UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region 2

In the Matter of

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas

Respondent,

Proceeding Under the Federal Insecticide, : Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as : amended, and the Clean Air Act, as amended :

Honorable Helen Ferrara Presiding Officer

Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5306

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF COMPLAINANT'S MOTION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT ON LIABILITY

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Exhibit 1: EPA Complaint against Respondent filed with the EPA Regional Hearing Clerk and mailed to the Respondent on March 1, 2016.

Exhibit 2: Certified Mail Return Receipt Green Card for the Complaint sent to the Bayamón address signed and dated March 5, 2016 by Jesenia Andújar.

Exhibit 3: Certified Mail Return Receipt Green Cards for the Complaint sent to P.O. Box address personally signed and dated March 7, 2016, by Edwin Andújar.

Exhibit 4: March 6, 2017 Email from Jeannie Yu to the Regional Hearing Clerk. Attached to the email are USPS green cards showing completion of service for the Complaint.

Exhibit 5: Email Correspondence between Peter Diaz and Jeannie Yu prior to the filing of the Complaint.

Exhibit 6: March 1, 2016 E-Mail to Respondent's then-counsel Peter Diaz with Complaint as Attachment.

Exhibit 7: News Article in which Respondent's then-counsel Peter Diaz was interviewed about EPA's Complaint.

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Exhibit 12: U.S. Postal Service Product and Tracking Information and Certified Mail Return Receipt Green Cards for the May 17, 2016 letter sent to the Bayamón address was signed and dated May 17, 2016 by Ana Figueroa.

Exhibit 13: U.S. Postal Service Product and Tracking Information and Certified Mail Return Receipt Green Cards for the May 17, 2016 letters sent to the P.O. Box address was signed and dated May 17, 2016 by Edwin Andújar.

Exhibit 14: EPA Secretary Yolanda Majette's May 17, 2016 email to Respondent's then-counsel Peter Diaz, attaching EPA's May 18, 2016 letters to Andújar.

Exhibit 15: Andújar's commercial insecticide application license #2912.

Exhibit 16: Certificate for the commercial application of restricted use pesticides.

Exhibit 17: Pesticide Use Investigation Report.

Exhibit 18: April 5, 2015 and May 14, 2015 Notices of Pesticide Use/Misuse Inspection.

Exhibit 19: August 7, 2015 PRDA Notice of Violation.

Exhibit 20: Sample/Representative Invoices for Application of Methyl Bromide-containing pesticides.

Exhibit 21: Truly Nolen Webpage.

Exhibit 22: EPA's FIFRA Investigation Summary.

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Exhibit 25: M&P sales receipt of a methyl bromide containing product to Truly Nolan Caguas.

Introduction

Complainant, by and through the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), Region 2, Office of Regional Counsel, submits this Memorandum in support of its Motion, brought pursuant to 40 CFR §§ 22.16 and 22.17, for an order finding Edwin Andújar Bermúdez, doing business as Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas, (hereinafter "Andújar" or "Respondent") in default for Respondent's failure to file an Answer to EPA's civil administrative Complaint, and further finding Respondent liable for the violations alleged in the Complaint. The Complaint alleged that the Respondent applied restricted use pesticides containing methyl bromide in a manner inconsistent with the products' labeling in violation of Section 12(a)(2)(G) of the Federal Insecticide, Rodenticide & Fungicide Act ("FIFRA"), 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(20(G). Additionally, the Complaint alleged that the Respondent violated the Clean Air Act ("CAA") requirements for reporting and keeping records of the purchase and use of an ozone-depleting substance, methyl bromide, set out at 40 CFR §§ 82.13(z)(1) and (z)(2). The civil administrative Complaint is a result of EPA's wide-spread investigation of the use and distribution of methyl bromide-containing pesticides in Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands ("USVI") following a very serious pesticide poisoning incident in the USVI. In March 2015, a family vacationing in St. John suffered serious and permanent harm after being exposed to methyl bromide that was used to furnigate a condominium unit located directly below their vacation rental.

I. LEGAL STANDARD FOR DEFAULT

Pursuant to 40 CFR § 22.17(a), if a respondent fails to file a timely Answer(s) [i.e. in accordance with the 30-day period set forth in 40 CFR § 22.15(a)] to the Complaint, the

respondent may be found in default upon motion. Further, "default by respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the Complaint and a waiver of respondent's right to contest such factual allegations." 40 CFR § 22.17(a).

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND: SERVICE OF PROCESS

On March 1, 2016, as required by 40 CFR § 22.5(a), an original and one copy of the Complaint was filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk for EPA Region 2 to initiate the present action. See Exhibit 1. On the same date, Complainant effected proper service of the Complaint upon the Respondent and sent a copy to his presumptive counsel. Counsel for Complainant followed up service with additional copies of the Complaint and numerous efforts to remind the Respondent and his attorney of the obligation to respond.

A. Service of Complaint to Andújar

- (1) On March 1, 2016, EPA, Region 2 issued a civil administrative Complaint against Andújar pursuant to Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 1361(a) and Section 113(d) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d) ("CAA"). See Exhibit 1, supra. The Complaint specifies the FIFRA statutory and regulatory background as well as the CAA statutory and regulatory background. The Complaint also specifies the factual and legal basis in support of the violations alleged in counts 1 57 of the Complaint.
- (2) Pursuant to 40 CFR § 22.5(b)(1), a copy of the signed original of the Complaint, including Certificate of Service, along with the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of

Permits (hereinafter "Consolidated Rules of Practice") was sent, by certified mail with return receipt requested ("green card"), to Andújar at the addresses set forth in the cover/transmittal letter for the complaint and in the certificate of service, page 22, of the Complaint (See Exhibit 1, supra). The certified letters were sent to Post Office Box 7155, Caguas, Puerto Rico 00726 ("P.O. Box address") and Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29, Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707 ("Bayamón address").

- (3) The Respondent was served with the Complaint on March 5, 2016 at the Bayamón address. The green card was signed and dated March 5, 2016 by Jesenia Andújar. (See Exhibit 2).
- (4) The Respondent was served with the Complaint on March 7, 2016 at the P.O. Box address. The green card was signed and dated March 7, 2016, by Andújar himself. (See Exhibit 3).
- (5) Pursuant to 40 CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(iii), green cards evidencing proof of service (i.e., properly executed receipt) of the Complaint upon the Respondent were received by the EPA Region 2 Hearing Clerk. (See Exhibit 4).
- (6) The Complaint advised the Respondent of his right to a Hearing and explained that, in order to avoid being found in default upon motion by Complainant, a written Answer, which could include a request for a Hearing, had to be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2, 290 Broadway, (16th Floor), New York, NY

10007-1866, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the Complaint. In addition, the Complaint (at page 17) stated the following:

Respondent's Answer to the Complaint must clearly and directly admit, deny or explain each of the factual allegations that are contained in the Complaint with regard to which Respondent has any knowledge. 40 CFR § 22.15(b). Where Respondent lacks knowledge of a particular factual allegation and so states in its Answer, the allegation is deemed denied. 40 CFR § 22.15(b). The Answer shall also set forth: (1) the circumstances or arguments that are alleged to constitute the grounds of defense, (2) the facts that the Respondent disputes (and thus intends to place at issue in the proceeding) and (3) whether the Respondent(s) requests a hearing. 40 CFR § 22.15(b).

- (7) The Respondent did not file an Answer to the Complaint with the Regional

 Hearing Clerk within thirty calendar days of receipt of such Complaint or by April 6, 2016. See

 Yu Declaration, Paragraph 8.
- (8) To date, the Respondent has not filed an Answer to the Complaint with the Regional Hearing Clerk nor has he contacted the Presiding Officer to request any extension of time to file an Answer or communicated with EPA's counsel about doing so. See Yu Declaration, Paragraph 13 and 14.
 - B. Service of Complaint to then-Counsel for Andújar
- (1) Prior to issuance of the Complaint, Peter Diaz, Esq. ("Mr. Diaz") represented the Respondent in pre-filing negotiations regarding the FIFRA and CAA violations alleged in the Complaint (See Yu Declaration Paragraph 2). (See Exhibit 5). Therefore, a courtesy copy of the Complaint was also emailed to Mr. Diaz on March 1, 2016, to the email address Mr. Diaz had previously used in correspondence with EPA counsel: pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com. (See Exhibit 6).

- (2) In a March 1, 2016 CBS news story, Mr. Diaz told reporters that he will contest the complaint. See Exhibit 7. To date, Mr. Diaz has not filed an Answer to the Complaint with the Regional Hearing Clerk on behalf of the Respondent nor has he even contacted the Presiding Officer to request any extension of time to file an Answer or communicated with EPA's counsel about doing so. See Yu Declaration, Paragraphs 13 and 14.
 - C. Follow-up Notice and Copies of Complaint Package Sent to Then-Counsel for Andújar
- (1) On April 28, 2016, EPA sent, by certified mail with return receipt requested and via email (from ORC Secretary Yolanda Majette), a letter to Mr. Diaz ("Diaz Letter") informing him that the Respondent had accepted service of the Complaint on March 5, 2016 and March 7, 2016; that no Answer to the Complaint had been filed; that the Answer to the Complaint was due on or about April 6, 2016; that his client might be found in default upon motion; and about the legal effects of such default. (See Exhibits 8 & 9.)
- (2) Additionally, EPA's April 28, 2016 letter requested confirmation in writing within five business days as to whether Mr. Diaz was currently retained as counsel for Respondent. The Diaz letter further specified that if EPA did not receive such written confirmation, the Agency would conclude that Mr. Diaz no longer represented the Respondent. Copies of the Complaint, Consolidated Rules of Practice, and the United States Postal Service return receipts (e.g., green cards) showing delivery were enclosed with the letter and were attached to the email from Yolanda Majette. (See Exhibits 8 & 9).

- (3) Mr. Diaz was served on May 2, 2016 with this letter, at the address on his letterhead, 420 Avenida Ponce de Leon, Suite 1001, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918 (the green card signed by Yashira Mindez). See Exhibit 10 and Yu Declaration, Paragraph 8.
- (4) Mr. Diaz has not contacted EPA or the EPA Regional Hearing Clerk since the filing of the Complaint, and notwithstanding EPA's written requests by letters and emails, he has not responded to EPA with any confirmation (written or oral) that he currently represents the Respondent. (See Yu Declaration, Paragraphs 13 and 14).

D. Follow-up Notice and Copies of Complaint Package Sent to Andújar

(1) On May 17, 2016, EPA sent, by certified mail with return receipt requested, letters to Respondent Andújar at both the P.O. Box address and the Bayamón address. (See Exhibit 11). The EPA letters stated the following: (i) that the deadline for filing an Answer to the Complaint had passed; (ii) that EPA believed that the Respondent was no longer represented by Mr. Diaz; (iii) that EPA issued a letter to Mr. Diaz on April 28, 2016, informing him that the Answer to the Complaint was due on or about April 6, 2016; (iv) that Mr. Diaz received the letter on May 2, 2016; and (v) that Mr. Diaz had not responded to the letter or filed an Answer on his behalf. Further, the letter to Andújar stated that EPA intended to seek a default order against the Respondent, set forth the legal effects of such default order, and requested that the Respondent contact EPA counsel Yu or EPA attorney Carolina-Jordán García if he intended to file an Answer to the Complaint. Copies of the Complaint, the Consolidated Rules of Practice, and the green cards for the Complaint, and for the April 28, 2016 Diaz letters, along with the green card receipts, were enclosed with the May 17, 2016 letter to Andújar. (See Exhibit 11, supra).

- (2) On May 20, 2016, the Respondent was served with the EPA May 17, 2016 letter at the Bayamón address (green card was signed by Ana Figueroa) and at the P.O. Box address (green card was personally signed by Edwin Andújar). (See Exhibits 12 & 13).
- (3) Copies of the May 17, 2016 letters sent to Andújar were also mailed and emailed by Yolanda Majette to Mr. Diaz on May 17, 2016. (See Exhibit 14).

III. ARGUMENT: COMPLAINANT HAS SATISFIED THE GOVERNING LEGAL STANDARDS FOR A DEFAULT TO BE ENTERED

A. Complainant Used a Proper Method of Service.

Forty CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(ii)(A) states: "Service shall be made personally, by certified mail with return receipt requested, or by any reliable commercial delivery service that provides written verification of delivery." Where a complainant chooses to serve the complaint by United States Postal Service or commercial delivery service, it is "obligated to follow the procedural rules for that type of service." In the Matter of Lester Sykes, Docket No. TSCA-05-2008-0013, at 3-4 (ALJ July 30, 2013) ("[T]he standard for service of a complaint by reliable commercial service... is the same as that of certified mail—the signature of the intended recipient or its authorized representative for proper service.") Complainant "must use the certified mail and return receipt requested services available from the United States Postal Service (USPS) for this method of service to be proper." Id. at 5. In the present case, on March 1, 2016, EPA sent copies of the Complaint, along with the Consolidated Rules of Practice, via USPS by certified mail with return receipt requested to Andújar at his P.O. Box address and to his Bayamón address. (See Exhibit 1, supra). Thus, EPA satisfied a proper method of service by mailing the Complaint via certified mail with return receipt requested.

B. Complainant Used Proper Service Materials

Forty CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(i) requires that complainant serve "a copy of the signed original of the complaint, together with a copy of these Consolidated Rules of Practice." In the present case, the Complainant sent a copy of the signed original of the Complaint, including a Certificate of Service, cover letter, and a copy of the Consolidated Rules to the Respondent; the documents were received by the Respondent, as evidenced by the U.S. Postal Service Product and Tracking Information and the signed green card return receipts. (See Exhibits 2 and 3, supra). Thus, Complainant used "proper service materials" in compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(i).

C. Complainant Used a Proper Address for the Respondent

Proof that mail is properly addressed, stamped and deposited in an appropriate receptacle has long been accepted as establishing a strong rebuttable presumption of delivery to the addressee. See In the Matter of Tifa Limited, 1999 EPA ALJ Lexis 55 (July 7, 1999) and 2000 EPA App Lexis 17 (June 5, 2000). In the present matter, on March 1, 2016, Counsel for Complainant's secretary, Yolanda Majette, caused to be mailed a copy of the Complaint by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the P.O. Box and Bayamón addresses Respondent uses for his pest control business. (See Certificate of Service Exhibit 1, page 22, supra).

Several documents confirm that the above-mentioned post office mailing address is the correct address for Andújar's business. Documents that list the P.O. Box address as the proper mailing address for Andújar include: Andújar's commercial insecticide application license #2912 (Exhibit 15); certificate for the commercial application of Restricted use pesticides (Exhibit 16);

Pesticide Use Investigation Report (Exhibit 17); 4/5/15 and 5/14/15 Notices of Pesticide use/misuse Inspection (Exhibit 18): an 8/7/2015 PRDA Notice of Violation (Exhibit 19), "Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas" invoices to clients (Exhibit 20), and Truly Nolen's webpage (Exhibit 21). Finally, that the Complaint was personally received by Andújar at the P.O. Box address, as evidenced by his signature on the signed Green Card, is further proof that the Complaint was properly addressed. See Exhibit 3, supra.

Documents that list the Bayamón address as the physical location of the business, and therefore a proper mailing address, include: EPA's FIFRA Investigation Summary (Exhibit 22); EPA Receipt for Samples (Exhibit 23); Andujar affidavit signed 4/15/15 (Exhibit 24); 4/5/15 and 5/14/15 Notices of Pesticide use/misuse Inspection (Exhibit 18); a M&P sales receipt (Exhibit 25) and that the Complaint was signed for by Jesenia Andújar at the Bayamón address, is additional proof that the Complaint was properly addressed. (See Exhibit 2, supra).

D. Complainant Included a Proper Addressee for Service by Mail on Corporations and Individuals

Where respondent is an individual and complainant uses certified mail with return receipt requested, 40 CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(i) requires that the complainant address the service materials to the respondent or a representative authorized to receive service on respondent's behalf. In the present case, EPA addressed the service materials to "Edwin Andújar Burmúdez doing business as Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas." Thus, the Complainant included a "proper addressee" for service by mail to Andújar in compliance with 40 CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(i).

E. Properly Executed Receipt for Service of Process was Returned to the Region

Forty CFR § 22.5(b)(1)(iii) specifies that "[p]roof of Service of the Complaint must be made by affidavit of the person making personal service, or by properly executed receipt. For the mailing of the March 1, 2016 Complaint to Andújar, proof of service was made by "properly executed receipt." The green card return receipt for the mailing to the P.O. Box address was signed personally by Andújar. As such, the green card for the mailing to the P.O. Box address constitutes properly executed receipt. See Exhibit 3, *supra*.

As a matter of the fact and law, as detailed above, Respondent may be found to be in default as a result of the Respondent's failure to file an Answer to EPA's properly served Complaint.

IV. FACTS IN COMPLAINT DEEMED ADMITTED BY VIRTUE OF DEFAULT

Forty CFR § 22.17(a) states, in part, that "[d]efault by Respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the complaint and a waiver of respondent's right to contest such factual allegations." Accordingly, the following facts, sufficient for a finding of liability for the violations alleged, are deemed admitted by virtue of Respondent's default in this matter.

A. General Facts

The following general facts necessary to a finding of liability for all counts were set out in the Complaint. These facts established that the Respondent is subject to FIFRA and the CAA

¹ Due to an administrative error, the Regional Hearing Clerk received proof of service of the Complaint on 3/6/17. See Exhibit 4.

and that the pesticide purchased and used by Andújar is regulated under the statutes. Respondent is subject to FIFRA (and its implementing regulations) by virtue of being a person and a commercial pest control applicator as those terms are defined by the statutes, and who moreover used a registered pesticide containing the active ingredient methyl bromide. As such, he is subject to FIFRA and its implementing regulations. Additionally, these facts established that Andújar is subject to the CAA by virtue of having purchased and used methyl bromide, an ozone depleting substance whose production and use is limited by international treaty and the CAA to very limited circumstances, including use as a pesticide for quarantine and preshipment purposes. As such, Andújar is subject to the CAA and its implementing regulations.

- (1) Respondent has engaged in commercial activities providing pest control services using pesticides. See Paragraph 50 of Complaint.
- (2) Respondent has been a certified applicator within the meaning of Section 2(e)(1) of FIFRA and 40 CFR § 171.2(a)(8). See Paragraph 51 of Complaint.
- (3) Respondent has been a commercial applicator within the meaning of Section 2(e)(3) of FIFRA and 40 CFR § 171.2(a)(9). See Paragraph 52 of Complaint.
- (4) Respondent is a person as defined in FIFRA and as such is subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder. See Paragraph 49 of Complaint.
- (5) Meth-O-Gas Q, EPA Reg. No. 5785-41 ("MethQ") is a pesticide registered pursuant to FIFRA § 3. See paragraph 25 of the Complaint.
- (6) MethQ's active ingredient is 100% methyl bromide. See Paragraph 26 of the Complaint.
- (7) Methyl bromide is an ozone depleting chemical subject to the CAA and its implementing regulations at Part 82. See Paragraphs 13 to 16 of the Complaint.
- (8) M & P Pest Control, Inc. (hereainafter "M & P") sold or otherwise distributed MethQ to Andújar between September 2013 and February 2015. See Paragraph 38 of Complaint.

- (9) Andújar admitted during the April 15th 2015 EPA Inspection that he purchased the MethQ he applied from M&P. See Paragraph 45 of Complaint.
- (10) Andújar is an applicator of methyl bromide within the meaning of 40 CFR § 82.3. See Paragraph 71 of the Complaint.
- (11) The methyl bromide used by Andújar was produced solely for quarantine or regulatory use (quarantine and preshipment ("QPS") applications). See Paragraph 54a. of the Complaint.
- (12) Andújar is a person defined by Section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 USC § 7602(e). See Paragraph 70 of the Complaint
- (13) Andújar has been subject to the CAA and the regulations at 40 CFR Part 82 promulgated thereunder. See Paragraph 72 of the Complaint.
- B. Use of A Registered Pesticide in a Manner Inconsistent with its label (Application Violations)

Section 12 (a)(2)(G) makes it unlawful for any person to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. The following facts sufficient for a finding of liability on the part of the Respondent for 55 violations of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 USC § 136j, were set out in the Complaint. These facts describe the use instructions on the methyl bromide label, which does not allow the pesticide to be used (*i.e.*, applied) in dwellings (*e.g.*, residences) and require that a supervisory regulatory agent be present for the application. These facts further lay out Respondent's failures to comply with these requirements. The Respondent's failures to comply with the pesticide label use requirements subject him to liability for misuse of a pesticide under this section of FIFRA.

- (1) The MethQ Label and MethQ booklet (collectively the "MethQ labeling") set forth precautionary and specific directions regarding use, storage, handling, sale and disposal of MethQ. See Paragraph 27 of Complaint.
- (2) M & P provided the MethQ Labeling with the sale of every MethQ container. See Paragraphs 32 & 37 of Complaint.

- (3) The MethQ canisters which M & P sold to Respondent Andújar bore the MethQ labeling. See Paragraph 39 of Complaint.
- (4) The MethQ label had directions, including but not limited to the following statements:
 - a. For Quarantine/Regulatory Use Only. See Paragraph 54 a. and h. of the Complaint.
 - b. Supervision by Regulatory Agent Required. See Paragraphs 54 a. and h. of Complaint.
 - c. It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. See Paragraph 54 e. of Complaint.
- (5) The MethQ labeling specifies permitted application sites, crops, and pests. See Paragraph 56 of the Complaint.
- (6) The MethQ labeling does not allow dwellings (e.g., residences) or structures not used for the commercial storage or handling of commodities as application sites. See Paragraph 57 of Complaint.
- (7) Andújar applied/used the MethQ on the dates and at the locations identified in the Table in Paragraph 58 (page 9) of the Complaint.
- (8) Respondent used/applied MethQ at ten (10) application sites which were not specified in the MethQ labeling. See Paragraphs 58 through 62 of Complaint
- (9) During the April 15, 2015 inspection of Respondent' facility, Andújar acknowledged that he performed all MethQ applications without the supervision of a regulatory agent. See Paragraph 46 a. of the Complaint.
- (10) Respondent conducted 15 applications of MethQ which were not supervised by a regulatory agent as required by the MethQ labeling. See Paragraph 63 of Complaint.
- (11) Respondent conducted 15 applications without the PPE required by the MethQ Labeling. See Paragraph 64 of Complaint.
- (12) Respondent conducted 15 applications without a direct detection device required by the MethQ Labeling. See Paragraph 65 of Complaint.
- (13) In the course of the fifteen (15) applications identified in Paragraph 58 of the Complaint, Andújar committed 55 separate violations of FIFRA consisting of (a) 10 applications to a site not specified in the MethQ labeling; (b) 15 applications not supervised by a regulatory agent as required by the MethQ labeling; (c) 15 applications without the PPE required by the MethQ Labeling; and (d) 15 applications without a direct detection device required by the MethQ Labeling. See Paragraph 67 of Complaint.

Each of Respondent's failures to comply with a specific requirement of the MethQ label constitutes a separate use of a registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, an unlawful act under FIFRA Section 12(a)(2)(G), 7 USC § 136j(a)(2)(G), for which a penalty may be assessed against the Respondent pursuant to FIFRA § 14(a)(1), 7 USC §136l.

C. CAA Liability for Failure to Comply with Recordkeeping Requirements

The regulation at 40 CFR §82.13(z)(1) sets out the duty of an applicator of methyl bromide produced for quarantine and preshipment (QPS) purposes to collect and maintain a document from the commodity owner, shipper or agent that requests that the methyl bromide pesticide be used for quarantine and preshipment (QPS) applications only and cites the regulatory requirements that justify its use for the requested application. The following facts sufficient for a finding of liability on the part of Respondent for violation of this regulation were set out in the Complaint. Respondent's failures to comply with the recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR §82.13(z)(1) subject it to liability for a violation of the CAA.

- (1) Andújar applied/used the MethQ on the dates and at the locations identified in the Table in Paragraph 74 of the Complaint.
- (2) MethQ's active ingredient is 100% methyl bromide. See Paragraph 26 of the Complaint.
- (3) Andújar is an applicator of methyl bromide within the meaning of 40 CFR § 82.3 See Paragraph 71 of the Complaint.
- (4) The methyl bromide used by Andújar was produced solely for quarantine or preshipment (QPS) applications. See Paragraph 54(h) of the Complaint.
- (5) Respondent failed to collect and maintain, for the 15 applications identified in the Tables in Paragraphs 58 and 74 of the Complaint, a document from the commodity owner, shipper or his agent, requesting the use of methyl bromide for QPS applications and citing the regulatory requirements that justify the use of methyl bromide. See 74 Paragraph of the Complaint.

Respondent's failure to comply with the recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR § 82.13(z)(1) for the period September 13, 2013 through February 26, 2015 constitutes a violation of the CAA, for which a penalty may be assessed under Section 113(d)(1)(B), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1)(B). See Paragraph 75 of the Complaint.

D. CAA Liability Against Andújar for Failure to Comply with Reporting Requirements

The regulation at 40 CFR §82.13(z)(2) sets out the duty of an applicator of methyl bromide produced for QPS purposes to provide a certification to the seller/supplier, prior to shipment, that the methyl bromide purchased will only be used for QPS applications. The following facts sufficient for a finding of liability on the part of Andújar for violations of this section were set out in the Complaint. Respondent's failures to comply with the reporting requirements of 40 CFR §82.13(z)(2) subject him to liability for a violation of the CAA.

- (1) Andújar purchased containers of MethQ from M & P, a distributor, on the dates identified in the Table in Paragraph 78 of the Complaint. See also, Paragraph 38 of the Complaint.
- (2) Andújar did not provide certifications to M & P stating that that the methyl bromide purchased would be used only for QPS applications. See Paragraphs 40, 79 and 80 of the Complaint.
- (3) From May 27, 2013 to September 9, 2014, Andújar purchased methyl bromide from M & P without providing, prior to shipment, a certification that the MethQ purchased would be used only for QPS applications. See Paragraph 80 of the Complaint.

Respondent's failures to comply with the reporting requirements of 40 CFR § 82.13(z)(2) for the period May 27, 2013 through September 9, 2014 constitute a violation of the CAA, for which a civil penalty may be assessed under Section 113(d)(1)(B), 42 USC § 7413(d)(1)(B).

V. DEFAULT HAS OCCURRED IN THIS MATTER

- (1) Complainant commenced this administrative proceeding according to 40 CFR §§ 22.3, 22.13(a) and 22.14, when it filed the Complaint with the Hearing Clerk on March 1, 2016. See Attachment 1, supra.
- (2) On March 1, 2016, EPA mailed (by certified mail with return receipt requested) a copy of the signed original of the Complaint, along with a copy of the Consolidated Rules of Practice, to Andújar.
- (3) As laid out more fully in Section IV, above, EPA's Complaint sets out all factual elements necessary to establish the liability of Respondent Andújar for 55 violations of FIFRA and for 2 violations of the CAA.
- (4) EPA mailed the Complaint and letters to the proper address and addressee for the Respondent. The Complaint packages were properly addressed to Andújar at two different mailing addresses and such packages were sent to the proper mailing addresses (P.O. Box address and the Bayamon address) for the Respondent.
- (5) Complainant effected proper service upon the Respondent on or about March 7, 2016 when Respondent Andújar personally signed the USPS Certified Mail Return Receipt for the Complaint package.

(6) The delivery of the Complaint satisfied the requirements for service of process as defined by 40 CFR § 22.4(b)(1).

(7) To date, no Answer to the Complaint has been filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk nor has any response to EPA's letters informing Respondent and his one-time counsel of an impending default motion been received. Thus, Respondent has shown a consistent pattern of ignoring EPA's requests to file an Answer.

Based on the foregoing, Complainant's counsel respectfully asserts that good cause exists for granting the motion for default with respect to liability against the Respondent for the violations set forth in the Complaint.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeannie M. Yu Assistant Regional Counsel

Office of Regional Counsel

Waste and Toxic Substances Branch U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

290 Broadway, 16th floor

New York, New York 10007-1866

212-637-3205

Yu.jeannie@epa.gov

Dated: March 21, 2017 New York, New York

Exhibit 1

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



REGION 2 290 BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10007-1866

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00726

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29, Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707

Re:

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas

Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5302

Dear Mr. Andújar:

Enclosed is a copy of the Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing and other documents, in the above-referenced proceeding. This Complaint alleges violations of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), 7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.

You have the right to a formal hearing to contest any of the allegations in the Complaint and/or to contest the penalty proposed in the Complaint.

If you wish to contest the allegations or the penalty proposed in the Complaint, you must file an Answer, within *thirty (30) days* of your receipt of the enclosed Complaint, to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Hearing Clerk at the following address:

Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 290 Broadway, 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866

If you do not file an Answer within thirty (30) days of receipt of this Complaint and have not obtained a formal extension for filing an Answer from the Regional Judicial Officer, a default order may be entered against you, and a penalty may be assessed without further proceedings.

Whether or not you request a formal hearing, you may request an informal conference with EPA to discuss any issues relating to the alleged violations and the amount of the proposed penalty. EPA encourages all parties against whom it files a Complaint to pursue the possibility of a settlement by participating in an informal conference with EPA. However, a request for an informal conference *does not* substitute for a written Answer, affect what you may choose to say in a written Answer, or extend the thirty (30) days by which you must file an Answer to request a hearing.

Enclosed are copies of the Consolidated Rules of Practice, which govern this proceeding. For your general information and use, I also have enclosed an Information Sheet for U.S. EPA Small Business Resources which may or may not apply to you.

If you have any questions or wish to schedule an informal settlement conference, please contact the attorney whose name is listed in the Complaint.

Sincerely,

Dore LaPosta, Director

Division of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance

Enclosures

cc: Karen Maples, Regional Hearing Clerk (w/o enclosures)

Peter Diaz, Attorney for Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas 420 Avenida Ponce de León Suite 1001 San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-3491

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 2

-----X

In the Matter of

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba : Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas :

Respondent.

Proceeding Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, and the Clean Air Act, as amended. COMPLAINT AND NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5302

This Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing (hereinafter referred to as the "Complaint") is filed pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA"), as amended, 7 U.S.C. § 1361(a); Section 113(d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d) ("CAA"); and in accordance with the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits, 40 C.F.R. Part 22 ("Consolidated Rules of Practice" or "CROP").

The Complainant in this proceeding, the Director of the Division of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 ("EPA"), has been duly delegated the authority to institute this action.

This Complaint serves notice of EPA's preliminary determination that Edwin Andújar Bermúdez (hereinafter referred to as "Respondent") doing business as Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas, from a location at Urb. Miraflores, Block 16-15, Calle 29, Bayamon, Puerto Rico (the "Facility"), has violated provisions of FIFRA and the CAA.

FIFRA Statutory and Regulatory Background

- 1. Section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), defines "person" as any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.
- 2. Section 2(e)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(1), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a) define a "certified applicator" as any individual who is certified under Section 11 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136i, as authorized to use or supervise the use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use.
- 3. Section 2(e)(3) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(3), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a)(9) define a "commercial applicator" as an applicator who uses or supervises the use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for any purpose or on any property.
- 4. Section 2(t) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(t), and 40 C.F.R. § 152.5, define a "pest," in part, as any insect.
- 5. Section 2(u) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(u), defines the term "pesticide" as, among other things, "(1) any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating any pest."
- 6. Section 2(p)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(1), defines the term "label" as written, printed, or graphic matter on or attached to, the pesticide or device or any of its containers or wrappers.
- 7. Section 2(p)(2) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(2), defines the term "labeling" as all labels and all other written, printed or graphic matter accompanying the pesticide or device at any time, or to which reference is made on the label or in literature accompanying the pesticide.
- 8. Section 2(ee) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(ee), defines the term "to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling" as to use any registered pesticide in a manner not permitted by the labeling.
- 9. Section 12(a)(2)(G) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(G), states that it is unlawful for any person "to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."

CAA Statutory and Regulatory Background

10. Section 602(a) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671a(a), directs the Administrator of EPA to publish a list of class I substances, and to add to that list any other substance that the Administrator finds causes or contributes significantly to harmful effects on the stratospheric ozone layer.

- 11. Section 603 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671b, sets forth monitoring and reporting requirements for producers, importers or exporters of class I controlled substances, and authorizes the EPA Administrator to amend the monitoring and reporting regulations of class I and class II substances.
- 12. Pursuant to the authority in Section 603 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671b, the Administrator of EPA promulgated regulations governing stratospheric ozone depleting substances, which are set forth at 40 C.F.R. Part 82.
- 13. Appendix A to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart A, lists class I controlled substances, and includes methyl bromide (CH3Br) as a class I, Group VI controlled substance.
- 14. Appendix F to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart A, lists ozone-depleting chemicals, and includes methyl bromide (CH3Br).
- 15. The use of methyl bromide, a class I ozone-depleting substance, for quarantine and preshipment purposes is regulated under Section 604(d)(5) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671c (d)(5), and the implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 82.
- 16. Section 604 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671c, provides for the phase-out of production and consumption of class I substances, with certain exceptions. One exception, set forth at Section 604(d)(5) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671c(d)(5), provides that, to the extent consistent with the Montreal Protocol's quarantine and preshipment provisions, the EPA Administrator shall exempt from the phase-out the production, importation, and consumption of methyl bromide to fumigate commodities entering or leaving the United States or any State for purposes of compliance with Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (U.S. Department of Agriculture) requirements or other international, Federal, State or local food protection standards.
- 17. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.3, "quarantine applications" are, with respect to class I, Group VI controlled substances, treatments to prevent the introduction, establishment and/or spread of quarantine pests (including diseases), or to ensure their official control, where: (1) official control is that performed by, or authorized by, a national (including state, tribal or local) plant, animal or environmental protection or health authority; (2) quarantine pests are pests of potential importance to the areas endangered thereby and not yet present there, or present but not widely distributed and being officially controlled.
- 18. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.3, "preshipment applications" are, with respect to class I, Group VI controlled substances, those non-quarantine applications applied within 21 days prior to export to meet the official requirements of the importing country or existing official requirements of the exporting country. Official requirements are those which are performed by, or authorized by, a national plant, animal, environmental, health or stored product authority.

- 19. Section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e), and 40 C.F.R. § 82.3 define "person" as any individual or legal entity, including an individual, corporation, partnership, association, state, municipality, political subdivision of a state. Indian tribe; any agency, department, or instrumentality of the United States; and any officer, agent, or employee thereof.
- 20. 40 C.F.R. § 82.3 defines "applicator" as the person who applies methyl bromide.
- 21. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.3, "distributor of methyl bromide" means the person directly selling a class I, Group VI controlled substance to an applicator.
- 22. Section 113(d)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1), limits the Administrator's authority to matters where the total penalty sought does not exceed \$37,500 (the amount as adjusted by 40 C.F.R. § 19.4), and the first alleged date of violation occurred no more than 12 months prior to the initiation of administrative action, except where the Administrator and the Attorney General of the United States jointly determine that the matter involving a larger penalty amount or longer period of violations is appropriate for the administrative penalty action.
- 23. The Administrator and the Attorney General of the United States, each through their respective delegates, have determined jointly that an administrative penalty action is appropriate for the period of violation alleged in this Complaint.

Background

- 24. Methyl Bromide is the active ingredient in certain restricted use pesticides regulated under FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq.
- 25. Meth-O-Gas Q, EPA Reg. No. 5785-41 ("MethQ"), is a pesticide registered pursuant to FIFRA § 3.
- 26. MethQ's active ingredient is 100% methyl bromide.
- 27. The MethQ label (MOGQ-8 REV.C) (the "Label") and MethQ booklet (MOGQ-2 REV.GLK398F) (the "Booklet") (collectively the "MethQ labeling") set forth precautionary statements and specific directions regarding use, storage, handling, sale and disposal of MethQ.
- 28. M & P Pest Control, Inc. (hereinafter "M & P"), located at 1332 Ave. Jesus T. Pinero, San Juan, Puerto Rico, has been a distributor of pesticides at all times pertinent to this Complaint.
- 29. Mi & P Pest Control is a "distributor of methyl bromide" as that term is defined by 40 C.F.R. § 82.3.

- 30. Acting under the authority and pursuant to the provisions of Section 9(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136g(a), duly-authorized Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture ("PRDA") and EPA Inspectors conducted inspections of M & P on the following dates: March 25-26, 2015, March 31, 2015, April 8, 2015, April 16, 2015, April 17, 2015, April 22, 2015, May 13, 2015, May 20, 2015, and October 19, 2015 (collectively, the "M & P Inspections").
- 31. At the M & P Inspections, the inspectors collected records and statements, including records and statements regarding Respondent's purchases of MethQ during the period September 2013 through February 2015.
- 32. During the March 26, 2015 M & P Inspection, representatives of M & P provided the inspectors with a copy of the MethQ Labeling, described in Paragraph 27, above, which M & P provided with the sale of every MethQ canister.
- 33. On May 26, 2015, acting under the authority and pursuant to the provisions of Section 8(b) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136f(b), and of Section 114a of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7414, EPA sent M & P an Information Request Letter ("IRL") requesting information and records regarding the import, distribution, and application of Methyl Bromide.
- 34. The IRL specifically requested, along with other reporting and recordkeeping documents, that M & P provide copies of certifications that M & P received from applicators stating that the quantity of methyl bromide ordered would be used solely for quarantine or preshipment applications as required by 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(y)(2).
- 35. On July 17, 2015, M & P provided a response (the "M & P Response") to EPA's IRL.
- 36. In the M & P Response, M & P stated, as a response to the portion of the IRL discussed in Paragraph 34, that "We don't have any these (sic) documents."
- 37. In the M & P Response, M & P provided EPA with a copy of the MethQ Booklet, described in Paragraph 27, above, which M & P further asserted that it distributed with the sale of every MethQ canister.
- 38. M & P sold or otherwise distributed MethQ to Respondent between September 2013 and February 2015.
- 39. Upon information and belief, the MethQ canisters M & P sold Respondent bore the MethQ Labeling described in Paragraph 27, above.
- 40. During the October 19, 2015 Inspection, Mr. Michael Pantoja, the president of M & P stated that "no applicator gave any QPS documentation to M & P."

- 41. Acting under the authority and pursuant to the provisions of Section 9(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136g(a), duly-authorized EPA and PRDA Inspectors inspected Respondent's Facility, on April 15, 2015 and on May 14, 2015 ("April Inspection" and "May Inspection" respectively, or collectively, the "TN Inspections").
- 42 During the TN Inspections, the inspectors provided a Notice of Pesticides Use/Misuse Inspection form to Respondent which identified the reason for each of the Inspections and the violations suspected.
- 43. During the April Inspection, the inspectors collected ten (10) pesticide application records documenting Respondent's use of MethQ, for which they issued a Receipt for Samples document.
- 44. During the April Inspection, the inspectors requested that the Respondent provide all records in his possession related to the purchase and use of methyl bromide.
- 45. Respondent did not provide EPA with the records from each commodity owner requesting the quarantine and preshipment use of Methyl Bromide and citing legal justification for such use.
- 46. During the April Inspection, Respondent made the following statements regarding the MethQ applications to the inspectors:
 - a. that he performed all MethQ applications without the supervision of a regulatory agent;
 - b. that he did not have a direct reading device to measure the air concentration levels of methyl bromide (MethQ) during applications;
 - c. that he did not have and/or did not own a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for use during the MethQ applications; and
 - d. that he purchased the MethQ he applied from M & P.
- 47. During the May Inspection, the inspectors collected five (5) additional pesticide application records documenting Respondent's use of MethQ, for which they issued a Receipt for Samples document.

FIFRA Liability

Counts 1-55

Use of a Registered Pesticide in a Manner Inconsistent with its Label (Applications)

48. Complainant realleges each allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 47, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.

- 49. Respondent has been, and continues to be, a "person" as defined by FIFRA § 2(s), 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), and as such is subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 50. Respondent engages, and at all times pertinent to this Complaint has engaged, in commercial activities providing pest control services using pesticides.
- 51. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, a "certified applicator" within the meaning of Section 2(e)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(1), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a)(8).
- 52. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, a "commercial applicator" within the meaning of Section 2(e)(3) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(3), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a)(9).
- 53. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 54. The following statements are clearly displayed on the MethQ Label received by Respondent and referenced in Paragraphs 27, 32, 37, and 39, above:
 - a. At the top of the label and in all bolded capital letters: "COMMODITY FUMIGANT

FOR QUARANTINE/REGULATORY USE ONLY SUPERVISION BY REGULATORY AGENT REQUIRED."

- b. "The acceptable air concentration level for persons exposed to methyl bromide is 5ppm (20 mg/m3). The air concentration level is measured by a direct reading detection device, such as a Matheson-Kitaghawa, Draeger, or Sensidyne."
- c. "Do not allow entry into the treated area by any person before this time, unless protective clothing and a respiratory protection device (NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or combination air-supplied/SCBA respirator) is worn."
- d. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) ... "Applicators and other handlers must wear: ... Full-face or safety glasses with brow and temple shields (Do NOT wear goggles) ... When the acceptable air concentration level is above 5 ppm and a respirator is required, protect the eyes by wearing a full-face respirator. No respirator is required if the air concentration level of methyl bromide in the working area is measured to be 5 ppm or less. A respirator is required if the acceptable air concentration level of 5 ppm is exceeded at any time. The respirator must be one of the following type: (a) a supplied-air respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-19C) OR (b) a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-13F)."

- e. "It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."
- f "This furnigant is a highly hazardous material ... Before using, read and follow all label precautions and directions."
- g. "All persons working with this fumigant must be knowledgeable about the hazards, and trained in the use of required respiratory protection equipment and detector devices, emergency procedures, and proper use of the fumigant."
- in. "MethQ may be used for quarantine/regulatory commodity fumigation only. Supervision by regulatory agent is required."
- i. "You must carefully read and understand the accompanying use direction, GLK 398F [Booklet], in order to use MethQ."
- j. "Observe all safety and precautionary statements as set forth in the accompanying use directions, GLK398F [Booklet]."
- 55. The directions for use in the MethQ Booklet GLK398F include:
 - a. On page 1, in large bold letters

"METHO-O-GAS ®Q COMMODITY FUMIGANT FOR QUARANTINE/REGULATORY USE ONLY SUPERVISION BY REGULATORY AGENT REQUIRED".

- b. "READ THIS BOOKLET AND ENTIRE LABEL CAREFULLY PRIOR TO USE. USE THIS PRODUCT ACCORDING TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS."
- c. Same as 54(b) above
- d. Same as 54(c) above
- e. Same as 54(d) above.
- f. Same as 54(e) above.
- g. Same as 54(f) above.
- h. Same as 54(g) above.
- i. "This is a limited use label for quarantine/regulatory purposes and is to be used by or under the supervision of a State or Federal agency."

- 56. The MethQ Labeling specifies permitted application sites, crops, and pests.
- 57. The MethQ Labeling does not allow dwellings (e.g., residences) or structures not used for the commercial storage or handling of commodities as application sites.
- 58. Respondent applied MethQ bearing the MethQ Labeling referenced in Paragraphs 27, 32, 37, and 39, above, and containing the statements set out in Paragraphs 54 and 55, above, at the following dates, times, and locations:

	Date	Location	Treatment Site/ Type of Structure	Invoice Number
1	02/26/2015	Agua Buena, PR	Residence/Closet	6832
2	02/20/2015	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Kitchen	6830
3	02/11/2015	Guaynabo, PR	Residence/Bedroom	6083
4	02/06/2015	San Juan, PR	Residence/Kitchen	6082
5	12/05/2014	Caguas, PR	Residence/Kitchen	Illegible
6	11/30/2014	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Bedroom	6690
7	09/26/2014	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Kitchen	6596
8	09/19/2014	Illegible	Residence/Kitchen	6585
9	09/10/2014	Caguas, PR	Door/Museum	6568
10	04/07/2014	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Furniture	6308
11	11/22/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Kitchen	053388
12	10/25/2013	Bayamon, PR	Wood Package	053375
13	10/11/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Wagon	053330
14	09/27/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Wood Panels	053322
15	09/13/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Kitchen	053271

- 59. During the May Inspection, Respondent indicated that the asterisked applications (invoices 11, 13, 14, and 15) memorialized in the previous Paragraph were performed inside of a freight car.
- 60. The "residences" identified in nine (9) of the applications listed in the table in Paragraph 58, above, are not application sites specified in the MethQ Labeling.
- 61. The museum identified in one of the applications listed in the table in Paragraph 58, above, is not an application site specified in the MethQ Labeling.
- 62. Respondent conducted applications of MethQ at ten (10) application sites, set out in the table in Paragraph 58 above, which were not specified in the MethQ Labeling.
- 63. None of the fifteen (15) MethQ applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58 above, was supervised by a regulatory agent.

- 64. For each of the fifteen (15) applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58, Respondent failed to use the following PPE:
 - a. SCBA, and
 - b. Full face or safety glasses with brow and temple shields.
- 65. For each of the fifteen (15) applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58, above, Respondent failed to use a direct reading device.
- 66. Each of Respondent's failures to comply with a specific requirement of the MethQ Label, as described in Paragraphs 50 to 55, above, constitutes a separate use of a registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, in violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G).
- 67. In the course of the fifteen (15) MethQ applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58, above, Respondent committed 55 separate violations of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G), specifically consisting of:
 - a. 10 applications to a site not specified in the MethQ Labeling;
 - b. 15 applications not supervised by a regulatory agent as required by the MethQ Labeling;
 - c. 15 applications without the PPE required by the MethQ Labeling; and
 - d. 15 applications without a direct detection device required by the MethQ Labeling.
- 68. Each of Respondent's fifty-five (55) failures to comply with specific requirements of the MethQ Label is a violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G), for which a penalty may be assessed pursuant to FIFRA.

CAA Liability

Count 56 Failure to Comply With CAA Recordkeeping Requirements

- 69. Complainant realleges each allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 68, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 70. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, a "person," as that term is defined by Section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).
- 71. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, an "applicator" of methyl bromide within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 82.3.

- 72. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, subject to the CAA and the regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 82 promulgated thereunder.
- 73. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(1), applicators of methyl bromide produced or imported solely for quarantine and/or preshipment ("QPS") applications must maintain, for three years, for every application, a document from the commodity owner, shipper or their agent, requesting the use of methyl bromide for QPS applications and citing the regulatory requirement that justifies its use.
- 74. Respondent failed to maintain the document described in the previous paragraph for any of the following fifteen (15) applications:

	Date	Location	Invoice Number
1	02/26/2015	Agua Buena, PR	6832
2	02/20/2015	Bayamon, PR 6830	
3	02/11/2015	Guaynabo, PR	6083
4	02/06/2015	San Juan, PR	6082
5	12/05/2014	Caguas, PR	Illegible
6	11/30/2014	Bayamon, PR	6690
7	09/26/2014	Bayamon, PR	6596
8	09/19/2014	Illegible	6585
9	09/10/2014	Caguas, PR	6568
10	04/07/2014	Bayamon, PR	6308
11	11/22/2013	Bayamon, PR	053388
12	10/25/2013	Bayamon, PR	053375
13	10/11/2013	Bayamon, PR	053330
14	09/27/2013	Bayamon, PR	053322
15	09/13/2013	Bayamon, PR	053271

75. Respondent's failure to comply with the recordkeeping requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(1) for the period September 13, 2013 to February 26, 2015 constitutes a violation of the CAA, for which a civil penalty may be assessed under Section 113(d)(1)(B), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1)(B).

Count 57 Failure to Comply With CAA Reporting Requirements

76. Complainant realleges each allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 75, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.

- 77. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(2), every applicator that purchases methyl bromide that was produced or imported solely for QPS applications shall provide to the distributors from whom they purchase, prior to shipment, a certification that the methyl bromide will be used only for QPS applications.
- 78. Respondent purchased MethQ from M & P on the following 2 dates:

	Invoice Number	Date	Unit Purchased	Amount Purchased
1	203423	05/27/2013	1	50 lb.
2	208728	09/09/2014	1	50 lb.

- 79. As a result of the M & P Inspections, EPA determined that M & P did not receive certifications from Respondent stating that the methyl bromide purchased would be used only for QPS applications.
- 80. From May 27, 2013 to September 9, 2014, Respondent purchased methyl bromide from M & P without providing, prior to shipment, a certification that the MethQ purchased would be used only for QPS applications.
- Respondent's failure to comply with the reporting requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(2) from May 27, 2013 through September 9, 2014 constitutes a violation of the CAA, for which a civil penalty may be assessed under Section 113(d)(1)(B) 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1)(B).

PROPOSED CIVIL PENALTY

Complainant proposes at this time that Respondent be assessed the statutory maximum penalties authorized by FIFRA and the CAA. After an exchange of information has occurred, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19, Complainant will file a document with a specific proposed penalty and an explanation of how the proposed penalty was calculated in accordance with the criteria in FIFRA and the CAA. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.14(a)(4)(ii), the text below provides the number of violations for which a penalty is sought, a brief explanation of the severity of each violation alleged and a recitation of the relevant statutory penalty authority of FIFRA and the CAA. Complainant intends to seek penalties for each violation alleged in each Count.

FIFRA VIOLATIONS

EPA's FIFRA Penalty Authority and Overview of FIFRA Enforcement Response Policy

Pursuant to Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136*l*(a), as amended, Complainant proposes the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$7,500 per day against Respondent for each of the applicable violations of FIFRA alleged in this Complaint.

For the FIFRA violations alleged above, the proposed civil penalty will be determined in accordance with Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136*l*(a), as amended, which authorizes the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$7,500 for each violation of "any provision of" subchapter II of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136-136y. (Pursuant to the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 ("DCIA"), and the Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rules, 61 Fed. Reg. 69360 (December 31, 1996), 69 Fed. Reg. 7121 (February 13, 2004), and 73 Fed Reg. 75345 (December 11, 2008) (collectively, "Inflation Rules"), as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, the statutory maximum assessment per violation was raised to \$7,500 for violations occurring after January 12, 2009.)

For purposes of determining the amount of any penalty to be assessed, Section 14 of FIFRA requires that EPA "shall consider the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the person charged, the effect on the person's ability to continue in business, and the gravity of the violation" (Section 14(a)(4) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136*l*(a)(4)).

In developing the proposed penalty for the violations alleged in this Complaint, Complainant will take into account the particular facts and circumstances of this case, to the extent known at the time, and use EPA's "FIFRA Enforcement Response Policy [for] The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act," dated December 2009 (hereinafter referred to as the "ERP"). This guidance policy provides rational, consistent and equitable calculation methodologies for applying the statutory penalty criteria enumerated above to particular cases to develop a gravity-based penalty for each violation. A copy of the ERP is available upon request or may be obtained from the Internet at this address: http://www.epa.gov/enforcement/fifra-enforcement-response-policy.

Complainant may adjust each gravity-based penalty upward or downward based upon the violator-specific and environmental sensitivity adjustment factors described in the ERP. In addition, Complainant may add a component to reflect any economic benefit gained by Respondent for failing to comply with the regulatory requirement. Complainant will also consider, if raised, Respondent's ability to pay a civil penalty. The burden of raising and demonstrating an inability to pay rests with Respondent.

As a basis for calculating a specific penalty pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19(a)(4), Complainant will consider, among other factors, facts and circumstances unknown to Complainant at the time of issuance of this Complaint that become known after the Complaint is issued.

Counts 1-55 – Use of a Registered Pesticide in a Manner Inconsistent with its Label, in violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G).

For each type of violation associated with a particular product, the penalty amount is determined under the seven-step process in the ERP that considers the Section 14(a)(4) criteria. These steps using the tables and Appendixes in the ERP are as follows:

- (1) Number of independently assessable violations: The Agency considers each failure of an applicator to follow a distinct label requirement to be an independently assessable violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G). The number of violations and days of violations are set out in Counts 1-55, above. Each of these independent violations of FIFRA is subject to civil penalties up to the statutory maximum.
- (2) Size of business category for the violator: In order to provide equitable penalties, civil penalties assessed for violations of FIFRA generally increase as the size of the Respondent increases.
- (3) Gravity of the violation for each independently assessable violation: The level assigned to each violation of FIFRA represents an assessment of the relative severity of each violation. The relative severity of each violation considers the actual or potential harm to human health and the environment which could result from the violation and the importance of the requirement to achieving the goals of the statute. MethQ is a highly toxic restricted use pesticide. In conducting each of the fifteen applications described herein, Respondent deviated substantially and in multiple ways from the requirements of the MethQ labeling, endangering himself, his customers, potentially others, and the environment.
- (4) "Base" penalty amount associated with the size of business and the gravity of violation for each independently assessable violation. The size of business categories and gravity levels are broken out in the ERP Penalty Matrices. FIFRA imposes different statutory ceilings on the maximum civil penalty that may be assessed against persons listed in FIFRA § 14(a)(1) and persons listed in Section 14(a)(2), and the ERP sets out separate penalty matrices for each. As a certified applicator, Respondent is a FIFRA § 14(a)(1) business.
- (5) "Adjusted" penalty amount based on case-specific factors using the gravity adjustment criteria: The Agency has assigned adjustments, for each violation relative to the specific characteristics of the pesticide involved, the harm to human health and/or harm to the environment, compliance history of the violator, and the culpability of the violator. The gravity adjustment values from each gravity category listed in Appendix B of the ERP are to be totaled. Once this base penalty amount is calculated, it is to be rounded to the nearest \$100.
- (6) Economic benefit of noncompliance: An economic benefit component should be calculated and added to the gravity-based penalty component when a violation results in "significant" economic benefit to the violator. "Significant" is defined as an economic benefit that totals more than \$10,000 for all FIFRA violations alleged in the complaint.

(7) Violator's ability to continue in business: FIFRA § 14(a)(4) requires the Agency to consider the effect of the penalty on a respondent's ability to continue in business when determining the amount of the civil penalty.

In instances where the Agency obtains records which evidence multiple applications, sales or distributions for the same violations, the Region may apply a "graduated" penalty calculation.

CAA VIOLATIONS

EPA's CAA Penalty Authority and Overview of CAA General Policy

Section 113(d) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d), provides that the Administrator may assess a civil administrative penalty of up to \$25,000 per day for each violation of the CAA. As previously noted, the DCIA requires EPA periodically to adjust its civil monetary penalties for inflation. Pursuant to the DCIA, EPA adopted regulations entitled Civil Monetary Penalties Inflation Adjustment Rule which are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19 ("Part 19"). The maximum civil penalty per day for each violation that occurred from January 12, 2009 until now is \$37,500.

In determining the amount of penalty to be assessed, Section 113(e) of the CAA requires that the Administrator consider the size of the business, the economic impact of the penalty on the business, the violator's full compliance history and good faith efforts to comply, the duration of the violation as established by any credible evidence, the payment by the violator of penalties previously assessed for the same violation, the economic benefit of noncompliance, the seriousness of the violation, and other factors as justice may require.

In calculating a specific penalty pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19(a)(4), Complainant will consider, among other factors, facts and circumstances unknown to Complainant at the time of issuance of the Complaint that become known after the Complaint is issued.

Pursuant to Section 113(d) of CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d), as amended, Complainant proposes the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$37,500 per day against the Respondent for each of the applicable violations alleged in this Complaint.

The violations alleged in Counts 56 and 57 would result in the Respondent being liable for the assessment of administrative penalties pursuant to Section 113(d) of the CAA. The proposed penalty will be prepared in accordance with the criteria in Section 113(e) of the CAA, and in accordance with the guidelines set forth in EPA's Clean Air Act Stationary Source Civil Penalty Policy, as amended (General Policy). EPA's General Policy reflects EPA's application of the factors set forth in Section 113(e) of the Act and provides guidance on how EPA is to calculate penalties for the CAA. The policy indicates that EPA should propose a penalty consisting of an economic benefit component and a gravity component. The economic benefit component is the economic benefit the violator gained as a result of the violation. The gravity component, in turn, consists of elements based on the actual or potential harm caused by the violation, the

significance of the regulation in question to the regulatory scheme, the sensitivity of the environment and the size of the violator.

Economic benefit: The General Policy provides the Region the discretion not to seek economic benefit where the benefit derived from the CAA violations is less than \$5,000.

Gravity: The General Policy also indicates that the Region should recover penalties that reflect the "seriousness" of the violation in a gravity component. In measuring the seriousness of these violations, the Region may consider the importance to the regulatory scheme, the duration of the violation, and the size of the violator.

Size of the violator: In order to provide equitable penalties, civil penalties assessed for violations of the CAA will generally increase as the size of the business increases.

Count 56 - Recordkeeping—Failure to maintain records from commodity owner requesting use of QPS Methyl Bromide and citing legal justification for such use for 3 years, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(1).

Gravity: Respondent's failure to create and maintain records as required by 40 C.F.R. Part 82 contravened the essence of the regulatory scheme.

Importance to regulatory scheme: The Respondent, by failing to keep the required record, deviated substantially from the regulation. Recordkeeping allows regulatory agencies to confirm that QPS methyl bromide is being used properly.

Duration of violation: The violation period reflects the total number of days between the first date of a methyl bromide application for which no record was kept through the last date of such an application.

Count 57 - Reporting—Failure to provide certifications to distributor, prior to shipment of QPS methyl bromide, that methyl bromide will only be used for QPS applications, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(2).

Gravity: Respondent's failure to provide the required certifications for MethQ contravened the regulatory scheme.

Importance to regulatory scheme: The Respondent, by failing to submit a required certification, deviated substantially from the regulation. Certification requirements help distributors report to EPA that QPS methyl bromide is being sold for QPS purpose.

Duration of violation: The violation period reflects the total number of days between the first date of a methyl bromide purchase for which no certification was provided to the distributor through the last date of such a purchase.

PROCEDURES GOVERNING THIS ADMINISTRATIVE LITIGATION

The rules of procedure governing this civil administrative litigation were originally set forth in 64 Fed. Reg. 40138 (July 23, 1999), entitled, "CONSOLIDATED RULES OF PRACTICE GOVERNING THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENTS OF CIVIL PENALTIES, ISSUANCE OF COMPLIANCE OR CORRECTIVE ACTION ORDERS, AND THE REVOCATION, TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF PERMITS", and are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22. A copy of these rules accompanies the Complaint.

A. Answering the Complaint

Where Respondent intends to contest any material fact upon which the Complaint is based, to contend that the proposed penalty and/or the Compliance Order is inappropriate or to contend that Respondent is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, Respondent must file with the Regional Hearing Clerk of EPA, Region 2, both an original and one copy of a written answer to the Complaint, and such Answer must be filed within 30 days after service of the Complaint. 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.15(a) and 22.7(c). The address of the Regional Hearing Clerk of EPA, Region 2, is:

Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 290 Broadway, 16th floor New York, New York 10007-1866

(NOTE: Any documents that are filed after the Answer has been filed should be filed as specified in "D" below.)

Respondent shall also then serve one copy of the Answer to the Complaint upon Complainant and any other party to the action. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a).

Respondent's Answer to the Complaint must clearly and directly admit, deny, or explain each of the factual allegations that are contained in the Complaint and with regard to which Respondent has any knowledge. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b). Where Respondent lacks knowledge of a particular factual allegation and so states in its Answer, the allegation is deemed denied. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b).

The Answer shall also set forth: (1) the circumstances or arguments that are alleged to constitute the grounds of defense, (2) the facts that Respondent disputes (and thus intends to place at issue in the proceeding) and (3) whether Respondent requests a hearing. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b).

Respondent's failure affirmatively to raise in the Answer facts that constitute or that might constitute the grounds of their defense may preclude Respondent, at a subsequent stage in this proceeding, from raising such facts and/or from having such facts admitted into evidence at a hearing.

B. Opportunity to Request a Hearing

If requested by Respondent in its Answer, a hearing upon the issues raised by the Complaint and Answer may be held (40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c)). If, however, Respondent does not request a hearing, the Presiding Officer (as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 22.3) may hold a hearing if the Answer raises issues appropriate for adjudication (40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c)).

Any hearing in this proceeding will be held at a location determined in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.35(b). A hearing of this matter will be conducted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA"), 5 U.S.C. §§ 551-59, and the procedures set forth in Subpart D of 40 C.F.R. Part 22.

C. Failure to Answer

If Respondent fails in its Answer to admit, deny, or explain any material factual allegation contained in the Complaint, such failure constitutes an admission of the allegation. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(d). If Respondent fails to file a timely [i.e. in accordance with the 30-day period set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a)] Answer to the Complaint. Respondent may be found in default upon motion. 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(a). Default by Respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending

proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the Complaint and a waiver of Respondent ≥ right to contest such factual allegations. 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(a). Following a default by Respondent for a failure to timely file an Answer to the Complaint, any order issued therefore shall be issued pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(c).

Any penalty assessed in the default order shall become due and payable by Respondent without further proceedings 30 days after the default order becomes final pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c). 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(d). If necessary, EPA may then seek to enforce such final order of default against Respondent, and to collect the assessed penalty amount, in federal court or through other appropriate means. Any default order requiring compliance action shall be effective and enforceable against Respondent without further proceedings on the date the default order becomes final under 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c). 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(d).

D. Filing of Documents Filed After the Answer

Unless otherwise ordered by the Presiding Officer for this proceeding, all documents filed after Respondent has filed an Answer should be filed with the Headquarters Hearing Clerk acting on behalf of the Regional Hearing Clerk, addressed as follows:

If filing by the United States Postal Service:

Sybil Anderson
Headquarters Hearing Clerk
Office of the Administrative Law Judges
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Mail Code 1900R
Washington, D.C. 20460

If filing by UPS, FedEx. DHL or other courier or personal delivery, address to:

Sybil Anderson
Headquarters Hearing Clerk
Office of the Administrative Law Judges
Ronald Reagan Building, Room M1200
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

E. Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies

Where Respondent fails to appeal an adverse initial decision to the Agency's Environmental Appeals Board ("EAB") (see 40 C.F.R. § 1.25(e)), pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.30, that initial decision thereby becomes a final order pursuant to the terms of 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c), Respondent waives its right to judicial review. 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(d).

To appeal an initial decision to the EAB, Respondent must do so "[w]thin thirty (30) days after the initial decision is served." 40 C.F.R. § 22.30(a). Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.7(c), where service is effected by mail, "five days shall be added to the time allowed by these rules for the filing of a responsive pleading or document." Note that the 45-day period provided for in 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c) [discussing when an initial decision becomes a final order] does not pertain to or extend the time period prescribed in 40 C.F.R. § 22.30(a) for a party to file an appeal to the EAB of an adverse initial decision.

INFORMAL SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

Whether or not Respondent requests a formal hearing, EPA encourages settlement of this proceeding consistent with the provisions of the Act and its applicable regulations. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b). At an informal conference with a representative(s) of Complainant, Respondent may comment on the charges made in the Complaint, and Respondent may also provide whatever additional information that it believes is relevant to the disposition of this matter, including: (1) actions Respondent has taken to correct any or all of the violations herein alleged, (2) any information relevant to Complainant's calculation of the proposed penalty, (3) the effect the

proposed penalty would have on Respondent's ability to continue in business and/or (4) any other special facts or circumstances Respondent wishes to raise.

Complainant has the authority to modify the amount of the proposed penalty, where appropriate, to reflect any settlement agreement reached with Respondent, to reflect any relevant information previously not known to Complainant, or to dismiss any or all of the charges, if Respondent can demonstrate that the relevant allegations are without merit and that no cause of action as herein alleged exists. Respondent is referred to 40 C.F.R. § 22.18.

Any request for an informal conference or any questions that Respondent may have regarding this complaint should be directed to:

Jeannie M. Yu, Esq.
Assistant Regional Counsel
Office of Regional Counsel
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2
290 Broadway, Room 1635
New York, New York 10007-1866
212-637-3205

The parties may engage in settlement discussions irrespective of whether Respondent has requested a hearing 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(1). Respondent's requesting a formal hearing does not prevent it from also requesting an informal settlement conference: the informal conference procedure may be pursued simultaneously with the formal adjudicatory hearing procedure. A request for an informal settlement conference constitutes neither an admission nor a denial of any of the matters alteged in the Complaint. Complainant does not deem a request for an informal settlement conference as a request for a hearing as specified in 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c).

A request for an informal settlement conference does not affect Respondent's obligation to file a timely Answer to the Complaint pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §22.15. No penalty reduction, however, will be made simply because an informal settlement conference is held.

Any settlement that may be reached as a result of an informal settlement conference will be embodied in a written consent agreement. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2). In accepting the consent agreement, Respondent waives its right to contest the allegations in the Complaint and waive its right to appeal the final order that is to accompany the consent agreement. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2). To conclude the proceeding, a final order ratifying the parties' agreement to settle will be executed. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(3).

Respondent's entering into a settlement through the signing of such Consent Agreement and its complying with the terms and conditions set forth in such Consent Agreement terminate this administrative litigation and the civil proceedings arising out of the allegations made in the complaint. Respondent's entering into a settlement does not extinguish, waive, satisfy or

otherwise affect its obligation and responsibility to comply with all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, and to maintain such compliance.

RESOLUTION OF THIS PROCEEDING WITHOUT HEARING OR CONFERENCE

If, instead of filing an Answer, Respondent wishes not to contest the Complaint and wants to pay the penalty within thirty (30) days after receipt of the Complaint, Respondent should promptly contact the Assistant Regional Counsel identified on the previous page.

COMPLAINANT:

Dore LaPosta, Director
Division of Enforcement and
Compliance Assistance

U.S. EPA, Region 2

Dated:

New York, New York

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that I have this day caused to be mailed a copy of the foregoing Complaint, bearing docket number FIFRA-02-2016-5302 and a copy of the Consolidated Rules of Practice, 40 C.F.R. Part 22, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to:

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00726

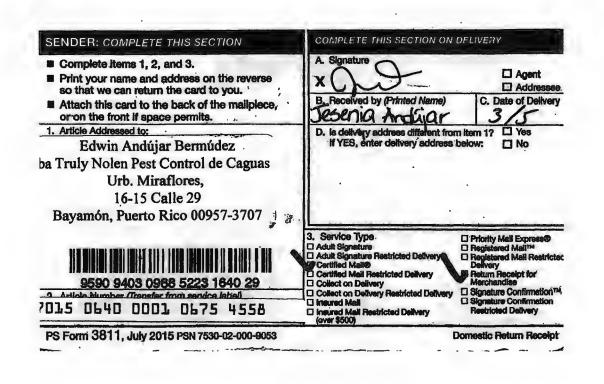
Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29, Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707

I hand-carried the original and a copy of the foregoing Complaint to the office of the Regional Hearing Clerk, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2.

Dated: Merch 1, 2016
New York, New York

your man

Exhibit 2







USPS TRACKING#



7\$70 7403 0768 5223 1640 27

First-Class Mall Postage & Fees Paid USPS Permit No. G-10

United States Postal Service

• Sender: Please print your name, address, and ZIP+4* in this box*

Jeannie M. Yu **Assistant Regional Counsel** Office of Regional Counsel U.S. EPA - Region 2 290 Broadway - 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866



Exhibit 3

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY A. Signature ■ Complete items 1, 2, and 3. ☐ Agent Print your name and address on the reverse ☐ Addressee so that we can return the card to you. B. Received by (Printed Name) C. Date of Delivery Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, EDWIN HADUTAL 3-7-16 or on the front if space permits. 1. Article Addressed to: If YES, enter delivery address below: Edwin Andújar Bermédez ba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00776 Service Type
 Adult Signature
 Adult Signature Restricted Delivery ☐ Priority Mall Express®
☐ Registered Mail™
☐ Registered Mail Restricted Delivery
Return Receipt for Merchandise Certified Mail®
Certified Mail Restricted Delivery
Collect on Delivery
Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery 9590 9403 0968 5223 1640 36 2. Article Number (Transfer from service label) ☐ Signature Confirmation™ ☐ Insured Mail
☐ Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500) ☐ Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery 015 0640 0001 0675 4572 PS Form 3811, July 2015 PSN 7530-02-000-9053 Domestic Return Receipt

USPS TRACKING#



7570 7403 0768 5223 1640 36

First-Class Mail Postage & Fees Paid USPS Permit No. G-10

United States Postal Service

Jeannie M. Yu Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel U.S. EPA - Region 2 290 Broadway - 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866



Exhibit 4

Yu, Jeannie

From:

Yu. Jeannie

Sent:

Monday, March 06, 2017 11:09 AM

To:

Maples, Karen

Subject:

FW: Have you received green cards in the following two matters?

Attachments:

greencard1pobox.pdf; grencard2address.pdf

This is an email sent by naomi regarding Truly Nolan. Under the rules you must receive the green card. Can you check your files again for receipt of these green cards. The green cards were dated 3/5/16 and 3/7/16

From: Yu, Jeannie

Sent: Monday, March 06, 2017 11:01 AM To: Yu, Jeannie < Yu. Jeannie @epa.gov>

Subject: Fw: Have you received green cards in the following two matters?

From: Aber, Bruce

Sent: Wednesday, April 6, 2016 5:34 PM

To: Majette, Yolanda; Shapiro, Naomi; Maples, Karen

Cc: Yu, Jeannie

Subject: Re: Have you received green cards in the following two matters?

Yes. Tower is due tomorrow. Fingers crossed.

From: Majette, Yolanda

Sent: Wednesday, April 6, 2016 4:43 PM **To:** Shapiro, Naomi; Maples, Karen **Cc:** Yu, Jeannie; Aber, Bruce

cc. ru, Jeannie, Aber, bruce

Subject: RE: Have you received green cards in the following two matters?

Jeannie has her green cards and Bruce has his green cards.

From: Shapiro, Naomi

Sent: Wednesday, April 06, 2016 4:34 PM

To: Maples, Karen

Cc: Yu, Jeannie; Aber, Bruce; Majette, Yolanda

Subject: Have you received green cards in the following two matters?

Hi, Karen.

Have you received green cards for the following two matters? The USPS website indicates that the first was delivered on March 4th and the second on March 6th.

Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5302

Wilson J. Torres Rivera and Tower & Son Exterminating Corp. Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5306

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SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY		
■ Complete Items 1, 2, and 3. ■ Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you. ■ Attach this card to the back of the malipiece, or on the front if space permits. 1. Article Addressed to: Edwin Andújar Bermúdez ba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29 Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707	A. Signature X		
9590 9403 0968 5223 1640 29 2 Article Number (Procefor from service letter) 7015 0640 0001 0675 4558	3. Service Type ☐ Adult Signature ☐ Adult Signature Restricted Delivery ☐ Certified Mail® ☐ Certified Mail Restricted Delivery ☐ Collect on Delivery ☐ Collect on Delivery ☐ Insured Mail ☐ Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)		
PS Form 3811, July 2015 PSN 7530-02-000-9053	Domestic Return Receipt		

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USPS TRACKING#



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First-Class Mail Postage & Fees Pald USPS Permit No. G-10

United States Postal Service Sender: Please print your name, address, and ZIP+4^e in this box

Jeannie M. Yu Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel U.S. EPA - Region 2 290 Broadway - 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866



COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION ■ Complete items 1, 2, and 3. ☐ Agent ■ Print your name and address on the reverse ☐ Addressee so that we can return the card to you. C. Date of Delivery Attach this card to the back of the malipiece, EDWIN HADUTAL 3-7-16 or on the front if space permits. D. Is delivery address different from item 1? ☐ Yes If YES, enter delivery address below: ☐ No 1. Article Addressed to: Edwin Andújar Bermúdek lba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00774 3. Service Type ☐ Priority Mail Express®
☐ Registered Mail™ Service type
 Adult Signature
 Adult Signature Restricted Delivery
 Certified Mail®
 Certified Mail Restricted Delivery Hegistered Mail Restricted Delivery
Return Receipt for Merchandise
Signature Confirmation** 9590 9403 0968 5223 1640 36 ☐ Collect on Delivery
☐ Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery 2. Article Number (Transfer from service label) ☐ insured Mall
☐ insured Mall
☐ insured Mall Restricted Delivery
(over \$500) ☐ Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery 015 0640 0001 0675 4572 PS Form 3811, July 2015 PSN 7530-02-000-9053 Domestic Return Receipt

USPS TRACKING#



<u>9590 9403 0968 5223 1640 36</u>

First-Class Mail Postage & Fees Paid USPS Permit No. G-10

United States Postal Service

Jeannie M. Yu Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel U.S. EPA - Region 2 290 Broadway - 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866

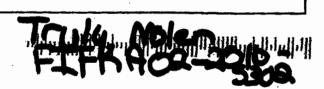




Exhibit 5

Yu, Jeannie

From:

Yu, Jeannie

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 2017 5:44 PM

To:

Yu, Jeannie

Subject:

FW: Mr. Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba as Truly Nolan de Caguas summary of requested

documents

From: Yu, Jeannie

Sent: Thursday, December 10, 2015 10:19 AM **To:** 'Peter Fed' pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com>

Subject: RE: Mr. Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba as Truly Nolan de Caguas summary of requested documents

What is the status of Mr. Edwin Andujar Bermudez's Documents?

Thank you.

Jeannie

From: Peter Fed [mailto:pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, November 20, 2015 6:24 AM **To:** Yu, Jeannie < <u>Yu.Jeannie@epa.gov</u>>

Subject: Re: Mr. Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba as Truly Nolan de Caguas summary of requested documents

I will comply by today as to Our first Client but as to Truly Nollen we need one more week for the first group of documents. Please let me know if you can allow us this period of time until Monday November 30, 2015.

Peter Díaz, Esq. 7879663323 Office 7874143214 Mobile

Sent from my iPhone

On Nov 18, 2015, at 5:40 PM, Yu, Jeannie < Yu. Jeannie @epa.gov > wrote:

Mr. Diaz,

As discussed last Thursday, we would like the same information (with the same deadlines) from Mr. Andujar that my colleague, Bruce Aber, requested for Tower. In addition, we would like to request the following:

-a copy of his franchise agreement with Truly Nolan;

-proof of training from the seminar conducted by the association of exterminators that he attended in 2012. Please contact association for information about the meeting and Mr. Andujar's records of attendance; and

-proof of training from the online great lakes internet training in 2012.

At the meeting Mr. Andujar had copies of his last 3 years of tax records, with attachments, and his franchise agreement. Can you send me copies of those documents as soon as possible so that we can release his tax information to EPA's expert financial contractor, Industrial Economics ("IE"), Incorporated (under GSA Contract # GS-10F-0061N, USEPA Task Order # EP-G15H-01186), located in Cambridge MA. The purpose of release of such financial records to IE is so that it can conduct a financial analysis of Mr. Andujar's ability to pay the penalty amount discussed during the settlement meeting. Please be advised that all released financial records will be maintained as business confidential.

Please confirm receipt of this email.

Regards, Jeannie

From: Yu, Jeannie

Sent: Sunday, November 01, 2015 8:33 PM

To: 'pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com' <pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com> **Subject:** RE: Mr. Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba as Truly Nolan de Caguas

In the Matter of Mr. Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba as Truly Nolan de Caguas

Dear Mr. Diaz;

This email confirms the date and time of our video settlement conference to be held on the above-referenced matter on Thursday, November 12 at 11 a.m (Puerto Rico time) at Environmental Protection Agency, City View Plaza II, Suite 7000, 48 Road 165, Km. 1.2, Guaynabo, PR 00968-8069. Ms. Aarti Reddy, EPA Environmental Engineer, and I will conducting the meeting in USEPA's Region 2 Office in Edison, New Jersey and Ms. Lizette Lugo will be in EPA's Puerto Rico office. Other EPA personnel may also attend the meeting. The local USEPA legal contact is Ms. Carolina Jordan-Garcia and her telephone number is (787) 977-5834.

In our experience, during settlement meetings, Respondents claim an inability to pay the penalty amounts. In order to expedite the process, we request that your client email to us 3 years of tax returns with all attachments prior to or bringing such information to the settlement meeting. Additionally, please provide me a copy of Mr. Andujar's franchise contract/agreement with Truly Nolan.

If you have any questions or need additional information please contact me.

Sincerely,

Jeannie Yu Assistant Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 290 Broadway, 16th Floor New York, New York 10007 (212) 637-3205

Exhibit 6

Yu, Jeannie

From: Yu, Jeannie

Sent: Tuesday, March 01, 2016 3:55 PM **To:** 'pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com'

Subject:Truly Nolen ComplaintAttachments:Truly Nolen Complaint.pdf

Please see attached document.

Jeannie M. Yu Assistant Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 290 Broadway, 16th Floor New York, New York 10007 (212) 637-3205

WAR - 1 2016

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 2 290 BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10007-1866

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00726

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29, Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707

Re: Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas

Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5302

Dear Mr. Andújar:

Enclosed is a copy of the Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing and other documents, in the above-referenced proceeding. This Complaint alleges violations of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), 7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.

You have the right to a formal hearing to contest any of the allegations in the Complaint and/or to contest the penalty proposed in the Complaint.

If you wish to contest the allegations or the penalty proposed in the Complaint, you must file an Answer, within thirty (30) days of your receipt of the enclosed Complaint, to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Hearing Clerk at the following address:

Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 290 Broadway, 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866

If you do not file an Answer within thirty (30) days of receipt of this Complaint and have not obtained a formal extension for filing an Answer from the Regional Judicial Officer, a default order may be entered against you, and a penalty may be assessed without further proceedings.

Whether or not you request a formal hearing, you may request an informal conference with EPA to discuss any issues relating to the alleged violations and the amount of the proposed penalty. EPA encourages all parties against whom it files a Complaint to pursue the possibility of a settlement by participating in an informal conference with EPA. However, a request for an informal conference does not substitute for a written Answer, affect what you may choose to say in a written Answer, or extend the thirty (30) days by which you must file an Answer to request a hearing.

Enclosed are copies of the Consolidated Rules of Practice, which govern this proceeding. For your general information and use, I also have enclosed an Information Sheet for U.S. EPA Small Business Resources which may or may not apply to you.

If you have any questions or wish to schedule an informal settlement conference, please contact the attorney whose name is listed in the Complaint.

Sincerely,

Dore LaPosta, Director

Division of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance

Enclosures

cc: Karen Maples, Regional Hearing Clerk (w/o enclosures)

Peter Diaz, Attorney for Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas 420 Avenida Ponce de León Suite 1001 San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-3491

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 2

In the Matter of

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba : Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas :

COMPLAINT AND NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

Docket No. FIFRA-02-2016-5302

Respondent.

Proceeding Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, and the Clean Air Act, as amended.

This Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing (hereinafter referred to as the "Complaint") is filed pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA"), as amended, 7 U.S.C. § 1361(a); Section 113(d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d) ("CAA"); and in accordance with the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits, 40 C.F.R. Part 22 ("Consolidated Rules of Practice" or "CROP").

The Complainant in this proceeding, the Director of the Division of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 ("EPA"), has been duly delegated the authority to institute this action.

This Complaint serves notice of EPA's preliminary determination that Edwin Andújar Bermúdez (hereinafter referred to as "Respondent") doing business as Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas, from a location at Urb. Miraflores, Block 16-15, Calle 29, Bayamon, Puerto Rico (the "Facility"), has violated provisions of FIFRA and the CAA.

FIFRA Statutory and Regulatory Background

- 1. Section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), defines "person" as any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.
- 2. Section 2(e)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(1), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a) define a "certified applicator" as any individual who is certified under Section 11 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136i, as authorized to use or supervise the use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use.
- 3. Section 2(e)(3) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(3), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a)(9) define a "commercial applicator" as an applicator who uses or supervises the use of any pesticide which is classified for restricted use for any purpose or on any property.
- 4. Section 2(t) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(t), and 40 C.F.R. § 152.5, define a "pest," in part, as any insect.
- 5. Section 2(u) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(u), defines the term "pesticide" as, among other things, "(1) any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling or mitigating any pest."
- 6. Section 2(p)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(1), defines the term "label" as written, printed, or graphic matter on or attached to, the pesticide or device or any of its containers or wrappers.
- 7. Section 2(p)(2) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(2), defines the term "labeling" as all labels and all other written, printed or graphic matter accompanying the pesticide or device at any time, or to which reference is made on the label or in literature accompanying the pesticide.
- 8. Section 2(ee) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(ee), defines the term "to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling" as to use any registered pesticide in a manner not permitted by the labeling.
- 9. Section 12(a)(2)(G) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(G), states that it is unlawful for any person "to use any registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."

CAA Statutory and Regulatory Background

10. Section 602(a) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671a(a), directs the Administrator of EPA to publish a list of class I substances, and to add to that list any other substance that the Administrator finds causes or contributes significantly to harmful effects on the stratospheric ozone layer.

- 11. Section 603 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671b, sets forth monitoring and reporting requirements for producers, importers or exporters of class I controlled substances, and authorizes the EPA Administrator to amend the monitoring and reporting regulations of class I and class II substances.
- 12. Pursuant to the authority in Section 603 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671b, the Administrator of EPA promulgated regulations governing stratospheric ozone depleting substances, which are set forth at 40 C.F.R. Part 82.
- 13. Appendix A to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart A, lists class I controlled substances, and includes methyl bromide (CH3Br) as a class I, Group VI controlled substance.
- 14. Appendix F to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart A, lists ozone-depleting chemicals, and includes methyl bromide (CH3Br).
- 15. The use of methyl bromide, a class I ozone-depleting substance, for quarantine and preshipment purposes is regulated under Section 604(d)(5) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671c (d)(5), and the implementing regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 82.
- 16. Section 604 of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671c, provides for the phase-out of production and consumption of class I substances, with certain exceptions. One exception, set forth at Section 604(d)(5) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7671c(d)(5), provides that, to the extent consistent with the Montreal Protocol's quarantine and preshipment provisions, the EPA Administrator shall exempt from the phase-out the production, importation, and consumption of methyl bromide to fumigate commodities entering or leaving the United States or any State for purposes of compliance with Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (U.S. Department of Agriculture) requirements or other international, Federal, State or local food protection standards.
- 17. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.3, "quarantine applications" are, with respect to class I, Group VI controlled substances, treatments to prevent the introduction, establishment and/or spread of quarantine pests (including diseases), or to ensure their official control, where: (1) official control is that performed by, or authorized by, a national (including state, tribal or local) plant, animal or environmental protection or health authority; (2) quarantine pests are pests of potential importance to the areas endangered thereby and not yet present there, or present but not widely distributed and being officially controlled.
- 18. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.3, "preshipment applications" are, with respect to class I, Group VI controlled substances, those non-quarantine applications applied within 21 days prior to export to meet the official requirements of the importing country or existing official requirements of the exporting country. Official requirements are those which are performed by, or authorized by, a national plant, animal, environmental, health or stored product authority.

- 19. Section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e), and 40 C.F.R. § 82.3 define "person" as any individual or legal entity, including an individual, corporation, partnership, association, state, municipality, political subdivision of a state, Indian tribe; any agency, department, or instrumentality of the United States; and any officer, agent, or employee thereof.
- 20. 40 C.F.R. § 82.3 defines "applicator" as the person who applies methyl bromide.
- 21. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.3, "distributor of methyl bromide" means the person directly selling a class I, Group VI controlled substance to an applicator.
- 22. Section 113(d)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1), limits the Administrator's authority to matters where the total penalty sought does not exceed \$37,500 (the amount as adjusted by 40 C.F.R. § 19.4), and the first alleged date of violation occurred no more than 12 months prior to the initiation of administrative action, except where the Administrator and the Attorney General of the United States jointly determine that the matter involving a larger penalty amount or longer period of violations is appropriate for the administrative penalty action.
- 23. The Administrator and the Attorney General of the United States, each through their respective delegates, have determined jointly that an administrative penalty action is appropriate for the period of violation alleged in this Complaint.

Background

- 24. Methyl Bromide is the active ingredient in certain restricted use pesticides regulated under FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq.
- 25. Meth-O-Gas Q, EPA Reg. No. 5785-41 ("MethQ"), is a pesticide registered pursuant to FIFRA § 3.
- 26. MethQ's active ingredient is 100% methyl bromide.
- 27. The MethQ label (MOGQ-8 REV.C) (the "Label") and MethQ booklet (MOGQ-2 REV.GLK398F) (the "Booklet") (collectively the "MethQ labeling") set forth precautionary statements and specific directions regarding use, storage, handling, sale and disposal of MethQ.
- 28. M & P Pest Control, Inc. (hereinafter "M & P"), located at 1332 Ave. Jesus T. Pinero, San Juan, Puerto Rico, has been a distributor of pesticides at all times pertinent to this Complaint.
- 29. M & P Pest Control is a "distributor of methyl bromide" as that term is defined by 40 C.F.R. § 82.3.

- 30. Acting under the authority and pursuant to the provisions of Section 9(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136g(a), duly-authorized Puerto Rico Department of Agriculture ("PRDA") and EPA Inspectors conducted inspections of M & P on the following dates: March 25-26, 2015, March 31, 2015, April 8, 2015, April 16, 2015, April 17, 2015, April 22, 2015, May 13, 2015, May 20, 2015, and October 19, 2015 (collectively, the "M & P Inspections").
- 31. At the M & P Inspections, the inspectors collected records and statements, including records and statements regarding Respondent's purchases of MethQ during the period September 2013 through February 2015.
- 32. During the March 26, 2015 M & P Inspection, representatives of M & P provided the inspectors with a copy of the MethQ Labeling, described in Paragraph 27, above, which M & P provided with the sale of every MethQ canister.
- 33. On May 26, 2015, acting under the authority and pursuant to the provisions of Section 8(b) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136f(b), and of Section 114a of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7414, EPA sent M & P an Information Request Letter ("IRL") requesting information and records regarding the import, distribution, and application of Methyl Bromide.
- 34. The IRL specifically requested, along with other reporting and recordkeeping documents, that M & P provide copies of certifications that M & P received from applicators stating that the quantity of methyl bromide ordered would be used solely for quarantine or preshipment applications as required by 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(y)(2).
- 35. On July 17, 2015, M & P provided a response (the "M & P Response") to EPA's IRL.
- 36. In the M & P Response, M & P stated, as a response to the portion of the IRL discussed in Paragraph 34, that "We don't have any these (sic) documents."
- 37. In the M & P Response, M & P provided EPA with a copy of the MethQ Booklet, described in Paragraph 27, above, which M & P further asserted that it distributed with the sale of every MethQ canister.
- 38. M & P sold or otherwise distributed MethQ to Respondent between September 2013 and February 2015.
- 39. Upon information and belief, the MethQ canisters M & P sold Respondent bore the MethQ Labeling described in Paragraph 27, above.
- 40. During the October 19, 2015 Inspection, Mr. Michael Pantoja, the president of M & P stated that "no applicator gave any QPS documentation to M & P."

- 41. Acting under the authority and pursuant to the provisions of Section 9(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136g(a), duly-authorized EPA and PRDA Inspectors inspected Respondent's Facility, on April 15, 2015 and on May 14, 2015 ("April Inspection" and "May Inspection" respectively, or collectively, the "TN Inspections").
- 42. During the TN Inspections, the inspectors provided a Notice of Pesticides Use/Misuse Inspection form to Respondent which identified the reason for each of the Inspections and the violations suspected.
- 43. During the April Inspection, the inspectors collected ten (10) pesticide application records documenting Respondent's use of MethQ, for which they issued a Receipt for Samples document.
- 44. During the April Inspection, the inspectors requested that the Respondent provide all records in his possession related to the purchase and use of methyl bromide.
- 45. Respondent did not provide EPA with the records from each commodity owner requesting the quarantine and preshipment use of Methyl Bromide and citing legal justification for such use.
- 46. During the April Inspection, Respondent made the following statements regarding the MethQ applications to the inspectors:
 - a. that he performed all MethQ applications without the supervision of a regulatory agent;
 - b. that he did not have a direct reading device to measure the air concentration levels of methyl bromide (MethQ) during applications;
 - c. that he did not have and/or did not own a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for use during the MethQ applications; and
 - d. that he purchased the MethO he applied from M & P.
- 47. During the May Inspection, the inspectors collected five (5) additional pesticide application records documenting Respondent's use of MethQ, for which they issued a Receipt for Samples document.

FIFRA Liability

Counts 1-55

Use of a Registered Pesticide in a Manner Inconsistent with its Label (Applications)

48. Complainant realleges each allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 47, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.

- 49. Respondent has been, and continues to be, a "person" as defined by FIFRA § 2(s), 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), and as such is subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 50. Respondent engages, and at all times pertinent to this Complaint has engaged, in commercial activities providing pest control services using pesticides.
- 51. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, a "certified applicator" within the meaning of Section 2(e)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(1), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a)(8).
- 52. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, a "commercial applicator" within the meaning of Section 2(e)(3) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(e)(3), and 40 C.F.R. § 171.2(a)(9).
- 53. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 54. The following statements are clearly displayed on the MethQ Label received by Respondent and referenced in Paragraphs 27, 32, 37, and 39, above:
 - a. At the top of the label and in all bolded capital letters:

 "COMMODITY FUMIGANT

 FOR QUARANTINE/REGULATORY USE ONLY
 SUPERVISION BY REGULATORY AGENT REQUIRED."
 - b. "The acceptable air concentration level for persons exposed to methyl bromide is 5ppm (20 mg/m3). The air concentration level is measured by a direct reading detection device, such as a Matheson-Kitaghawa, Draeger, or Sensidyne."
 - c. "Do not allow entry into the treated area by any person before this time, unless protective clothing and a respiratory protection device (NIOSH/MSHA approved selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or combination air-supplied/SCBA respirator) is worn."
 - d. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) ... "Applicators and other handlers must wear: ... Full-face or safety glasses with brow and temple shields (Do NOT wear goggles) ... When the acceptable air concentration level is above 5 ppm and a respirator is required, protect the eyes by wearing a full-face respirator. No respirator is required if the air concentration level of methyl bromide in the working area is measured to be 5 ppm or less. A respirator is required if the acceptable air concentration level of 5 ppm is exceeded at any time. The respirator must be one of the following type: (a) a supplied-air respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-19C) OR (b) a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-13F)."

- e. "It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."
- f. "This furnigant is a highly hazardous material ... Before using, read and follow all label precautions and directions."
- g. "All persons working with this fumigant must be knowledgeable about the hazards, and trained in the use of required respiratory protection equipment and detector devices, emergency procedures, and proper use of the fumigant."
- in. "MethQ may be used for quarantine/regulatory commodity fumigation only. Supervision by regulatory agent is required."
- i. "You must carefully read and understand the accompanying use direction, GLK 398F [Booklet], in order to use MethQ."
- j. "Observe all safety and precautionary statements as set forth in the accompanying use directions, GLK398F [Booklet]."
- 55. The directions for use in the MethQ Booklet GLK398F include:
 - a. On page 1, in large bold letters –

 "METHO-O-GAS ®Q

 COMMODITY FUMIGANT

 FOR QUARANTINE/REGULATORY USE ONLY
 SUPERVISION BY REGULATORY AGENT REQUIRED".
 - b. "READ THIS BOOKLET AND ENTIRE LABEL CAREFULLY PRIOR TO USE. USE THIS PRODUCT ACCORDING TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS."
 - c. Same as 54(b) above
 - d. Same as 54(c) above
 - e. Same as 54(d) above.
 - f. Same as 54(e) above.
 - g. Same as 54(f) above.
 - h. Same as 54(g) above.
 - i. "This is a limited use label for quarantine/regulatory purposes and is to be used by or under the supervision of a State or Federal agency."

- 56. The MethQ Labeling specifies permitted application sites, crops, and pests.
- 57. The MethQ Labeling does not allow dwellings (e.g., residences) or structures not used for the commercial storage or handling of commodities as application sites.
- 58. Respondent applied MethQ bearing the MethQ Labeling referenced in Paragraphs 27, 32, 37, and 39, above, and containing the statements set out in Paragraphs 54 and 55, above, at the following dates, times, and locations:

	Date	Location	Treatment Site/ Type of Structure	Invoice Number
1	02/26/2015	Agua Buena, PR	Residence/Closet	6832
2	02/20/2015	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Kitchen	6830
3	02/11/2015	Guaynabo, PR	Residence/Bedroom	6083
4	02/06/2015	San Juan, PR	Residence/Kitchen	6082
5	12/05/2014	Caguas, PR	Residence/Kitchen	Illegible
6	11/30/2014	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Bedroom	6690
7	09/26/2014	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Kitchen	6596
8	09/19/2014	Illegible	Residence/Kitchen	6585
9	09/10/2014	Caguas, PR	Door/Museum	6568
10	04/07/2014	Bayamon, PR	Residence/Furniture	6308
11	11/22/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Kitchen	053388
12	10/25/2013	Bayamon, PR	Wood Package	053375
13	10/11/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Wagon	053330
14	09/27/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Wood Panels	053322
15	09/13/2013*	Bayamon, PR	Kitchen	053271

- 59. During the May Inspection, Respondent indicated that the asterisked applications (invoices 11, 13, 14, and 15) memorialized in the previous Paragraph were performed inside of a freight car.
- 60. The "residences" identified in nine (9) of the applications listed in the table in Paragraph 58, above, are not application sites specified in the MethQ Labeling.
- 61. The museum identified in one of the applications listed in the table in Paragraph 58, above, is not an application site specified in the MethQ Labeling.
- 62. Respondent conducted applications of MethQ at ten (10) application sites, set out in the table in Paragraph 58 above, which were not specified in the MethQ Labeling.
- 63. None of the fifteen (15) MethQ applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58 above, was supervised by a regulatory agent.

- 64. For each of the fifteen (15) applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58, Respondent failed to use the following PPE:
 - a. SCBA, and
 - b. Full face or safety glasses with brow and temple shields.
- 65. For each of the fifteen (15) applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58, above, Respondent failed to use a direct reading device.
- 66. Each of Respondent's failures to comply with a specific requirement of the MethQ Label, as described in Paragraphs 50 to 55, above, constitutes a separate use of a registered pesticide in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, in violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G).
- 67. In the course of the fifteen (15) MethQ applications set out in the table in Paragraph 58, above, Respondent committed 55 separate violations of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G), specifically consisting of:
 - a. 10 applications to a site not specified in the MethQ Labeling;
 - b. 15 applications not supervised by a regulatory agent as required by the MethQ Labeling;
 - c. 15 applications without the PPE required by the MethQ Labeling; and
 - d. 15 applications without a direct detection device required by the MethQ Labeling.
- 68. Each of Respondent's fifty-five (55) failures to comply with specific requirements of the MethQ Label is a violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G), for which a penalty may be assessed pursuant to FIFRA.

CAA Liability

Count 56 Failure to Comply With CAA Recordkeeping Requirements

- 69. Complainant realleges each allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 68, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 70. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, a "person," as that term is defined by Section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).
- 71. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, an "applicator" of methyl bromide within the meaning of 40 C.F.R. § 82.3.

- 72. Respondent is, and has been at all times pertinent to this Complaint, subject to the CAA and the regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 82 promulgated thereunder.
- 73. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(1), applicators of methyl bromide produced or imported solely for quarantine and/or preshipment ("QPS") applications must maintain, for three years, for every application, a document from the commodity owner, shipper or their agent, requesting the use of methyl bromide for QPS applications and citing the regulatory requirement that justifies its use.
- 74. Respondent failed to maintain the document described in the previous paragraph for any of the following fifteen (15) applications:

	Date	Location	Invoice Number
1	02/26/2015	Agua Buena, PR	6832
2	02/20/2015	Bayamon, PR	6830
3	02/11/2015	Guaynabo, PR	6083
4	02/06/2015	San Juan, PR	6082
5	12/05/2014	Caguas, PR	Illegible
6	11/30/2014	Bayamon, PR	6690
7	09/26/2014	Bayamon, PR	6596
8	09/19/2014	Illegible	6585
9	09/10/2014	Caguas, PR	6568
10	04/07/2014	Bayamon, PR	6308
11	11/22/2013	Bayamon, PR	053388
12	10/25/2013	Bayamon, PR	053375
13	10/11/2013	Bayamon, PR	053330
14	09/27/2013	Bayamon, PR	053322
15	09/13/2013	Bayamon, PR	053271

75. Respondent's failure to comply with the recordkeeping requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(1) for the period September 13, 2013 to February 26, 2015 constitutes a violation of the CAA, for which a civil penalty may be assessed under Section 113(d)(1)(B), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1)(B).

Count 57 Failure to Comply With CAA Reporting Requirements

76. Complainant realleges each allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 75, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.

- 77. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(2), every applicator that purchases methyl bromide that was produced or imported solely for QPS applications shall provide to the distributors from whom they purchase, prior to shipment, a certification that the methyl bromide will be used only for QPS applications.
- 78. Respondent purchased MethQ from M & P on the following 2 dates:

	Invoice Number	Date	Unit Purchased	Amount Purchased
1	203423	05/27/2013	1	50 lb.
2	208728	09/09/2014	1	50 lb.

- 79. As a result of the M & P Inspections, EPA determined that M & P did not receive certifications from Respondent stating that the methyl bromide purchased would be used only for QPS applications.
- 80. From May 27, 2013 to September 9, 2014, Respondent purchased methyl bromide from M & P without providing, prior to shipment, a certification that the MethQ purchased would be used only for QPS applications.
- 81. Respondent's failure to comply with the reporting requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(2) from May 27, 2013 through September 9, 2014 constitutes a violation of the CAA, for which a civil penalty may be assessed under Section 113(d)(1)(B) 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d)(1)(B).

PROPOSED CIVIL PENALTY

Complainant proposes at this time that Respondent be assessed the statutory maximum penalties authorized by FIFRA and the CAA. After an exchange of information has occurred, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19, Complainant will file a document with a specific proposed penalty and an explanation of how the proposed penalty was calculated in accordance with the criteria in FIFRA and the CAA. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.14(a)(4)(ii), the text below provides the number of violations for which a penalty is sought, a brief explanation of the severity of each violation alleged and a recitation of the relevant statutory penalty authority of FIFRA and the CAA. Complainant intends to seek penalties for each violation alleged in each Count.

FIFRA VIOLATIONS

EPA's FIFRA Penalty Authority and Overview of FIFRA Enforcement Response Policy

Pursuant to Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a), as amended, Complainant proposes the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$7,500 per day against Respondent for each of the applicable violations of FIFRA alleged in this Complaint.

For the FIFRA violations alleged above, the proposed civil penalty will be determined in accordance with Section 14(a) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a), as amended, which authorizes the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$7,500 for each violation of "any provision of" subchapter II of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136-136y. (Pursuant to the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 ("DCIA"), and the Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rules, 61 Fed. Reg. 69360 (December 31, 1996), 69 Fed. Reg. 7121 (February 13, 2004), and 73 Fed Reg. 75345 (December 11, 2008) (collectively, "Inflation Rules"), as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, the statutory maximum assessment per violation was raised to \$7,500 for violations occurring after January 12, 2009.)

For purposes of determining the amount of any penalty to be assessed, Section 14 of FIFRA requires that EPA "shall consider the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the person charged, the effect on the person's ability to continue in business, and the gravity of the violation" (Section 14(a)(4) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136l(a)(4)).

In developing the proposed penalty for the violations alleged in this Complaint, Complainant will take into account the particular facts and circumstances of this case, to the extent known at the time, and use EPA's "FIFRA Enforcement Response Policy [for] The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act," dated December 2009 (hereinafter referred to as the "ERP"). This guidance policy provides rational, consistent and equitable calculation methodologies for applying the statutory penalty criteria enumerated above to particular cases to develop a gravity-based penalty for each violation. A copy of the ERP is available upon request or may be obtained from the Internet at this address: http://www.epa.gov/enforcement/fifra-enforcement-response-policy.

Complainant may adjust each gravity-based penalty upward or downward based upon the violator-specific and environmental sensitivity adjustment factors described in the ERP. In addition, Complainant may add a component to reflect any economic benefit gained by Respondent for failing to comply with the regulatory requirement. Complainant will also consider, if raised, Respondent's ability to pay a civil penalty. The burden of raising and demonstrating an inability to pay rests with Respondent.

As a basis for calculating a specific penalty pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19(a)(4), Complainant will consider, among other factors, facts and circumstances unknown to Complainant at the time of issuance of this Complaint that become known after the Complaint is issued.

Counts 1-55 – Use of a Registered Pesticide in a Manner Inconsistent with its Label, in violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G), 7 U.S.C. § 136j (a)(2)(G).

For each type of violation associated with a particular product, the penalty amount is determined under the seven-step process in the ERP that considers the Section 14(a)(4) criteria. These steps using the tables and Appendixes in the ERP are as follows:

- (1) Number of independently assessable violations: The Agency considers each failure of an applicator to follow a distinct label requirement to be an independently assessable violation of FIFRA § 12(a)(2)(G). The number of violations and days of violations are set out in Counts 1-55, above. Each of these independent violations of FIFRA is subject to civil penalties up to the statutory maximum.
- (2) Size of business category for the violator: In order to provide equitable penalties, civil penalties assessed for violations of FIFRA generally increase as the size of the Respondent increases.
- (3) Gravity of the violation for each independently assessable violation: The level assigned to each violation of FIFRA represents an assessment of the relative severity of each violation. The relative severity of each violation considers the actual or potential harm to human health and the environment which could result from the violation and the importance of the requirement to achieving the goals of the statute. MethQ is a highly toxic restricted use pesticide. In conducting each of the fifteen applications described herein, Respondent deviated substantially and in multiple ways from the requirements of the MethQ labeling, endangering himself, his customers, potentially others, and the environment.
- (4) "Base" penalty amount associated with the size of business and the gravity of violation for each independently assessable violation: The size of business categories and gravity levels are broken out in the ERP Penalty Matrices. FIFRA imposes different statutory ceilings on the maximum civil penalty that may be assessed against persons listed in FIFRA § 14(a)(1) and persons listed in Section 14(a)(2), and the ERP sets out separate penalty matrices for each. As a certified applicator, Respondent is a FIFRA § 14(a)(1) business.
- (5) "Adjusted" penalty amount based on case-specific factors using the gravity adjustment criteria: The Agency has assigned adjustments, for each violation relative to the specific characteristics of the pesticide involved, the harm to human health and/or harm to the environment, compliance history of the violator, and the culpability of the violator. The gravity adjustment values from each gravity category listed in Appendix B of the ERP are to be totaled. Once this base penalty amount is calculated, it is to be rounded to the nearest \$100.
- (6) Economic benefit of noncompliance: An economic benefit component should be calculated and added to the gravity-based penalty component when a violation results in "significant" economic benefit to the violator. "Significant" is defined as an economic benefit that totals more than \$10,000 for all FIFRA violations alleged in the complaint.

(7) Violator's ability to continue in business: FIFRA § 14(a)(4) requires the Agency to consider the effect of the penalty on a respondent's ability to continue in business when determining the amount of the civil penalty.

In instances where the Agency obtains records which evidence multiple applications, sales or distributions for the same violations, the Region may apply a "graduated" penalty calculation.

CAA VIOLATIONS

EPA's CAA Penalty Authority and Overview of CAA General Policy

Section 113(d) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d), provides that the Administrator may assess a civil administrative penalty of up to \$25,000 per day for each violation of the CAA. As previously noted, the DCIA requires EPA periodically to adjust its civil monetary penalties for inflation. Pursuant to the DCIA, EPA adopted regulations entitled Civil Monetary Penalties Inflation Adjustment Rule which are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19 ("Part 19"). The maximum civil penalty per day for each violation that occurred from January 12, 2009 until now is \$37,500.

In determining the amount of penalty to be assessed, Section 113(e) of the CAA requires that the Administrator consider the size of the business, the economic impact of the penalty on the business, the violator's full compliance history and good faith efforts to comply, the duration of the violation as established by any credible evidence, the payment by the violator of penalties previously assessed for the same violation, the economic benefit of noncompliance, the seriousness of the violation, and other factors as justice may require.

In calculating a specific penalty pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.19(a)(4), Complainant will consider, among other factors, facts and circumstances unknown to Complainant at the time of issuance of the Complaint that become known after the Complaint is issued.

Pursuant to Section 113(d) of CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7413(d), as amended, Complainant proposes the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$37,500 per day against the Respondent for each of the applicable violations alleged in this Complaint.

The violations alleged in Counts 56 and 57 would result in the Respondent being liable for the assessment of administrative penalties pursuant to Section 113(d) of the CAA. The proposed penalty will be prepared in accordance with the criteria in Section 113(e) of the CAA, and in accordance with the guidelines set forth in EPA's Clean Air Act Stationary Source Civil Penalty Policy, as amended (General Policy). EPA's General Policy reflects EPA's application of the factors set forth in Section 113(e) of the Act and provides guidance on how EPA is to calculate penalties for the CAA. The policy indicates that EPA should propose a penalty consisting of an economic benefit component and a gravity component. The economic benefit component is the economic benefit the violator gained as a result of the violation. The gravity component, in turn, consists of elements based on the actual or potential harm caused by the violation, the

significance of the regulation in question to the regulatory scheme, the sensitivity of the environment and the size of the violator.

Economic benefit: The General Policy provides the Region the discretion not to seek economic benefit where the benefit derived from the CAA violations is less than \$5,000.

Gravity: The General Policy also indicates that the Region should recover penalties that reflect the "seriousness" of the violation in a gravity component. In measuring the seriousness of these violations, the Region may consider the importance to the regulatory scheme, the duration of the violation, and the size of the violator.

Size of the violator: In order to provide equitable penalties, civil penalties assessed for violations of the CAA will generally increase as the size of the business increases.

Count 56 - Recordkeeping—Failure to maintain records from commodity owner requesting use of QPS Methyl Bromide and citing legal justification for such use for 3 years, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(1).

Gravity: Respondent's failure to create and maintain records as required by 40 C.F.R. Part 82 contravened the essence of the regulatory scheme.

Importance to regulatory scheme: The Respondent, by failing to keep the required record, deviated substantially from the regulation. Recordkeeping allows regulatory agencies to confirm that QPS methyl bromide is being used properly.

Duration of violation: The violation period reflects the total number of days between the first date of a methyl bromide application for which no record was kept through the last date of such an application.

Count 57 - Reporting—Failure to provide certifications to distributor, prior to shipment of QPS methyl bromide, that methyl bromide will only be used for QPS applications, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 82.13(z)(2).

Gravity: Respondent's failure to provide the required certifications for MethQ contravened the regulatory scheme.

Importance to regulatory scheme: The Respondent, by failing to submit a required certification, deviated substantially from the regulation. Certification requirements help distributors report to EPA that QPS methyl bromide is being sold for QPS purpose.

Duration of violation: The violation period reflects the total number of days between the first date of a methyl bromide purchase for which no certification was provided to the distributor through the last date of such a purchase.

PROCEDURES GOVERNING THIS ADMINISTRATIVE LITIGATION

The rules of procedure governing this civil administrative litigation were originally set forth in 64 Fed. Reg. 40138 (July 23, 1999), entitled, "CONSOLIDATED RULES OF PRACTICE GOVERNING THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENTS OF CIVIL PENALTIES, ISSUANCE OF COMPLIANCE OR CORRECTIVE ACTION ORDERS, AND THE REVOCATION, TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF PERMITS", and are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22. A copy of these rules accompanies the Complaint.

A. Answering the Complaint

Where Respondent intends to contest any material fact upon which the Complaint is based, to contend that the proposed penalty and/or the Compliance Order is inappropriate or to contend that Respondent is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, Respondent must file with the Regional Hearing Clerk of EPA, Region 2, both an original and one copy of a written answer to the Complaint, and such Answer must be filed within 30 days after service of the Complaint. 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.15(a) and 22.7(c). The address of the Regional Hearing Clerk of EPA, Region 2, is:

Regional Hearing Clerk
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2
290 Broadway, 16th floor
New York, New York 10007-1866

(NOTE: Any documents that are filed after the Answer has been filed should be filed as specified in "D" below.)

Respondent shall also then serve one copy of the Answer to the Complaint upon Complainant and any other party to the action. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a).

Respondent's Answer to the Complaint must clearly and directly admit, deny, or explain each of the factual allegations that are contained in the Complaint and with regard to which Respondent has any knowledge. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b). Where Respondent lacks knowledge of a particular factual allegation and so states in its Answer, the allegation is deemed denied. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b).

The Answer shall also set forth: (1) the circumstances or arguments that are alleged to constitute the grounds of defense, (2) the facts that Respondent disputes (and thus intends to place at issue in the proceeding) and (3) whether Respondent requests a hearing, 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b).

Respondent's failure affirmatively to raise in the Answer facts that constitute or that might constitute the grounds of their defense may preclude Respondent, at a subsequent stage in this proceeding, from raising such facts and/or from having such facts admitted into evidence at a hearing.

B. Opportunity to Request a Hearing

If requested by Respondent in its Answer, a hearing upon the issues raised by the Complaint and Answer may be held (40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c)). If, however, Respondent does not request a hearing, the Presiding Officer (as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 22.3) may hold a hearing if the Answer raises issues appropriate for adjudication (40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c)).

Any hearing in this proceeding will be held at a location determined in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.35(b). A hearing of this matter will be conducted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA"), 5 U.S.C. §§ 551-59, and the procedures set forth in Subpart D of 40 C.F.R. Part 22.

C. Failure to Answer

If Respondent fails in its Answer to admit, deny, or explain any material factual allegation contained in the Complaint, such failure constitutes an admission of the allegation. 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(d). If Respondent fails to file a timely [i.e. in accordance with the 30-day period set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a)] Answer to the Complaint, Respondent may be found in default upon motion. 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(a). Default by Respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending

proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the Complaint and a waiver of Respondent's right to contest such factual allegations. 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(a). Following a default by Respondent for a failure to timely file an Answer to the Complaint, any order issued therefore shall be issued pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(c).

Any penalty assessed in the default order shall become due and payable by Respondent without further proceedings 30 days after the default order becomes final pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c). 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(d). If necessary, EPA may then seek to enforce such final order of default against Respondent, and to collect the assessed penalty amount, in federal court or through other appropriate means. Any default order requiring compliance action shall be effective and enforceable against Respondent without further proceedings on the date the default order becomes final under 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c). 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(d).

D. Filing of Documents Filed After the Answer

Unless otherwise ordered by the Presiding Officer for this proceeding, all documents filed after Respondent has filed an Answer should be filed with the Headquarters Hearing Clerk acting on behalf of the Regional Hearing Clerk, addressed as follows:

If filing by the United States Postal Service:

Sybil Anderson
Headquarters Hearing Clerk
Office of the Administrative Law Judges
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Mail Code 1900R
Washington, D.C. 20460

If filing by UPS, FedEx, DHL or other courier or personal delivery, address to:

Sybil Anderson
Headquarters Hearing Clerk
Office of the Administrative Law Judges
Ronald Reagan Building, Room M1200
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

E. Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies

Where Respondent fails to appeal an adverse initial decision to the Agency's Environmental Appeals Board ("EAB") (see 40 C.F.R. § 1.25(e)), pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.30, that initial decision thereby becomes a final order pursuant to the terms of 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c), Respondent waives its right to judicial review. 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(d).

To appeal an initial decision to the EAB, Respondent must do so "[w]thin thirty (30) days after the initial decision is served." 40 C.F.R. § 22.30(a). Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.7(c), where service is effected by mail, "five days shall be added to the time allowed by these rules for the filing of a responsive pleading or document." Note that the 45-day period provided for in 40 C.F.R. § 22.27(c) [discussing when an initial decision becomes a final order] does not pertain to or extend the time period prescribed in 40 C.F.R. § 22.30(a) for a party to file an appeal to the EAB of an adverse initial decision.

INFORMAL SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

Whether or not Respondent requests a formal hearing, EPA encourages settlement of this proceeding consistent with the provisions of the Act and its applicable regulations. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b). At an informal conference with a representative(s) of Complainant, Respondent may comment on the charges made in the Complaint, and Respondent may also provide whatever additional information that it believes is relevant to the disposition of this matter, including: (1) actions Respondent has taken to correct any or all of the violations herein alleged, (2) any information relevant to Complainant's calculation of the proposed penalty, (3) the effect the

proposed penalty would have on Respondent's ability to continue in business and/or (4) any other special facts or circumstances Respondent wishes to raise.

Complainant has the authority to modify the amount of the proposed penalty, where appropriate, to reflect any settlement agreement reached with Respondent, to reflect any relevant information previously not known to Complainant, or to dismiss any or all of the charges, if Respondent can demonstrate that the relevant allegations are without merit and that no cause of action as herein alleged exists. Respondent is referred to 40 C.F.R. § 22.18.

Any request for an informal conference or any questions that Respondent may have regarding this complaint should be directed to:

Jeannie M. Yu, Esq.
Assistant Regional Counsel
Office of Regional Counsel
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2
290 Broadway, Room 1635
New York, New York 10007-1866
212-637-3205

The parties may engage in settlement discussions irrespective of whether Respondent has requested a hearing 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(1). Respondent's requesting a formal hearing does not prevent it from also requesting an informal settlement conference; the informal conference procedure may be pursued simultaneously with the formal adjudicatory hearing procedure. A request for an informal settlement conference constitutes neither an admission nor a denial of any of the matters alleged in the Complaint. Complainant does not deem a request for an informal settlement conference as a request for a hearing as specified in 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c).

A request for an informal settlement conference does not affect Respondent's obligation to file a timely Answer to the Complaint pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §22.15. No penalty reduction, however, will be made simply because an informal settlement conference is held.

Any settlement that may be reached as a result of an informal settlement conference will be embodied in a written consent agreement. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2). In accepting the consent agreement, Respondent waives its right to contest the allegations in the Complaint and waive its right to appeal the final order that is to accompany the consent agreement. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2). To conclude the proceeding, a final order ratifying the parties' agreement to settle will be executed. 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(3).

Respondent's entering into a settlement through the signing of such Consent Agreement and its complying with the terms and conditions set forth in such Consent Agreement terminate this administrative litigation and the civil proceedings arising out of the allegations made in the complaint. Respondent's entering into a settlement does not extinguish, waive, satisfy or

otherwise affect its obligation and responsibility to comply with all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, and to maintain such compliance.

RESOLUTION OF THIS PROCEEDING WITHOUT HEARING OR CONFERENCE

If, instead of filing an Answer, Respondent wishes not to contest the Complaint and wants to pay the penalty within thirty (30) days after receipt of the Complaint, Respondent should promptly contact the Assistant Regional Counsel identified on the previous page.

COMPLAINANT:

OlaNU Dore LaPosta, Director Division of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance

U.S. EPA, Region 2

Dated: 3/1/16 New York, New York

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that I have this day caused to be mailed a copy of the foregoing Complaint, bearing docket number FIFRA-02-2016-5302 and a copy of the Consolidated Rules of Practice, 40 C.F.R. Part 22, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to:

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00726

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29, Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707

I hand-carried the original and a copy of the foregoing Complaint to the office of the Regional Hearing Clerk, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2.

Dated: Moreh 1, 2016
New York, New York

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PART 22—CONSOLIDATED RULES
OF PRACTICE GOVERNING THE
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENT OF
CIVIL PENALTIES AND THE REVOCATION/TERMINATION OR SUS-PENSION OF PERMITS

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M Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Air Act.

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giolde, and second 23.6 [Reserved] 22.6 [Reserved] 22.7 Supplemental rules governing administrative proceedings under the Solid Waste Disposal Act.

Waste Disposal Act.
23.98 Supplemental rules of practice governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Water

22.26 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil pen-alties under section 100 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended.

22.40 [Reserved]

of inserved)

If Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under Title II of the Toxic Substance Control Act, enacted as section 2 of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA).

sponse Act (AHBERA).

24.3 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil pensities for violations of compilance orders issued to owners or operators of public water systems under park B of the Safa Drinking Water Act.

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24.4 Supplemental rules of practice governing tries of practice governing the safa Drinking Water Act.

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244 Supplemental rules of practice governing the termination of permits under section 42(a) of the Olean Water Act or under section 302(a) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

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AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 186(1); 15 U.S.C. 2615; 33 U.S.C. 1819, 1242, 1961, 1415 and 1418; 42 U.S.C. 2002-6(g), 6613, 6625, 6626, 6614 and 66234; 42 U.S.C. 7413(d), 7534(d), 7545(d), 7547, 7601 and 7607(a), 9609, and 11045.

SOURCE: 64 FR 40176, July 23, 1999, unless

Subpart A—General

§ 22.1 Scope of this part.

(a) These Consolidated Rules of Practice govern all administrative adjudicatory proceedings for:

(1) The assessment of any administrative civil penalty under section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended (? U.S.C. 136l(a));

(2) The assessment of any administrative civil penalty under sections 113(d), 205(o), 211(d) and 218(d) of the

Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7418(d), 7624(c), 7545(d) and 7547(d));
(3) The assessment of any administrative civil penalty or for the revocation or suspension of any permit under section 106(a) and (f) of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act as amended (38 U.S.C. 1415(a) and (f));

(4) The issuance of a compliance order or the issuance of a corrective action order, the termination of a permit pursuant to section 2006(a)(8), th panalon or revocation of authority to pension of revocation of authority to operate pursuant to section 3005(e), or the assessment of any civil penalty under sections 3008, 9006, and 11005 of the Solid Weste Disposal Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6935(d), 6925(e), 6925, 0001a and 6005(d) 6991e, and 6992d)), except as provided in part 24 of this chapter;

(5) The assessment of any administrative civil penalty under sections 16(a) and 207 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2515(a) and 2647);

(6) The assessment of any Class II penalty under sections 309(g) and 311(b)(6), or termination of any permit ued pursuant to section 402(a) of the

ended (33 U.S.C. 42(a));

f any adminisider section 109 Environmental n. and Liability (42 U.S.C. 9609): if any adminisider section 325 ining and Com-Act of 1986 (045):

of any adminisunder sections d 1447(b) of the act as amended), 300h-2(c), and ice of any order nos and the asnlatrative civil 423(o);

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122.5 Definitions.

(a) The following definitions apply to these Consolidated Rules of Practice:

Act means the particular statute au-thorising the proceeding at issue.

Administrative Law Judge means an Administrative Law Judge appointed

under 5 U.S.C. 3105.

Administrator means the Adminis-trator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or his delegate.

Agency means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Business confidentiality claim means a

confidentiality claim as defined in 40 CFR 2.201(h).

Clerk of the Board means the Clerk of the Environmental Appeals Board, Mail Code 1103B, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.

Commenter means any person (other

than a party) or representative of such

person who timely:

(1) Submits in writing to the Regional Hearing Clerk that he is providing or intends to provide commenta on the proposed assessment of a penalty pursuant to sections 309(g)(4) 311(b)(6)(C) of the Clean Water Act or section 1423(c) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, whichever applies, and in-tends to participate in the proceeding;

(2) Provides the Regional Hearing Clerk with a return address.

Complainant means any thorised to issue a complaint in accordance with \$ 22.13 and 22.14 on behalf of the Agency to persons alleged to be in violation of the Act. The complainant shall not be a member of the Environ-mental Appeals Board, the Regional Judicial Officer or any other person who will participate or advise in the

adjudication.

Consolidated Rules of Practice means

the regulations in this part.

Environmental Appeals Board means the Board within the Agency described in 40 CFR 1.25.

Final order means:
(1) An order issued by the Environmental Appeals Board or the Administrational designs of the Administration of t trator after an appeal of an initial deci-aion, accelerated decision, decision to dismiss, or default order, disposing of the matter in controversy between the parties;

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(2) An initial decision which becomes a final order under §22.27(c); or (3) A final order issued in accordance

with \$22.18.

Hearing means an evidentiary hearing on the record, open to the public (to the extent consistent with \$22.22(a)(2)), conducted as part of a proeeding under these Consolidated Rules of Practice.

Hearing Clerk means the Hearing Clerk, Mail Code 1900, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC

initial decision means the decision issued by the Presiding Officer pursuant to §§ 22.17(o), 22.20(b) or 22.27 resolving all outstanding issues in the pro-

Party means any person that particlpates in a proceeding as complainant, respondent, or intervenor,

Permit action means the revocation,

suspension or termination of all or part of a permit issued under section 102 of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act (33 U.S.C. 1412) or termination under section 402(a) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.O. 1342(a)) or section 3005(d) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.O. 6925(d)).

Person includes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, and any trustee, assignee, receiver or legal successor thereof; any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not; and any officer, employee, agent, de-partment, agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government, of any State or local unit of government, or of any foreign government.

Presiding Officer means an individual who presides in an administrative adjudication until an initial decision becomes final or is appealed. The Pre-siding Officer shall be an Administrative Law Judge, except where § 22.4(b), 22.16(c) or 22.51 allow a Regional Judicial Officer to serve as Presiding Offi-

Proceeding means the entirety riversing means the entirety of a single administrative adjudication, from the filing of the complaint through the issuance of a final order. including any action on a motion to reconsider under § 22.32.

Regional Administrator means, for a case initiated in an EPA Regional Of-

the Regional Administrator for that Region or any officer or employee thereof to whom his authority is duly delegated.

Regional Hearing Clerk means an individual duly authorized to serve as hearing clerk for a given region, who shall be neutral in every proceeding. Cor-respondence with the Regional Hearing Olerk shall be addressed to the Re-glonal Hearing Olerk at the address specified in the complaint. For a case initiated at EPA Headquarters, the term Regional Hearing Clerk means

the Hearing Clerk.

Regional Judicial Officer means a person designated by the Regional Administrator under § 22.4(b).

Respondent means any person against whom the complaint states a claim for rellef.

(b) Terms defined in the Act and not defined in these Consolidated Rules of Practice are used consistent with the meanings given in the Act.

(64 FR 40176, July 23, 1999, as amended at 65 30904, May 15, 2000]

§ 22.4 Powers and duties of the Envi-ronmental Appeals Board, Regional Judicial Officer and Presiding Offi-cer; disqualification, withdrawal, and reassignment.

(a) Environmental Appeals Board. (1) he Environmental Appeals Board rules on appeals from the initial decisions, rulings and orders of a Presiding Officer in proceedings under these Con-eolidated Rules of Practice; acts as Presiding Officer until the respondent files an answer in proceedings under these Consolidated Rules of Practice commenced at EPA Headquarters; and approves settlement of proceedings under these Consolidated Rules of Practice commenced at EPA Head-quarters. The Environmental Appeals Board may refer any case or motion to the Administrator when the Environmental Appeals Board, in its discretion, deems it appropriate to do so. When an appeal or motion is referred to the Administrator by the Environmental Appeals Board, all parties shall be so notified and references to the Environmental Appeals Board in these Concolidated Rules of Practice shall be interpreted as referring to the Administrator. If a case or motion is referred itor by the Environloard, the Administ with any EPA emthe matter, provided a dose not violate octed to the Adminise considered except squalification pursuid) of this section, or atters that the Envia Board has referred

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han order of the Enals Board. Such sanoidrawing adverse ina party, striking a
or other submissions
of denying any or all
the party in the pro-

icial Officer. Each Re-itor shall delegate to onal Judicial Officers s Presiding Officer in r subpart I of this as Presiding Officer ent files an answer in these Consolidated to which subpart I of ; apply. The Regional ay also delegate to onal Judicial Officers approve settlement of uant to \$22.18(b)(3). will not prevent a l Officer from refer-or case to the Rettor. A Regional Judibe an attorney who is imporary employee of other Federal agency erform other duties 7. A Regional Judicial have performed prosstigative functions in any case in which he nal Judicial Officer. A il Officer shall not knowingly preside over a case involving any party concerning whom the Regional Judicial Officer performed any functions of prosecution or investigation within the 2 years proceding the commencement of the case. A Regional Judicial Officer shall not prosecute enforcement cases and shall not be supervised by any person who supervises the prosecution of enforcement cases, but may be supervised by the Regional Counsel.

(o) Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall conduct a fair and impertial proceeding, assure that the facts are fully elicited, adjudicate all issues, and avoid delay. The Presiding Officer may.

(1) Conduct administrative hearings under these Consolidated Rules of Practice:

(2) Rule upon motions, requests, and offers of proof, and issue all necessary orders:

(3) Administer caths and affirmations and take affidavits:

(4) Examine witnesses and receive documentary or other evidence;

(5) Order a party, or an officer or agent thereof, to produce testimony, documents, or other non-privileged evidence, and failing the production thereof without good cause being shown, draw adverse inferences against that party;

(f) Admit or exclude evidence:

(7) Hear and decide questions of facts, law, or discretion;

(8) Require parties to attend conferences for the settlement or simplification of the issues, or the expedition of the proceedings;

(9) Issue subpoenas authorised by the

Act; and

(10) Do all other acts and take all measures necessary for the maintenance of order and for the efficient, fair and impartial adjudication of issued arising in proceedings governed by these Consolidated Rules of Practice.

(d) Disqualification, withdrawal and reassignment. (1) The Administrator, the Regional Administrator, the members of the Environmental Appeals Board, the Regional Judicial Officer, or the Administrative Law Judge may not perform functions provided for in these

.Consolidated Rules of Practice regarding any matter in which they have a financial interest or have any relationship with a party or with the subject matter which would make it inappropriate for them to act. Any party may at any time by motion to the Administrator. Regional Administrator. member of the Environmental Appeals Board, the Regional Judicial Officer or the Administrative Law Judge request that he or she disqualify himself or berself from the proceeding. If such a motion to disqualify the Regional Ad-ministrator, Regional Judicial Officer or Administrative Law Judge is denied, a party may appeal that ruling to the Environmental Appeals Board. If a motion to disqualify a member of the En-vironmental Appeals Board is denied, a party may appeal that ruling to the Administrator. There shall be no inter-Jointory appeal of the ruling on a mo-tion for disqualification. The Adminis-trator, the Regional Administrator, a member of the Environmental Appeals Board, the Regional Judicial Officer, or the Administrative Law Judge may at time withdraw from any proqualified or unable to act for any rea-

(2) If the Administrator, the Regional Judicial Officer, or the Administrative Law Judge is disqualified or withdraws from the proceeding, a qualified individual who has none of the infirmities listed in paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall be assigned as a replacement. The Administrator shall assign a replacement for a Regional Administrator who withdraws or is disqualified. Should the Administrator withdraw or be disqualified, the Regional Administrator from the Region where the case originated shall replace the Administrator. If that Regional Administrator would be disqualified, the Administrator would be disqualified, the Administrator would be disqualified, the Administrator from another Region to replace the Administrator. The Regional Administrator shall assign a new Regional Judicial Officer withdraws or is disqualified. The Chief Administrative Law Judge if the original Administrative Law Judge withdraws or is disqualified.

(8) The Chief Administrative Law Judge, at any stage in the proceeding, may reaseign the case to an Administrative Law Judge other than the one originally assigned in the event of the unavailability of the Administrative Law Judge or where reaseignment will result in efficiency in the scheduling of hearings and would not prejudice the parties.

§ 22.5 Filing, service, and form of all filed documents; business confidentiality claims.

(a) Filing of documents. (1) The original and one copy of each document intended to be part of the record shall be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk when the proceeding is before the Presiding Officer, or filed with the Clerk of the Board when the proceeding is before the Environmental Appeals Board. A document is filed when it is received by the appropriate Clerk. Documents filed in proceedings before the Environmental Appeals Board shall either be sent by U.S. mail (except by U.S. Express Mail) to the official mailing address of the Clerk of the Board set forth at \$22.5 or delivered by hand or courier (including deliveries by U.S. Postal Express or by a commercial delivery service) to Suits 600, 1841 G Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005. The Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board may by order authorise facsimile or electronic filing, subject to any appropriate conditions and limitations.

(2) When the Presiding Officer corresponds directly with the parties, the original of the correspondence shall be filled with the Regional Hearing Clerk. Parties who correspond directly with the Presiding Officer shall file a copy of the correspondence with the Regional Hearing Clerk.

gional Hearing Clerk.
(3) A certificate of service shall accompany each document filed or served

in the proceeding.

(b) Service of documents. A copy of each document filed in the proceeding shall be served on the Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board, and on each party.

and on each party.

(1) Service of complaint. (1) Complainant shall serve on respondent, or a representative authorized to receive service on respondent's behalf, a copy of

nal of the complaint, copy of these Consoliractice. Service shall dily, by certified mail sipt requested, or by meroial delivery servs written verification

espondent is a domesproporation, a partnerporperated association to suit under a comdainant shall serve as a managing or general her person authorized or by Federal or State whoe of process.

ondent is an agency of es complainant shall y as provided by that ons, or in the absence relation, as otherwise to Complainant should by of the complaint to ave official having rethe overall operations hal unit where the alarcae. If the agency is the complaint shall be bribed in paragraph a section.

ondent is a State or ernment, agency, deation or other instrualmant shall serve the officer thereof, or as ted by law. Where retate or local officer, I serve such officer.

rvice of the complaint affidavit of the person service, or by propceipt. Such proof of led with the Regional imediately upon com-

d documents other than ings, orders, and decicouments other than ilings, orders, and deserved personally, by

(including certified sipt requested, Overi Priority Mail), or by nerotal delivery servg Officer or the Enviis Board may by order le or electronic serv-

ice, subject to any appropriate conditions and limitations.

(o) Form of documents. (1) Except as

(o) Form of documents. (1) Except as provided in this section, or by order of the Presiding Officer or of the Environmental Appeals Board there are no speoific requirements as to the form of documents.

documents.

(2) The first page of every filed document shall contain a caption identifying the respondent and the docket number. All legal briefs and legal memorands greater than 20 pages in length (excluding attachments) shall contain a table of contents and a table of authorities with year references.

of authorities with page references.

(3) The original of any filed document (other than exhibits) shall be signed by the party filing or by its attorney or other representative. The signature constitutes a representation by the signer that he has read the document, that to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, the statements made therein are true, and that

it is not interposed for delay.

(4) The first document filed by any person shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of an individual authorised to receive service relating to the proceeding. Parties shall promptly file any changes in this information with the Regional Hearing Olerk, and serve copies on the Presiding Officer and all parties to the proceeding. If a party falls to furnish such information and any changes thereto, service to the party's last known address shall satisfy the requirements of paragraph (b)(2) of this section and \$23.5.

(5) The Environmental Appeals Board or the Presiding Officer may exclude from the record any document which does not comply with this section. Written notice of such exclusion, stating the reasons therefor, shall be promptly given to the person submitting the document. Such person may amend and resubmit any excluded document upon motion granted by the Environmental Appeals Board or the Presiding Officer as appropriate.

siding Officer, as appropriate.

(d) Confidentiality of business information.

(1) A person who wishes to assert a business confidentiality claim with regard to any information contained in any document to be filed in a proposeding under these Consolidated Bules.

of Practice shall assert such a claim in accordance with 40 OFFR part 2 at the time that the document is filed. A docament filed without a claim of business confidentiality shall be available to the public for inspection and convince

onfidentiality shall be available to the public for inspection and copying.

(2) Two versions of any document which contains information claimed confidential shall be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk:

(i) One version of the document shall contain the information olaimed confidential. The cover page shall include the information required under paragraph (o)(2) of this section and the words "Business Confidentiality Asserted". The specific portion(s) alleged to be confidential shall be clearly identified within the document.

(ii) A second version of the document shall contain all information except the specific information olaimed confidential, which shall be reducted and replaced with notes indicating the nature of the information reducted. The over page shall state that information claimed confidential has been deleted and that a complete copy of the document containing the information claimed confidential has been filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk.

(3) Both versions of the document shall be served on the Presiding Officer and the complainant. Both versions of the document shall be served on any party, non-party participant, or representative thereof, authorized to receive the information claimed confidential by the person making the claim of confidentiality. Only the related version shall be served on persons not authorized to receive the confidential information.

(4) Only the second, redacted version shall be treated as public information. An EPA officer or employee may disalose information claimed confidential in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of this section only as authorised under 40 UFR part 2.

H FR 40176, July 23, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 77636, Dec. 28, 2004]

121.6 Filing and service of rulings, orders and decisions.

All rulings, orders, decisions, and ther documents issued by the Reional Administrator or Presiding Offior shall be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk. All such documents issued by the Environmental Appeals Board shall be filed with the Clerk of the Board. Copies of such rulings, orders, decisions or other documents shall be served personally, by first class mail (including by certified mail or return receipt requested, Overnight Express and Priority Mail), by EPA's internal mail, or any reliable commercial delivery service, upon all parties by the Clerk of the Environmental Appeals Board, the Office of Administrative Law Judges or the Regional Hearing Clerk, as appropriate.

§ 22.7 Computation and extension of time.

(a) Computation. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed in these Consolidated Rules of Practice, except as otherwise provided, the day of the event from which the designated period begins to run shall not be included. Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays shall be included. When a stated time expires on a Saturday, Sunday or Federal holiday, the stated time period shall be extended to include the next business day.

(b) Extensions of time. The Environmental Appeals Board or the Presiding Officer may grant an extension of time for filing any document: upon timely motion of a party to the proceeding, for good cause shown, and after consideration of prejudice to other parties; or upon its own initiative. Any motion for an extension of time shall be filed sufficiently in advance of the due date so as to allow other parties reasonable opportunity to respond and to allow the Presiding Officer or Environmental Appeals Board reasonable opportunity to issue an order.

(c) Esruice by sail or commercial delivery service. Service of the complaint is complete when the return receipt is signed. Service of all other documents is complete upon mailing or when placed in the contody of a reliable commercial delivery service. Where a document is covered by first class mail or commercial delivery service, but not by overnight or same-day delivery, 5 days shall be added to the time allowed by these Consolidated Rules of Practice for the filing of a responsive document.

rie discussion of pro-

ifter the issuance of the il the Administrator, the s Environmental Appeals ional Administrator, the per or any other person to advise these officials n in the proceeding, dis-the merits of the proay interested person outy, with any Agency staff erforms a prosecutorial factually related h any representative of ly ex parts memorandum unication addressed to stor, the Regional Ad-he Environmental Apr the Presiding Officer dency of the proceeding the merits thereof, by any party shall be re-ment made in the prosall be served upon all The other parties shall prortunity to reply to ium or communication. its of this section shall ay person who has for-himself from all adjuons in a proceeding, or l orders only pursuant

tion of documents filed.

the provisions of law jublic disclosure of conation, any person may, business hours inspect document filed in any sh documents shall be by the Regional Hear-Hearing Clerk, or the rd, as appropriate.

duplicating documents by the person seeking couments. The Agency cost in its discretion.

-Parties and earances

y appear in person or ther representative. A ear on behalf of a part-

nership and an officer may appear on behalf of a corporation. Persons who appear as counsel or other representa-tive must conform to the standards of conduct and ethics required of practitioners before the courts of the United

\$22.11 Intervention and non-party

(a) Intervention. Any person desiring to become a party to a proceeding may move for leave to intervene. A motion for leave to intervene that is filed after the exchange of information pursuant to §22.19(a) shall not be granted unless the movant shows good cause for its failure to file before such exchange of information. All requirements of these Consolidated Rules of Practice shall apply to a motion for leave to interas if the movant were a party. The Presiding Officer shall grant leave to intervene in all or part of the proceeding if: the movant claims an interest relating to the cause of action; a final order may as a practical matter impair the movant's ability to protect that interest; and the movant's interest is not adequately represented by existing parties. The intervenor shall be bound by any agreements, arrangements and other matters previously made in the proceeding inless otherwise ordered by the Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board for good cause.

(b) Non-party briefs. Any person who is not a party to a proceeding may move for leave to file a non-party brief, The motion shall identify the interest of the applicant and shall explain the or the appropriate and annual relevance of the brief to the pro-oceding. All requirements of these Con-solidated Rules of Practice shall apply solidated Rules of Practice shall apply to the motion as if the movant were a party. If the motion is granted, the Preciding Officer or Environmental Appeals Board shall issue an order setting the time for filing such brief. Any party to the proceeding may file a response to a non-party brief within it days after service of the non-party

\$22.12 Consolidation and several

(a) Consolidation. The Presiding Offi-er or the Environmental Appeals OGP

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Board may consolidate any or all matters at issue in two or more pro-ceedings subject to these Consolidated Rules of Practice where: there exist common parties or common questions of fact or law; consolidation would expedite and simplify consideration of the issues; and consolidation would not adversely affect the rights of parties engaged in otherwise separate proceedings. Proceedings subject to subpart I of this part may be consolidated only noon the approval of all parties.

Where a proceeding subject to the provisions of subpart I of this part is consolidated with a proceeding to which subpart I of this part does not apply, the procedures of subpart I of this part shall not apply to the consolidated propeeding.

(b) Severance. The Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board may, for good cause, order any proevered with respect to any or all parties or issues.

Subpart C-Prehearing **Procedures**

122.12 ent of a cooding.

(a) Any proceeding subject to these Consolidated Rules of Practice is commenced by filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk a complaint conforming to §22.14.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, where the parties agree to settlement of one or more causes of action before the filing of a complaint, a proceeding may be simultaneously commenced and concluded by the issuance of a consent agreement and final order pursuant to \$22.18(b)(2) and

\$22.14 Complaint.

(a) Content of complaint. Rach complaint shall include:

(1) A statement reciting the sec-tion(s) of the Act authorizing the issuance of the complaint;

(3) Specific reference to each provi-ion of the Act, implementing regulations, permit or order which respond-ent is alleged to have violated;

(3) A concise statement of the factual basis for each violation alleged;

(4) A description of all relief sought, including one or more of the following:

(i) The amount of the civil penalty which is proposed to be assessed, and a brief explanation of the proposed pen-

alty; (ii) Where a specific penalty demand is not made, the number of violations (where applicable, days of violation) (where applicable, days of violation) for which a penalty is sought, a brief explanation of the severity of each vio-lation alleged and a recitation of the statutory penalty authority applicable for each violation alleged in the com-

(iii) A request for a Permit Action and a statement of its proposed terms and conditions; or

(iv) A request for a compliance or corrective action order and a statement of the terms and conditions thereof:

(5) Notice of respondent's right to request a hearing on any material fact alleged in the complaint, or on the appropriateness of any proposed penalty, compliance or corrective action order, or Permit Action:

(6) Notice if subpart I of this part applies to the proceeding;

(7) The address of the Regional Hear-

(8) Instructions for paying penalties, if applicable.

(b) Rules of practice. A copy of these Consolidated Rules of Practice shall accompany each complaint served.

(o) Amendment of the complaint. The complainant may amend the complaint once as a matter of right at any time before the answer is filed. Otherwise the complainant may amend the complaint only upon motion granted by the Presiding Officer. Respondent shall have 20 additional days from the date of service of the amended complaint to file its answer.

(d) Withdrawal of the complaint. The (a) withdraion of the complaint. The complaints may withdraw the complaint, or any part thereof, without projudice one time before the answer has been filed. After one withdrawal before the filing of an answer, or after the filing of an answer, or after the filling of an answer, the complain-ant may withdraw the complaint, or any part thereof, without prejudice only upon motion granted by the Preaiding Officer.

the complaint.

sre respondent: ConI fact upon which the
di; contends that the
, compliance or corier, or Permit Action,
e, is inappropriate; or
is entitled to judgof law, it shall file an
copy of a written ancplaint with the Reierk and shall serve
wer on all other parwer to the complaint
h the Regional Hear30 days after service

is answer. The answer directly admit, deny if the factual allegate the complaint with respondent has any prespondent has no reticular factual alletes, the allegation is he answer shall also stances or arguments d to constitute the fense; the facts which es; the basis for oped relief; and whether itself.

1 hearing. A hearing leed by the complaint a held if requested by answer. If the ret request a hearing, cer may hold a hear-opriate for adjudication answer.

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dons shall be served 15(b)(2). Upon the filther parties may file notion and the movply to the response. ssponsive documents only by order of the remiscretal Appeals Board, as appropriate. All motions, except those made orally on the record during a hearing, shall:

(1) Be in writing;

(2) State the grounds therefor, with particularity;

(3) Set forth the relief sought; and

(4) Be accompanied by any affidavit, certificate, other evidence or legal memorandum relied upon.

(b) Response to motions. A party's response to any written motion must be filled within 15 days after service of such motion. The movant's reply to any written response must be filed within 10 days after service of such response and shall be limited to issues raised in the response. The Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board may set a shorter or longer time for response or reply, or make other ortions. The response or reply shall be accompanied by any affidavit, certificate, other evidence, or legal memorandum relied upon. Any party who falls to respond within the designated period waives any objection to the granting of the motion.

(c) Decision. The Regional Judicial Officer (or in a proceeding commenced at EPA Headquarters, the Environmental Appeals Board) shall rule on all motions filed or made before an answer to the complaint is filed. Except as provided in §§22.29(o) and 22.51, an Administrative Law Judge shall rule on all motions filed or made after an answer is filed and before an initial decision has become final or has been appealed. The Environmental Appeals Board shall rule as provided in §22.29(c) and on all motions filed or made after an appeal of the initial decision is filed, except as provided pursuant to §22.28.

(d) Oral argument. The Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board may permit oral argument on motions in its discretion.

§ 22.17 Default.

(a) Default. A party may be found to be in default: after motion, upon failure to file a timely answer to the complaint; upon failure to comply with the information exchange requirements of \$22.19(a) or an order of the Presiding Officer; or upon failure to appear at \$1.000.

conference or hearing. Default by respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the complaint and a waiver of respondent's right to contest such factual allegations. Default by complainant constitutes a waiver of complainant's right to proceed on the merits of the action, and shall result in the dismissal of the complaint with prejudice.

(b) Motion for default. A motion for default may seek resolution of all or part of the proceeding. Where the motion requests the assessment of a penalty or the imposition of other relief against a defaulting party, the movant must specify the penalty or other relief sought and state the legal and factual grounds for the relief requested.

(c) Default order. When the Presiding Officer finds that default has occurred, he shall issue a default order against the defaulting party as to any or all parts of the proceeding unles record shows good cause why a default order should not be issued. If the order resolves all outstanding issues and claims in the proceeding, it shall constitute the initial decision under these Consolidated Rules of Practice. The relief proposed in the complaint or the motion for default shall be ordered unless the requested relief is clearly inconsistent with the record of the proceeding or the Act. For good cause shown, the Presiding Officer may set aside a default order.

(d) Payment of penalty; effective date of compliance or corrective action orders, and Permit Actions. Any penalty assessed in the default order shall become due and payable by respondent without further proceedings 30 days after the default order becomes final under \$22.27(c). Any default order requiring compliance or corrective action shall be effective and enforceable without further proceedings on the date the default order becomes final under \$22.27(c). Any Permit Action ordered in the default order shall become effective without further proceedings on the date that the default order becomes final under \$22.27(c).

\$22.18 Quick resolution; settlement; alternative dispute resolution.

(a) Quick resolution. (1) A respondent may resolve the proceeding at any time by paying the specific penalty proposed in the complaint or in complainant's prehearing exchange in full as specified by complainant and by filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk a copy of the check or other instrument of payment. If the complaint contains a specific proposed penalty and respondent pays that proposed penalty in full within 30 days after receiving the complaint, then no answer need be filed. This paragraph (a) shall not apply to any complaint which seeks a compliance or corrective action order or Permit Action. In a proceeding subject to the public comment provisions of §22.45, this quick resolution is not available until 10 days after the close of the comment period.

(2) Any respondent who wishes to resolve a proceeding by paying the proposed penalty instead of filing an answer, but who needs additional time to pay the penalty, may file a written statement with the Regional Hearing Clerk within 30 days after receiving the complaint stating that the respondent agrees to pay the proposed penalty in accordance with paragraph (a)(1) of this section. The written statement need not contain any response to, or admission of, the allegations in the complaint. Within 60 days after receiving the complaint, the respondent shall pay the full amount of the proposed penalty. Failure to make such payment within 60 days of receipt of the complaint may subject the respondent to default pursuant to §22.17.

(3) Upon receipt of payment in full, the Regional Judicial Officer or Regional Administrator, or, in a proceeding commenced at EPA Headquarters, the Environmental Appeals Board, shall issue a final order. Payment by respondent shall constitute a walver of respondent's rights to contest the allegations and to appeal the final order.

(b) Settlement. (1) The Agency encourages settlement of a proceeding at any time if the settlement is consistent with the provisions and objectives of the Act and applicable regulations. The

ge in settlement disor not the respondent g. Settlement discus-Tect the respondent's ie a timely answer

sement. Any and all in a written consent i by all parties or tives. The consent tate that, for the purding, respondent: Adtional allegations of int agreement or nei-lenies specific factual ined in the complaint; sessment of any stat the issuance of any noe or corrective acpreement, and to any he allegations and its e proposed final order e consent agreement.
ant elects to comeding pursuant to sent agreement shall elements described at i (8). The parties shall outed consent agreeed final order to the 1 Officer or Regional or, in a proceeding PA Headquarters, the

proceeding. No settleagreement shall disloceding under these es of Practice without in the Regional Judigional Administrator, is commenced at EPA e Environmental Apfying the parties' con-

to the penalty proposed aurauant to paragraph 1 or settlement pursuant (b) of this section as affect the right of the United States to te injunctive or other or criminal sanctions of law. Full payment oposed in a complaint

pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section or settlement pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section shall only resolve respondent's liability for Federal civil penalties for the violations and facts allered in the compulaint.

facts alleged in the complaint.

(d) Alternative means of disputs resolution.

(1) The parties may engage in any process within the scope of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act ("ADRA"), 5 U.S.O. 581 et seq., which may facilitate voluntary settlement efforts. Such process shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of the ADRA.

(2) Dispute resolution under this paragraph (d) does not divest the Presiding Officer of jurisdiction and does not automatically stay the proceeding. All provisions of these Consolidated Rules of Practice remain in effect notwithstanding any dispute resolution proceeding.

(3) The parties may choose any person to act as a neutral, or may move for the appointment of a neutral. If the Presiding Officer grants a motion for the appointment of a neutral, the Presiding Officer shall forward the motion to the Chief Administrative Law Judge, except in proceedings under subpart I of this part, in which the Presiding Officer shall forward the motion to the Regional Administrative. The Chief Administrative Law Judge or Regional Administrative appropriate, thall designate a qualified neutral.

122.19 Prehearing information exchange; prehearing conference; other discovery.

(a) Preheaving information exchange.

(1) In accordance with an order issued by the Presiding Officer, each party shall file a prehearing information exchange. Except as provided in \$22.22(a), a document or exhibit that has not been included in prehearing information exchange shall not be admitted into evidence, and any witness whose name and testimony summary has not been included in prehearing information exchange shall not be allowed to testify. Parties are not required to exchange information relating to settlement which would be excluded in the federal courts under Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence. Documents

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and exhibits shall be marked for identification as ordered by the Presiding Officer.

(2) Each party's prehearing information exchange shall contain:

(i) The names of any expert or other witnesses it intends to call at the hearing, together with a brief narrative summary of their expected testimony, or a statement that no witnesses will be called; and (ii) Copies of all documents and exhibits which it intends to introduce into evidence at the hearing.

(8) If the proceeding is for the assessment of a penalty and complainant has already specified a proposed penalty, complainant shall explain in its pre-hearing information exchange how the proposed penalty was calculated in acordance with any criteria set forth in the Act, and the respondent shall explain in its prehearing information exchange why the proposed penalty should be reduced or eliminated.

(d) If the proceeding is for the assessment of a penalty and complainant has not specified a proposed penalty, each party shall include in its prehearing information exchange all factual information it considers relevant to the assessment of a penalty. Within 15 days after respondent files its prehearing information exchange, complainant shall file a document specifying a proposed penalty and explaining how the proposed penalty was calculated in accordance with any criteria set forth in the

(b) Prehearing conference. The Presiding Officer, at any time before the hearing begins, may direct the parties and their counsel or other representatives to participate in a conference to consider.

(1) Settlement of the case;

(3) Simplification of issues and stipulation of facts not in dispute;
(3) The necessity or desirability of

mendments to pleadings;

(4) The exchange of exhibits, documents, prepared testimony, and admissions or stipulations of fact which will avoid unnecessary proof;

.(5) The limitation of the number of appert or other witnesses;
.(6) The time and place for the hear-

ing; and

(7) Any other matters which may expedite the disposition of the proceeding.

(a) Record of the prehearing conference.

(c) Record of the prehearing conference. No transcript of a prehearing conference relating to settlement shall be made. With respect to other prehearing conferences, no transcript of any prehearing conferences shall be made unless ordered by the Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall ensure that the record of the proceeding includes any stipulations, agreements, rulings or orders made during the conference.

less ordered by the Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall ensure that the record of the proceeding includes any stipulations, agreements, rulings or orders made during the conference.

(d) Location of preheaving conference. The preheaving conference shall be held in the county where the respondent resides or conducts the business which the heaving concerns, in the city in which the relevant Environmental Protection Agency Regional Office is located, or in Washington, DC, unless the Presiding Officer determines that there is good cause to hold it at another location or by telephone.

(e) Other discovery. (1) After the information exchange provided for in paragraph (a) of this section, a party may move for additional discovery. The motion shall specify the method of discovery sought, provide the proposed discovery instruments, and describe in detail the nature of the information and/or documents sought (and, where relevant, the proposed time and place where discovery would be conducted). The Presiding Officer may order such other discovery only if it:

(i) Will neither unreasonably delay the proceeding nor unreasonably burden the non-moving party; (ii) Seeks information that is most

(ii) Seeks information that is most reasonably obtained from the non-moving party, and which the non-moving party has refused to provide voluntarily; and

(iii) Seeks information that has algnificant probative value on a disputed issue of material fact relevant to li-

ability or the relief sought.

(2) Settlement positions and information regarding their development (such as penalty calculations for purposes of cettlement based upon Agency settlement policies) shall not be discover-

(a) The Presiding Officer may order depositions upon oral questions only in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this nation sought cannot btained by alternative very; or

anhatantial mason to vant and probative evirwise not be preserved, by a witness at the

ng Officer may require of witnesses or the prohorized under the Act. very purposes only in neragraph (a)(1) of this an additional showing and necessity therefor. be served in accord-

(b)(1). Witnesses sumthe Presiding Officer same fees and mileage nesses in the courts of es. Any fees shall be y at whose request the Where a witness apto a request initiated r Officer, fees shall be

this paragraph (e) shall ight to request admistions, a respondent's Agency records under sedom of Information 2, or EPA's authority able law to conduct in

information request istrative subpoenas, or information.

ing prior exchanges. A ade an information exragraph (a) of this secis exchanged informato a request for infor-covery order pursuant of this section, shali ment or correct the exparty learns that the ete, inaccurate or outdditional or corrective other party pursuant

ils to provide informaontrol as required pursuant to this section, the Presiding Offloer may, in his discretion:

(1) Infer that the information would be adverse to the party failing to pre-

(2) Exclude the information from evi-

dence; or
(3) Issue a default order under 429.17(c).

.20 Accelerated decision; decision to dismiss. 122.20

(a) General. The Presiding Officer at any time render an accelerated decision in favor of a party as to any or all parts of the proceeding, without further hearing or upon such limited additional evidence, such as affidavits, as he may require, if no genuine issue of material fact exists and a party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. The Presiding Officer, upon motion of the respondent, may at any time dismiss a proceeding without further hearing or upon such limited additional evidence as he requires, on the basis of failure to establish a prima facte case or other grounds which show no right to relief on the part of the complainant.

(b) Effect. (1) If an accelerated decision or a decision to dismiss is issued as to all issues and claims in the proceeding, the decision constitutes an initial decision of the Presiding Officer, and shall be filed with the Re-

gional Hearing Clerk.

(2) If an accelerated decision or a decision to dismiss is rendered on less than all issues or claims in the proceeding, the Presiding Officer shall determine what material facts exist without substantial controversy and what material facts remain controverted. The partial accelerated decision or the order dismissing certain counts shall specify the facts which appear substantially uncontroverted, and the issue and claims upon which the hearing will

Subpart D—Hearing Procedures

§ 22.21 Assignment of Presiding Offi-cer; scheduling the hearing.

(a) Assignment of Presiding Officer. When an answer is filed, the Regional Hearing Clerk chall forward a copy of the complaint, the answer, and any the complaint, the answer, and

other documents filed in the proseeding to the Chief Administrative Law Judge who shall serve as Presiding Officer or assign another Administrative Law Judge as Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall then obtain the case file from the Chief Administrative Law Judge and notify the parties of his assignment.

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(b) Notice of hearing. The Presiding Officer shall hold a hearing if the proceeding presents genuine issues of material fact. The Presiding Officer shall serve upon the parties a notice of hear-ing setting forth a time and place for the hearing not later than 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing. The Presiding Officer may require the attendance of witnesses or the production of documentary evidence by sub-poens, if authorized under the Act, upon a showing of the grounds and necessity therefor, and the materiality and relevancy of the evidence to be ad-

(c) Postponement of hearing. No request for postponement of a hearing shall be granted except upon motion

and for good cause shown

(d) Location of the hearing. The location of the hearing shall be determined in accordance with the method for de-termining the location of a prehearing conference under § 22.19(d).

(a) General. (1) The Presiding Officer shall admit all evidence which is not irrelevant, immaterial, unduly repetitious, unreliable, or of little probative value, except that evidence relating to settlement which would be excluded in the federal courts under Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence (28 U.S.C.) is net admissible. If, however, a party fails to provide any document, exhibit, witness name or summary of expected testimony required to be exchanged under § 22.19 (a), (c) or (f) to all parties at least 15 days before the hearing date, the Presiding Officer shall not admit the document, exhibit or testimony into evidence, unless the non-exchanging party had good cause for fail-ing to exchange the required information and provided the required information to all other parties as soon as it had control of the information, or had good cause for not doing so.

(2) In the presentation, admission, disposition, and use of oral and written evidence, EPA officers, employees and authorized representatives shall prerve the confidentiality of information claimed confidential, whether or not the claim is made by a party to the proceeding, unless disclosure is authorized pursuant to 40 CFR part 2. A business confidentiality claim shall not prevent information from being intro-duced into evidence, but shall instead require that the information be treated in accordance with 40 CFR part 2, sub-part B. The Presiding Officer or the Environmental Appeals Board may consider such evidence in a proceeding closed to the public, and which may be before some, but not all, parties, as necessary. Such proceeding shall be closed only to the extent necessary to comply with 40 CFR part 2, subpart B. for information claimed confidential. Any affected person may move for an order protecting the claimed confidential. information

(b) Examination of witnesses. Witnesses shall be examined orally, under oath or affirmation, except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section or by the Presiding Offioer. Parties shall have the right to cross-examine a witness who appears at the hearing provided that such cross-

examination is not unduly repetitious.
(c) Written testimony. The Presiding Officer may admit and insert into the record as evidence, in lieu of oral testimony, written testimony prepared by a witness. The admissibility of any part of the testimony shall be subject to the same rules as if the testimony were produced under oral examination. Before any such testimony is read or admitted into evidence, the party who has called the witness shall deliver a copy of the testimony to the Presiding Officer, the reporter, and opposing counsel. The witness presenting the testimony shall swear to or affirm the testimony and shall be subject to ap-

propriate oral cross-examination.

(d) Admission of affidavits where the witness is unavailable. The Preciding Officer may admit into evidence affidevits of witnesses who are unavailable. The term "unavailable" shall have the meaning accorded to it by Rule 804(a) of the Federal Rules of Evidence.

its. Where practicable, and one copy of each exhibit d with the Presiding Officer and and a copy shall be fursich party. A true copy of may be substituted for the

l wottoe. Official notice may f any matter which can be oticed in the Federal courts in facts within the specialedge and experience of the posing parties shall be given pportunity to show that we erroneously noticed.

ections and offers of proof.

tion. Any objection conconduct of the hearing may rally or in writing during. The party raising the obst supply a short statement ids. The ruling by the Preer on any objection and the en for it shall be part of the exception to each objection hall be automatic and is not further participation in the

of proof. Whenever the Preser denies a motion for ado evidence, the party offerrmation may make an offer
itch shall be included in the
offer of proof for excluded
ony shall consist of a brief
lescribing the nature of the
i excluded. The offer of
cluded documents or exhibmaist of the documents or
luded. Where the Environeals Board decides that the
he Presiding Officer in exinformation from evidence
roneous and prejudicial, the
y be reopened to permit the
the vidence.

den of presentation; burden melon; preponderance of the a standard.

neplainant has the burdens iton and persuasion that the coursed as set forth in the und that the relief sought is. Following complainant's mt of a prima facts case, reuall have the burden of pra-/ defense to the allegations set forth in the complaint and any response or evidence with respect to the appropriate relief. The respondent has the burdens of presentation and persuasion for any affirmative defenses.

sion for any affirmative defenses.
(b) Each matter of controversy shall be decided by the Presiding Officer upon a preponderance of the evidence.

\$ 22.25 Filling the transcript.

The hearing shall be transcribed verbatim. Promptly following the taking of the last evidence, the reporter shall transmit to the Regional Hearing Clerk the original and as many copies of the transcript of testimony as are called for in the reporter's contract with the Agency, and also shall transmit to the Presiding Officer a copy of the transcript. A certificate of service shall accompany each copy of the transcript. The Regional Hearing Clerk shall notify all parties of the availability of the transcript and shall furnish the parties with a copy of the transcript upon payment of the cost of reproduction, unless a party can show that the cost is unduly burdensome. Any person not a party to the proceeding may receive a copy of the transcript upon payment of the reproduction fee, careept for those parts of the transcript ordered to be kept confidential by the Presiding Officer. Any party may file a motion to conform the transcript in the actual testimony within 30 days after receipt of the transcript, or 6 days after the parties are notified of the availability of the transcript, whichever is sooner.

§ 22.26 Proposed findings, conclusions, and order.

After the hearing, any party may file proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a proposed order, together with briefs in support thereof. The Presiding Officer shall set a schedule for filing these documents and any reply briefs, but shall not require them before the last date for filing motions under \$22.25 to conform the transcript to the actual testimony. All submissions shall be in writing, shall be served upon all parties, and shall contain adequate references to the record and authorities relied on.

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Subpart E—Initial Decision and Motion To Reopen a Hearing

123.27 Initial Decision.

(a) Filing and contexts. After the period for filing briefs under §22.26 has expired, the Presiding Officer shall seve an initial decision The initial decision shall contain findings of fact, conclusions regarding all material issues of law or discretion, as well as reasons therefor, and, if appropriate, a recommended civil penalty assessment, compliance order, corrective action order, or Permit Action. Upon receipt of an initial decision, the Regional Hearing Clerk shall forward copies of the initial decision to the Environmental Appeals Board and the Assistant Administrator for the Office of Enpresement and Compilance Assurance

ent and Compliance Assurance (b) Amount of civil penalty. If the Preding Officer determines that a violation has cocurred and the complaint seeks a civil penalty, the Presiding Of-ficer shall determine the amount of the recommended civil penalty based on the evidence in the record and in accordance with any penalty criteria set forth in the Act. The Presiding Officer shall consider any civil penalty guide-lines issued under the Act. The Presiding Officer shall explain in detail in the initial decision how the penalty to be assessed corresponds to any penalty griteria set forth in the Act. If the Preding Officer decides to assess a penlty different in amount from the penalty proposed by complainant, the Pre-siding Officer shall set forth in the initial decision the specific reasons for the increase or decrease. If the re-spondent has defaulted, the Presiding officer shall not assess a penalty greater than that proposed by complainant in the complaint, the prehearing infor-

mation exchange or the motion for demation exchange or the motion for default, whichever is less.

(0) Effect of initial decision. The initial decision of the Presiding Officer shall become a final order 45 days after its gervice upon the parties and without further proceedings unless:

(1) A party moves to reopen the hearing:

(3) A party appeals the initial decision to the Environmental Appeals Board; (3) A party moves to set aside a default order that constitutes an initial decision; or

(4) The Environmental Appeals Board elects to review the initial decision on its own initiative.

(d) Exhaustion of administrative remedies. Where a respondent falls to appeal as initial decision to the Environmental Appeals Board pursuant to \$22.30 and that initial decision becomes a final order pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section, respondent waives its rights to judicial review. An initial decision that is appealed to the Environmental Appeals Board shall not be final or operative pending the Environmental Appeals Board's issuance of a final order.

122.28 Motion to reopen a hearing.

(a) Filing and content. A motion to reopen a hearing to take further evidence
must be filed no later than 20 days
after service of the initial decision and
shall state the specific grounds upon
which relief is sought. Where the movant seeks to introduce new evidence,
the motion shall; state briefly the nature and purpose of the evidence to be
adduced; show that such evidence is
not cumulative; and show good cause
why such evidence was not adduced at
the hearing. The motion shall be made
to the Presiding Officer and filed with
the Regional Hearing Clerk.

(b) Disposition of motion to reopen a hearing. Within 15 days following the service of a motion to reopen a hearing, any other party to the proceeding may file with the Regional Hearing Clerk and serve on all other parties a response. A reopenad hearing shall be governed by the applicable sections of these Consolidated Rules of Practice. The filing of a motion to reopen a hearing shall automatically stay the running of the time periods for an initial decision becoming final under \$22.37(c) and for appeal under \$22.37. These time periods shall begin again in full when the motion is denied or an amended initial decision is served.

Appeals and strative Review

from or review of inter-iers or rulings.

or interlocutory appeal. rders or rulin rders or rulings other decision shall be alhe discretion of the Enppeals Board. A party cutory appeal of such s to the Environmental shall file a motion with vice of the order or rulorder or ruling to the Appeals Board for re-ng briefly the grounds

of interlocutory appeal. Officer may rec iling for review by the Appeals Board when:

or ruling involves an ition of law or policy ch there is substantial prence of opinion; and immediate appeal from ling will materially adtermination of the review after the final will be inadequate or in-

my review. If the Preas recommended review nmental Appeals Board interlocutory review is or takes no action with-Presiding Officer's recthe appeal is dismissed. ding Officer declines to lew of an order or ruleviewed by the Environ-Board only upon appeal l decision, except when ntal Appeals Board demotion of a party and circumstances, that to ould be contrary to the . Such motion shall be days of service of an esiding Officer refusing such order or ruling for

from or review of initial

ppeal. (1) Within 30 days I decision is served, any

party may appeal any adverse order or ruling of the Presiding Officer by filing an original and one copy of a notice of appeal and an accompanying appellate brief with the Environmental Appeals brief with the mivironmental Appeals Board. Appeals sent by U.S. mail (except by U.S. Postal Express Mail) shall be addressed to the Environmental Appeals Board at its official mailing address: Clerk of the Board (Mail Oode 1103B), United States Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DO 20460. Appeals delivered by hand or courier (including deliveries by U.S. Postal Ex-press Mail or by a commercial delivery service) shall be delivered to Suite 600, 1341 G Street, NW., Washington, 20005. One copy of any document filed with the Clerk of the Board shall also be served on the Regional Hearing Clerk. Appellant also shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal upon the Presiding Officer. Appellant shall simulte neously serve one copy of the notice and brief upon all other parties and non-party participants. The notice of appeal shall summarize the order or ruling, or part thereof, appealed from. The appellant's brief shall contain tables of contents and authorities (with page references), a statement of the issues presented for review, a state-ment of the nature of the case and the ment of the insture of the desum and the facts relevant to the issues presented for review (with appropriate references to the record), argument on the issues presented, a short conclusion stating precise relief sought, alternative findings of fact, and alternative conclusions regarding issues of law or discretion. If a timely notice of appeal is filed by a party, any other party may file a notice of appeal on any issue within 20 days after the date on which

the first notice of appeal was served.

(2) Within 20 days of service of netices of appeal and briefs under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, any other party or non-party participant may file with the Environmental Appeals Board an original and one copy of a response brief responding to argument raised by the appellant, together with reference the relevant portions of the record, initial decision, or opposing brief. Ap-pellee shall simultaneously serve one copy of the response brisf upon each party, non-party participant, and the

Environmental Protection Agency

Regional Hearing Clerk. Response briefs shall be limited to the scope of

miels soal be ilmised to the soope of the appeal brief. Further briefs may be filed only with the permission of the Environmental Appeals Board. (b) Review initiated by the Environ-mental Appeals Board. Whenever the En-vironmental Appeals Board determines to review an initial decision on its own initiative, it shall file notice of its intent to review that decision with the Clerk of the Board, and serve it upon the Regional Hearing Clerk, the Presiding Officer and the parties within 45 days after the initial decision was served upon the parties. The notice days shall include a statement of issues to be briefed by the parties and a time schedule for the filing and service of

(c) Scope of appeal or review. The par-ties' rights of appeal shall be limited to those issues raised during the course of the proceeding and by the initial decision, and to issues concerning subject matter jurisdiction. If the Environ-mental Appeals Board determines that issues raised, but not appealed by the marties, should be around its bull of the s, should be argued, it shall give the parties reasonable written notice of determination to permit preparation of adequate argument. The Envi-ronmental Appeale Board may remand the case to the Presiding Officer for

further proceedings.

(d) Argument before the Environmental Appeals Board. The Environmental Appeals Board may, at its discretion, order oral argument on any or all issues in a proceeding.

..(e) Motions on appeal. All motions made during the course of an appeal shall conform to \$22.16 unless otherwise provided.

(f) Decision. The Environmental Ap

peals Board shall adopt, modify, or set saids the findings of fact and conclu-sions of law or discretion contained in the decision or order being reviewed, and shall set forth in the final order the reasons for its actions. The Envi-ronmental Appeals Board may assess a remental Appeals Hoard may assess a penalty that is higher or lower than the amount recommended to be assessed in the decision or order being viewed or from the amount sought in the complaint, except that if the order being reviewed is a default order, the Environmental Appeals Board may not

increase the amount of the penalty above that proposed in the complaint or in the motion for default, whichever The Environmental Appeals Board may adopt, modify or set aside any recommended compliance or corrective action order or Permit Action. vironmental Appeals Board may remand the case to the Preciding Offi-oer for further action.

[64 FR 40176, July 29, 1999, as amouded at 68 FR 2904, Jan. 16, 2003; 69 FR 77639, Dec. 26,

Subpart G-Final Order

\$22.31 Final order.

(a) Effect of final order. A final order constitutes the final Agency action in a proceeding. The final order shall not in any case affect the right of the Agency or the United States to pursue appropriate injunctive or other equi-table relief or oriminal sanctions for any violations of law. The final order shall resolve only those causes of action alleged in the complaint, or for proceedings commenced pursuant to \$22.13(b), alleged in the consent agreement. The final order does not waive, extinguish or otherwise affect respondent's obligation to comply with all ap-plicable provisions of the Act and regulations promulgated thereunder.
(b) Effective date, A final order is ef-

feetive upon filing. Where an initial de-ciaion becomes a final order pursuant to \$22.27(0), the final order is effective 45 days after the initial decision is served on the parties.

(c) Payment of a civil penalty. The respondent shall pay the full amount of any civil penalty assessed in the final order within 30 days after the effective date of the final order unless otherwise ordered. Payment shall be made by sending a cashier's check or certified check to the payee specified in the complaint, unless otherwise instructed by the complaintant. The check shall note the case title and docket number Respondent shall serve copies of the check or other instrument of payment on the Regional Hearing Clerk and on complainant. Collection of interest on overdue payments shall be in accordance with the Debt Collection Act, 31 U.S.C. 8717.

stief. Any final order rediance or corrective acmit Action, shall become enforceable without furngs on the effective date rder unless otherwise or-

isrs to Federal agencies on inal order of the Environla Board issued pursuant .
department, agency, or ty of the United States affective 30 days after its the parties unless the federal department, agencentality requests a commendating request a commendating of the request on record within 30 days of final order. If a timely it, a decision by the Adhall become the final

for reconsideration purshall not toll the 30-day ed in paragraph (e)(1) of nless specifically so or-Environmental Appeals

to reconsider a final

reconsider a final order to \$22.30 shall be filed after service of the final must set forth the match have been erroneously te nature of the alleged as for reconsideration vision shall be directed by, the Environmental Motions for reconsideration the Environmental Applicate to the Administrator, the Environmental Applicate to the Administrator has referred to the Administrator has reserved to the Administrator has issued the motion for reconsiderating the effective date ler unless so ordered by stal Appeals Board.

Subpart H-Supplemental Rules

\$22.33 [Reserved]

\$22.34 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Air Act.

(a) Scope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with §22.1 through 22.22, in administrative proceedings to assess a civil penalty conducted under sections 113(d), 205(o), 211(d), and 213(d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7413(d), 7524(c), 7545(d), and 7577(d)). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and §22.1 through 22.32, this section shall apply.

(b) Issuance of notice. Prior to the issuance of a final order assessing a civil penalty, the person to whom the order is to be issued shall be given written notice of the proposed issuance of the order. Service of a complaint or a consent agreement and final order pursuant to §22.13 satisfies this notice

522.85 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

(a) Scope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with #22.1 through 22.33, in administrative proceedings to assess a civil penalty conducted under section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended (7 U.S.C. 1361(a)). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and #22.1 through 22.32, this section shall apply.

(b) Venue. The prehearing conference and the hearing shall be held in the county, parish, or incorporated city of the residence of the person charged, unless otherwise agreed in writing by all parties. For a person whose residence is cutside the United States and cutside any territory or possession of the United States, the prehearing conference and the hearing shall be held at the EPA office listed at 40 CFR 1.7 that is closest to either the person's primary place of business within the United States, or the primary place of business of the person's U.S. agent, unless otherwise agreed by all parties.

[22.86 [Recerved]

| 22.87 Supplemental rules governing administrative proceedings under the Solid Waste Disposal Act.

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(a) Stope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with \$\frac{4}{2}.1\$ through 22.32, in administrative proceedings under sections 3005(d) and (e), 3005, 9003 and 9005 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.O. 6928(d) and (e), 6928, 693th and 6951e) ("SWDA"). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and \$\frac{4}{2}\$21.1 through 22.32, this section shall apply.

(s) Corrective action and compliance orders. A complaint may contain a compliance order issued under section
2008(a) or section 2008(a), or a corrective action order issued under section
2008(h) or section 2003(h)(4) of the
SWDA. Any such order shall automatically become a final order unless, no
later than 30 days after the order is
served, the respondent requests a hearing pursuant to \$23.15.

122.88 Supplemental rules of practice governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Water Act.

(a) Scops. This section shall apply, in conjunction with §52.1 through 22.82 and 523.45, in administrative proceedings for the assessment of any civil penalty under section 309(g) or section 311(b)(6) of the Olean Water Act ("OWA")(33 U.S.C. 1319(g) and 1321(b)(6)). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and §52.1 through 2.32, this section shall apply.

between this section and spars.

2.32, this section shall apply.

(b) Consultation with States. For proceedings pursuant to section 309(g), the complainant shall provide the State agency with the most direct authority over the matters at issue in the case an opportunity to consult with the complainant. Complainant shall notify the State agency within 30 days following proof of service of the complaint on the state agency within 30 days following proof of service of the complaint on the respondent or, in the case of a proceeding proposed to be commenced pursuant to \$22.13(b), no less than 40 days before the issuance of an order assessing a civil penalty.

(c) Administrative procedure and fudicial review. Action of the Administrator for which review could have been obtained under section 509(b)(1) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. 1389(b)(1), shall not be subject to review in an administrative proceeding for the assessment of a civil penalty under section 309(g) or section 311(b)(6).

\$22.89 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under section 100 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended.

(a) Scope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with §§22.10 through 22.32, in administrative proceedings for the assessment of any civil penalty ander section 109 of the Comprehensive Havironmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (42 U.S.C. 9609). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and §§22.1 through 22.32, this section shall apply.

(b) Judicial review. Any person who requested a hearing with respect to a Class II civil penalty under section 109(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.O. 9609(b), and who is the recipient of a final order assessing a civil penalty may file a petition for judicial review of such order with the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia or for any other circuit in which such person resides or transacts business. Any person who requested a hearing with respect to a Class I civil penalty under otion 109(a)(4) of OBROLA, 42 U.S.O. 9609(a)(4), and who is the recipient of a final order assessing the civil penalty may file a petition for judicial review of such order with the appropriate dietriot court of the United States. All petitions must be filed within 30 days of the date the order making the assessment was served on the parties.

(c) Payment of civil penalty assessed. Payment of civil penalties assessed in the final order shall be made by forwarding a cashier's check, payable to the "EPA, Hazardous Substances Superfund," in the amount assessed, and noting the case title and docket number, to the appropriate regional Superfund Lockbox Depository.

ilemental rules governing inistrative assessment of alties under Title II of the ibstance Control Act, ensection 2 of the Asbestos Emergency Response Act

his section shall apply, in with \$\frac{42.1}{22.52}, through 22.52, this proceedings to assess y conducted under section foxic Substances Control 7 (15 U.S.O. 2647). Where es exist between this section through 22.52, this section

n of civil penalty. Any civil cted under TSOA section used by the local educy for purposes of comitte II of TSCA. Any portivil penalty remaining a local educational agenompliance shall be deposabeetos Trust Fund ears section to of AHERA.

emental rules governing nistrative assessment of ties for violations of comders issued to owners or of public water systems t B of the Safe Drinking

its section shall apply, in rith § 22.1 through 22.32, itvs proceedings to assess malty under section the Safe Drinking Water 300g-3(g)(3)(B). Where inexist between this sectioning 22.32, this sections

of forum. A complaint s that subpart I of this hall also state that re-right to elect a hearing I in accordance with 5: that reapondent waives ss it requests in its anon the record in accord.S.C. 554. Upon such re-onal Hearing Clerk shall icouments in the record and notify the parties of

§ 22.43 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties against a federal agency under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(a) Scope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with \$52.1 through 22.32, in administrative proceedings to assess a civil penalty against a federal agency under section 1447(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300j-6(b). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and \$52.1 through 22.32, this section shall apply.

(b) Effective date of final penalty order.

(b) Effective date of final penalty order. Any penalty order issued pursuant to this section and section 1447(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act shall become effective 30 days after it has been served on the parties.

(a) Public notice of final penalty order.
Upon the issuance of a final penalty order under this section, the Administrator shall provide public notice of the order by publication, and by providing notice to any person who requests such notice. The notice shall include:

(1) The docket number of the order;
(2) The address and phone number of the Regional Hearing Clerk from whom a copy of the order may be obtained;

(8) The location of the facility where violations were found:

(4) A description of the violations; (6) The penalty that was assessed;

(6) A notice that any interested person may, within 30 days of the date the order becomes final, obtain judicial review of the penalty order pursuant to section 1447(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, and instruction that persons seeking judicial review shall provide copies of any appeal to the persons described in 40 GFR 135.11(a).

122.44 Supplemental rules of practice governing the termination of permits under section 402(a) of the Clean Water Act or under section 3006(a)(3) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

(a) Scope of this subpart. The supplemental rules of practice in this subpart shall also apply in conjunction with the Consolidated Rules of Practice in this part and with the administrative proceedings for the termination of permits under section 402(a) of the Clean Water Act or under section 3008(a)(3) of

the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. Notwithstanding the Consolidated Rules of Practice, these supplemental rules shall govern with respect to the termination of such permits.

(b) In any proceeding to terminate a permit for cause under \$122.54 or \$270.43 of this chapter during the term of the permit:

(i) The complaint shall, in addition to the requirements of \$22.14(b), contain any additional information specified in \$124.8 of this chapter;

(3) The Director (as defined in \$124.2 of this chapter) shall provide public notice of the complaint in accordance with \$124.10 of this chapter, and allow for public comment in accordance with \$124.10 of this chapter; and

(3) The Presiding Officer shall admit into evidence the contents of the Administrative Record described in §124.9 of this chapter, and any public comments received.

[65 FR 30904, May 15, 2000]

\$22.45 Supplemental rules governing public notice and comment in proceedings under sections 309(g) and 311(b)(8)(B)(ii) of the Clean Water Act and section 1423(c) of the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(a) Scope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with \$423.1 through 22.32, in administrative proceedings for the assessment of any civil penalty under sections 369(g) and 311(b)(6)(B)(ii) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1318(g) and 1821(b)(6)(B)(11)), and under section 1423(o) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300h-2(o)). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and \$422.1 through 22.32, this section shall

apply.

(b) Public notice—(1) General. Complainant shall notify the public before assessing a civil penalty. Such notice shall be provided within 30 days following proof of service of the complaint on the respondent or, in the case of a proceeding proposed to be commenced pursuant to \$22.13(b), no less than 40 days before the issuance of an order assessing a civil penalty. The notice period begins upon first publication of notice.

(2) Type and content of public notice.
The complainant shall provide public notice of the complaint (or the pro-

posed consent agreement if §22.13(b) is applicable) by a method reasonably calculated to provide notice, and shall also provide notice directly to any person who requests such notice. The notice shall include:

(i) The docket number of the proceeding:

(ii) The name and address of the complainant and respondent, and the person from whom information on the proceeding may be obtained, and the address of the Regional Hearing Clerk to whom appropriate comments shall be directed;

(iii) The location of the site or facility from which the violations are alleged, and any applicable permit number:

(iv) A description of the violation alleged and the relief sought; and

(v) A notice that persons shall submit comments to the Regional Hearing Clerk, and the deadline for such submissions.

(o) Comment by a person who is not a party. The following provisions apply in regard to comment by a person not a party to a proceeding:

(1) Participation in proceeding. (i) Any person wishing to participate in the proceedings must notify the Regional Hearing Clerk in writing within the public notice period under paragraph (b)(1) of this section. The person must provide his name, complete mailing address, and state that he wishes to participate in the proceeding.

(ii) The Presiding Officer shall provide notice of any hearing on the merits to any person who has met the requirements of paragraph (o)(1)(i) of this section at least 20 days prior to the scheduled hearing.

(iii) A commenter may present written comments for the record at any time prior to the close of the record.

(iv) A commenter wishing to present evidence at a hearing on the merits shall notify, in writing, the Presiding Officer and the parties of its intent at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing. This notice must include a copy of any document to be introduced, a description of the evidence to be presented, and the identity of any witness (and qualifications if an expert), and the subject matter of the testimony.

iing Officer shall have c establish the extent participation in any activity.

A commenter may not ry witness in any heart be subject to or pariscovery or prehearing

tion and settlement. No at to the public notion ovisions of paragraphs is section may be re-under §22.16, or com-22.18(b), until 10 days f the comment period raph (c)(1) of this sec

t aside a consent agresi final order. (1) Comrovide to each comfied mail, return re-but not to the Reerk or Presiding Offiy consent agreement ies and the proposed

ays of receipt of the it and proposed final er may petition the itrator (or, for cases
A Headquarters, the
ppeals Board), to set agreement and prom the basis that mewas not considered. ition shall be served t shall not be sent to ing Clerk or the Pre-

ys of receipt of a peinant may, with nopeals Board and to ithdraw the consent sposed final order to rs raised in the petiinant does not give al within 15 days of ition, the Regional Environmental Apssign a Petition Ofnd rule on the peti-Officer shall be anfloer, not otherwise

involved in the case. Notice of this assignment shall be sent to the parties, and to the Presiding Officer.

(iv) Within 30 days of assignment of the Petition Officer, the complainant shall present to the Petition Officer a copy of the complaint and a written response to the petition. A copy of the response shall be provided to the parties and to the commenter, but not to Regional Hearing Clerk or Presiding Officer.

(v) The Petition Officer shall review the petition, and complainant's response, and shall file with the Regional Hearing Clerk, with copies to the par-ties, the commenter, and the Presiding Officer, written findings as to:

(A) The extent to which the petition states an issue relevant and material to the issuance of the proposed final

(B) Whether complainant adequately considered and responded to the petition: and

(O) Whether a resolution of the prooseding by the parties is appropriate without a hearing.

(vi) Upon a finding by the Petition Officer that a hearing is appropriate, the Presiding Officer shall order that the consent agreement and proposed final order be set saide and shall establish a schedule for a hearing.

(vii) Upon a finding by the Petition Officer that a resolution of the proceeding without a hearing is appropriate, the Petition Officer shall issue an order denying the petition and stat-ing reasons for the denial. The Petition Officer shall.

(A) File the order with the Regional

(B) Serve copies of the order on the parties and the commenter; and

(O) Provide public notice of the

(viii) Upon a finding by the Petition (viii) Open a inding by the restant Officer that a resolution of the pro-ceeding without a hearing is appro-priate, the Regional Administrator may issue the proposed final order, which that become that to days after which shall become final 30 days after both the order denying the petition and a properly signed consent agreement are filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk, unless further petition for re-view is filed by a notice of appeal in the appropriate United States District

Environmental Protection Agency

Court, with coincident notice by certified mail to the Administrator and the Attorney General. Written notice of appeal also shall be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk, and sent to the Presiding Officer and the parties.

(ix) If judicial review of the final order is denied, the final order shall become effective 30 days after such denial has been filed with the Regional Hear-

22.46-22.49 [Reserved]

Subpart I--Administrative ceedings Not Governed by Section 554 of the Administrative Procedure Act

122.50 Scope of this subpart.

(a) Scope, This subpart applies to all adjudicatory proceedings for:

(1) The assessment of a penalty under sections 309(g)(2)(A) and 811(b)(6)(B)(1) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1319(g)(2)(A) and 1321(b)(6)(B)(1)).

(2) The assessment of a penalty under sections 1414(g)(3)(B) and 1423(o) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300g-3(g)(8)(B) and 300h-2(c)), except where a respondent in a proceeding under section 1414(g)(8)(B) requests in its answer a hearing on the record in scoordance with section 554 of the Administrative Procedure Act. 5 U.S.C. 554.

(b) Relationship to other provisions. Sections 22.1 through 22.45 apply to proceedings under this subpart, except for the following provisions which do not apply: \$\$ 22.11, 22.16(0), 22.21(a), and 22.29. Where inconsistencies exist between this subpart and subparts A through G of this part, this subpart shall apply. Where inconsistencies exist between this subpart and subpart H of this part, subpart H shall apply.

122.51 Presiding Officer.

The Presiding Officer shall be a Regional Judicial Officer. The Presiding Officer shall conduct the hearing, and rule on all motions until an initial decision has become final or has been apthe Lang.

§ 22.52 Information exchange and dis-COVETY.

Respondent's information exchange pursuant to \$22.19(a) shall include information on any economic benefit resulting from any activity or failure to act which is alleged in the administrative complaint to be a violation of applicable law, including its gross revenues, delayed or avoided costs. Discovery under \$22.19(e) shall not be authorised, except for discovery of information concerning respondent's economic benefit from alleged violations and information concerning respondent's ability to pay a penalty.

PART 23-JUDICIAL REVIEW UNDER **EPA-ADMINISTERED STATUTES**

23.1 Definitions.

23.2 Timing of Administrator's sotion under Class Water Act. Timing of Administrator's action under

23.8 Clean Air Act.

Timing of Administrator's action under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

23.5 Timing of Administrator's sotion under

Toxio Substances Control Act.
Timing of Administrator's action under Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticids Act.

23.7 Timing of Administrator's action under Safe Drinking Water Act.
Timing of Administrator's action under

Uranium Mili Tailings Radiation Control Act of 1978.
23.9 Timing of Administrator's action under

the Atomic Energy Act.

23.10 Thming of Administrator's action under the Federal Food, Drug, and Ocematic Act.

23.11 Holidays

23.12 Filing notice of judicial review.

AUTHORITY: Clean Water Act, 23 U.S.C. 1861(a), 1869(b); Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7601(a)(1), 7607(b); Resource, Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6912(a), 6976; Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C. 2518; Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and TURED SUBSTANOS CONTROL ACE, 15 U.S.U. 2013; Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodentinide Act, 7 U.S.C. 138n(b), 136w(s); Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 2001— 7(a.X2), 2001—9(s); Atomic Energy Act, 42 U.S.C. 2201, 2239; Federal Food, Drug, and Commetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 371(s), 346a, 28 U.S.C. 2117(a) 2345, 2344 2119(a), 2343, 2344,

Source: 56 FR 7270, Peb. 21, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

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Jeannie M. Yu Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel U.S. EPA - Region 2 290 Broadway - 16th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866



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■ Complete items 1, 2, and 3. ■ Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you. ■ Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits. 1. Article Addressed to: Edwin Andújar Bermúdez ba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29	A. Signature X
Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957-3707	
9590 9403 0968 5223 1640 29 2 Article Number (Transfer from sentice label) 2 D 5 D 6 4 D D D D D 6 7 5 4 5 5 8	3. Service Type Adult Signature Adult Signature Restricted Delivery Certified Meil® Certified Meil® Collect on Delivery Collect on Delivery Insured Mail Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)
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1. Article Addressed to: Edwin Andújar Bermúlez ba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas PO Box 7155 Caguas, Puerto Rice 90776	D. is delivery address different from item 1? ☐ Yes If YES, enter delivery address below: ☐ No	
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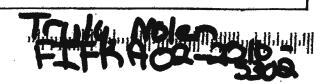


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APICBS I March 1, 2016, 8:03 PM

U.S. targets Puerto Rico companies in toxic pesticide case



SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico -- The U.S. government on Tuesday filed complaints against a pest control company in Puerto Rico and two businessmen for the illegal use of a toxic pesticide that nearly killed an American family in the neighboring U.S. Virgin Islands.

The Environmental Protection Agency said the businessmen used methyl bromide to fumigate homes and other unauthorized places in several cities across Puerto Rico from 2013 to early 2015. The men were identified as Edwin Andujar Bermudez with Truly Nolen Pest Control of Caguas and Wilson Torres Rivera of Tower & Son Exterminating Corp. in Bayamon. Tower & Son was named in a separate complaint, but not Truly Nolen.

They face up to \$7,500 in civil penalties for each violation as part of a continuing federal investigation in Puerto Rico into the illegal use of methyl bromide, an odorless chemical that can severely damage the brain and lungs. EPA spokesman John Martin said the agency expects to announce more actions in upcoming months.



Pesticide blamed for sickening family on vacation

contest the complaints.



Play VIDEO

DOJ investigating possible pesticide poisoning of family on vacation

"Applying methyl bromide products in homes is dangerous and against federal law," said Judith Enck, an EPA regional administrator.

Peter Diaz, a lawyer who represents both Andujar and Torres, told The Associated Press that hundreds of pesticide applicators in Puerto Rico have for decades used products that have recently come under EPA scrutiny.

"After some controversies with the use of these products, both companies voluntarily discontinued its use," he said, adding that he will

Diaz did not respond to questions, including when the companies stopped using the pesticide. He said the chemical was used only on wood furniture at the companies' workshop and never at homes or other locations. However, the EPA complaint says methyl bromide was used in places such as people's bedrooms and kitchens in cities including the capital of San Juan.

The EPA banned methyl bromide for residential use in 1984. The pesticide is still used in the U.S. mainland for agricultural purposes, but the EPA is phasing out its overall use.

Federal officials began investigating the use of the chemical in Puerto Rico after a Delaware family vacationing in the U.S. Virgin Islands was poisoned in March

Officials opened a criminal investigation after announcing that Terminix had used methyl bromide at a vacation unit below the one the family had rented at Sirenusa Condominium Resort on the island of St. John. Two teenagers were hospitalized in critical condition while their parents had to undergo therapy.

AP/CBS

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 2 290 BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10007-1866

APR 7 8 2016

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED AND VIA EMAIL

Peter Diaz, Esq.
420 Avenida Ponce de Leon
Suite 1001
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-3491
pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com

Re: In the Matter of Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas <u>Docket Number FIFRA-02-2016-5302</u>

Dear Mr. Diaz:

As you know, on March 1, 2016, EPA issued a civil administrative Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing to Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas (hereinafter "Mr. Andújar " or "Respondent") for violations of Federal Insecticide, Fungicide & Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA"), 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq., and the Clean Air Act ("CAA"), as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 7401 et seq. Two copies of the Complaint were served on the Respondent via certified mail, return receipt requested – one to the post office box for Truly Nolen and one to the street address of the business. Enclosed with each copy of the Complaint was a copy of the rules of procedure governing this proceeding, found at 40 C.F.R. Part 22 (the "Consolidated Rules of Practice").

As documented by the return receipts, the Respondent accepted service of the Complaint on March 5 and on March 7, 2016. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a), and as described on page 17 of the Complaint, any Answer(s) to the Complaint must be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk within thirty (30) days of receipt. In the matter at hand, Respondent's Answer was due no later than April 6, 2016. To date, no Answer to the Complaint has been filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk and he may therefore be found to be in default upon motion.

The legal effects of such default are specified in 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(a):

Default by respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the complaint and a waiver of respondent's right to contest such factual allegations.

A default order might include the requirement that respondent pay a penalty: "Any penalty assessed in the default order shall become due and payable by respondent without further proceedings 30 days after the default order becomes final under § 22.27(c)." 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(d).

Prior to issuance of the Complaint you were representing Respondent in pre-filing negotiations with EPA regarding the violations alleged in the Complaint. Accordingly, a courtesy copy of the Complaint was mailed and emailed to you as well; another is enclosed herewith. In the days following the issuance of the Complaint numerous news outlets quoted you as identifying yourself as counsel for Respondent and stating that you intended to contest the Complaint on his behalf. As no Answer has been received and no other communications from you have been forthcoming -- indeed none have been received from you since shortly after a settlement conference in November 2015 despite my numerous emails and voicemail messages to you -- and given the seriousness of the consequences for the Respondent if a default order is entered against him, I ask that you confirm in writing within five (5) business days whether you are currently retained as counsel for Mr. Andújar. If I do not receive a written reply indicating that you are not currently retained in this matter, I will conclude that you do not represent Mr. Andújar and I will henceforth communicate directly with him.

If you wish to contact me regarding any aspect of the foregoing, my phone number is 212-637-3205 and my email is <u>yu.jeannie@epa.gov</u>. Any statement regarding your representation of Mr. Andújar should be made in writing.

Sincerely,

Jeannie M. Yu

Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel

Enclosures

Complaint Consolidated Rules of Practice USPS Return Receipts

Majette, Yolanda

From:

Majette, Yolanda

Sent:

Thursday, April 28, 2016 10:44 AM

To:

pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com

Cc:

Yu, Jeannie; Aber, Bruce

Subject:

In the Matter of Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas

Docket Number FIFRA-02-2016-5302

Attachments:

Trully Nolen letter 4.28.16.pdf; Truly Nolen Complaint.pdf; Part 22 (the "Consolidated

Rules of Practice")..pdf; greencard1.pdf; grencard2.pdf

Tracking:

Recipient

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pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com

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Aber, Bruce

Mauel, Linda

Read: 4/29/2016 8:24 PM

Shapiro, Naomi

Read: 4/28/2016 11:02 AM

Reddy, Aarti

Read: 4/28/2016 11:13 AM

Dear Mr. Diaz,

Attached please find correspondence regarding the above-referenced matter from Assistant Regional Counsel Jeannie Yu.

Sincerely,

Yolanda J. Majette

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 2 290 BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10007-1866

CERTIFIED MAIL, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas P.O. Box 7155 Caguas, PR 00726

Edwin Andujar Bermudez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas Urb. Miraflores, 16-15 Calle 29, Bayamon, Puerto Rico 00957-3707

Re: In the Matter of Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas <u>Docket Number FIFRA-02-2016-5302</u>

Dear Mr. Andújar:

EPA is writing to you because the time to respond to the Complaint filed in the above-referenced matter has passed and we believe that you are no longer represented by Mr. Peter Diaz, Esq. As you are aware, on March 1, 2016, EPA issued a civil administrative Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing to Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas (hereinafter "Mr. Andújar" or "Respondent") for violations of Federal Insecticide, Fungicide & Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA"), 7 U.S.C. § 136 et seq., and of the Clean Air Act ("CAA"), as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.

Prior to issuance of the Complaint, Mr. Diaz, represented you in pre-filing negotiations with EPA regarding the violations alleged in the Complaint. Accordingly, a courtesy copy of the Complaint was sent to him and another is enclosed herewith. In the days following the issuance of the Complaint numerous news outlets quoted Mr. Diaz as identifying himself as your counsel. However, to date no Answer has been received and we have had no other communications from Mr. Diaz.

On April 28, 2016, EPA issued a letter to Mr. Peter Diaz, via certified mail, return receipt requested (enclosed), setting forth the legal consequences of the failure to file an Answer to the Complaint. In addition, EPA requested confirmation in writing, within five business days, whether Mr. Diaz, is currently retained as your legal counsel and advising Mr. Diaz that if EPA did not receive such a response, EPA would conclude that Mr. Diaz is no longer retained by you and would contact you directly. As documented by the enclosed return receipt, Mr. Diaz received EPA's letter on May 2, 2016. To date, Mr. Diaz has not contacted us regarding his representation of you in this matter. Therefore, we believe that you are no longer retaining or are represented by Mr. Diaz.

Please be advised that your Answer was due on or about April 6, 2016. As documented by the enclosed return receipts, the Respondent accepted service of the Complaint on March 5 and on March 7, 2016. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a), and as described on page 17 of the Complaint, any Answer(s) to the Complaint must be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk within thirty (30) days of receipt. EPA may therefore now move the Regional Judicial Officer for an order finding you in default. The legal effects of such default are specified in 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(a):

Default by respondent constitutes, for purposes of the pending proceeding only, an admission of all facts alleged in the complaint and a waiver of respondent's right to contest such factual allegations.

A default order might include the requirement that respondent pay a penalty: "Any penalty assessed in the default order shall become due and payable by respondent without further proceedings 30 days after the default order becomes final under § 22.27(c)." 40 C.F.R.§ 22.17(d). EPA currently intends to seek a default order against you. If you intend to file an Answer to the Complaint, please contact EPA attorney Carolina Jordán-García at (787) 977-5834 or by email at <u>Jordan-García.Carolina a epa.gov</u> to arrange for discussion of this matter. Or you can contact me at (212) 637-3205 or by email at <u>yu jeannie a epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

William K. Sorger

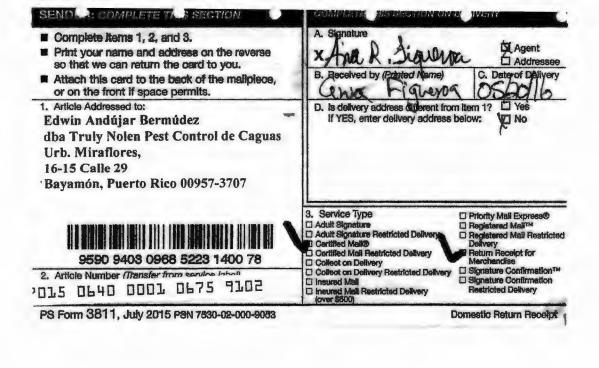
Assistant Regional Counsel Office of Regional Counsel

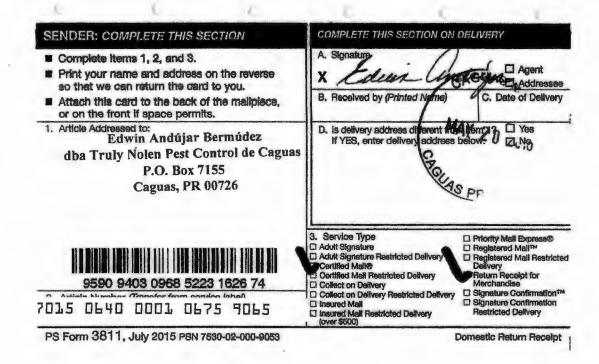
Enclosures

Complaint
Consolidated Rules of Practice
USPS Return Receipts for Complaint (March 5 and March 7, 2016
April 28, 2016 letter to Peter Diaz
USPS Return Receipt for Diaz letter (May 2, 2016)

cc: Peter Diaz, Esq.
420 Avenida Ponce de Leon
Suite 1001
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00918-3491
pdiazfederalcases/a/gmail.com







Majette, Yolanda

From:

Majette, Yolanda

Sent:

Tuesday, May 17, 2016 4:49 PM

To:

pdiazfederalcases@gmail.com

Cc:

Yu, Jeannie

Subject:

In the Matter of Edwin Andújar Bermúdez dba Truly Nolen Pest Control De Caguas

Docket Number FIFRA-02-2016-5302 - Part 1

Attachments:

Truly Nolen May 17, 2016 letter.pdf; Truly Nolen Complaint.pdf; Part 22 (the

"Consolidated Rules of Practice")..pdf; grencard2.pdf; greencard1.pdf; Trully Nolen letter 4.28.16.pdf; Green card for Tower letter mailed out on April 28, 2016 to Peter Diaz.pdf

Importance:

High

Tracking:

RecipientReadpdiazfederalcases@gmail.comRead: 5/17/2016 6:10 PMYu, JeannieRead: 5/18/2016 10:05 AMShapiro, NaomiRead: 5/18/2016 7:32 PMMauel, LindaRead: 5/17/2016 7:32 PM

Jordan-garcia, Carolina Read: 5/19/2016 2:35 PM

Aber, Bruce

Read: 5/17/2016 4:51 PM

Dear Mr. Diaz,

Attached please find correspondence regarding the above-referenced matter from Assistant Regional Counsel Jeannie Yu.

Sincerely,

Yolanda J. Majette



DEPARTAMENTO DE SALUD SECRETARIA AUXILIAR PARA SALUD AMBIENTAL OFICINA DE VENENOS COMERCIALES



LICENCIA

PARA LA APLICACIÓN DE INSECTICIDA Y/O VENENOS COMERCIALES POR LA PRESENTE CERTIFICO QUE:

SR. EDWIN ANDUJAR BERMUDEZ DBA TRULY NOLEN PEST CONTROL DE CAGUAS

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DIRECCION:

PD BOX 7155

CAGUAS, PR 00726

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CARLOS M. CARAZO GLOT, DVM SECRETARIO AUXILIAR INTERINO SALUD AMBIENTAL

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1984-C-3161

EDWIN ANDUJAR BERMUDEZ PO BOX 7155 s



PO BOX 7155 SEXO M .

CAGUAS, PR 00726-7155 EST 510

PESO 235

CATEGORIAS: 4, 8A RESTRICCIONES

EXPIRA; 2-junio-2016

SECRETARIO DE AGRICÚLTŮ RA O SU REPRESENTANTE

Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico DEPARTAMENTO DE AGRICULTURA Laboratorio Agrológico



INFORME SOBRE INVESTIGACIÓN DE USO DE PLAGUICIDAS

(Pesticide Use Investigation Report)

1.	PERSONA ENTREVISTADA	Person interviewed)				
a. NOMBRE (Name)		b. DIRECCION (Address)				
Sr Edwir	Andújar Bermúdez	PO Box 7155				
c. TELEFONO (Telephone)		Caguas, PR 00726				
	37) 374-9668					
2. APLICADOR (Applicator)						
a. NOMBRE (Name)	The state of the s	b. DIRECCION (Address)				
	N/A					
c. TELEFONO	d. NUMERO DE CERTIFICACIÓN	Comme	N/A			
(Telephone)	(Certification Number)					
N/A	N/A					
3.	SITIO DE APLICACIÓN	(Site of Application)				
a. NOMBRE (Name)	SITIO DE APLICACION	b. DIRECCIÓN (Address)				
a. NOMBILE (Name)		b. DIRECCION (Address)				
To delicate to the second seco	N/A		N/A			
c. TELEFONO (Telephon						
	N/A	- université				
d. TIPO DE NEGOCIO (T		e. COSECHA O AREA TRA	ATADA (Crop or Area Treated)			
f. PLAGA A COMBATIR (N/A		N/A			
I. PLAGA A COMBATIR (rarget Pest)	g. FECHA Y HORA DE LA APLICACIÓN (Date and Time of Application)				
		(Date and Time of App	nication)			
	N/A		N/A			
h. CONDICIONES DEL T	IEMPO AL MOMENTO DE LA APLIC	ACIÓN (Weather at time of A	pplication)			
	N/A					
4.		ADO (Pesticide Applied)				
a. MARCA (Brand Name)		c. NUMERO LOTE	d. CLASIFICACION			
(512.15116)	(EPA Reg. No.)	(Batch No.)	(Classification)			
Ĵ	(a ,	(====,	(0.200			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
e. TIPO DE FORMULACI	ON (Type of Formulation) N	/A				
() POLVO ()	ASPERJAR () GRANULADO	()ROCIO ()NIEBLA () OTRO (Especifique)			
() FOLVO ()	(Spray) (Granular)	(Mist) (Fog)	(Other) (Specify)			
, (200)	(Sp. 3)) (Statistial)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(Opcony)			
5.	PROPORCION DE LA AI	PLICACION (Rate of Appli	cation)			
a. METODO DE APLICA		V/A				
() TERRESTRE (Gro	() TERRESTRE (Ground) () AEREO (Aerial) () OTRO (Other) ESPECIFIQUE (Specify)					
h DULICION (DULIE - D		V. C.				
D. DILUCION (DIIUTION RE	b. DILUCION (Dilution Rate)					
	N/A					
	14//	1				



6. MUESTRAS COLECTADAS (Samples Collected)						
a. FORMULACION (Formulation)	b. MATERIAL DIL	UIDO (Diluted Mate	rial) c. RES	SIDUO (Residue)		
N/A		NUA		D1/A		
7. ¿SE SIGUIERON LAS SIGUIEN	TEC INCTUICO	N/A	TOLLETA S. C.	N/A		
EXPLIQUE) (Were the following labe	ling instructions foll	owed? If "No" chec	k and explain) N/A		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	mig mondonono ron	0,000, 11,110, 0,100	K dila explain	, 1975		
() Sí (Yes)	() No (No)				
() PLAGA A COMBATIR () PROPORCION D	E LA APLICACIÓN	() [N]	TERVALO DE REENTRADA		
(Target Pest)	-	application)	()•	(Reentry Interval)		
() METODO DE APLICACIÓN ((Method of Application)				ERVALO PREVIO A LA		
(Method of Application)	(Grop, Area	or Object Treated)	CO	SECHA (Preharvest Interval)		
() DILUCION UTILIZADA () INSTRUCCIONES	S DE PRECAUCIO	N ()AP	LICADOR CERTIFICADO		
(Dilution Used)	(Cautionar	y Labeling)	(0	Certified Applicator)		
() OTRO (Other):						
() OTNO (Other).						
8. RESULTADOS DE USO	(ENUMERE LOS R	ESULTADOS NO E	SPERADOS	O ADVERSOS)		
(Consequences of Use)		(List Unusual R		,		
		.				
9. COMENTARIOS (Remarks)		N/A				
5. COMENTARIOS (Remarks)						
 Se encontró que todas las aj 						
sin la presencia de una agend	cia reguladora como	lo requiere la etiqu	eta del produ	cto.		
2. De acuerdo a los Récords de	Anlicación: usted i	realizó nueve (9) a	nlicaciones er	residencias. Este producto no		
tiene uso en residencias.	: Aplicación, distegn	realizo flueve (3) a	oncaciones er	residencias. Late producto no		
 Algunos de los Récords de 						
certificación del aplicador, no	mbre correcto del p	olaguicida, número	de registro fe	deral e ingrediente activo, clase		
Plaquicidas de Puerto Rico	ealmiento de dispo establece baio su	Reglamento en el	a dei piaguic Artículo 31 (ida. Recuerde que la Ley de B) que debe llevar Records de		
Aplicación. Estos deben ser						
	•	•				
4. El 14 de mayo de 2015 el pro	ducto fue devuelto	al suplidor "MP Pes	t Control".			
5. De tener alguna duda al resp	acta, so nuade com	unicar conmigo at t	al (787) 842.	5210		
5. De tener alguna duda ar resp	ecto, se puede com	unical confingo al t	61. (707) 042-	5210.		
10. FECHA DE LA INVESTIGACIÓN	1	12. FIRMA DEL IN		13. TITULO		
(Date of Investigation)	(Time)	(Inspector's Sig		(Title)		
15 de abril de 2015 y	10:41 am	Bil Assect. YV	aldenad	Inspector de plaguicidas		
13 de abili de 2013 y 14 de mayo de 2015	11:01 am	(1)	Medin,	rispector de plaguioldas		
j.9-60-070128-100 BM-Ago 95-IGPF						

JLMM 08-06-15



		·el. (787)	792-1735	<u> </u>
UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AG	SENCY	ADMRESS (EPA ROO	Jake took	yer
SEPA NOTICE OF PESTICIDE		Moreogo,	<u> </u>	`
USE/MISUSE INSPECTIO	N	04-15-15	10:41	A.M. P. M.
Mr. Edwin Anders Bonned	TITLE OWNS			
NAME (Firm, Farmer, Homeowner, etc.)	ADDRESS (Number	Street, City, State, a	nd ZIR Code)	55
de Caguar	1 2 7 1111 1717		aguer, fix.	20-72
REASON FOR INSPECTION	- podunos	Teb. (787) 37	14-9668	
FOR THE PURPOSE OF INSPECTING SITES WHERE PESTICID PESTICIDES AND TO DETERMINE WHETHER PESTICIDES AR CIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT; AND FOR THE PUSED TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PESTCIDES WERE USED AND RODENTICIDE ACT.	E BEING USED IN CO! URPOSE OF INSPECTI	MPLIANCE WITH THE NG SITES WHERE PE	E FEDERAL INSE ESTICIDES HAVE	BEEN
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Q	in Angel	Mallored	Medin-	
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YK	DOKERA		J . W	
	LEENT			
Voluntary Consent Necessary to Enter for Inspec	ISENT	10		
The undersigned hereby voluntarily consents to an inspection of	ruly Notes	Pest Contin	of which I	am
Owner, Agent or Person-In-Charge, for the purposes of gathering inform		connection with the adm		
of FIFRA. I understand that I have the right to refuse consent to this en	TITLE	DA	TE	
Educi ardija	Presidento	4	1-15-15	

	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	Agralogi	cel Labratory			
SEPA	NOTICE OF PESTICIDE	198 vode	De wado, FR			
VEIA	USE/MISUSE INSPECTION	05.14-1	5 11:01 A.M.			
ME ENDIVIDUAL	Andrian Bermide 2	Que				
IAME (Firm. Farmer, Ho	medivner, etc.	(Number, Street, City, State	e, and ZIP Code)			
Truly Notes	Pest (ondra) de lib-	29 Blesus 16-15	4.727) 371-966			
REASON FOR INSPECTIO	ON COM	amon Fix 00%	57-3707			
	NSPECTING SITES WHERE PESTICIDES ARE BEI	ING USED TO COULECT DAT	A ON THE USE OF			
PESTICIDES AND TO DE	TERMINE WHETHER PESTICIDES ARE BEING US RODENTICIDE ACT; AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF WHETHER THE PESTCIDES WERE USED IN COM	SED IN COMPLIANCE WITH FINSPECTING SITES WHER	THE FEDERAL INSECTI- E PESTICIDES HAVE BEEN			
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	CONSENT					
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	- / AL T	2011/				
	untarily consents to an inspection of Win the Charge, for the purposes of gathering information and/or	r samples in connection with the	of which I am			
f FIFRA. I understand that	I have the right to refuse consent to this entry.	, samples in connection with the	Commission and Shortenth			
IGNATURE	TITLE		DATE			
Eduin G	Indujar Da	iond	5-14-15			
A FORM 3540-25 (Rev.	01-01	1/0	Original - USE REPORT COPY			
•		2,	OWNER/AGENT COPY REGION COPY			
			INSPECTOR'S COPY			



7 de agosto de 2015

CERTIFICADA CON ACUSE DE RECIBO

Sr. Edwin Andújar Bermúdez "TRULY NOLEN PEST CONTROL DE CAGUAS" PO Box 7155 Caguas, PR 00726

Notificación de Violación

Estimado señor Andújar:

Re: 04-15-15-10495-01-PR-NS Orden de detención PFP 3534

El 15 de abril de 2015, el Inspector del Programa de Fiscalización de Plaguicidas, Biol. Jorge I.. Maldonado Medina, realizó una Inspección de Uso No Agrícola a "Truly Nolen Pest Control de Caguas", localizado en la Urb. Miraflores, Calle 29 Bloque 16-15, Bayamón, Puerto Rico.

Esta inspección se realizó conforme al Reglamento Núm. 7769 para Regir la Venta, Uso, Distribución y Aplicación de Plaguicidas y Dispositivos en el Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico.

Durante la inspección se encontró violación por mal uso del plaguicida "Meth-O-Gas Q", (EPA Reg. No. 5785-41), al no seguir las instrucciones de la etiqueta. Las violaciones se describen a continuación:

- El producto fue aplicado en residencias (así lo indican nueve (9) récords de aplicación) y en un establecimiento comercial.
- No hubo una agencia reguladora presente en la aplicación como lo requiere la etiqueta del producto.

Por tal razón, se expidió la Orden de Detención PFP 3534, por (1) cilindro de 5.5 libras aproximadamente del mencionado producto.



Sr. Edwin Andújar Bermúdez. 7 de agosto de 2015 Página 3

- 6. Cantidad utilizada.
- 7. Método de aplicación.
- 8. Lugar y fecha de aplicación.
- 9. Procedimiento para la disposición del sobrante del plaguicida.

Este Artículo establece la información que debe contener este récord y el periodo de tiempo que debe conservarlo (mínimo de dos (2) años) y deberán estar disponibles para inspección por el Secretario o su representante autorizado.

Conforme al procedimiento establecido en la Parte VI. – DISPOSICIONES GENERALES del Reglamento anteriormente mencionado, se le indica que según el:

Artículo 49; Procedimiento para suspender o cancelar licencias o certificación o imponer multas administrativas; se le puede denegar, suspender o revocar su certificación; según indica el Artículo 32 Inciso F; Que el aplicador, no lleve o mantenga los récords que se le requieren bajo el Artículo 31 del Reglamento.

Para notificar las gestiones realizadas por las violaciones señaladas, debe enviar evidencia a la siguiente dirección: Laboratorio Agrológico, Núm. 7, Carr. 693, Dorado, PR 00646-3445 o vía Fax al (787) 796-4426.

Para información adicional, deberá comunicarse al Laboratorio Agrológico, Oficina de Fiscalización de Plaguicidas, a los teléfonos: (787) 796-1735 o (1775), ext. 276.

Atentamente,

Agro. Miguel A. Offiz Colon

Director Interino

Laboratorio Agrológico

JLMM /mco



Expertos en Control de Plagas P.O. Box 7155 Caguas, P.R. 00726-7155 (787) 374-9668 / Fax. (787) 797-0571 trutynolen@live.com



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CUSTOMER SIGNATURE

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JERVICE INVOICE J83

DATE 2 - 29 - 15 TIME IN OUT . ACCOUNT TYPE NAME RESIDENCIA; DINDOOR ADDRESS 1-TIME COMMERCIAL COUTDOOR FRECUENCY CITY, STATE, ZIP ☐ ANNUALLY ☐ 6 MONTHS ☐ 3 MONTHS PHONE MONTHLY BI-MONTHLY WEEKLY DINSPECTION TREATMENT Cucaraches ☐ Hormigas Reederes Comején Subterrêneo Comején Arboreo ☐ Caculo Berrenado ☐ Insectos Areas Verder Pulgas y Gerrapetas Ouros . AMOUNT END USED% SUB-TOTAL TOTAL milla ACCOUNT BALANCE SERVICED BY **ACCOUNT BALANCE** LIC. NO. 1984-C-3161 CASH AMOUNT PAID $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{D}$ CHECK

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ERVICE

The state of the s DATE 4 TIME IN OUT . ACCOUNT TYPE NAME 1.2600 REG RESIDENCIA; ADDRESS 1-TIME COMMERCIAL COUTDOOR FRECUENCY CITY, STATE, ZIP ☐ ANNUALLY ☐ 6 MONTHS ☐ 3 MONTHS 7. Lather 1. PHONE MONTHLY BI-MONTHLY WEEKLY 14.16 INSPECTION TREATMENT ☐ Cuceraches ☐ Hormigas ☐ Roedores Comején Subterráneo ☐ Çemejên Arborso D 9olika E Caculo Barrenador ☐ Insectos Areas Verde ☐ Pulges y Garrapates Otros . AMOUNT END USED% 810. The the Parat & (Mina SUB-TOTAL TOTAL **ACCOUNT BALANCE** MANUALIN LINE SERVICED'BY ACCOUNT BALANCE LIC. NO. 1984-C-31614 CASH . AMOUNT PAID 810 E CHECK 78260 CUSTOMER SIGNATURE **BALANCE DUE**



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xpertos en Control de Plagas P.O. Box 7155 Caguas, P.R. 00726-7155 (787) 374-9668 / Fax. (787) 797-0571 trulynolen@live.com



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RODENT CONTROL BEE & WASP

PEST CONTROL

Truly Nolen of Caguas, PR provides an innovative solution to ongoing household pest problems. Our Four Season's Protection Plan combines advanced, proactive treatments with pests' seasonal behavior to keep your Caguas home protected year round. More on Caguas Pest Control.

Free Estimate

Schedule Free Inspection

BED BUG CONTROL

Bed Bugs can be a real problem in Caguas, PR. Let Truly Nolen of Caguas, PR provide a free inspection to determine the scope of the problem. We utilize an integrated treatment approach addressing sanitation, material application and exclusion for your Caguas home. More on Caguas Bed Bug Control.

Schedule Free Inspection

TERMITE CONTROL

Truly Nolen of Caguas, PR combines a variety of termite control techniques into one comprehensive treatment program. Our Total Termite Protection Plan "TTP" protects your Caguas home from all termites under one contract backed by a \$1M Guarantee. More on Caguas Termite Control.

Schedule Free Inspection

RODENT CONTROL

Truly Nolen of Caguas, PR rodent control "CRC" program focuses on trapping and removing existing rodents and preventing new rodents and mice from re-entering through exclusion. Ensure your Caguas home is protected from rodents. More on Caguas Rodent Control.

Schedule Free Inspection

BEE & WASP CONTROL

Bees and Wasps in Caguas, PR can become a serious pest. Let Truly Nolen of Caguas determine if you have an infestation through a free inspection ensuring bees and wasps are removed safely from your Caguas home.

More on Caguas Bee & Wasp Control.

Schedule Free Inspection

Schedule Free Inspection

Free Estimate

Note: Not all services are available at all locations.

ABOUT

SERVICES

RESOURCES

CONNECT

SOCIAL

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Privacy Policy | Sitemap

TRULY NOLEN PEST CONTROL PROUDLY SERVES THESE COMMUNITIES

Abilene, TX Albuquerque, NM Amarillo, TX Anaheim, CA Atlanta, GA Burlington, PA Caguas, PR Charleston, SC Charlotte, NC Columbus, OH Dallas, TX Sarasota, FL Sierra Vista, AZ St. Catharines, ON Tallahassee, FL Tampa, FL Tucson, AZ West Palm Beach,FL Wichita Falls, TX

Yuma, AZ

Ei Paso, TX
Fort Lauderdale, FL
Fort Myers, FL
Fort Pierce, FL
Galveston, TX
Gloucester, ON
Goderich, ON
Halifax, NS
Hamilton, ON
Houston, TX
Jacksonville, FL

Key Largo, FL
Lakeland, FL
Lancaster, PA
Las Vegas, NV
Lexington, KY
McAllen, TX
Melbourne, FL
Merrickville, ON
Miami, FL
Mississauga, ON
Naples, FL

New York/Northern New Jersey Orlando, FL Phoenix, AZ Port Charlotte, FL Port Elgin, ON Riverside, CA Salt Lake City, UT San Antonio, TX San Diego, CA San Juan, PR Santa Fe, NM

US ENVIRONME '. PROTECTION AGENCY WASHING FON, DC 20460 FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT INVESTIGATION SUMMARY					cility Name (Produce[[Dealer]Liser) TRULY NOLEN PEST CONTROL DE CAGUAS					
	VESTIGATION IDENTIF		2 Region/State	10 Street						
~ 05444B	Impactor Number	Daily Sequence	en		*Urb. Mira	fiores"				
Inspecting Org.	Fadlity Function	5 Investigation Type URI			29 Street Blo					
Reason for investigation	en FOF	7. Referral Agency DOA	8. Warrant Repuired		Haye	erba				
		NFORMATION		12 State			hment Number			
Sequence Number	18. State Sample No.	N/A		1779	00758					
Product Gode	20 EPA Registration N			DUNS		16. SIC Co	des			
I. Project Code N/A	22. Sample Medium	NA	Date Gollected	24. Sample	е Туре	25. Date St	nipped N/A			
Lot or Other Code Nun	nbers	N/A								
7. Sample Identification		N/A								
8. Amount Before Sample	ing	N/A								
b. Description of Sample		N/A								
0. Sample Preparation										
1. Related Samples		N/A								
2. Reason for Collection		N/A								
			ACILITIES				***************************************			
3. Producer			14. Establishment Nu		· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	35. DUNS	Number			
Street	N/A		37. City	1878	1	38. State	39. ZIP Code			
0. Shipper	N/A	***************************************	41. City			42. State	43. ZIP Code			
4. Dealer Tru	ly Nolen Pest Control de (Caguas	45. City	Bayamón		46. State PR	47. ZIP Code 00958			
			ORD8							
8. Original Records	PRDA Dorado Agrological	Laboratory	49. Region Copy	N/A		50. Sample	orado, PR			
1. Sample Delivered To	N/A	Laboratory	52. Date	N/A			ading Number			
4. Credentials Presented	55. Notice of Inspection	n 56. Receipt for Samples	57. Sample Cost \$ N/A	c 🗆 🗸	/ 🗆 B 🔲		ion Station lonce, PR			
2- Copy of I 3- Copy of I 0. Inspector's Name	Receipt for Samples date Pesticide Use Investigatio	n Report.	61. Inspector's Signa		111	A 100 - 0				
PA Form 8690-7 CLRSS	I. Jorge L. Maldonado Me	dina Regiona EPA Form 3540-7 w	Desi - Jan	7 - 11	I alam	JI MM / DB-				

	US ENVIRONME	:Illy Name (Producer/Dealer/User)					
EPA FED	ERAL INSECTICIDE, F	STON, DC 20460 UNGICIDE AND RODE ATION SUMMARY		TRULY	NOLEN PEST	CONTROL D	E CAGUAS
1. IN	ESTIGATION IDENTIFIC		2. Region/State	10. Street			
te	Inspector Number	Dally Sequence					
05-14-15	10495	01	PR		"Urb. Mirafi		
Inspecting Org,	4. Facility Function	5. Investigation Type	NA.		29 Street Bloc	k 16-15	
Reason for Investigation	CA	7. Referral Agency	8. Warrant Required	Ad Other			
Treasur for massinguistion	FCF	DOA	Yes No X		Sayan	nhoi	
	SAMPLE IN		100 1 10 141	12. State			hment Number
Sequence Number	18. State Sample No.		**************************************				
NA		N/A		PR	00958		-
Product Code	20. EPA Registration Nu	mber		15, DUNB		16. SIC Co	des
N/A		N/A					
Project Code N/A	22. Sample Medium	N/A	23. Date Collected N/A	24. Sample	е Туре 	25. Date Si	nipped N/A
Lot or Other Code Num	bers						
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). Producer		OTHER	R FACILITIES	mbau		35. DUNS	Alumber
o. Producer	N/A		34. Establishment Nu	N/A		33. DONS	(4011Del
S. Street	IVA		37. City	IMU		38. State	39. ZIP Code
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). Shipper			41. City			42. State	43. ZIP Code
	N/A			November of the			
4. Dealer			45. City			46. State	47. ZIP Code
Tru	ly Nolen Pest Control de C		THE RESIDENCE IN COLUMN 2 IN C	ayamón		PR	00958
		R	ECORDS				
8. Original Records			49. Region Copy	. 4		50. Sampl	
	PRDA Dorado Agrological	Laboratory		N/A			Oorado, PR
1. Sample Delivered To	N/A		52. Date	N/A		53. Bill of	Lading Number
4. Credentials Presented		56. Receipt for Sample	s 57. Sample Cost	11/7		58. Collec	tion Station
X	X X	N/A	\$ N/A	сП	vПвП		Ponce, PR
9. Remarks:							
2- Copy of	f Pesticide Use/Misuse Ins Receipt for Samples dated Pesticide Use Investigation		i.				
		Afficial Control of the Control of t					
0. Inspector's Name			61. Inspector's Signa	ture o ch	111	f stall a	
	ol. Jorge L. Maldonado Me		Dell- Am	2 7 11	alaboro	- Wed	4 Pr
:PA Form 8580-7 (3-83)		Replaces EPA Form 3540-	7 which is obsolete		1	JLMM7 08	-06-15

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



RECEIPT FOR SAMPLES

ADDRESS (EPA Regional Office)

Do all PR

	DATE 04 15 15
E will for the second	TITLE
RM NAME	FIRM ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Coo
Truly Holon Post Control	Wob. Wire stoire Calary Bigus 16-18 B
AMPLE NUMBERS	
MPLES COLLECTED (Describe fully, List Registration,	Lot, Batch, Model, Serial Numbers, and other positive identification)
	ronmental Protection Agency and receipt is hereby acknowledged gicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 136 g). This
Ophradion Pocado of Hith	-0-605 Q 20 pages
Copy of Emportural of Hic	
Copy of Cours was Aprication	- Certification # 1984.C-2161
*	
	•
KNOWLEDGEMENT OF PRODUCER/REGISTRANT	
	wn above were obtained from pesticides or devices that were package
labeled, and released for shipment. GNATURE (Owner, Operator, or Agent)	TITLE (Owner, Operator, or Agent)
Resen Curduja	Dueño
1	
REQUESTED AND PROVIDED NOT REQUI	ESAMPLES WERE PURCHASED BORROWE
MOUNT PAID FOR SAMPLES	
CASH	VOUCHER TO BE BILLED NO CHARGE
AME OF COLECTOR (print or type) TITLE OF COLECTOR (print or type)	EPO INSPICTOR SIGNATURE OF COLLECTOR
	EDITION MAY BE USED 1. Original - ESTABLISHMENT CO
UNTIL SL	UPPLY IS EXHAUSTED 2. EIR COPY 3. SAMPLE RECORD COPY
	, 4. COLLECTOR'S COPY

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



ADDRESS	A PROPERTY.	M	ARREST
ADDRESS	LEPA	Hegional	LATRICA
	/		

Lorado .Piz

RECEIPT FOR SAMPLES	3
	DATE 04-15-15
NAME OF INDIVIDUAL	TITLE
Etwin Andujer	Owrie-
FIRM NAME	FIRM ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code)
Thuly Holon Post Control	1006. Wire stones Caller 29 Blogue 16-18 Beg.
SAMPLE NUMBERS	
SAMPLES COLLECTED (Describe fully, List Registration, Lot,	Batch, Model, Serial Numbers, and other positive identification)
	nental Protection Agency and receipt is hereby acknowledged
@ Afterelian Proads of little 0	-Cas 0 30 teles
is Cor of important o Hell	
(i) Capy of Co use Abredon C	1 -1. Firehon # 1984 C 3161
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF PRODUCER/REGISTRANT	
labeled, and released for shipment.	bove were obtained from pesticides or devices that were packaged,
SIGNATURE (Owner, Operator, or Agent)	TITLE (Owner, Operator, or Agent)
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1	200010
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16 DO- ES	o Inspector Bis Jug C. Wolder
V (7,) (1)	TON MAY BE LIGED

UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED

1. Original - ESTABLISHME 2. EIR COPY 3. SAMPLE RECORD COPY 4. COLLECTOR'S COPY

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



ADDRESS	(EPA	Regional	Office)
lei	16.	L.	

ALIA	RECEIPT FOR S	SAMPLES					
				DATE 5 14.13			
NAME OF INDIVIDUAL			TITLE				
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FIRM NAME			FIRM ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code				
1 1 1 1	2011		l	1, 7	. 16 15 . F		
SAMPLE NUMBERS					1		
SAMPLES COLLECTED (Desc	ribe fully, List Registr	ation, Lot, Batch.	Model, Serial	Numbers, and other pos	tive identification)		
The following samples were pursuant to Section 9(a) of t section is quoted on the reverse	he Federal Insecticide						
(2) - ,, 1 , ,		f	(5,	· /_			
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF PR	ODUCER/REGISTRAN	Т					
The undersigned acknowle	edges that the sample:	s shown above we	ere obtained fr	om pesticides or devices	that were packaged,		
labeled, and released for s							
SIGNATURE (Owner, Operator, or Agent)			TITLE (Owner	r. Operator, or Agent)			
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DUPLICATE SAMPLES $^{t/t}$ REQUESTED AND PROVID AMOUNT PAID FOR SAMPLE	DED L NOT	ICATE SAMPLES REQUESTED	SAMPLES WI	PURCHASED	BORROWED		
Į.	САЅН	Vouc	CHER	TO BE BILLED	NO CHARGE		
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PA FORM 3540-3 (Rev. 01-0	PREV	IOUS EDITION MA		1. Original - Es	TABLISHMENT COP		

UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED

2. EIR COPY
3. SAMPLE RECORD COPY
4. COLLECTOR'S COPY

US ENVIRONME . PROTECTION AGENCY WASHING FON, DC 20460 FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT INVESTIGATION SUMMARY				TRULY NOLEN PEST CONTROL DE CAGUAS				
1. 10	VESTIGATION IDENTIFICATION 2. Region/State			10. Street	10. Street			
ate 04-15-15	Inspector Number	Daily Sequence	•	"Urb. Miraflores" 29 Street Block 16-15				
inspecting Org.	4. Facility Function	5. Investigation Type	PR					
E S X CA URN								
Reason for investigation	NSR	7. Referral Agency DOA	8. Warrant Required Yes No X	11. City	Bayam	åπ		
		IFORMATION		12. State	19. ZIP Gode	14. Establis	hmani Number	
7. Sequence Number N/A	18. State Sample No.		PR	00968				
9. Product Code N/A	20. EPA Registration N		15, DUNS		16. SIC Co	des		
1. Project Code N/A	22. Sample Medium		N/A 23. Date Collected			24. Sample Type 25. Date Shipped		
8. Lot or Other Code Nur	mbers	N/A	N/A	1	at at the distance of the state		N/A	
		N/A						
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9. Description of Sample	1		- 1111	-,				
0. Sample Preparation		N/A						
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1. Related Samples		N/A						
12. Reason for Collection		N/A						
		OTHER	FACILITIES					
3. Producer			34. Establishment Nu	34. Establishment Number			35. DUNS Number	
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16. Street	-		37. City	*******		38. State	39. ZIP Code	
10. Shipper). Shipper N/A			41. City			43. ZIP Code	
14. Dealer			45. City			46. State	47. ZIP Code	
Tr	uly Noien Pest Control de			ayamón		PR	00958	
		RE	CORDS					
18. Original Records	PRDA Dorado Agrologica	Laboratory	49. Region Copy	N/A		50. Sampl	e Copy Jorado, PR	
51. Sample Delivered To N/A			52. Date	53. Bill of L N/A		_ading Number		
54. Credentials Presente		n 56. Receipt for Samples	57. Sample Cost \$ N/A C V B			58. Collection Station Ponce, PR		
59. Remarks:		I IAW []	4 N/A		V B	1	ORCE, FR	
1- Notice of 2- Copy of 3- Copy of				of Meth-O-G	ias.			

60. Inspector's Name

EPA Form 8580-7 (3-83)

Biol. Jorge L. Maldonado Medina

61. Inspector's Signature
Bill Ing J. 4)

Replaces EPA Form 3540-7 which is obsolete

United States Environmental Protection

United States

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Washington, DC 20460

Statement

Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance

of Fduin Andija Bernidez, mour de add, vecino de Bayand of y dueso de "Truk Noven Pest Control" localizada en la Unb. Unroflores Calle 29 Bloque 16-15 Bayan vi PR declara Voluntariamente ante el Biol Jorge L. Molalmed Medina (PRDA-EPA Patrudos tropector) que el producto conpredo a Mand P Pest Control Jur. fue "Hoth-O-Gas Q" (FPA Reg. No. 5785-41) de la comfanía Great takes.

Due la etiqueta sullementaria en español que se me entrega es del producto "Methyl Branide vas (TIA Reg. No. 8536-15-8853) de la companía Handrix and Dail Jur.

Name Eowin Angusage
Date 4-15-15 Signature

Edwin anderjon

Title Due to Nog

August 6, 2015

Non Ag Use Inspection
TRULY NOLEN PEST CONTROL DE CAGUAS
Bayamón, Puerto Rico

Re: 04-15-15-10495-01-PR-NS

TRANSLATION OF AFFIDAVIT

Mr. Edwin Andújar Bermúdez says:

- I, Edwin Andújar Bermúdez, an adult person, neighbor of Bayamón. PR and owner of Truly Nolen Pest Control, located at "Urb. Miraflores" 29 Street Block 16-15, Bayamón, P.R., voluntary declare in front of Biol. Jorge L. Maldonado Medina (PRDA-EPA Pesticides Inspector) that I bought the product Meht-O-Gas Q (EPA Reg. No. 5785-41) from Great Lakes to M and P Pest Control, Inc. That the Spanish supplemental label they gave me belong to the product Methyl Bromide 100 (EPA Reg. No. 8536-15-8853) from Hendrix and Dail Co., Inc.
- I, Biol. Jorge L. Maldonado Medina, certify that this is a complete Translation of the Affidavit done, to the best of my knowledge.

Biol. Jorge L. Maldonado Medina Name Biol. Jung J. Waldward Hadin

08-07-15

Date

JLMM 08-06-15

Cashier: jpanto

Copy M & P Pest Control, inc.

Ave Jesús T. Piñero 1332 Caparra Terrace San Juan Puerto Rico 00921 Lic 005 Tel (787) 793-1506 or (787) 783-2608 Fax (787)-783-1749

Bill To: Truly Nolen Caguas

Lic 2029 1994C3161 Exp 02/06/2016 Edwin Andujar

Bloque 16-15 Calle 29 Urb. Miraflores

Bayamon, PR 00957

item Name	Item Description	Attribute	Size	Qty	Price_	Ext Price To	a
Q-Label Methyl Bromide		Restrict	50lb	. 1	\$599.99	\$599.99	Ŧ
ECO	ECO PCO ARX Aerosol	ARX	170z	2	\$11.99	\$23.98	T
				Cultitatali	PC02 0	7	_

TAXES

+ \$43.68

RECEIPT TOTAL:

7 % Tax

\$667.65

Amount Tendered: \$680.00 Change Given: \$12.35

Cash: \$680.00

He recibido de M & P Pest Coptrol, Inc. la etiqueta en español del plaguicida de uso restringido.

Toda Factura sobre 30 dias estara sujeta a 1.5% de intereses