior to the arrival of each of the two shipments into the U.S., constitutes two separate violations of Section 12(a)(2)(N) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(N).

66. Each of Respondent's two violations of Section 12(a)(2)(N) of FIFRA subjects Respondent to the issuance of an Administrative Complaint assessing separate civil penalty under Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l.

Counts 3-4

67. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference.

68. On or about July 11 and 12, 2021, Respondent imported and distributed or sold two shipments (Entry Numbers CWL-11770725, CWL-11770352), of the registered pesticide **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, that were misbranded within the meaning of Section 2(q)(1)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(A), and that were distributed or sold when claims made for the pesticide as part of its distribution or sale substantially differed from claims made for the pesticide as part of the statement required in connection with its registration under FIFRA.

69. Each of Respondent's distributions or sales of the pesticide **2XL Revolution Antibacterial Wipes**, EPA Reg. No. 6836-336-82144, identified above, constitutes a separate violation of Sections 12(a)(1)(E) and 12(a)(1)(B) of FIFRA.

70. Each of Respondent's two violations of Section 12(a)(1)(E) and 12(a)(1)(B) of FIFRA subjects Respondent to the issuance of an Administrative Complaint assessing separate civil penalty under Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l.

Civil Penalty and Other Relief

71. Section 14(a)(4) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a)(4), requires the Administrator to consider the size of the business of the person charged, the effect on the person's ability to continue in business, and the gravity of the violation, when assessing an administrative penalty under FIFRA.

72. Based on an evaluation of the facts alleged in this CAFO, the factors in Section 14(a)(4) of FIFRA and EPA's Enforcement Response Policy for the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, dated December 2009, Complainant has determined the appropriate penalty to settle this action is \$35,600.

73. Within 30 days after the effective date of this CAFO, Respondent must pay a \$35,600 civil penalty for the FIFRA violations. Respondent must pay the penalty by electronic funds transfer, payable to the "Treasurer, United States of America," and sent to:

Federal Reserve Bank of New York
ABA No. 021030004
Account No. 68010727
SWIFT address FRNYUS33
33 Liberty Street
New York, New York 10045
Field Tag 4200 of the Fedwire message should read:
"D 68010727 Environmental Protection Agency"

In the comment or description field of the electronic funds transfer, state "Rockline Industries, Inc." and the docket number of this CAFO.

Respondent must send a notice of payment that states Respondent's name and the case docket number to EPA at the following addresses when it pays the penalty:

Regional Hearing Clerk
whitehead.ladawn@epa.gov

Angela Bouche
bouche.angela@epa.gov

James Cha
cha.james@epa.gov

74. This civil penalty is not deductible for federal tax purposes.

75. If Respondent does not pay the civil penalty in a timely manner, EPA may refer the matter to the Attorney General who will recover such amount by action in the appropriate United States district court under Section 14(a)(5) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a)(5). The validity, amount and appropriateness of the civil penalty are not reviewable in a collection action.

76. Pursuant to 31 C.F.R. § 901.9, Respondent must pay the following on any amount overdue under this CAFO. Interest will accrue on any amount overdue from the date payment was due at a rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury. Respondent must pay a \$15 handling charge each month that any portion of the penalty is more than 30 days past due. In addition, Respondent must pay a 6 percent per year penalty on any principal amount 90 days past due.

General Provisions

77. The parties consent to service of this CAFO by e-mail at the following valid e-mail addresses for their respective representatives: cha.james@epa.gov (attorney for Complainant), and nshussaini@rocklineind.com (Respondent). The parties waive their right to service by the methods specified in 40 C.F.R. § 22.6.

78. This CAFO resolves only Respondent's liability for federal civil penalties for the violations alleged in this CAFO.

79. This CAFO does not affect the right of EPA or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions for any violations of law.

80. This CAFO does not affect Respondent's responsibility to comply with FIFRA and other applicable federal, state, and local laws.

81. This CAFO is a “final order” for purposes of EPA’s Enforcement Response Policy for FIFRA.

82. The terms of this CAFO bind Respondent, its successors, and assigns.

83. Each person signing this agreement certifies that he or she has the authority to sign for the party whom he or she represents and to bind that party to its terms.

84. Each party agrees to bear its own costs and attorney’s fees, in this action.

85. This CAFO constitutes the entire agreement between the parties.

**In the Matter of:
Rockline Industries, Inc.**

Rockline Industries, Inc.

11.19.2021

Date

Naser
Hussaini

Digitally signed by Naser
Hussaini
Date: 2021.11.19
11:55:59 -05'00'

Naser Hussaini
Product Stewardship & Regulatory Affairs
Rockline Industries, Inc.

**In the Matter of:
Rockline Industries, Inc.**

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Complainant

Harris,
Michael

Digitally signed by Harris,
Michael
Date: 2021.11.29
14:09:56 -06'00'

Michael D. Harris, Director
Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division

In the Matter of:
Rockline Industries, Inc.
Docket No. FIFRA-05-2022-0004

Final Order

This Consent Agreement and Final Order, as agreed to by the parties, shall become effective immediately upon filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk. This Final Order concludes this proceeding pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18 and 22.31. IT IS SO ORDERED.

ANN COYLE Digitally signed by ANN
COYLE
Date: 2021.11.30
14:23:21 -06'00'

Ann L. Coyle
Regional Judicial Officer
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region 5

Consent Agreement and Final Order
In the Matter of: Rockline Industries, Inc.
Docket Number: **FIFRA-05-2022-0004**

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **Consent Agreement and Final Order**, docket number **FIFRA-05-2022-0004**, which was filed on December 7, 2021, in the following manner to the following addressees:

Copy by E-mail to
Attorney for Complainant: Mr. James Cha
cha.james@epa.gov

Copy by E-mail to
Respondent: Mr. Naser Hussaini
Rockline Industries, Inc.
1113 Maryland Avenue
Sheboygan, Wisconsin 53081
nshussaini@rocklineind.com

Copy by E-mail to
Regional Judicial Officer: Ms. Ann Coyle
coyle.ann@epa.gov

Dated: _____
LaDawn Whitehead
Regional Hearing Clerk
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5